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<b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/IB98/01232 <b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 31 July 1998 (31.07.98)  <b>(30) Priority Data:</b> 08/905,144 1 August 1997 (01.08.97) US  <b>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):</b> GENSET [FR/FR]; 24, rue Royale, F-75008 Paris (FR).  <b>(72) Inventors; and</b> <b>(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only):</b> DUMAS MILNE EDWARDS, Jean-Baptiste [FR/FR]; 8, rue Grégoire-de-Tours, F-75006 Paris (FR). DUCLERT, Aymeric [FR/FR]; 6 ter, rue Victorine, F-94100 Saint-Maur (FR). LACROIX, Bruno [FR/FR]; 93, route de Vourles, F-69230 Saint-Genis Laval (FR).  <b>(74) Agents:</b> MARTIN Jean-Jacques et al.; Cabinet Regimbeau, 26, avenue Kléber, F-75116 Paris (FR).		<b>(81) Designated States:</b> AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).  <b>Published</b> <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>
<b>(54) Title:</b> 5' ESTs FOR SECRETED PROTEINS EXPRESSED IN PROSTATE  <b>(57) Abstract</b> <p>The sequences of 5' ESTs derived from mRNAs encoding secreted proteins are disclosed. The 5' ESTs may be to obtain cDNAs and genomic DNAs corresponding to the 5' ESTs. The 5' ESTs may also be used in diagnostic, forensic, gene therapy, and chromosome mapping procedures. Upstream regulatory sequences may also be obtained using the 5' ESTs. The 5' ESTs may also be used to design expression vectors and secretion vectors.</p>		

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## 5' ESTs FOR SECRETED PROTEINS EXPRESSED IN PROSTATE

### Background of the Invention

The estimated 50,000-100,000 genes scattered along the human chromosomes offer tremendous promise for the understanding, diagnosis, and treatment of human diseases. In addition, probes capable of specifically hybridizing to loci distributed throughout the human genome find applications in the construction of high resolution chromosome maps and in the identification of individuals.

In the past, the characterization of even a single human gene was a painstaking process, requiring years of effort. Recent developments in the areas of cloning vectors, DNA sequencing, and computer technology have merged to greatly accelerate the rate at which human genes can be isolated, sequenced, mapped, and characterized. Cloning vectors such as yeast artificial chromosomes (YACs) and bacterial artificial chromosomes (BACs) are able to accept DNA inserts ranging from 300 to 1000 kilobases (kb) or 100-400 kb in length respectively, thereby facilitating the manipulation and ordering of DNA sequences distributed over great distances on the human chromosomes. Automated DNA sequencing machines permit the rapid sequencing of human genes. Bioinformatics software enables the comparison of nucleic acid and protein sequences, thereby assisting in the characterization of human gene products.

Currently, two different approaches are being pursued for identifying and characterizing the genes distributed along the human genome. In one approach, large fragments of genomic DNA are isolated, cloned, and sequenced. Potential open reading frames in these genomic sequences are identified using bioinformatics software. However, this approach entails sequencing large stretches of human DNA which do not encode proteins in order to find the protein encoding sequences scattered throughout the genome. In addition to requiring extensive sequencing, the bioinformatics software may mischaracterize the genomic sequences obtained. Thus, the software may produce false positives in which non-coding DNA is mischaracterized as coding DNA or false negatives in which coding DNA is mislabeled as non-coding DNA.

An alternative approach takes a more direct route to identifying and characterizing human genes. In this approach, complementary DNAs (cDNAs) are synthesized from isolated messenger RNAs (mRNAs) which encode human proteins. Using this approach,

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sequencing is only performed on DNA which is derived from protein coding portions of the genome. Often, only short stretches of the cDNAs are sequenced to obtain sequences called expressed sequence tags (ESTs). The ESTs may then be used to isolate or purify extended cDNAs which include sequences adjacent to the EST sequences. The extended cDNAs may contain all of the sequence of the EST which was used to obtain them or only a portion of the sequence of the EST which was used to obtain them. In addition, the extended cDNAs may contain the full coding sequence of the gene from which the EST was derived or, alternatively, the extended cDNAs may include portions of the coding sequence of the gene from which the EST was derived. It will be appreciated that there may be several extended cDNAs which include the EST sequence as a result of alternate splicing or the activity of alternative promoters.

In the past, these short EST sequences were often obtained from oligo-dT primed cDNA libraries. Accordingly, they mainly corresponded to the 3' untranslated region of the mRNA. In part, the prevalence of EST sequences derived from the 3' end of the mRNA is a result of the fact that typical techniques for obtaining cDNAs are not well suited for isolating cDNA sequences derived from the 5' ends of mRNAs. (Adams *et al.*, *Nature* 377:3-174, 1996; Hillier *et al.*, *Genome Res.* 6:807-828, 1996).

In addition, in those reported instances where longer cDNA sequences have been obtained, the reported sequences typically correspond to coding sequences and do not include the full 5' untranslated region of the mRNA from which the cDNA is derived. Such incomplete sequences may not include the first exon of the mRNA, particularly in situations where the first exon is short. Furthermore, they may not include some exons, often short ones, which are located upstream of splicing sites. Thus, there is a need to obtain sequences derived from the 5' ends of mRNAs.

While many sequences derived from human chromosomes have practical applications, approaches based on the identification and characterization of those chromosomal sequences which encode a protein product are particularly relevant to diagnostic and therapeutic uses. Of the 50,000-100,000 protein coding genes, those genes encoding proteins which are secreted from the cell in which they are synthesized, as well as the secreted proteins themselves, are particularly valuable as potential therapeutic agents. Such proteins are often

involved in cell to cell communication and may be responsible for producing a clinically relevant response in their target cells.

In fact, several secretory proteins, including tissue plasminogen activator, G-CSF, GM-CSF, erythropoietin, human growth hormone, insulin, interferon- $\alpha$ , interferon- $\beta$ ,  
5 interferon- $\gamma$ , and interleukin-2, are currently in clinical use. These proteins are used to treat a wide range of conditions, including acute myocardial infarction, acute ischemic stroke, anemia, diabetes, growth hormone deficiency, hepatitis, kidney carcinoma, chemotherapy induced neutropenia and multiple sclerosis. For these reasons, extended cDNAs encoding secreted proteins or portions thereof represent a particularly valuable source of therapeutic  
10 agents. Thus, there is a need for the identification and characterization of secreted proteins and the nucleic acids encoding them.

In addition to being therapeutically useful themselves, secretory proteins include short peptides, called signal peptides, at their amino termini which direct their secretion. These signal peptides are encoded by the signal sequences located at the 5' ends of the coding  
15 sequences of genes encoding secreted proteins. Because these signal peptides will direct the extracellular secretion of any protein to which they are operably linked, the signal sequences may be exploited to direct the efficient secretion of any protein by operably linking the signal sequences to a gene encoding the protein for which secretion is desired. In addition, portions of signal sequences may also be used to direct the intracellular import of a peptide or protein  
20 of interest. This may prove beneficial in gene therapy strategies in which it is desired to deliver a particular gene product to cells other than the cell in which it is produced. Signal sequences encoding signal peptides also find application in simplifying protein purification techniques. In such applications, the extracellular secretion of the desired protein greatly facilitates purification by reducing the number of undesired proteins from which the desired  
25 protein must be selected. Thus, there exists a need to identify and characterize the 5' portions of the genes for secretory proteins which encode signal peptides.

Public information on the number of human genes for which the promoters and upstream regulatory regions have been identified and characterized is quite limited. In part, this may be due to the difficulty of isolating such regulatory sequences. Upstream regulatory  
30 sequences such as transcription factor binding sites are typically too short to be utilized as probes for isolating promoters from human genomic libraries. Recently, some approaches

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have been developed to isolate human promoters. One of them consists of making a CpG island library (Cross, *et al.*, *Nature Genetics* 6: 236-244, 1994). The second consists of isolating human genomic DNA sequences containing SpeI binding sites by the use of SpeI binding protein. (Mortlock *et al.*, *Genome Res.* 6:327-335, 1996). Both of these approaches  
5 have their limits due to a lack of specificity or of comprehensiveness.

The present 5' ESTs may be used to efficiently identify and isolate upstream regulatory regions which control the location, developmental stage, rate, and quantity of protein synthesis, as well as the stability of the mRNA. (Theil, *BioFactors* 4:87-93, 1993). Once identified and characterized, these regulatory regions may be utilized in gene therapy or  
10 protein purification schemes to obtain the desired amount and locations of protein synthesis or to inhibit, reduce, or prevent the synthesis of undesirable gene products.

In addition, ESTs containing the 5' ends of secretory protein genes may include sequences useful as probes for chromosome mapping and the identification of individuals. Thus, there is a need to identify and characterize the sequences upstream of the 5' coding  
15 sequences of genes encoding secretory proteins.

#### Summary of the Invention

The present invention relates to purified, isolated, or recombinant ESTs which include sequences derived from the authentic 5' ends of their corresponding mRNAs. The term  
20 "corresponding mRNA" refers to the mRNA which was the template for the cDNA synthesis which produced the 5' EST. These sequences will be referred to hereinafter as "5' ESTs." As used herein, the term "purified" does not require absolute purity; rather, it is intended as a relative definition. Individual 5' EST clones isolated from a cDNA library have been conventionally purified to electrophoretic homogeneity. The sequences obtained from these  
25 clones could not be obtained directly either from the library or from total human DNA. The cDNA clones are not naturally occurring as such, but rather are obtained via manipulation of a partially purified naturally occurring substance (messenger RNA). The conversion of mRNA into a cDNA library involves the creation of a synthetic substance (cDNA) and pure individual cDNA clones can be isolated from the synthetic library by clonal selection. Thus,  
30 creating a cDNA library from messenger RNA and subsequently isolating individual clones from that library results in an approximately  $10^4$ - $10^6$  fold purification of the native message.

Purification of starting material or natural material to at least one order of magnitude, preferably two or three orders, and more preferably four or five orders of magnitude is expressly contemplated.

As used herein, the term "isolated" requires that the material be removed from its original environment (e.g., the natural environment if it is naturally occurring). For example, a naturally-occurring polynucleotide present in a living animal is not isolated, but the same polynucleotide, separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system, is isolated.

As used herein, the term "recombinant" means that the 5' EST is adjacent to "backbone" nucleic acid to which it is not adjacent in its natural environment. Additionally, to be "enriched" the 5' ESTs will represent 5% or more of the number of nucleic acid inserts in a population of nucleic acid backbone molecules. Backbone molecules according to the present invention include nucleic acids such as expression vectors, self-replicating nucleic acids, viruses, integrating nucleic acids, and other vectors or nucleic acids used to maintain or manipulate a nucleic acid insert of interest. Preferably, the enriched 5' ESTs represent 15% or more of the number of nucleic acid inserts in the population of recombinant backbone molecules. More preferably, the enriched 5' ESTs represent 50% or more of the number of nucleic acid inserts in the population of recombinant backbone molecules. In a highly preferred embodiment, the enriched 5' ESTs represent 90% or more of the number of nucleic acid inserts in the population of recombinant backbone molecules.

"Stringent", moderate," and "low" hybridization conditions are as defined in Example 29.

Unless otherwise indicated, a "complementary" sequence is fully complementary.

Thus, 5' ESTs in cDNA libraries in which one or more 5' ESTs make up 5% or more of the number of nucleic acid inserts in the backbone molecules are "enriched recombinant 5' ESTs" as defined herein. Likewise, 5' ESTs in a population of plasmids in which one or more 5' EST of the present invention have been inserted such that they represent 5% or more of the number of inserts in the plasmid backbone are "enriched recombinant 5' ESTs" as defined herein. However, 5' ESTs in cDNA libraries in which 5' ESTs constitute less than 5% of the number of nucleic acid inserts in the population of backbone molecules, such as libraries in

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which backbone molecules having a 5' EST insert are extremely rare, are not "enriched recombinant 5' ESTs."

In particular, the present invention relates to 5' ESTs which are derived from genes encoding secreted proteins. As used herein, a "secreted" protein is one which, when expressed in a suitable host cell, is transported across or through a membrane, including transport as a result of signal peptides in its amino acid sequence. "Secreted" proteins include without limitation proteins secreted wholly (e.g. soluble proteins), or partially (e.g. receptors) from the cell in which they are expressed. "Secreted" proteins also include without limitation proteins which are transported across the membrane of the endoplasmic reticulum.

Such 5' ESTs include nucleic acid sequences, called signal sequences, which encode signal peptides which direct the extracellular secretion of the proteins encoded by the genes from which the 5' ESTs are derived. Generally, the signal peptides are located at the amino termini of secreted proteins.

Secreted proteins are translated by ribosomes associated with the "rough" endoplasmic reticulum. Generally, secreted proteins are co-translationally transferred to the membrane of the endoplasmic reticulum. Association of the ribosome with the endoplasmic reticulum during translation of secreted proteins is mediated by the signal peptide. The signal peptide is typically cleaved following its co-translational entry into the endoplasmic reticulum. After delivery to the endoplasmic reticulum, secreted proteins may proceed through the Golgi apparatus. In the Golgi apparatus, the proteins may undergo post-translational modification before entering secretory vesicles which transport them across the cell membrane.

The 5' ESTs of the present invention have several important applications. For example, they may be used to obtain and express cDNA clones which include the full protein coding sequences of the corresponding gene products, including the authentic translation start sites derived from the 5' ends of the coding sequences of the mRNAs from which the 5' ESTs are derived. These cDNAs will be referred to hereinafter as "full length cDNAs." These cDNAs may also include DNA derived from mRNA sequences upstream of the translation start site. The full length cDNA sequences may be used to express the proteins corresponding to the 5' ESTs. As discussed above, secreted proteins are therapeutically important. Thus, the proteins expressed from the cDNAs may be useful in treating or

controlling a variety of human conditions. The 5' ESTs may also be used to obtain the corresponding genomic DNA. The term "corresponding genomic DNA" refers to the genomic DNA which encodes the mRNA from which the 5' EST was derived.

Alternatively, the 5' ESTs may be used to obtain and express extended cDNAs  
5 encoding portions of the secreted protein. The portions may comprise the signal peptides of the secreted proteins or the mature proteins generated when the signal peptide is cleaved off. The portions may also comprise polypeptides having at least 10 consecutive amino acids encoded by the extended cDNAs or full length cDNAs. Alternatively, the portions may comprise at least 15 consecutive amino acids encoded by the extended cDNAs or full length  
10 cDNAs. In some embodiments, the portions may comprise at least 25 consecutive amino acids encoded by the extended cDNAs or full length cDNAs. In other embodiments, the portions may comprise at least 40 amino acids encoded by the extended cDNAs or full length cDNAs.

Antibodies which specifically recognize the entire secreted proteins encoded by the  
15 extended cDNAs, full length cDNAs, or fragments thereof having at least 10 consecutive amino acids, at least 15 consecutive amino acids, at least 25 consecutive amino acids, or at least 40 consecutive amino acids may also be obtained as described below. Antibodies which specifically recognize the mature protein generated when the signal peptide is cleaved may also be obtained as described below. Similarly, antibodies which specifically recognize the  
20 signal peptides encoded by the extended cDNAs or full length cDNAs may also be obtained.

In some embodiments, the extended cDNAs obtained using the 5' ESTs include the signal sequence. In other embodiments, the extended cDNAs obtained using the 5' ESTs may include the full coding sequence for the mature protein (*i.e.* the protein generated when the signal polypeptide is cleaved off). In addition, the extended cDNAs obtained using the 5'  
25 ESTs may include regulatory regions upstream of the translation start site or downstream of the stop codon which control the amount, location, or developmental stage of gene expression.

As discussed above, secreted proteins are therapeutically important. Thus, the proteins expressed from the extended cDNAs or full length cDNAs obtained using the 5'  
30 ESTs may be useful in treating or controlling a variety of human conditions.

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5 The 5' ESTs (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtained therefrom) may be used in forensic procedures to identify individuals or in diagnostic procedures to identify individuals having genetic diseases resulting from abnormal expression of the genes corresponding to the 5' ESTs. In addition, the present invention is useful for constructing a high resolution map of the human chromosomes.

The present invention also relates to secretion vectors capable of directing the secretion of a protein of interest. Such vectors may be used in gene therapy strategies in which it is desired to produce a gene product in one cell which is to be delivered to another location in the body. Secretion vectors may also facilitate the purification of desired proteins.

10 The present invention also relates to expression vectors capable of directing the expression of an inserted gene in a desired spatial or temporal manner or at a desired level. Such vectors may include sequences upstream of the 5' ESTs, such as promoters or upstream regulatory sequences.

15 Finally, the present invention may also be used for gene therapy to control or treat genetic diseases. Signal peptides may also be fused to heterologous proteins to direct their extracellular secretion.

Bacterial clones containing Bluescript plasmids having inserts containing the 5' ESTs of the present invention (SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 are presently stored at 80°C in 4% (v/v) glycerol in the inventor's laboratories under the designations listed next to the SEQ ID NOs in II). The inserts may be recovered from the deposited materials by growing the appropriate clones on a suitable medium. The Bluescript DNA can then be isolated using plasmid isolation procedures familiar to those skilled in the art such as alkaline lysis minipreps or large scale alkaline lysis plasmid isolation procedures. If desired the plasmid DNA may be further enriched by centrifugation on a cesium chloride gradient, size exclusion chromatography, or anion exchange chromatography. The plasmid DNA obtained using these procedures may then be manipulated using standard cloning techniques familiar to those skilled in the art. Alternatively, a PCR can be done with primers designed at both ends of the EST insertion. The PCR product which corresponds to the 5' EST can then be manipulated using standard cloning techniques familiar to those skilled in the art.

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One aspect of the present invention is a purified or isolated nucleic acid having the sequence of one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or having a sequence complementary thereto. In one embodiment, the nucleic acid is recombinant.

Another aspect of the present invention is a purified or isolated nucleic acid comprising at least 10 consecutive bases of the sequence of one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or one of the sequences complementary thereto.

Yet another aspect of the present invention is a purified or isolated nucleic acid comprising at least 15 consecutive bases of one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or one of the sequences complementary thereto. In one embodiment, the nucleic acid is recombinant.

A further aspect of the present invention is a purified or isolated nucleic acid of at least 15 bases capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to the sequence of one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or one of the sequences complementary to the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315. In one embodiment, the nucleic acid is recombinant.

Another aspect of the present invention is a purified or isolated nucleic acid encoding a human gene product, said human gene product having a sequence partially encoded by one of the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 38-315.

Still another aspect of the present invention is a method of making a cDNA encoding a human secretory protein, said human secretory protein being partially encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315, comprising the steps of contacting a collection of mRNA molecules from human cells with a primer comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of a sequence complementary to one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315; hybridizing said primer to an mRNA in said collection that encodes said protein; reverse transcribing said hybridized primer to make a first cDNA strand from said mRNA; making a second cDNA strand complementary to said first cDNA strand; and isolating the resulting cDNA encoding said protein comprising said first cDNA strand and said second cDNA strand.

Another aspect of the invention is an isolated or purified cDNA encoding a human secretory protein, said human secretory protein comprising the protein encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315 or a fragment thereof of at least 10 amino acids, said cDNA being obtainable by the method described in the preceding paragraph. In one embodiment, the

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cDNA comprises the full protein coding sequence of said protein which sequence is partially included in one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

Another aspect of the present invention is a method of making a cDNA encoding a human secretory protein that is partially encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315, comprising  
 5 the steps of obtaining a cDNA comprising one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315; contacting said cDNA with a detectable probe comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of said sequence of SEQ ID NO: 38-315 or a sequence complementary thereto under conditions which permit said probe to hybridize to said cDNA; identifying a cDNA which hybridizes to said detectable probe; and isolating said cDNA which hybridizes to said probe.

10 Another aspect of the present invention is an isolated or purified cDNA encoding a human secretory protein, said human secretory protein comprising the protein encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315 or a fragment thereof of at least 10 amino acids, said cDNA being obtainable by the method described in the preceding paragraph. In one embodiment, the cDNA comprises the full protein coding sequence partially included in one of the  
 15 sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

Another aspect of the present invention is a method of making a cDNA comprising one of the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, comprising the steps of contacting a collection of mRNA molecules from human cells with a first primer capable of hybridizing to the polyA tail of said mRNA; hybridizing said first primer to said polyA tail; reverse transcribing said  
 20 mRNA to make a first cDNA strand; making a second cDNA strand complementary to said first cDNA strand using at least one primer comprising at least 15 nucleotides of one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs 38-315; and isolating the resulting cDNA comprising said first cDNA strand and said second cDNA strand.

Another aspect of the present invention is an isolated or purified cDNA encoding a  
 25 human secretory protein, said human secretory protein comprising the protein encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs-38-315 or a fragment thereof of at least 10 amino acids, said cDNA being obtainable by the method described in the preceding paragraph. In one embodiment, the cDNA comprises the full protein coding sequence partially included in one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

30 In one embodiment of the method described in the two paragraphs above, the second cDNA strand is made by contacting said first cDNA strand with a first pair of primers, said

first pair of primers comprising a second primer comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs 38-315 and a third primer having a sequence therein which is included within the sequence of said first primer; performing a first polymerase chain reaction with said first pair of nested primers to generate a first PCR product; contacting said first PCR product with a second pair of primers, said second pair of primers comprising a fourth primer, said fourth primer comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of said sequence of one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, and a fifth primer, said fourth and fifth primers being capable of hybridizing to sequences within said first PCR product; and performing a second polymerase chain reaction, thereby generating a second PCR product.

One aspect of the present invention is an isolated or purified cDNA encoding a human secretory protein, said human secretory protein comprising the protein encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315, or a fragment thereof of at least 10 amino acids, said cDNA being obtainable by the method of the preceding paragraph. In one embodiment, the cDNA comprises the full protein coding sequence partially included in one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

Another aspect of the present invention is the method described four paragraphs above in which the second cDNA strand is made by contacting said first cDNA strand with a second primer comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315; hybridizing said second primer to said first strand cDNA; and extending said hybridized second primer to generate said second cDNA strand.

Another aspect of the present invention is an isolated or purified cDNA encoding a human secretory protein, said human secretory protein comprising the protein partially encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315 or comprising a fragment thereof of at least 10 amino acids, said cDNA being obtainable by the method described in the preceding paragraph. In one embodiment, the cDNA comprises the full protein coding sequence partially included in one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

Another aspect of the present invention is a method of making a protein comprising one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 316-593, comprising the steps of obtaining a cDNA encoding the full protein sequence partially included in one of the sequences of sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315; inserting said cDNA in an expression vector such that said cDNA is

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operably linked to a promoter; introducing said expression vector into a host cell whereby said host cell produces the protein encoded by said cDNA; and isolating said protein.

Another aspect of the present invention is an isolated protein obtainable by the method described in the preceding paragraph.

5 Another aspect of the present invention is a method of obtaining a promoter DNA comprising the steps of obtaining DNAs located upstream of the nucleic acids of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or the sequences complementary thereto; screening said upstream DNAs to identify a promoter capable of directing transcription initiation; and isolating said DNA comprising said identified promoter. In one embodiment, the obtaining step comprises  
10 chromosome walking from said nucleic acids of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or sequences complementary thereto. In another embodiment, the screening step comprises inserting said upstream sequences into a promoter reporter vector. In another embodiment, the screening step comprises identifying motifs in said upstream DNAs which are transcription factor binding sites or transcription start sites.

15 Another aspect of the present invention is an isolated promoter obtainable by the method described above.

Another aspect of the present invention is an isolated or purified protein comprising one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 316-593.

20 Another aspect of the present invention is the inclusion of at least one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, or one of the sequences complementary to the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, or a fragment thereof of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides in an array of discrete ESTs or fragments thereof of at least 15 nucleotides in length. In one embodiment, the array includes at least two of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, the sequences complementary to the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, or fragments thereof of  
25 at least 15 consecutive nucleotides. In another embodiment, the array includes at least five of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, the sequences complementary to the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, or fragments thereof of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides.

Another aspect of the present invention is a promoter having a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 31, 34, and 37.

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### **Brief Description of the Drawings**

Figure 1 is a summary of a procedure for obtaining cDNAs which have been selected to include the 5' ends of the mRNAs from which they derived.

Figure 2 shows the distribution of Von Heijne scores for 5' ESTs in each of the categories described herein and the probability that these 5' ESTs encode a signal peptide.

Figure 3 summarizes a general method used to clone and sequence extended cDNAs containing sequences adjacent to 5' ESTs.

Figure 4 (description of promoters structure isolated from SignalTag 5' ESTs) provides a schematic description of promoters isolated and the way they are assembled with the corresponding 5' tags.

### **Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment**

Table IV is an analysis of the 43 amino acids located at the N terminus of all human SwissProt proteins to determine the frequency of false positives and false negatives using the techniques for signal peptide identification described herein.

Table V shows the distribution of 5' ESTs in each category described herein and the number of 5' ESTs in each category having a given minimum Von Heijne's score.

Table VI shows the distribution of 5' ESTs in each category described herein with respect to the tissue from which the 5' ESTs of the corresponding mRNA were obtained.

Table VII describes the transcription factor binding sites present in each of these promoters.

### **I. General Methods for Obtaining 5' ESTs derived from mRNAs with intact 5' ends**

In order to obtain the 5' ESTs of the present invention, mRNAs with intact 5' ends must be obtained. Currently, there are two approaches for obtaining such mRNAs with intact 5' ends as described below: either chemical (1) or enzymatic (2).

#### **1. Chemical Methods for Obtaining mRNAs having Intact 5' Ends**

One of these approaches is a chemical modification method involving derivatization of the 5' ends of the mRNAs and selection of the derivatized mRNAs. The 5' ends of eukaryotic mRNAs possess a structure referred to as a "cap" which comprises a guanosine

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methyated at the 7 position. The cap is joined to the first transcribed base of the mRNA by a 5', 5'-triphosphate bond. In some instances, the 5' guanosine is methylated in both the 2 and 7 positions. Rarely, the 5' guanosine is trimethylated at the 2, 7 and 7 positions. In the chemical method for obtaining mRNAs having intact 5' ends, the 5' cap is specifically  
5 derivatized and coupled to a reactive group on an immobilizing substrate. This specific derivatization is based on the fact that only the ribose linked to the methylated guanosine at the 5' end of the mRNA and the ribose linked to the base at the 3' terminus of the mRNA, possess 2', 3'-cis diols.

Optionally, the 2', 3'-cis diol of the 3' terminal ribose may be chemically modified,  
10 substituted, converted, or eliminated, leaving only the ribose linked to the methylated guanosine at the 5' end of the mRNA with a 2', 3'-cis diol. A variety of techniques are available for eliminating the 2', 3'-cis diol on the 3' terminal ribose. For example, controlled alkaline hydrolysis may be used to generate mRNA fragments in which the 3' terminal ribose is a 3'-phosphate, 2'-phosphate or (2', 3')-cyclophosphate. Thereafter, the fragment which  
15 includes the original 3' ribose may be eliminated from the mixture through chromatography on an oligodT column. Alternatively, a base which lacks the 2', 3'-cis diol may be added to the 3' end of the mRNA using an RNA ligase such as T4 RNA ligase. Example 1 below describes a method for ligation of a nucleoside diphosphate to the 3' end of messenger RNA.

20

### EXAMPLE 1

#### Ligation of the Nucleoside Diphosphate pCp to the 3' End of mRNA.

One µg of RNA was incubated in a final reaction medium of 10 µl in the presence of 5 U of T<sub>4</sub> phage RNA ligase in the buffer provided by the manufacturer (Gibco - BRL), 40 U of the RNase inhibitor RNasin (Promega) and, 2 µl of <sup>32</sup>pCp (Amersham #PB  
25 10208). The incubation was performed at 37°C for 2 hours or overnight at 7-8°C.

Following modification or elimination of the 2', 3'-cis diol at the 3' ribose, the 2', 3'-cis diol present at the 5' end of the mRNA may be oxidized using reagents such as NaBH<sub>4</sub>, NaBH<sub>3</sub>CN, or sodium periodate, thereby converting the 2', 3'-cis diol to a dialdehyde.

Example 2 describes the oxidation of the 2', 3'-cis diol at the 5' end of the mRNA with sodium periodate.

## EXAMPLE 2

### 5      Oxidation of 2', 3'-cis diol at the 5' End of the mRNA with Sodium Periodate

0.1 OD unit of either a capped oligoribonucleotide of 47 nucleotides (including the cap) or an uncapped oligoribonucleotide of 46 nucleotides were treated as follows. The oligoribonucleotides were produced by *in vitro* transcription using the transcription kit "AmpliScribe T7" (Epicentre Technologies). As indicated below, the DNA template for the  
10      RNA transcript contained a single cytosine. To synthesize the uncapped RNA, all four NTPs were included in the *in vitro* transcription reaction. To obtain the capped RNA, GTP was replaced by an analogue of the cap, m7G(5')ppp(5')G. This compound, recognized by the polymerase, was incorporated into the 5' end of the nascent transcript during the initiation of transcription but was not incorporated during the extension step. Consequently, the resulting  
15      RNA contained a cap at its 5' end. The sequences of the oligoribonucleotides produced by the *in vitro* transcription reaction were:

+Cap:

5'm7GpppGCAUCCUACUCCCAUCCAAUUCCACCCUAACUCCUCCCAUCUCCAC-  
3' (SEQ ID NO:1)

20      -Cap:

5'-pppGCAUCCUACUCCCAUCCAAUUCCACCCUAACUCCUCCCAUCUCCAC-3'  
(SEQ ID NO:2)

The oligoribonucleotides were dissolved in 9 µl of acetate buffer (0.1 M sodium acetate, pH 5.2) and 3 µl of freshly prepared 0.1 M sodium periodate solution. The mixture  
25      was incubated for 1 hour in the dark at 4°C or room temperature. Thereafter, the reaction was stopped by adding 4 µl of 10% ethylene glycol. The product was ethanol precipitated, resuspended in at least 10 µl of water or appropriate buffer and dialyzed against water.

The resulting aldehyde groups may then be coupled to molecules having a  
30      reactive amine group, such as hydrazine, carbazide, thiocarbazide or semicarbazide groups, in order to facilitate enrichment of the 5' ends of the mRNAs. Molecules having

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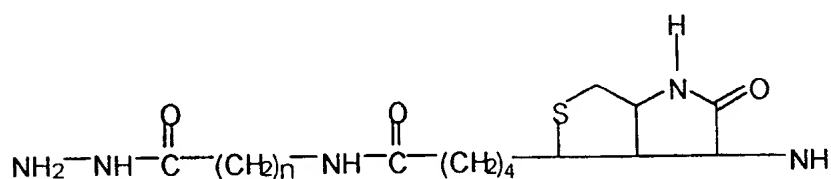
reactive amine groups which are suitable for use in selecting mRNAs having intact 5' ends include avidin, proteins, antibodies, vitamins, ligands capable of specifically binding to receptor molecules, or oligonucleotides. Example 3 below describes the coupling of the resulting dialdehyde to biotin.

5

### EXAMPLE 3

#### Coupling of the Dialdehyde at the 5' End of Transcripts with Biotin

The oxidation product obtained in Example 2 was dissolved in 50  $\mu$ l of sodium acetate at a pH between 5 and 5.2 and 50  $\mu$ l of freshly prepared 0.02 M solution of biotin  
10 hydrazide in a methoxyethanol/water mixture (1:1) of formula:



In the compound used in these experiments,  $n=5$ . However, it will be appreciated that other commercially available hydrazides may also be used, such as molecules of the above  
15 formula in which  $n$  varies from 0 to 5. The mixture was then incubated for 2 hours at 37°C, precipitated with ethanol and dialyzed against distilled water. Example 4 demonstrates the specificity of the biotinylation reaction.

### EXAMPLE 4

#### Specificity of Biotinylation of Capped Transcripts

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The specificity of the biotinylation for capped mRNAs was evaluated by gel electrophoresis of the following samples:

Sample 1. The 46 nucleotide uncapped *in vitro* transcript prepared as in Example 2 and labeled with  $^{32}$ P-Cp as described in Example 1.

25

Sample 2. The 46 nucleotide uncapped *in vitro* transcript prepared as in Example 2, labeled with  $^{32}$ P-Cp as described in Example 1, treated with the oxidation reaction of Example 2, and subjected to the biotinylation conditions of Example 3.



Sample 3. The 47 nucleotide capped *in vitro* transcript prepared as in Example 2 and labeled with  $^{32}\text{pCp}$  as described in Example 1.

Sample 4. The 47 nucleotide capped *in vitro* transcript prepared as in Example 2, labeled with  $^{32}\text{pCp}$  as described in Example 1, treated with the oxidation reaction of Example 2, and subjected to the biotinylation conditions of Example 3.

Samples 1 and 2 had identical migration rates, demonstrating that the uncapped RNAs were not oxidized and biotinylated. Sample 3 migrated more slowly than Samples 1 and 2, while Sample 4 exhibited the slowest migration. The difference in migration of the RNAs in Samples 3 and 4 demonstrates that the capped RNAs were specifically biotinylated.

10

In some cases, mRNAs having intact 5' ends may be enriched by binding the molecule containing a reactive amine group to a suitable solid phase substrate such as the inside of the vessel containing the mRNAs, magnetic beads, chromatography matrices, or nylon or nitrocellulose membranes. For example, where the molecule having a reactive amine group is biotin, the solid phase substrate may be coupled to avidin or streptavidin. Alternatively, where the molecule having the reactive amine group is an antibody or receptor ligand, the solid phase substrate may be coupled to the cognate antigen or receptor. Finally, where the molecule having a reactive amine group comprises an oligonucleotide, the solid phase substrate may comprise a complementary oligonucleotide.

The mRNAs having intact 5' ends may be released from the solid phase following the enrichment procedure. For example, where the dialdehyde is coupled to biotin hydrazide and the solid phase comprises streptavidin, the mRNAs may be released from the solid phase by simply heating to 95 degrees Celsius in 2% SDS. In some methods, the molecule having a reactive amine group may also be cleaved from the mRNAs having intact 5' ends following enrichment. Example 5 describes the capture of biotinylated mRNAs with streptavidin coated beads and the release of the biotinylated mRNAs from the beads following enrichment.

25

### EXAMPLE 5

#### Capture and Release of Biotinylated mRNAs Using Streptavidin Coated Beads

The streptavidin coated magnetic beads were prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions (CPG Inc., USA). The biotinylated mRNAs were added to a

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hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl, pH 5 - 6). After incubating for 30 minutes, the unbound and nonbiotinylated material was removed. The beads were then washed several times in water with 1% SDS. The beads thus obtained were incubated for 15 minutes at 95°C in water containing 2% SDS.

5           Example 6 demonstrates the efficiency with which biotinylated mRNAs were recovered from the streptavidin coated beads.

### EXAMPLE 6

#### Efficiency of Recovery of Biotinylated mRNAs

10           The efficiency of the recovery procedure was evaluated as follows. Capped RNAs were labeled with <sup>32</sup>pCp, oxidized, biotinylated and bound to streptavidin coated beads as described above. Subsequently, the bound RNAs were incubated for 5, 15 or 30 minutes at 95°C in the presence of 2% SDS.

15           The products of the reaction were analyzed by electrophoresis on 12% polyacrylamide gels under denaturing conditions (7 M urea). The gels were subjected to autoradiography. During this manipulation, the hydrazone bonds were not reduced.

            Increasing amounts of nucleic acids were recovered as incubation times in 2% SDS increased, demonstrating that biotinylated mRNAs were efficiently recovered.

20           In an alternative method for obtaining mRNAs having intact 5' ends, an oligonucleotide which has been derivatized to contain a reactive amine group is specifically coupled to mRNAs having an intact cap. Preferably, the 3' end of the mRNA is blocked prior to the step in which the aldehyde groups are joined to the derivatized oligonucleotide, as described above, so as to prevent the derivatized oligonucleotide from being joined to the 3' end of the mRNA. For example, pCp may be attached to the 3' end of the mRNA using T4 RNA ligase as described in example 1. However, as discussed above, blocking the 3' end of the mRNA is an optional step. Derivatized oligonucleotides may be prepared as described in Example 7.

30

**EXAMPLE 7**Derivatization of Oligonucleotides

An oligonucleotide phosphorylated at its 3' end was converted to a 3' hydrazide in 3' by treatment with an aqueous solution of hydrazine or of dihydrazide of the formula  
5  $H_2N(R1)NH_2$  at about 1 to 3 M, and at pH 4.5 at a temperature of 8°C overnight. This incubation was performed in the presence of a carbodiimide type agent soluble in water such as 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide at a final concentration of 0.3 M.

The derivatized oligonucleotide was then separated from the other agents and products using a standard technique for isolating oligonucleotides.

10 As discussed above, the mRNAs to be enriched may be treated to eliminate the 3' OH groups which may be present thereon. This may be accomplished by enzymatic ligation of sequences lacking a 3' OH, such as pCp, as described in Example 1. Alternatively, the 3' OH groups may be eliminated by alkaline hydrolysis as described in Example 8 below.

15

**EXAMPLE 8**Elimination of 3' OH Groups of mRNA Using Alkaline Hydrolysis

In a total volume of 100 µl of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide, 1.5 µg mRNA is incubated for 40 to 60 minutes at 4°C. The solution is neutralized with acetic acid and precipitated with ethanol.

20 Following the optional elimination of the 3' OH groups, the diol groups at the 5' ends of the mRNAs are oxidized as described below in Example 9.

**EXAMPLE 9**Oxidation of Diols of mRNA

25 Up to 1 OD unit of RNA was dissolved in 9 µl of buffer (0.1 M sodium acetate, pH 6-7) or water and 3 µl of freshly prepared 0.1 M sodium periodate solution. The reaction was incubated for 1 h in the dark at 4°C or room temperature. Following the incubation, the reaction was stopped by adding 4 µl of 10% ethylene glycol. Thereafter the mixture was incubated at room temperature for 15 minutes. After ethanol precipitation, the product was  
30 resuspended in at least 10 µl of water or appropriate buffer and dialyzed against water.

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Following oxidation of the diol groups at the 5' ends of the mRNAs, the derivatized oligonucleotide was joined to the resulting aldehydes as described in Example 10.

### EXAMPLE 10

#### 5           Ligature of Aldehydes of mRNA to Derivatized Oligonucleotides

The oxidized mRNA was dissolved in an acidic medium such as 50 µl of sodium acetate pH 4-6. Fifty µl of a solution of the derivatized oligonucleotide were added in order to obtain an mRNA:derivatized oligonucleotide ratio of 1:20. The mixture was reduced with a borohydride and incubated for 2 h at 37°C or overnight (14 h) at 10°C. The mixture was  
10 then ethanol precipitated, resuspended in 10 µl or more of water or appropriate buffer and dialyzed against distilled water. If desired, the resulting product may be analyzed using acrylamide gel electrophoresis, HPLC analysis, or other conventional techniques.

Following the attachment of the derivatized oligonucleotide to the mRNAs, a  
15 reverse transcription reaction may be performed as described in Example 11 below.

### EXAMPLE 11

#### Reverse Transcription of mRNAs Ligatured to Derivatized Oligonucleotides

An oligodeoxyribonucleotide was derivatized as follows. Three OD units of an  
20 oligodeoxyribonucleotide of sequence 5'ATCAAGAATTTCGCACGAGACCATTAA3' (SEQ ID NO:3) having 5'-OH and 3'-P ends were dissolved in 70 µl of a 1.5 M hydroxybenzotriazole solution, pH 5.3, prepared in dimethylformamide/water (75:25) containing 2 µg of 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide. The mixture was incubated for 2 h 30 min at 22°C and then precipitated twice in LiClO<sub>4</sub>/acetone. The pellet  
25 was resuspended in 200 µl of 0.25 M hydrazine and incubated at 8°C from 3 to 14 h. Following the hydrazine reaction, the mixture was precipitated twice in LiClO<sub>4</sub>/acetone.

The messenger RNAs to be reverse transcribed were extracted from blocks of placenta having sides of 2 cm which had been stored at -80°C. The total RNA was extracted using conventional acidic phenol techniques. Oligo-dT chromatography was used to purify  
30 the mRNAs. The integrity of the mRNAs was checked by Northern-blotting.

The diol groups on 7  $\mu$ g of the placental mRNAs were oxidized as described above in Example 9. The derivatized oligonucleotide was joined to the mRNAs as described in Example 10 above except that the precipitation step was replaced by an exclusion chromatography step to remove derivatized oligodeoxyribonucleotides which were not joined to mRNAs. Exclusion chromatography was performed as follows:

Ten ml of Ultrogel AcA34 (BioSeptra#230151) gel, a mix of agarose and acrylamide, were equilibrated in 50 ml of a solution of 10 mM Tris pH 8.0, 300 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, and 0.05% SDS. The mixture was allowed to sediment. The supernatant was eliminated and the gel was resuspended in 50 ml of buffer. This procedure was repeated 2 or 3 times.

A glass bead (diameter 3 mm) was introduced into a 2 ml disposable pipette (length 25 cm). The pipette was filled with the gel suspension until the height of the gel stabilized at 1 cm from the top of the pipette. The column was then equilibrated with 20 ml of equilibration buffer (10 mM Tris HCl pH 7.4, 20 mM NaCl).

Ten  $\mu$ l of the mRNA which had reacted with the derivatized oligonucleotide were mixed in 39  $\mu$ l of 10 mM urea and 2  $\mu$ l of blue-glycerol buffer, which had been prepared by dissolving 5 mg of bromophenol blue in 60% glycerol (v/v), and passing the mixture through a 0.45  $\mu$ m diameter filter.

The column was then loaded with the mRNAs coupled to the oligonucleotide. As soon as the sample had penetrated, equilibration buffer was added. Hundred  $\mu$ l fractions were then collected. Derivatized oligonucleotide which had not been attached to mRNA appeared in fraction 16 and later fractions. Thus, fractions 3 to 15 were combined and precipitated with ethanol.

To determine whether the derivatized oligonucleotide was actually linked to mRNA, one tenth of the combined fractions were spotted twice on a nylon membrane and hybridized to a radioactive probe using conventional techniques. The  $^{32}$ P labeled probe used in these hybridizations was an oligodeoxyribonucleotide of sequence 5'TAATGGTCTCGTGCGAATTCTTGAT3' (SEQ ID NO:4) anticomplementary to the derivatized oligonucleotide. A signal observed after autoradiography, indicated that the derivatized oligonucleotide had been truly joined to the mRNA.

The remaining nine tenth of the mRNAs which had reacted with the derivatized oligonucleotide was reverse transcribed as follows. A reverse transcription reaction was

carried out with reverse transcriptase following the manufacturer's instructions and 50 pmol of nonamers with random sequence as primers.

To ensure that reverse transcription had been carried out through the cap structure, two types of experiments were performed.

5        In the first approach, after elimination of RNA of the cDNA:RNA heteroduplexes obtained from the reverse transcription reaction by an alkaline hydrolysis, a portion of the resulting single stranded cDNAs was spotted on a positively charged membrane and hybridized, using conventional methods, to a <sup>32</sup>P labeled probe having a sequence identical to that of the derivatized oligonucleotide. Control spots containing, 1 pmol, 100 fmol, 50 fmol,  
10    10 fmol and 1 fmol of a control oligodeoxyribonucleotide of sequence identical to that of the derivatized oligonucleotide were included. The signal observed in the spots containing the cDNA indicated that approximately 15 fmol of the derivatized oligonucleotide had been reverse transcribed. These results demonstrate that the reverse transcription can be performed through the cap and, in particular, that reverse transcriptase crosses the 5'-P-P-P-  
15    5' bond of the cap of eukaryotic messenger RNAs.

In the second type of experiment, the single stranded cDNAs obtained from the above first strand synthesis were used as template for PCR reactions. Two types of reactions were carried out. First, specific amplification of the mRNAs for alpha globin, dehydrogenase, pp15 and elongation factor E4 were carried out using the following pairs of  
20    oligodeoxyribonucleotide primers.

alpha-globin

GLO-S: 5'CCG ACA AGA CCA ACG TCA AGG CCG C3' (SEQ ID NO:5)

GLO-As: 5'TCA CCA GCA GGC AGT GGC TTA GGA G 3' (SEQ ID NO:6)

25

dehydrogenase

3 DH-S: 5'AGT GAT TCC TGC TAC TTT GGA TGG C3' (SEQ ID NO:7)

3 DH-As: 5'GCT TGG TCT TGT TCT GGA GTT TAG A3' (SEQ ID NO:8)

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pp15

PP15-S: 5'TCC AGA ATG GGA GAC AAG CCA ATT T3' (SEQ ID NO:9)

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PP15-As: 5'AGG GAG GAG GAA ACA GCG TGA GTC C3' (SEQ ID NO:10)

Elongation factor E4

EFA1-S: 5'ATG GGA AAG GAA AAG ACT CAT ATC A3' (SEQ ID NO:11)

5 EF1A-As: 5'AGC AGC AAC AAT CAG GAC AGC ACA G3' (SEQ ID NO:12)

Second, non specific amplifications were also carried out with the antisense oligodeoxyribonucleotides of the pairs described above and with a primer derived from the sequence of the derivatized oligodeoxyribonucleotide  
10 (5'ATCAAGAATTTCGCACGAGACCATT A3') (SEQ ID NO:13).

One twentieth of the following RT-PCR product samples were run on a 1.5% agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide.

Sample 1: The products of a PCR reaction using the globin primers of SEQ ID NOs 5 and 6 in the presence of cDNA.

15 Sample 2: The products of a PCR reaction using the globin primers of SEQ ID NOs 5 and 6 in the absence of added cDNA.

Sample 3: The products of a PCR reaction using the dehydrogenase primers of SEQ ID NOs 7 and 8 in the presence of cDNA.

20 Sample 4: The products of a PCR reaction using the dehydrogenase primers of SEQ ID NOs 7 and 8 in the absence of added cDNA.

Sample 5: The products of a PCR reaction using the pp15 primers of SEQ ID NOs 9 and 10 in the presence of cDNA.

Sample 6: The products of a PCR reaction using the pp15 primers of SEQ ID NOs 9 and 10 in the absence of added cDNA.

25 Sample 7: The products of a PCR reaction using the EIF4 primers of SEQ ID NOs 11 and 12 in the presence of added cDNA.

Sample 8: The products of a PCR reaction using the EIF4 primers of SEQ ID NOs 11 and 12 in the absence of added cDNA.

30 A band of the size expected for the PCR product was observed only in samples 1, 3, 5 and 7, thus indicating the presence of the corresponding sequence in the cDNA population.

PCR reactions were also carried out with the antisense oligonucleotides of the globin and dehydrogenase primers (SEQ ID NOs 6 and 8) and an oligonucleotide whose sequence corresponds to that of the derivatized oligonucleotide. The presence of PCR products of the expected size in the samples equivalent to above samples 1 and 3 indicated that the  
5 derivatized oligonucleotide had been linked to mRNA.

The above examples summarize the chemical procedure for enriching mRNAs for those having intact 5' ends as illustrated in Figure 1. Further detail regarding the chemical approaches for obtaining such mRNAs are disclosed in International Application No.  
10 WO96/34981, published November 7, 1996, which is incorporated herein by reference. Strategies based on the above chemical modifications to the 5' cap structure may be utilized to generate cDNAs selected to include the 5' ends of the mRNAs from which they derived. In one version of such procedures, the 5' ends of the mRNAs are modified as described above. Thereafter, a reverse transcription reaction is conducted to extend a primer  
15 complementary to the 5' end of the mRNA. Single stranded RNAs are eliminated to obtain a population of cDNA/mRNA heteroduplexes in which the mRNA includes an intact 5' end. The resulting heteroduplexes may be captured on a solid phase coated with a molecule capable of interacting with the molecule used to derivatize the 5' end of the mRNA. Thereafter, the strands of the heteroduplexes are separated to recover single stranded first  
20 cDNA strands which include the 5' end of the mRNA. Second strand cDNA synthesis may then proceed using conventional techniques. For example, the procedures disclosed in WO 96/34981 or in Carninci. *et al.*, *Genomics* 37:327-336, 1996, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference, may be employed to select cDNAs which include the sequence derived from the 5' end of the coding sequence of the mRNA.

25 Following ligation of the oligonucleotide tag to the 5' cap of the mRNA, a reverse transcription reaction is conducted to extend a primer complementary to the mRNA to the 5' end of the mRNA. Following elimination of the RNA component of the resulting heteroduplex using standard techniques, second strand cDNA synthesis is conducted with a primer complementary to the oligonucleotide tag.



## 2. Enzymatic Methods for Obtaining mRNAs having Intact 5' Ends

Other techniques for selecting cDNAs extending to the 5' end of the mRNA from which they are derived are fully enzymatic. Some versions of these techniques are disclosed in Dumas Milne Edwards J.B. (Doctoral Thesis of Paris VI University, Le clonage des ADNc  
5 complets: difficultes et perspectives nouvelles. Apports pour l'etude de la regulation de l'expression de la tryptophane hydroxylase de rat, 20 Dec. 1993), EP0 625572 and Kato *et al.*, *Gene* 150:243-250, 1994, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Briefly, in such approaches, isolated mRNA is treated with alkaline phosphatase to remove the phosphate groups present on the 5' ends of uncapped incomplete mRNAs.  
10 Following this procedure, the cap present on full length mRNAs is enzymatically removed with a decapping enzyme such as T4 polynucleotide kinase or tobacco acid pyrophosphatase. An oligonucleotide, which may be either a DNA oligonucleotide or a DNA-RNA hybrid oligonucleotide having RNA at its 3' end, is then ligated to the phosphate present at the 5' end of the decapped mRNA using T4 RNA ligase. The oligonucleotide may include a  
15 restriction site to facilitate cloning of the cDNAs following their synthesis. Example 12 below describes one enzymatic method based on the doctoral thesis of Dumas.

### **EXAMPLE 12**

#### Enzymatic Approach for Obtaining 5' ESTs

20 Twenty micrograms of PolyA<sup>+</sup> RNA were dephosphorylated using Calf Intestinal Phosphatase (Biolabs). After a phenol chloroform extraction, the cap structure of mRNA was hydrolysed using the Tobacco Acid Pyrophosphatase (purified as described by Shinshi *et al.*, *Biochemistry* 15: 2185-2190, 1976) and a hemi 5'DNA/RNA-3' oligonucleotide having an unphosphorylated 5' end, a stretch of adenosine ribophosphate at the 3' end, and an EcoRI  
25 site near the 5' end was ligated to the 5'P ends of mRNA using the T4 RNA ligase (Biolabs). Oligonucleotides suitable for use in this procedure are preferably 30 to 50 bases in length. Oligonucleotides having an unphosphorylated 5' end may be synthesized by adding a fluorochrome at the 5' end. The inclusion of a stretch of adenosine ribophosphates at the 3' end of the oligonucleotide increases ligation efficiency. It will be appreciated that the  
30 oligonucleotide may contain cloning sites other than EcoRI.

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Following ligation of the oligonucleotide to the phosphate present at the 5' end of the decapped mRNA, first and second strand cDNA synthesis is carried out using conventional methods or those specified in EP0 625,572 and Kato *et al. supra*, and Dumas Milne Edwards, *supra*, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference. The resulting cDNA may then be ligated into vectors such as those disclosed in Kato *et al., supra* or other nucleic acid vectors known to those skilled in the art using techniques such as those described in Sambrook *et al.*, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual 2d Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1989, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

10

## II. Obtention and Characterization of the 5' ESTs of the Present Invention

The 5' ESTs of the present invention were obtained using the aforementioned chemical and enzymatic approaches for enriching mRNAs for those having intact 5' ends as described below.

15

### 1. Obtention of 5' ESTS Using mRNAs with Intact 5' Ends

First, mRNAs were prepared as described in Example 13 below.

#### EXAMPLE 13

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##### Preparation of mRNA With Intact 5' Ends

Total human RNAs or polyA<sup>+</sup> RNAs derived from 29 different tissues were respectively purchased from LABIMO and CLONTECH and used to generate 44 cDNA libraries as follows. The purchased RNA had been isolated from cells or tissues using acid guanidium thiocyanate-phenol-chloroform extraction (Chomczynski and Sacchi, *Analytical Biochemistry* 162:156-159, 1987). PolyA<sup>+</sup> RNA was isolated from total RNA (LABIMO) by two passes of oligo dT chromatography, as described by Aviv and Leder, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 69:1408-1412, 1972 in order to eliminate ribosomal RNA.

25

The quality and the integrity of the polyA<sup>+</sup> RNAs were checked. Northern blots hybridized with a globin probe were used to confirm that the mRNAs were not degraded. Contamination of the polyA<sup>+</sup> mRNAs by ribosomal sequences was checked using Northern blots and a probe derived from the sequence of the 28S rRNA. Preparations of mRNAs with

30

less than 5% of rRNAs were used in library construction. To avoid constructing libraries with RNAs contaminated by exogenous sequences (prokaryotic or fungal), the presence of bacterial 16S ribosomal sequences or of two highly expressed fungal mRNAs was examined using PCR.

5        Following preparation of the mRNAs, the above described chemical and/or the enzymatic procedures for enriching mRNAs for those having intact 5' ends were employed to obtain 5' ESTs from various tissues. In both approaches, an oligonucleotide tag was attached to the 5' ends of the mRNAs. The oligonucleotide tag had an EcoRI site therein to facilitate later cloning procedures. To facilitate the processing of single stranded and double  
10        stranded cDNA obtained in the construction of the libraries, the same nucleotidic sequence was used to design the ligated oligonucleotide in both chemical and enzymatic approaches. Nevertheless, in the chemical procedure, the tag used was an oligodeoxyribonucleotide which was linked to the cap of the mRNA whereas in the enzymatic ligation, the tag was a chimeric hemi 5'DNA/RNA3' oligonucleotide which was ligated to the 5' end of decapped mRNA as  
15        described in example 12.

Following attachment of the oligonucleotide tag to the mRNA by either the chemical or enzymatic methods, the integrity of the mRNA was examined by performing a Northern blot with 200 to 500 ng of mRNA using a probe complementary to the oligonucleotide tag before performing the first strand synthesis as described in example 14.

20        .

#### EXAMPLE 14

##### cDNA Synthesis Using mRNA Templates Having Intact 5' Ends

For the mRNAs joined to oligonucleotide tags using both the chemical and enzymatic methods, first strand cDNA synthesis was performed using the Superscript II (Gibco BRL) or  
25        the Rnase H Minus M-MLV (Promega) reverse transcriptase with random nonamers as primers. In order to protect internal EcoRI sites in the cDNA from digestion at later steps in the procedure, methylated dCTP was used for first strand synthesis. After removal of RNA by an alkaline hydrolysis, the first strand of cDNA was precipitated using isopropanol in order to eliminate residual primers.

30        For both the chemical and the enzymatic methods, the second strand of the cDNA was synthesized with a Klenow fragment using a primer corresponding to the 5' end of the

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ligated oligonucleotide described in Example 12. Preferably, the primer is 20-25 bases in length. Methylated dCTP was also used for second strand synthesis in order to protect internal EcoRI sites in the cDNA from digestion during the cloning process.

Following cDNA synthesis, the cDNAs were cloned into pBlueScript as described in  
5 Example 15 below.

### EXAMPLE 15

#### Cloning of cDNAs derived from mRNA with intact 5' ends into BlueScript

Following second strand synthesis, the ends of the cDNA were blunted with T4 DNA  
10 polymerase (Biolabs) and the cDNA was digested with EcoRI. Since methylated dCTP was used during cDNA synthesis, the EcoRI site present in the tag was the only hemi-methylated site, hence the only site susceptible to EcoRI digestion. The cDNA was then size fractionated using exclusion chromatography (AcA, Biosepra) and fractions corresponding to cDNAs of more than 150 bp were pooled and ethanol precipitated. The cDNA was directionally cloned  
15 into the SmaI and EcoRI ends of the phagemid pBlueScript vector (Stratagene). The ligation mixture was electroporated into bacteria and propagated under appropriate antibiotic selection.

Clones containing the oligonucleotide tag attached were then selected as described in  
Example 16 below.

20

### EXAMPLE 16

#### Selection of Clones Having the Oligonucleotide Tag Attached Thereto

The plasmid DNAs containing 5' EST libraries made as described above were purified (Qiagen). A positive selection of the tagged clones was performed as follows.  
25 Briefly, in this selection procedure, the plasmid DNA was converted to single stranded DNA using gene II endonuclease of the phage F1 in combination with an exonuclease (Chang *et al.*, *Gene* 127:95-8, 1993) such as exonuclease III or T7 gene 6 exonuclease. The resulting single stranded DNA was then purified using paramagnetic beads as described by Fry *et al.*, *Biotechniques*, 13: 124-131, 1992. In this procedure, the single stranded DNA was  
30 hybridized with a biotinylated oligonucleotide having a sequence corresponding to the 3' end of the oligonucleotide described in Example 13. Preferably, the primer has a length of 20-25

bases. Clones including a sequence complementary to the biotinylated oligonucleotide were captured by incubation with streptavidin coated magnetic beads followed by magnetic selection. After capture of the positive clones, the plasmid DNA was released from the magnetic beads and converted into double stranded DNA using a DNA polymerase such as the ThermoSequenase obtained from Amersham Pharmacia Biotech. Alternatively, protocols such as the one described in the Gene Trapper kit available from Gibco BRL may be used. The double stranded DNA was then electroporated into bacteria. The percentage of positive clones having the 5' tag oligonucleotide was estimated to typically rank between 90 and 98% using dot blot analysis.

Following electroporation, the libraries were ordered in 384-microtiter plates (MTP). A copy of the MTP was stored for future needs. Then the libraries were transferred into 96 MTP and sequenced as described below.

#### EXAMPLE 17

##### Sequencing of Inserts in Selected Clones

Plasmid inserts were first amplified by PCR on PE 9600 thermocyclers (Perkin-Elmer, Applied Biosystems Division, Foster City, CA), using standard SETA-A and SETA-B primers (Genset SA), AmpliTaqGold (Perkin-Elmer), dNTPs (Boehringer), buffer and cycling conditions as recommended by the Perkin-Elmer Corporation.

PCR products were then sequenced using automatic ABI Prism 377 sequencers (Perkin Elmer). Sequencing reactions were performed using PE 9600 thermocyclers with standard dye-primer chemistry and ThermoSequenase (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech). The primers used were either T7 or 21M13 (available from Genset SA) as appropriate. The primers were labeled with the JOE, FAM, ROX and TAMRA dyes. The dNTPs and ddNTPs used in the sequencing reactions were purchased from Boehringer. Sequencing buffer, reagent concentrations and cycling conditions were as recommended by Amersham.

Following the sequencing reaction, the samples were precipitated with ethanol, resuspended in formamide loading buffer, and loaded on a standard 4% acrylamide gel. Electrophoresis was performed for 2.5 hours at 3000V on an ABI 377 sequencer, and the sequence data were collected and analyzed using the ABI Prism DNA Sequencing Analysis Software, version 2.1.2.

## 2. Computer analysis of the Obtained 5' ESTs: Construction of NetGene and SignalTag databases

The sequence data from the 44 cDNA libraries made as described above were transferred to a proprietary database, where quality control and validation steps were performed. A proprietary base-caller, working using a Unix system, automatically flagged suspect peaks, taking into account the shape of the peaks, the inter-peak resolution, and the noise level. The proprietary base-caller also performed an automatic trimming. Any stretch of 25 or fewer bases having more than 4 suspect peaks was considered unreliable and was discarded. Sequences corresponding to cloning vector or ligation oligonucleotides were automatically removed from the EST sequences. However, the resulting EST sequences may contain 1 to 5 bases belonging to the above mentioned sequences at their 5' end. If needed, these can easily be removed on a case to case basis.

Following sequencing as described above, the sequences of the 5' ESTs were entered in NetGene™, a proprietary database called for storage and manipulation as described below. It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the data could be stored and manipulated on any medium which can be read and accessed by a computer. Computer readable media include magnetically, optically, or electronically readable media. For example, the computer readable media may be a hard disc, a floppy disc, a magnetic tape, CD-ROM, RAM, or ROM as well as other types of other media known to those skilled in the art.

In addition, the sequence data may be stored and manipulated in a variety of data processor programs in a diversity of formats. For instance, the sequence data may be stored as text in a word processing file, such as Microsoft WORD or WORDPERFECT or as an ASCII file in a variety of database programs familiar to those of skill in the art, such as DB2, SYBASE, or ORACLE.

The computer readable media on which the sequence information is stored may be in a personal computer, a network, a server or other computer systems known to those skilled in the art. The computer or other system preferably includes the storage media described above, and a processor for accessing and manipulating the sequence data. Once the sequence data has been stored, it may be manipulated and searched to locate those stored sequences which contain a desired nucleic acid sequence or which encode a protein having a particular functional domain. For example, the stored sequence information may be compared to other

known sequences to identify homologies, motifs implicated in biological function, or structural motifs.

Programs which may be used to search or compare the stored sequences include the MacPattern (EMBL), BLAST, and BLAST2 program series (NCBI), basic local alignment  
5 search tool programs for nucleotide (BLASTN) and peptide (BLASTX) comparisons (Altschul *et al*, *J. Mol. Biol.* **215**: 403, 1990) and FASTA (Pearson and Lipman, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **85**: 2444, 1988). The BLAST programs then extend the alignments on the basis of defined match and mismatch criteria.

Motifs which may be detected using the above programs and those described in  
10 Example 28 include sequences encoding leucine zippers, helix-turn-helix motifs, glycosylation sites, ubiquitination sites, alpha helices, and beta sheets, signal sequences encoding signal peptides which direct the secretion of the encoded proteins, sequences implicated in transcription regulation such as homeoboxes, acidic stretches, enzymatic active sites, substrate binding sites, and enzymatic cleavage sites.

15 Before searching the cDNAs in the NetGene™ database for sequence motifs of interest, cDNAs derived from mRNAs which were not of interest were identified and eliminated from further consideration as described in Example 18 below.

### EXAMPLE 18

#### 20 Elimination of Undesired Sequences from Further Consideration

5' ESTs in the NetGene™ database which were derived from undesired sequences such as transfer RNAs, ribosomal RNAs, mitochondrial RNAs, prokaryotic RNAs, fungal RNAs, Alu sequences, L1 sequences, or repeat sequences were identified using the FASTA and BLASTN programs with the parameters listed in Table I.

25 To eliminate 5' ESTs encoding tRNAs from further consideration, the 5' EST sequences were compared to the sequences of 1190 known tRNAs obtained from EMBL release 38, of which 100 were human. The comparison was performed using FASTA on both strands of the 5' ESTs. Sequences having more than 80% homology over more than 60 nucleotides were identified as tRNA. Of the 144,341 sequences screened, 26 were identified  
30 as tRNAs and eliminated from further consideration.

To eliminate 5' ESTs encoding rRNAs from further consideration, the 5' EST sequences were compared to the sequences of 2497 known rRNAs obtained from EMBL release 38, of which 73 were human. The comparison was performed using BLASTN on both strands of the 5' ESTs with the parameter S=108. Sequences having more than 80%  
5      homology over stretches longer than 40 nucleotides were identified as rRNAs. Of the 144,341 sequences screened, 3,312 were identified as rRNAs and eliminated from further consideration.

To eliminate 5' ESTs encoding mtRNAs from further consideration, the 5' EST sequences were compared to the sequences of the two known mitochondrial genomes for  
10      which the entire genomic sequences are available and all sequences transcribed from these mitochondrial genomes including tRNAs, rRNAs, and mRNAs for a total of 38 sequences. The comparison was performed using BLASTN on both strands of the 5' ESTs with the parameter S=108. Sequences having more than 80% homology over stretches longer than 40 nucleotides were identified as mtRNAs. Of the 144,341 sequences screened, 6,110 were  
15      identified as mtRNAs and eliminated from further consideration.

Sequences which might have resulted from exogenous contaminants were eliminated from further consideration by comparing the 5' EST sequences to release 46 of the EMBL bacterial and fungal divisions using BLASTN with the parameter S=144. All sequences having more than 90% homology over at least 40 nucleotides were identified as exogenous  
20      contaminants. Of the 42 cDNA libraries examined, the average percentages of prokaryotic and fungal sequences contained therein were 0.2% and 0.5% respectively. Among these sequences, only one could be identified as a sequence specific to fungi. The others were either fungal or prokaryotic sequences having homologies with vertebrate sequences or including repeat sequences which had not been masked during the electronic comparison.

In addition, the 5' ESTs were compared to 6093 Alu sequences and 1115 L1  
25      sequences to mask 5' ESTs containing such repeat sequences. 5' ESTs including THE and MER repeats, SSTR sequences or satellite, micro-satellite, or telomeric repeats were also eliminated from further consideration. On average, 11.5% of the sequences in the libraries contained repeat sequences. Of this 11.5%, 7% contained Alu repeats, 3.3% contained L1  
30      repeats and the remaining 1.2% were derived from the other screened types of repetitive sequences. These percentages are consistent with those found in cDNA libraries prepared by



other groups. For example, the cDNA libraries of Adams *et al.* contained between 0% and 7.4% Alu repeats depending on the source of the RNA which was used to prepare the cDNA library (Adams *et al.*, *Nature* 377:174, 1996).

5           The sequences of those 5' ESTs remaining after the elimination of undesirable sequences were compared with the sequences of known human mRNAs to determine the accuracy of the sequencing procedures described above.

#### EXAMPLE 19

##### 10           Measurement of Sequencing Accuracy by Comparison to Known Sequences

To further determine the accuracy of the sequencing procedure described above, the sequences of 5' ESTs derived from known sequences were identified and compared to the original known sequences. First, a FASTA analysis with overhangs shorter than 5 bp on both ends was conducted on the 5' ESTs to identify those matching an entry in the public human mRNA database. The 6655 5' ESTs which matched a known human mRNA were then  
15           realigned with their cognate mRNA and dynamic programming was used to include substitutions, insertions, and deletions in the list of "errors" which would be recognized. Errors occurring in the last 10 bases of the 5' EST sequences were ignored to avoid the inclusion of spurious cloning sites in the analysis of sequencing accuracy.

20           This analysis revealed that the sequences incorporated in the NetGene™ database had an accuracy of more than 99.5%.

To determine the efficiency with which the above selection procedures select cDNAs which include the 5' ends of their corresponding mRNAs, the following analysis was  
25           performed.

#### EXAMPLE 20

##### Determination of Efficiency of 5' EST Selection

To determine the efficiency at which the above selection procedures isolated 5' ESTs  
30           which included sequences close to the 5' end of the mRNAs from which they derived, the sequences of the ends of the 5' ESTs derived from the elongation factor 1 subunit  $\alpha$  and

ferritin heavy chain genes were compared to the known cDNA sequences of these genes. Since the transcription start sites of both genes are well characterized, they may be used to determine the percentage of derived 5' ESTs which included the authentic transcription start sites.

5 For both genes, more than 95% of the obtained 5' ESTs actually included sequences close to or upstream of the 5' end of the corresponding mRNAs.

To extend the analysis of the reliability of the procedures for isolating 5' ESTs from ESTs in the NetGene™ database, a similar analysis was conducted using a database composed of human mRNA sequences extracted from GenBank database release 97 for  
10 comparison. The 5' ends of more than 85% of 5' ESTs derived from mRNAs included in the GeneBank database were located close to the 5' ends of the known sequence. As some of the mRNA sequences available in the GenBank database are deduced from genomic sequences, a 5' end matching with these sequences will be counted as an internal match. Thus, the method used here underestimates the yield of ESTs including the authentic 5' ends  
15 of their corresponding mRNAs.

The EST libraries made above included multiple 5' ESTs derived from the same mRNA. The sequences of such 5' ESTs were compared to one another and the longest 5' ESTs for each mRNA were identified. Overlapping cDNAs were assembled into continuous  
20 sequences (contigs). The resulting continuous sequences were then compared to public databases to gauge their similarity to known sequences, as described in Example 21 below.

## EXAMPLE 21

### Clustering of the 5' ESTs and Calculation of Novelty Indices for cDNA Libraries

25 For each sequenced EST library, the sequences were clustered by the 5' end. Each sequence in the library was compared to the others with BLASTN2 (direct strand, parameters S=107). ESTs with High Scoring Segment Pairs (HSPs) at least 25 bp long, having 95% identical bases and beginning closer than 10 bp from each EST 5' end were grouped. The longest sequence found in the cluster was used as representative of the group. A global  
30 clustering between libraries was then performed leading to the definition of super-contigs.

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PCT/IB98/01232

35

To assess the yield of new sequences within the EST libraries, a novelty rate (NR) was defined as:  $NR = 100 \times (\text{Number of new unique sequences found in the library} / \text{Total number of sequences from the library})$ . Typically, novelty rating ranged between 10% and 41% depending on the tissue from which the EST library was obtained. For most of the libraries, the random sequencing of 5' EST libraries was pursued until the novelty rate reached 20%.

Following characterization as described above, the collection of 5' ESTs in NetGene™ was screened to identify those 5' ESTs bearing potential signal sequences as described in Example 22 below.

## EXAMPLE 22

### Identification of Potential Signal Sequences in 5' ESTs

The 5' ESTs in the NetGene™ database were screened to identify those having an uninterrupted open reading frame (ORF) longer than 45 nucleotides beginning with an ATG codon and extending to the end of the EST. Approximately half of the cDNA sequences in NetGene™ contained such an ORF. The ORFs of these 5' ESTs were then searched to identify potential signal motifs using slight modifications of the procedures disclosed in Von Heijne, *Nucleic Acids Res.* 14:4683-4690, 1986, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. Those 5' EST sequences encoding a stretch of at least 15 amino acid long with a score of at least 3.5 in the Von Heijne signal peptide identification matrix were considered to possess a signal sequence. Those 5' ESTs which matched a known human mRNA or EST sequence and had a 5' end more than 20 nucleotides downstream of the known 5' end were excluded from further analysis. The remaining cDNAs having signal sequences therein were included in a database called SignalTag™.

To confirm the accuracy of the above method for identifying signal sequences, the analysis of Example 23 was performed.

30

## EXAMPLE 23

### Confirmation of Accuracy of Identification of Potential Signal Sequences in 5' ESTs

The accuracy of the above procedure for identifying signal sequences encoding signal peptides was evaluated by applying the method to the 43 amino acids located at the N terminus of all human SwissProt proteins. The computed Von Heijne score for each protein was compared with the known characterization of the protein as being a secreted protein or a non-secreted protein. In this manner, the number of non-secreted proteins having a score higher than 3.5 (false positives) and the number of secreted proteins having a score lower than 3.5 (false negatives) could be calculated.

Using the results of the above analysis, the probability that a peptide encoded by the 5' region of the mRNA is in fact a genuine signal peptide based on its Von Heijne's score was calculated based on either the assumption that 10% of human proteins are secreted or the assumption that 20% of human proteins are secreted. The results of this analysis are shown in Figure 2 and in table IV.

Using the above method of identification of secretory proteins, 5' ESTs of the following polypeptides known to be secreted were obtained: human glucagon, gamma interferon induced monokine precursor, secreted cyclophilin-like protein, human pleiotropin, and human biotinidase precursor. Thus, the above method successfully identified those 5' ESTs which encode a signal peptide.

To confirm that the signal peptide encoded by the 5' ESTs actually functions as a signal peptide, the signal sequences from the 5' ESTs may be cloned into a vector designed for the identification of signal peptides. Such vectors are designed to confer the ability to grow in selective medium only to host cells containing a vector with an operably linked signal sequence. For example, to confirm that a 5' EST encodes a genuine signal peptide, the signal sequence of the 5' EST may be inserted upstream and in frame with a non-secreted form of the yeast invertase gene in signal peptide selection vectors such as those described in U.S. Patent No. 5,536,637, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. Growth of host cells containing signal sequence selection vectors with the correctly inserted 5' EST signal sequence confirms that the 5' EST encodes a genuine signal peptide.

Alternatively, the presence of a signal peptide may be confirmed by cloning the extended cDNAs obtained using the ESTs into expression vectors such as pXT1 (as described below in example 30), or by constructing promoter-signal sequence-reporter gene

vectors which encode fusion proteins between the signal peptide and an assayable reporter protein. After introduction of these vectors into a suitable host cell, such as COS cells or NIH 3T3 cells, the growth medium may be harvested and analyzed for the presence of the secreted protein. The medium from these cells is compared to the medium from control cells  
5 containing vectors lacking the signal sequence or extended cDNA insert to identify vectors which encode a functional signal peptide or an authentic secreted protein.

Those 5' ESTs which encoded a signal peptide, as determined by the method of Example 22 above, were further grouped into four categories based on their homology to known sequences as described in Example 24 below.

10

#### EXAMPLE 24

##### Categorization of 5' ESTs Encoding a Signal Peptide

Those 5' ESTs having a sequence not matching any known vertebrate sequence nor any publicly available EST sequence were designated "new." Of the sequences in the  
15 SignalTag™ database, 947 of the 5' ESTs having a Von Heijne's score of at least 3.5 fell into this category.

Those 5' ESTs having a sequence not matching any vertebrate sequence but matching a publicly known EST were designated "EST-ext", provided that the known EST sequence was extended by at least 40 nucleotides in the 5' direction. Of the sequences in the  
20 SignalTag™ database, 150 of the 5' ESTs having a Von Heijne's score of at least 3.5 fell into this category.

Those ESTs not matching any vertebrate sequence but matching a publicly known EST without extending the known EST by at least 40 nucleotides in the 5' direction were designated "EST." Of the sequences in the SignalTag™ database, 599 of the 5' ESTs having  
25 a Von Heijne's score of at least 3.5 fell into this category.

Those 5' ESTs matching a human mRNA sequence but extending the known sequence by at least 40 nucleotides in the 5' direction were designated "VERT-ext." Of the sequences in the SignalTag™ database, 23 of the 5' ESTs having a Von Heijne's score of at least 3.5 fell into this category. Included in this category was a 5' EST which extended the  
30 known sequence of the human translocase mRNA by more than 200 bases in the 5' direction.

A 5' EST which extended the sequence of a human tumor suppressor gene in the 5' direction was also identified.

Table V shows the distribution of 5' ESTs in each category and the number of 5' ESTs in each category having a given minimum von Heijne's score.

5

### 3. Evaluation of Spatial and Temporal Expression of mRNAs Corresponding to the 5'ESTs or Extended cDNAs

Each of the 5' ESTs was also categorized based on the tissue from which its corresponding mRNA was obtained, as described below in Example 25.

10

#### **EXAMPLE 25**

##### Categorization of Expression Patterns

Table VI shows the distribution of 5' ESTs in each of the above defined category with respect to the tissue from which the 5'ESTs of the corresponding mRNA were obtained.

15

Table II provides the sequence identification numbers of 5' EST sequences derived from prostate, the categories in which these sequences fall, and the von Heijne's score of the signal peptides which they encode. The 5' EST sequences and the amino acid sequences they encode are provided in the appended sequence listings. Table III provides the sequence ID numbers of the 5' ESTs and the sequences of the signal peptides which they encode. The sequences of the 5' ESTs and the polypeptides they encode are provided in the sequence listing appended hereto.

20

The sequences of DNA SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 can readily be screened for any errors therein and any sequence ambiguities can be resolved by resequencing a fragment containing such errors or ambiguities on both strands. Such fragments may be obtained from the plasmids stored in the inventors' laboratory or can be isolated using the techniques described herein. Resolution of any such ambiguities or errors may be facilitated by using primers which hybridize to sequences located close to the ambiguous or erroneous sequences. For example, the primers may hybridize to sequences within 50-75 bases of the ambiguity or error. Upon resolution of an error or ambiguity, the corresponding corrections can be made in the protein sequences encoded by the DNA containing the error or ambiguity.

25

30

In addition to categorizing the 5' ESTs with respect to their tissue of origin, the spatial and temporal expression patterns of the mRNAs corresponding to the 5' ESTs, as well as their expression levels, may be determined as described in Example 26 below. Characterization of the spatial and temporal expression patterns and expression levels of these mRNAs is useful for constructing expression vectors capable of producing a desired level of gene product in a desired spatial or temporal manner, as will be discussed in more detail below.

Furthermore, 5' ESTs whose corresponding mRNAs are associated with disease states may also be identified. For example, a particular disease may result from the lack of expression, over expression, or under expression of an mRNA corresponding to a 5' EST. By comparing mRNA expression patterns and quantities in samples taken from healthy individuals with those from individuals suffering from a particular disease, 5' ESTs responsible for the disease may be identified.

It will be appreciated that the results of the above characterization procedures for 5' ESTs also apply to extended cDNAs (obtainable as described below) which contain sequences adjacent to the 5' ESTs. It will also be appreciated that if desired, characterization may be delayed until extended cDNAs have been obtained rather than characterizing the ESTs themselves.

#### EXAMPLE 26

##### Evaluation of Expression Levels and Patterns of mRNAs

##### Corresponding to 5' ESTs or Extended cDNAs

Expression levels and patterns of mRNAs corresponding to 5' ESTs or extended cDNAs (obtainable as described below in example 27) may be analyzed by solution hybridization with long probes as described in International Patent Application No. WO 97/05277, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference. Briefly, a 5' EST, extended cDNA, or fragment thereof corresponding to the gene encoding the mRNA to be characterized is inserted at a cloning site immediately downstream of a bacteriophage (T3, T7 or SP6) RNA polymerase promoter to produce antisense RNA. Preferably, the 5' EST or extended cDNA has 100 or more nucleotides. The plasmid is linearized and transcribed in the

presence of ribonucleotides comprising modified ribonucleotides (*i.e.* biotin-UTP and DIG-UTP). An excess of this doubly labeled RNA is hybridized in solution with mRNA isolated from cells or tissues of interest. The hybridizations are performed under standard stringent conditions (40-50°C for 16 hours in an 80% formamide, 0.4 M NaCl buffer, pH 7-8). The unhybridized probe is removed by digestion with ribonucleases specific for single-stranded RNA (*i.e.* RNases CL3, T1, Phy M, U2 or A). The presence of the biotin-UTP modification enables capture of the hybrid on a microtitration plate coated with streptavidin. The presence of the DIG modification enables the hybrid to be detected and quantified by ELISA using an anti-DIG antibody coupled to alkaline phosphatase.

10 The 5' ESTs, extended cDNAs, or fragments thereof may also be tagged with nucleotide sequences for the serial analysis of gene expression (SAGE) as disclosed in UK Patent Application No. 2 305 241 A, the entire contents of which are incorporated by reference. In this method, cDNAs are prepared from a cell, tissue, organism or other source of nucleic acid for which gene expression patterns must be determined. The resulting cDNAs  
15 are separated into two pools. The cDNAs in each pool are cleaved with a first restriction endonuclease, called an anchoring enzyme, having a recognition site which is likely to be present at least once in most cDNAs. The fragments which contain the 5' or 3' most region of the cleaved cDNA are isolated by binding to a capture medium such as streptavidin coated beads. A first oligonucleotide linker having a first sequence for hybridization of an  
20 amplification primer and an internal restriction site for a so-called tagging endonuclease is ligated to the digested cDNAs in the first pool. Digestion with the second endonuclease produces short tag fragments from the cDNAs.

A second oligonucleotide having a second sequence for hybridization of an amplification primer and an internal restriction site is ligated to the digested cDNAs in the  
25 second pool. The cDNA fragments in the second pool are also digested with the tagging endonuclease to generate short tag fragments derived from the cDNAs in the second pool. The tags resulting from digestion of the first and second pools with the anchoring enzyme and the tagging endonuclease are ligated to one another to produce so-called ditags. In some embodiments, the ditags are concatamerized to produce ligation products containing from 2  
30 to 200 ditags. The tag sequences are then determined and compared to the sequences of the 5' ESTs or extended cDNAs to determine which 5' ESTs or extended cDNAs are expressed



in the cell, tissue, organism, or other source of nucleic acids from which the tags were derived. In this way, the expression pattern of the 5' ESTs or extended cDNAs in the cell, tissue, organism, or other source of nucleic acids is obtained.

Quantitative analysis of gene expression may also be performed using arrays. As used  
5 herein, the term array means a one dimensional, two dimensional, or multidimensional arrangement of full length cDNAs (*i.e.* extended cDNAs which include the coding sequence for the signal peptide, the coding sequence for the mature protein, and a stop codon), extended cDNAs, 5' ESTs or fragments thereof of sufficient length to permit specific detection of gene expression. Preferably, the fragments are at least 15 nucleotides in length.  
10 More preferably, the fragments are at least 100 nucleotide long. More preferably, the fragments are more than 100 nucleotides in length. In some embodiments, the fragments may be more than 500 nucleotide long.

For example, quantitative analysis of gene expression may be performed with full length cDNAs as defined below, extended cDNAs, 5' ESTs, or fragments thereof in a  
15 complementary DNA microarray as described by Schena *et al.* (*Science* 270:467-470, 1995; *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 93:10614-10619, 1996). Full length cDNAs, extended cDNAs, 5' ESTs or fragments thereof are amplified by PCR and arrayed from 96-well microtiter plates onto silylated microscope slides using high-speed robotics. Printed arrays are incubated in a humid chamber to allow rehydration of the array elements and rinsed, once in  
20 0.2% SDS for 1 min, twice in water for 1 min and once for 5 min in sodium borohydride solution. The arrays are submerged in water for 2 min at 95°C, transferred into 0.2% SDS for 1 min, rinsed twice with water, air dried and stored in the dark at 25°C.

Cell or tissue mRNA is isolated or commercially obtained and probes are prepared by a single round of reverse transcription. Probes are hybridized to 1 cm<sup>2</sup> microarrays under a  
25 14 x 14 mm glass coverslip for 6-12 hours at 60°C. Arrays are washed for 5 min at 25°C in low stringency wash buffer (1 x SSC/0.2% SDS), then for 10 min at room temperature in high stringency wash buffer (0.1 x SSC/0.2% SDS). Arrays are scanned in 0.1 x SSC using a fluorescence laser scanning device fitted with a custom filter set. Accurate differential expression measurements are obtained by taking the average of the ratios of two independent  
30 hybridizations.

Quantitative analysis of the expression of genes may also be performed with full length cDNAs, extended cDNAs, 5' ESTs, or fragments thereof in complementary DNA arrays as described by Pietu *et al.* (*Genome Research* 6:492-503, 1996). The full length cDNAs, extended cDNAs, 5' ESTs or fragments thereof are PCR amplified and spotted on  
5 membranes. Then, mRNAs originating from various tissues or cells are labeled with radioactive nucleotides. After hybridization and washing in controlled conditions, the hybridized mRNAs are detected by phospho-imaging or autoradiography. Duplicate experiments are performed and a quantitative analysis of differentially expressed mRNAs is then performed.

10 Alternatively, expression analysis of the 5' ESTs or extended cDNAs can be done through high density nucleotide arrays as described by Lockhart *et al.* (*Nature Biotechnology* 14: 1675-1680, 1996) and Sosnowsky *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 94:1119-1123, 1997). Oligonucleotides of 15-50 nucleotides corresponding to sequences of the 5' ESTs or extended cDNAs are synthesized directly on the chip (Lockhart *et al.*, *supra*) or synthesized  
15 and then addressed to the chip (Sosnowsky *et al.*, *supra*). Preferably, the oligonucleotides are about 20 nucleotides in length.

cDNA probes labeled with an appropriate compound, such as biotin, digoxigenin or fluorescent dye, are synthesized from the appropriate mRNA population and then randomly fragmented to an average size of 50 to 100 nucleotides. The said probes are  
20 then hybridized to the chip. After washing as described in Lockhart *et al.*, *supra* and application of different electric fields (Sonowsky *et al.*, *supra.*), the dyes or labeling compounds are detected and quantified. Duplicate hybridizations are performed. Comparative analysis of the intensity of the signal originating from cDNA probes on the same target oligonucleotide in different cDNA samples indicates a differential expression  
25 of the mRNA corresponding to the 5' EST or extended cDNA from which the oligonucleotide sequence has been designed.

### III. Use of 5' ESTs to Clone Extended cDNAs and to Clone the Corresponding Genomic DNAs

30 Once 5' ESTs which include the 5' end of the corresponding mRNAs have been selected using the procedures described above, they can be utilized to isolate extended

cDNAs which contain sequences adjacent to the 5' ESTs. The extended cDNAs may include the entire coding sequence of the protein encoded by the corresponding mRNA, including the authentic translation start site, the signal sequence, and the sequence encoding the mature protein remaining after cleavage of the signal peptide. Such extended cDNAs are referred to  
5 herein as "full length cDNAs." Alternatively, the extended cDNAs may include only the sequence encoding the mature protein remaining after cleavage of the signal peptide, or only the sequence encoding the signal peptide.

Example 27 below describes a general method for obtaining extended cDNAs using 5' ESTs. Example 28 below provides experimental results, using the method explained in  
10 example 27, describing several extended cDNAs including the entire coding sequence and authentic 5' end of the corresponding mRNA for several secreted proteins.

The methods of Examples 27, 28, and 29 can also be used to obtain extended cDNAs which encode less than the entire coding sequence of the secreted proteins encoded by the genes corresponding to the 5' ESTs. In some embodiments, the extended cDNAs isolated  
15 using these methods encode at least 10 amino acids of one of the proteins encoded by the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315. In further embodiments, the extended cDNAs encode at least 20 amino acids of the proteins encoded by the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315. In further embodiments, the extended cDNAs encode at least 30 amino amino acids of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315. In a preferred embodiment, the extended cDNAs  
20 encode a full length protein sequence, which includes the protein coding sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

#### EXAMPLE 27

##### General Method for Using 5' ESTs to Clone and Sequence cDNAs which Include the Entire 25 Coding Region and the Authentic 5' End of the Corresponding mRNA

The following general method has been used to quickly and efficiently isolate extended cDNAs having the authentic 5' ends of their corresponding mRNAs as well as the full protein coding sequence and including sequence adjacent to the sequences of the 5' ESTs used to obtain them. This method may be applied to obtain extended cDNAs  
30 for any 5' EST in the NetGene™ database, including those 5' ESTs encoding polypeptides belonging to secreted proteins. The method is summarized in figure 3.

## 1. Obtention of Extended cDNAs

### a) *First strand synthesis*

The method takes advantage of the known 5' sequence of the mRNA. A reverse transcription reaction is conducted on purified mRNA with a poly 14dT primer containing a  
 5 49 nucleotide sequence at its 5' end allowing the addition of a known sequence at the end of the cDNA which corresponds to the 3' end of the mRNA. For example, the primer may have the following sequence: 5'-ATC GTT GAG ACT CGT ACC AGC AGA GTC ACG AGA GAG ACT ACA CGG TAC TGG TTT TTT TTT TTT TTVN -3' (SEQ ID NO:14). Those skilled in the art will appreciate that other sequences may also be added to the poly dT  
 10 sequence and used to prime the first strand synthesis. Using this primer and a reverse transcriptase such as the Superscript II (Gibco BRL) or Rnase H Minus M-MLV (Promega) enzyme, a reverse transcript anchored at the 3' polyA site of the RNAs is generated.

After removal of the mRNA hybridized to the first cDNA strand by alkaline hydrolysis, the products of the alkaline hydrolysis and the residual poly dT primer are  
 15 eliminated with an exclusion column such as an AcA34 (Biosepra) matrix as explained in Example 11.

### b) *Second strand synthesis*

A pair of nested primers on each end is designed based on the known 5' sequence from the 5' EST and the known 3' end added by the poly dT primer used in the first strand  
 20 synthesis. Softwares used to design primers are either based on GC content and melting temperatures of oligonucleotides, such as OSP (Illier and Green, *PCR Meth. Appl.* 1:124-128, 1991), or based on the octamer frequency disparity method (Griffais *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res.* 19: 3887-3891, 1991) such as PC-Rare (<http://bioinformatics.weizmann.ac.il/software/PC-Rare/doc/manuel.html>).

25 Preferably, the nested primers at the 5' end are separated from one another by four to nine bases. The 5' primer sequences may be selected to have melting temperatures and specificities suitable for use in PCR.

Preferably, the nested primers at the 3' end are separated from one another by four to nine bases. For example, the nested 3' primers may have the following sequences: (5'- CCA  
 30 GCA GAG TCA CGA GAG AGA CTA CAC GG -3'(SEQ ID NO:15), and 5'- CAC GAG AGA GAC TAC ACG GTA CTG G -3' (SEQ ID NO:16). These primers were selected

because they have melting temperatures and specificities compatible with their use in PCR. However, those skilled in the art will appreciate that other sequences may also be used as primers.

The first PCR run of 25 cycles is performed using the Advantage Tth Polymerase Mix (Clontech) and the outer primer from each of the nested pairs. A second 20 cycle PCR using the same enzyme and the inner primer from each of the nested pairs is then performed on 1/2500 of the first PCR product. Thereafter, the primers and nucleotides are removed.

10    2. Sequencing of Full Length Extended cDNAs or Fragments Thereof

Due to the lack of position constraints on the design of 5' nested primers compatible for PCR use using the OSP software, amplicons of two types are obtained. Preferably, the second 5' primer is located upstream of the translation initiation codon thus yielding a nested PCR product containing the whole coding sequence. Such a full length extended cDNA undergoes a direct cloning procedure as described in section a.

15    However, in some cases, the second 5' primer is located downstream of the translation initiation codon, thereby yielding a PCR product containing only part of the ORF. Such incomplete PCR products are submitted to a modified procedure described in section b.

*a) Nested PCR products containing complete ORFs*

20    When the resulting nested PCR product contains the complete coding sequence, as predicted from the 5'EST sequence, it is cloned in an appropriate vector such as pED6dpc2, as described in section 3.

*b) Nested PCR products containing incomplete ORFs*

When the amplicon does not contain the complete coding sequence, intermediate steps are necessary to obtain both the complete coding sequence and a PCR product containing the full coding sequence. The complete coding sequence can be assembled from several partial sequences determined directly from different PCR products as described in the following section.

25   

Once the full coding sequence has been completely determined, new primers compatible for PCR use are designed to obtain amplicons containing the whole coding region. However, in such cases, 3' primers compatible for PCR use are located inside the

30

3' UTR of the corresponding mRNA, thus yielding amplicons which lack part of this region, *i.e.* the polyA tract and sometimes the polyadenylation signal, as illustrated in figure 3. Such full length extended cDNAs are then cloned into an appropriate vector as described in section 3.

5 *c) Sequencing extended cDNAs*

Sequencing of extended cDNAs is performed using a Dic Terminator approach with the AmpliTaq DNA polymerase FS kit available from Perkin Elmer.

In order to sequence PCR fragments, primer walking is performed using software such as OSP to choose primers and automated computer software such as ASMG (Sutton *et al.*, *Genome Science Technol.* 1: 9-19, 1995) to construct contigs of walking sequences including the initial 5' tag using minimum overlaps of 32 nucleotides. Preferably, primer walking is performed until the sequences of full length cDNAs are obtained.

Completion of the sequencing of a given extended cDNA fragment is assessed as follows. Since sequences located after a polyA tract are difficult to determine precisely in the case of uncloned products, sequencing and primer walking processes for PCR products are interrupted when a polyA tract is identified in extended cDNAs obtained as described in case b. The sequence length is compared to the size of the nested PCR product obtained as described above. Due to the limited accuracy of the determination of the PCR product size by gel electrophoresis, a sequence is considered complete if the size of the obtained sequence is at least 70 % the size of the first nested PCR product. If the length of the sequence determined from the computer analysis is not at least 70% of the length of the nested PCR product, these PCR products are cloned and the sequence of the insertion is determined. When Northern blot data are available, the size of the mRNA detected for a given PCR product is used to finally assess that the sequence is complete. Sequences which do not fulfill the above criteria are discarded and will undergo a new isolation procedure.

Sequence data of all extended cDNAs are then transferred to a proprietary database, where quality controls and validation steps are carried out as described in example 15.

### 3. Cloning of Full Length Extended cDNAs

The PCR product containing the full coding sequence is then cloned in an appropriate vector. For example, the extended cDNAs can be cloned into the expression vector pED6dpc2 (DiscoverEase, Genetics Institute, Cambridge, MA) as follows. pED6dpc2  
5 vector DNA is prepared with blunt ends by performing an EcoRI digestion followed by a fill in reaction. The blunt ended vector is dephosphorylated. After removal of PCR primers and ethanol precipitation, the PCR product containing the full coding sequence or the extended cDNA obtained as described above is phosphorylated with a kinase subsequently removed by phenol-Sevag extraction and precipitation. The double stranded extended cDNA is then  
10 ligated to the vector and the resulting expression plasmid introduced into appropriate host cells.

Since the PCR products obtained as described above are blunt ended molecules that can be cloned in either direction, the orientation of several clones for each PCR product is determined. Then, 4 to 10 clones are ordered in microtiter plates and subjected to a PCR  
15 reaction using a first primer located in the vector close to the cloning site and a second primer located in the portion of the extended cDNA corresponding to the 3' end of the mRNA. This second primer may be the antisense primer used in anchored PCR in the case of direct cloning (case a) or the antisense primer located inside the 3'UTR in the case of indirect cloning (case b). Clones in which the start codon of the extended cDNA is operably linked to the promoter  
20 in the vector so as to permit expression of the protein encoded by the extended cDNA are conserved and sequenced. In addition to the ends of cDNA inserts, approximately 50 bp of vector DNA on each side of the cDNA insert are also sequenced.

The cloned PCR products are then entirely sequenced according to the aforementioned procedure. In this case, contiguation of long fragments is then performed  
25 on walking sequences that have already contiguated for uncloned PCR products during primer walking. Sequencing of cloned amplicons is complete when the resulting contigs include the whole coding region as well as overlapping sequences with vector DNA on both ends.

#### 4. Computer analysis of Full Length Extended cDNA

Sequences of all full length extended cDNAs are then submitted to further analysis as described below. Before searching the extended full length cDNAs for sequences of interest, extended cDNAs which are not of interest (vector RNAs, transfer RNAs, ribosomal RNAs, mitochondrial RNAs, prokaryotic RNAs and fungal RNAs) are discarded using methods essentially similar to those described for 5'ESTs in Example 18.

##### *a) Identification of structural features*

Structural features, e.g. polyA tail and polyadenylation signal, of the sequences of full length extended cDNAs are subsequently determined as follows.

10 A polyA tail is defined as a homopolymeric stretch of at least 11 A with at most one alternative base within it. The polyA tail search is restricted to the last 100 nt of the sequence and limited to stretches of 11 consecutive A's because sequencing reactions are often not readable after such a polyA stretch. Stretches having more than 90% homology over 8 nucleotides are identified as polyA tails using BLAST2N.

15 To search for a polyadenylation signal, the polyA tail is clipped from the full-length sequence. The 50 bp preceding the polyA tail are first searched for the canonic polyadenylation AAUAAA signal and, if the canonic signal is not detected, for the alternative AUUAAA signal (Sheets *et al.*, *Nuc. Acids Res.* 18: 5799-5805, 1990). If neither of these consensus polyadenylation signals is found, the canonic motif is searched again allowing one mismatch to account for possible sequencing errors. More than 85 % of identified polyadenylation signals of either type actually ends 10 to 30 bp from the polyA tail. Alternative AUUAAA signals represents approximately 15 % of the total number of identified polyadenylation signals.

##### *b) Identification of functional features*

25 Functional features, e.g. ORFs and signal sequences, of the sequences of full length extended cDNAs were subsequently determined as follows.

The 3 upper strand frames of extended cDNAs are searched for ORFs defined as the maximum length fragments beginning with a translation initiation codon and ending with a stop codon. ORFs encoding at least 20 amino acids are preferred.

30 Each found ORF is then scanned for the presence of a signal peptide in the first 50 amino-acids or, where appropriate, within shorter regions down to 20 amino acids or



less in the ORF, using the matrix method of von Heijne (*Nuc. Acids Res.* **14**: 4683-4690, 1986), the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference as described in Example 22.

*c) Homology to either nucleotidic or proteic sequences*

- 5           Categorization of full-length sequences may be achieved using procedures essentially similar to those described for 5'ESTs in Example 24.

Extended cDNAs prepared as described above may be subsequently engineered to obtain nucleic acids which include desired portions of the extended cDNA using conventional  
10 techniques such as subcloning, PCR, or *in vitro* oligonucleotide synthesis. For example, nucleic acids which include only the full coding sequences (*i.e.* the sequences encoding the signal peptide and the mature protein remaining after the signal peptide is cleaved off) may be obtained using techniques known to those skilled in the art. Alternatively, conventional techniques may be applied to obtain nucleic acids which contain only the coding sequences  
15 for the mature protein remaining after the signal peptide is cleaved off or nucleic acids which contain only the coding sequences for the signal peptides.

Similarly, nucleic acids containing any other desired portion of the coding sequences for the secreted protein may be obtained. For example, the nucleic acid may contain at least 10 consecutive bases of an extended cDNA such as one of the extended cDNAs described  
20 below. In another embodiment, the nucleic acid may contain at least 15 consecutive bases of an extended cDNA such as one of the extended cDNAs described below. Alternatively, the nucleic acid may contain at least 20 consecutive bases of an extended cDNA such as one of the extended cDNAs described below. In another embodiment, the nucleic acid may contain at least 25 consecutive bases of an extended cDNA such as one of the extended cDNAs  
25 described below. In yet another embodiment, the nucleic acid may contain at least 40 consecutive bases of an extended cDNA such as one of the extended cDNAs described below.

Once an extended cDNA has been obtained, it can be sequenced to determine the amino acid sequence it encodes. Once the encoded amino acid sequence has been  
30 determined, one can create and identify any of the many conceivable cDNAs that will encode that protein by simply using the degeneracy of the genetic code. For example, allelic variants

or other homologous nucleic acids can be identified as described below. Alternatively, nucleic acids encoding the desired amino acid sequence can be synthesized *in vitro*.

In a preferred embodiment, the coding sequence may be selected using the known codon or codon pair preferences for the host organism in which the cDNA is to be expressed.

5 The extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTS of the present invention were obtained as described in Example 28 below.

### EXAMPLE 28

#### Characterization of cloned extended cDNAs obtained using 5' ESTs

10 The procedure described in Example 27 above was used to obtain the extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention in a variety of tissues. The following list provides a few examples of thus obtained extended cDNAs.

Using this approach, the full length cDNA of SEQ ID NO:17 (internal identification number 48-19-3-G1-FL1) was obtained. This cDNA falls into the "EST-ext" category  
15 described above and encodes the signal peptide MKKVLLITAILAVAVG (SEQ ID NO: 18) having a von Heijne score of 8.2.

The full length cDNA of SEQ ID NO:19 (internal identification number 58-34-2-E7-FL2) was also obtained using this procedure. This cDNA falls into the "EST-ext" category described above and encodes the signal peptide MWWFQQGLSFLPSALVIWTS (SEQ ID  
20 NO:20) having a von Heijne score of 5.5.

Another full length cDNA obtained using the procedure described above has the sequence of SEQ ID NO:21 (internal identification number 51-27-1-E8-FL1). This cDNA, falls into the "EST-ext" category described above and encodes the signal peptide MVLTTLPANSANSPPVNMPTTGPNSLSYASSALSPCLT (SEQ ID NO:22) having a  
25 von Heijne score of 5.9.

The above procedure was also used to obtain a full length cDNA having the sequence of SEQ ID NO:23 (internal identification number 76-4-1-G5-FL1). This cDNA falls into the "EST-ext" category described above and encodes the signal peptide ILSTVTALTFAXA (SEQ ID NO:24) having a von Heijne score of 5.5.

30 The full length cDNA of SEQ ID NO:25 (internal identification number 51-3-3-B10-FL3) was also obtained using this procedure. This cDNA falls into the "new" category

described above and encodes a signal peptide LVLTLCTLPLAVA (SEQ ID NO:26) having a von Heijne score of 10.1.

The full length cDNA of SEQ ID NO:27 (internal identification number 58-35-2-F10-FL2) was also obtained using this procedure. This cDNA falls into the "new" category  
5 described above and encodes a signal peptide LWLLFFLVTAIHA (SEQ ID NO:28) having a von Heijne score of 10.7.

Bacterial clones containing plasmids containing the full length cDNAs described above are presently stored in the inventor's laboratories under the internal identification numbers provided above. The inserts may be recovered from the stored materials by growing  
10 an aliquot of the appropriate bacterial clone in the appropriate medium. The plasmid DNA can then be isolated using plasmid isolation procedures familiar to those skilled in the art such as alkaline lysis minipreps or large scale alkaline lysis plasmid isolation procedures. If desired the plasmid DNA may be further enriched by centrifugation on a cesium chloride gradient, size exclusion chromatography, or anion exchange chromatography. The plasmid DNA  
15 obtained using these procedures may then be manipulated using standard cloning techniques familiar to those skilled in the art. Alternatively, a PCR can be done with primers designed at both ends of the cDNA insertion. The PCR product which corresponds to the cDNA can then be manipulated using standard cloning techniques familiar to those skilled in the art.

The polypeptides encoded by the extended cDNAs may be screened for the presence  
20 of known structural or functional motifs or for the presence of signatures, small amino acid sequences which are well conserved amongst the members of a protein family. The conserved regions have been used to derive consensus patterns or matrices included in the PROSITE data bank, in particular in the file prosite.dat (Release 13.0 of November 1995, located at <http://expasy.hcuge.ch/sprot/prosite.html>. Prosite\_convert and prosite\_scan  
25 programs ([http://ulrec3.unil.ch/ftpserveur/prosite\\_scan](http://ulrec3.unil.ch/ftpserveur/prosite_scan)) may be used to find signatures on the extended cDNAs.

For each pattern obtained with the prosite\_convert program from the prosite.dat file, the accuracy of the detection on a new protein sequence may be assessed by evaluating the frequency of irrelevant hits on the population of human secreted proteins included in the data  
30 bank SWISSPROT. The ratio between the number of hits on shuffled proteins (with a window size of 20 amino acids) and the number of hits on native (unshuffled) proteins may be

used as an index. Every pattern for which the ratio is greater than 20% (one hit on shuffled proteins for 5 hits on native proteins) may be skipped during the search with `prosite_scan`. The program used to shuffle protein sequences (`db_shuffled`) and the program used to determine the statistics for each pattern in the protein data banks (`prosite_statistics`) are available on the ftp site [http://ulrec3.unil.ch/ftpserveur/prosite\\_scan](http://ulrec3.unil.ch/ftpserveur/prosite_scan).

In addition to PCR based methods for obtaining extended cDNAs, traditional hybridization based methods may also be employed. These methods may also be used to obtain the genomic DNAs which encode the mRNAs from which the 5' ESTs were derived, mRNAs corresponding to the extended cDNAs, or nucleic acids which are homologous to extended cDNAs or 5' ESTs. Example 29 below provides examples of such methods.

#### EXAMPLE 29

##### Methods for Obtaining cDNAs which include the Entire Coding Region and the Authentic 5' End of the Corresponding mRNA

A full length cDNA library can be made using the strategies described in Examples 13, 14, 15, and 16 above by replacing the random nonamer used in Example 14 with an oligo-dT primer. For instance, the oligonucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 14 may be used.

Alternatively, a cDNA library or genomic DNA library may be obtained from a commercial source or made using techniques familiar to those skilled in the art. Such cDNA or genomic DNA libraries may be used to isolate extended cDNAs obtained from 5' EST or nucleic acids homologous to extended cDNAs or 5' EST as follows. The cDNA library or genomic DNA library is hybridized to a detectable probe comprising at least 10 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST or extended cDNA using conventional techniques. Preferably, the probe comprises at least 12, 15, or 17 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST or extended cDNA. More preferably, the probe comprises at least 20 to 30 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST or extended cDNA. In some embodiments, the probe comprises more than 30 nucleotides from the 5' EST or extended cDNA.

Techniques for identifying cDNA clones in a cDNA library which hybridize to a given probe sequence are disclosed in Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*

2d Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1989, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. The same techniques may be used to isolate genomic DNAs.

Briefly, cDNA or genomic DNA clones which hybridize to the detectable probe are identified and isolated for further manipulation as follows. A probe comprising at least 10 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST or extended cDNA is labeled with a detectable label such as a radioisotope or a fluorescent molecule. Preferably, the probe comprises at least 12, 15, or 17 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST or extended cDNA. More preferably, the probe comprises 20 to 30 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST or extended cDNA. In some embodiments, the probe comprises more than 30 nucleotides from the 5' EST or extended cDNA.

Techniques for labeling the probe are well known and include phosphorylation with polynucleotide kinase, nick translation, *in vitro* transcription, and non radioactive techniques. The cDNAs or genomic DNAs in the library are transferred to a nitrocellulose or nylon filter and denatured. After blocking of non specific sites, the filter is incubated with the labeled probe for an amount of time sufficient to allow binding of the probe to cDNAs or genomic DNAs containing a sequence capable of hybridizing thereto.

By varying the stringency of the hybridization conditions used to identify extended cDNAs or genomic DNAs which hybridize to the detectable probe, extended cDNAs having different levels of homology to the probe can be identified and isolated as described below.

#### 1. Identification of Extended cDNA or Genomic cDNA Sequences Having a High Degree of Homology to the Labeled Probe

To identify extended cDNAs or genomic DNAs having a high degree of homology to the probe sequence, the melting temperature of the probe may be calculated using the following formulas:

For probes between 14 and 70 nucleotides in length the melting temperature ( $T_m$ ) is calculated using the formula:  $T_m = 81.5 + 16.6(\log [Na^+]) + 0.41(\text{fraction G+C}) - (600/N)$  where N is the length of the probe.

If the hybridization is carried out in a solution containing formamide, the melting temperature may be calculated using the equation  $T_m = 81.5 + 16.6(\log [Na^+]) + 0.41(\text{fraction G+C}) - (0.63\% \text{ formamide}) - (600/N)$  where N is the length of the probe.

Prehybridization may be carried out in 6X SSC, 5X Denhardt's reagent, 0.5% SDS, 100 µg denatured fragmented salmon sperm DNA or 6X SSC, 5X Denhardt's reagent, 0.5% SDS, 100 µg denatured fragmented salmon sperm DNA, 50% formamide. The formulas for SSC and Denhardt's solutions are listed in Sambrook *et al.*, *supra*.

Hybridization is conducted by adding the detectable probe to the prehybridization solutions listed above. Where the probe comprises double stranded DNA, it is denatured before addition to the hybridization solution. The filter is contacted with the hybridization solution for a sufficient period of time to allow the probe to hybridize to extended cDNAs or genomic DNAs containing sequences complementary thereto or homologous thereto. For probes over 200 nucleotides in length, the hybridization may be carried out at 15-25°C below the  $T_m$ . For shorter probes, such as oligonucleotide probes, the hybridization may be conducted at 15-25°C below the  $T_m$ . Preferably, for hybridizations in 6X SSC, the hybridization is conducted at approximately 68°C. Preferably, for hybridizations in 50% formamide containing solutions, the hybridization is conducted at approximately 42°C.

All of the foregoing hybridizations would be considered to be under "stringent" conditions.

Following hybridization, the filter is washed in 2X SSC, 0.1% SDS at room temperature for 15 minutes. The filter is then washed with 0.1X SSC, 0.5% SDS at room temperature for 30 minutes to 1 hour. Thereafter, the solution is washed at the hybridization temperature in 0.1X SSC, 0.5% SDS. A final wash is conducted in 0.1X SSC at room temperature.

Extended cDNAs, nucleic acids homologous to extended cDNAs or 5' ESTs, or genomic DNAs which have hybridized to the probe are identified by autoradiography or other conventional techniques.

## 2. Obtention of Extended cDNA or Genomic cDNA Sequences Having Lower Degrees of Homology to the Labeled Probe

The above procedure may be modified to identify extended cDNAs, nucleic acids homologous to extended cDNAs, or genomic DNAs having decreasing levels of homology to the probe sequence. For example, to obtain extended cDNAs, nucleic acids homologous to extended cDNAs, or genomic DNAs of decreasing homology to the detectable probe, less stringent conditions may be used. For example, the hybridization temperature may be decreased in increments of 5°C from 68°C to 42°C in a hybridization buffer having a sodium concentration of approximately 1M. Following hybridization, the filter may be washed with 2X SSC, 0.5% SDS at the temperature of hybridization. These conditions are considered to be "moderate" conditions above 50°C and "low" conditions below 50°C.

Alternatively, the hybridization may be carried out in buffers, such as 6X SSC, containing formamide at a temperature of 42°C. In this case, the concentration of formamide in the hybridization buffer may be reduced in 5% increments from 50% to 0% to identify clones having decreasing levels of homology to the probe. Following hybridization, the filter may be washed with 6X SSC, 0.5% SDS at 50°C. These conditions are considered to be "moderate" conditions above 25% formamide and "low" conditions below 25% formamide.

Extended cDNAs, nucleic acids homologous to extended cDNAs, or genomic DNAs which have hybridized to the probe are identified by autoradiography.

20

## 3. Determination of the Degree of Homology Between the Obtained Extended cDNAs and the Labeled Probe

If it is desired to obtain nucleic acids homologous to extended cDNAs, such as allelic variants thereof or nucleic acids encoding proteins related to the proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs, the level of homology between the hybridized nucleic acid and the extended cDNA or 5' EST used as the probe may be further determined using BLAST2N; parameters may be adapted depending on the sequence length and degree of homology studied. To determine the level of homology between the hybridized nucleic acid and the extended cDNA or 5'EST from which the probe was derived, the nucleotide sequences of the hybridized nucleic acid and the extended cDNA or 5'EST from which the probe was derived are compared. For example, using the above methods, nucleic acids having at least 95%

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nucleic acid homology to the extended cDNA or 5'EST from which the probe was derived may be obtained and identified. Similarly, by using progressively less stringent hybridization conditions one can obtain and identify nucleic acids having at least 90%, at least 85%, at least 80% or at least 75% homology to the extended cDNA or 5'EST from which the probe was  
5 derived.

To determine whether a clone encodes a protein having a given amount of homology to the protein encoded by the extended cDNA or 5' EST, the amino acid sequence encoded by the extended cDNA or 5' EST is compared to the amino acid sequence encoded by the hybridizing nucleic acid. Homology is determined to exist when an amino acid sequence in  
10 the extended cDNA or 5' EST is closely related to an amino acid sequence in the hybridizing nucleic acid. A sequence is closely related when it is identical to that of the extended cDNA or 5' EST or when it contains one or more amino acid substitutions therein in which amino acids having similar characteristics have been substituted for one another. Using the above methods and algorithms such as FASTA with parameters depending on the sequence length  
15 and degree of homology studied, one can obtain nucleic acids encoding proteins having at least 95%, at least 90%, at least 85%, at least 80% or at least 75% homology to the proteins encoded by the extended cDNA or 5'EST from which the probe was derived.

In addition to the above described methods, other protocols are available to obtain  
20 extended cDNAs using 5' ESTs as outlined in the following paragraphs.

Extended cDNAs may be prepared by obtaining mRNA from the tissue, cell, or organism of interest using mRNA preparation procedures utilizing polyA selection procedures or other techniques known to those skilled in the art. A first primer capable of hybridizing to the polyA tail of the mRNA is hybridized to the mRNA and a reverse  
25 transcription reaction is performed to generate a first cDNA strand.

The first cDNA strand is hybridized to a second primer containing at least 10 consecutive nucleotides of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs 38-315. Preferably, the primer comprises at least 12, 15, or 17 consecutive nucleotides from the sequences of SEQ ID NOs 38-315. More preferably, the primer comprises 20 to 30 consecutive nucleotides from the  
30 sequences of SEQ ID NOs 38-315. In some embodiments, the primer comprises more than 30 nucleotides from the sequences of SEQ ID NOs 38-315. If it is desired to obtain extended



cDNAs containing the full protein coding sequence, including the authentic translation initiation site, the second primer used contains sequences located upstream of the translation initiation site. The second primer is extended to generate a second cDNA strand complementary to the first cDNA strand. Alternatively, RT-PCR may be performed as described above using primers from both ends of the cDNA to be obtained.

Extended cDNAs containing 5' fragments of the mRNA may be prepared by hybridizing an mRNA comprising the sequence of the 5'EST for which an extended cDNA is desired with a primer comprising at least 10 consecutive nucleotides of the sequences complementary to the 5'EST and reverse transcribing the hybridized primer to make a first cDNA strand from the mRNAs. Preferably, the primer comprises at least 12, 15, or 17 consecutive nucleotides from the 5'EST. More preferably, the primer comprises 20 to 30 consecutive nucleotides from the 5'EST.

Thereafter, a second cDNA strand complementary to the first cDNA strand is synthesized. The second cDNA strand may be made by hybridizing a primer complementary to sequences in the first cDNA strand to the first cDNA strand and extending the primer to generate the second cDNA strand.

The double stranded extended cDNAs made using the methods described above are isolated and cloned. The extended cDNAs may be cloned into vectors such as plasmids or viral vectors capable of replicating in an appropriate host cell. For example, the host cell may be a bacterial, mammalian, avian, or insect cell.

Techniques for isolating mRNA, reverse transcribing a primer hybridized to mRNA to generate a first cDNA strand, extending a primer to make a second cDNA strand complementary to the first cDNA strand, isolating the double stranded cDNA and cloning the double stranded cDNA are well known to those skilled in the art and are described in *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1997 and Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1989, the entire disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Alternatively, procedures such as the one described in Example 29 may be used for obtaining full length cDNAs or extended cDNAs. In this approach, full length or extended cDNAs are prepared from mRNA and cloned into double stranded phagemids as follows. The cDNA library in the double stranded phagemids is then rendered single stranded by

treatment with an endonuclease, such as the Gene II product of the phage F1, and an exonuclease (Chang *et al.*, *Gene* 127:95-8, 1993). A biotinylated oligonucleotide comprising the sequence of a 5' EST, or a fragment containing at least 10 nucleotides thereof, is hybridized to the single stranded phagemids. Preferably, the fragment comprises at least 12,  
5 15, or 17 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST. More preferably, the fragment comprises 20-30 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST. In some procedures, the fragment may comprise more than 30 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST.

Hybrids between the biotinylated oligonucleotide and phagemids having inserts containing the 5' EST sequence are isolated by incubating the hybrids with streptavidin  
10 coated paramagnetic beads and retrieving the beads with a magnet (Fry *et al.*, *Biotechniques*, 13: 124-131, 1992). Thereafter, the resulting phagemids containing the 5' EST sequence are released from the beads and converted into double stranded DNA using a primer specific for the 5' EST sequence. Alternatively, protocols such as the Gene Trapper kit (Gibco BRL) may be used. The resulting double stranded DNA is transformed into bacteria. Extended  
15 cDNAs containing the 5' EST sequence are identified by colony PCR or colony hybridization.

Using any of the above described methods in section III, a plurality of extended cDNAs containing full length protein coding sequences or sequences encoding only the mature protein remaining after the signal peptide is cleaved off may be provided as  
20 cDNA libraries for subsequent evaluation of the encoded proteins or use in diagnostic assays as described below.

#### **IV. Expression of Proteins Encoded by Extended cDNAs Isolated Using 5' ESTs**

Extended cDNAs containing the full protein coding sequences of their corresponding  
25 mRNAs or portions thereof, such as cDNAs encoding the mature protein, may be used to express the encoded secreted proteins or portions thereof as described in Example 30 below. If desired, the extended cDNAs may contain the sequences encoding the signal peptide to facilitate secretion of the expressed protein. It will be appreciated that a plurality of extended cDNAs containing the full protein coding sequences or portions thereof may be  
30 simultaneously cloned into expression vectors to create an expression library for analysis of the encoded proteins as described below.

**EXAMPLE 30****Expression of the Proteins Encoded by the Genes Corresponding to 5' ESTS or Portions Thereof**

To express the proteins encoded by the genes corresponding to 5' ESTs (or portions thereof), full length cDNAs containing the entire protein coding region or extended cDNAs containing sequences adjacent to the 5' ESTs (or portions thereof) are obtained as described in Examples 27-29 and cloned into a suitable expression vector. If desired, the nucleic acids may contain the sequences encoding the signal peptide to facilitate secretion of the expressed protein. The nucleic acids inserted into the expression vectors may also contain sequences upstream of the sequences encoding the signal peptide, such as sequences which regulate expression levels or sequences which confer tissue specific expression.

The nucleic acid encoding the protein or polypeptide to be expressed is operably linked to a promoter in an expression vector using conventional cloning technology. The expression vector may be any of the mammalian, yeast, insect or bacterial expression systems known in the art. Commercially available vectors and expression systems are available from a variety of suppliers including Genetics Institute (Cambridge, MA), Stratagene (La Jolla, California), Promega (Madison, Wisconsin), and Invitrogen (San Diego, California). If desired, to enhance expression and facilitate proper protein folding, the codon context and codon pairing of the sequence may be optimized for the particular expression organism in which the expression vector is introduced, as explained by Hatfield, *et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,082,767, incorporated herein by this reference.

The cDNA cloned into the expression vector may encode the entire protein (*i.e.* the signal peptide and the mature protein), the mature protein (*i.e.* the protein created by cleaving the signal peptide off), only the signal peptide or any other portion thereof.

The following is provided as one exemplary method to express the proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs corresponding to the 5' ESTs or the nucleic acids described above. First, the methionine initiation codon for the gene and the polyA signal of the gene are identified. If the nucleic acid encoding the polypeptide to be expressed lacks a methionine to serve as the initiation site, an initiating methionine can be introduced next to the first codon of the nucleic acid using conventional techniques. Similarly, if the extended cDNA lacks a polyA signal, this sequence can be added to the construct by, for example, splicing out the

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polyA signal from pSG5 (Stratagene) using BglII and SalI restriction endonuclease enzymes and incorporating it into the mammalian expression vector pXT1 (Stratagene). pXT1 contains the LTRs and a portion of the gag gene from Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus. The position of the LTRs in the construct allow efficient stable transfection. The vector  
5 includes the Herpes Simplex thymidine kinase promoter and the selectable neomycin gene. The extended cDNA or portion thereof encoding the polypeptide to be expressed is obtained by PCR from the bacterial vector using oligonucleotide primers complementary to the extended cDNA or portion thereof and containing restriction endonuclease sequences for Pst I incorporated into the 5' primer and BglII at the 5' end of the corresponding cDNA 3' primer,  
10 taking care to ensure that the extended cDNA is positioned with the poly A signal. The purified fragment obtained from the resulting PCR reaction is digested with PstI, blunt ended with an exonuclease, digested with Bgl II, purified and ligated to pXT1 containing a poly A signal and prepared for this ligation (blunt/BglII).

The ligated product is transfected into mouse NIH 3T3 cells using Lipofectin (Life  
15 Technologies, Inc., Grand Island, New York) under conditions outlined in the product specification. Positive transfectants are selected after growing the transfected cells in 600 µg/ml G418 (Sigma, St. Louis, Missouri). Preferably the expressed protein is released into the culture medium, thereby facilitating purification.

Alternatively, the extended cDNAs may be cloned into pED6dpc2 as described  
20 above. The resulting pED6dpc2 constructs may be transfected into a suitable host cell, such as COS 1 cells. Methotrexate resistant cells are selected and expanded. Preferably, the protein expressed from the extended cDNA is released into the culture medium thereby facilitating purification.

Proteins in the culture medium are separated by gel electrophoresis. If desired, the  
25 proteins may be ammonium sulfate precipitated or separated based on size or charge prior to electrophoresis.

As a control, the expression vector lacking a cDNA insert is introduced into host cells or organisms and the proteins in the medium are harvested. The secreted proteins present in the medium are detected using techniques familiar to those skilled in the art such as  
30 Coomassie blue or silver staining or using antibodies against the protein encoded by the extended cDNA

Antibodies capable of specifically recognizing the protein of interest may be generated using synthetic 15-mer peptides having a sequence encoded by the appropriate 5' EST, extended cDNA, or portion thereof. The synthetic peptides are injected into mice to generate antibody to the polypeptide encoded by the 5' EST, extended cDNA, or portion thereof.

5        Secreted proteins from the host cells or organisms containing an expression vector which contains the extended cDNA derived from a 5' EST or a portion thereof are compared to those from the control cells or organism. The presence of a band in the medium from the cells containing the expression vector which is absent in the medium from the control cells indicates that the extended cDNA encodes a secreted protein. Generally, the band  
10        corresponding to the protein encoded by the extended cDNA will have a mobility near that expected based on the number of amino acids in the open reading frame of the extended cDNA. However, the band may have a mobility different than that expected as a result of modifications such as glycosylation, ubiquitination, or enzymatic cleavage.

          Alternatively, if the protein expressed from the above expression vectors does not  
15        contain sequences directing its secretion, the proteins expressed from host cells containing an expression vector with an insert encoding a secreted protein or portion thereof can be compared to the proteins expressed in control host cells containing the expression vector without an insert. The presence of a band in samples from cells containing the expression  
20        vector with an insert which is absent in samples from cells containing the expression vector without an insert indicates that the desired protein or portion thereof is being expressed. Generally, the band will have the mobility expected for the secreted protein or portion thereof. However, the band may have a mobility different than that expected as a result of modifications such as glycosylation, ubiquitination, or enzymatic cleavage.

          The protein encoded by the extended cDNA may be purified using standard  
25        immunochromatography techniques. In such procedures, a solution containing the secreted protein, such as the culture medium or a cell extract, is applied to a column having antibodies against the secreted protein attached to the chromatography matrix. The secreted protein is allowed to bind the immunochromatography column. Thereafter, the column is washed to remove non-specifically bound proteins. The specifically bound secreted protein is then  
30        released from the column and recovered using standard techniques.

If antibody production is not possible, the extended cDNA sequence or portion thereof may be incorporated into expression vectors designed for use in purification schemes employing chimeric polypeptides. In such strategies, the coding sequence of the extended cDNA or portion thereof is inserted in frame with the gene encoding the other half of the chimera. The other half of the chimera may be  $\beta$ -globin or a nickel binding polypeptide. A chromatography matrix having antibody to  $\beta$ -globin or nickel attached thereto is then used to purify the chimeric protein. Protease cleavage sites may be engineered between the  $\beta$ -globin gene or the nickel binding polypeptide and the extended cDNA or portion thereof. Thus, the two polypeptides of the chimera may be separated from one another by protease digestion.

One useful expression vector for generating  $\beta$ -globin chimerics is pSG5 (Stratagene), which encodes rabbit  $\beta$ -globin. Intron II of the rabbit  $\beta$ -globin gene facilitates splicing of the expressed transcript, and the polyadenylation signal incorporated into the construct increases the level of expression. These techniques as described are well known to those skilled in the art of molecular biology. Standard methods are published in methods texts such as Davis *et al.*, (*Basic Methods in Molecular Biology*, Davis, Dibner, and Battey, ed., Elsevier Press, NY, 1986) and many of the methods are available from Stratagene, Life Technologies, Inc., or Promega. Polypeptide may additionally be produced from the construct using *in vitro* translation systems such as the *In vitro* Express<sup>TM</sup> Translation Kit (Stratagene).

Following expression and purification of the secreted proteins encoded by the 5' ESTs, extended cDNAs, or fragments thereof, the purified proteins may be tested for the ability to bind to the surface of various cell types as described in Example 31 below. It will be appreciated that a plurality of proteins expressed from these cDNAs may be included in a panel of proteins to be simultaneously evaluated for the activities specifically described below, as well as other biological roles for which assays for determining activity are available.

### EXAMPLE 31

#### Analysis of Secreted Proteins to Determine Whether they Bind to the Cell Surface

The proteins encoded by the 5' ESTs, extended cDNAs, or fragments thereof are cloned into expression vectors such as those described in Example 30. The proteins are purified by size, charge, immunochromatography or other techniques familiar to those skilled

in the art. Following purification, the proteins are labeled using techniques known to those skilled in the art. The labeled proteins are incubated with cells or cell lines derived from a variety of organs or tissues to allow the proteins to bind to any receptor present on the cell surface. Following the incubation, the cells are washed to remove non-specifically bound protein. The labeled proteins are detected by autoradiography. Alternatively, unlabeled proteins may be incubated with the cells and detected with antibodies having a detectable label, such as a fluorescent molecule, attached thereto.

Specificity of cell surface binding may be analyzed by conducting a competition analysis in which various amounts of unlabeled protein are incubated along with the labeled protein. The amount of labeled protein bound to the cell surface decreases as the amount of competitive unlabeled protein increases. As a control, various amounts of an unlabeled protein unrelated to the labeled protein is included in some binding reactions. The amount of labeled protein bound to the cell surface does not decrease in binding reactions containing increasing amounts of unrelated unlabeled protein, indicating that the protein encoded by the cDNA binds specifically to the cell surface.

As discussed above, secreted proteins have been shown to have a number of important physiological effects and, consequently, represent a valuable therapeutic resource. The secreted proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof made according to Examples 27-29 may be evaluated to determine their physiological activities as described below.

### EXAMPLE 32

#### Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or Portions Thereof for Cytokine,

#### Cell Proliferation or Cell Differentiation Activity

As discussed above, secreted proteins may act as cytokines or may affect cellular proliferation or differentiation. Many protein factors discovered to date, including all known cytokines, have exhibited activity in one or more factor dependent cell proliferation assays, and hence the assays serve as a convenient confirmation of cytokine activity. The activity of a protein encoded by the extended cDNAs is evidenced by any one of a number of routine factor dependent cell proliferation assays for cell lines including, without limitation, 32D,

DA2, DA1G, T10, B9, B9/11, BaF3, MC9/G, M<sup>r</sup> (preB M<sup>r</sup>), 2E8, RB5, DA1, 123, T1165, HT2, CTLL2, TF-1, Mo7c and CMK. The proteins encoded by the above extended cDNAs or portions thereof may be evaluated for their ability to regulate T cell or thymocyte proliferation in assays such as those described above or in the following references, which are

5 incorporated herein by reference: *Current Protocols in Immunology*, Ed. by Coligan *et al.*, Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience; Takai *et al. J. Immunol.* **137**:3494-3500, 1986.; Bertagnolli *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **145**:1706-1712, 1990.; Bertagnolli *et al.*, *Cell. Immunol.* **133**:327-341, 1991; Bertagnolli, *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **149**:3778-3783, 1992; Bowman *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **152**:1756-1761, 1994.

10 In addition, numerous assays for cytokine production and/or the proliferation of spleen cells, lymph node cells and thymocytes are known. These include the techniques disclosed in *Current Protocols in Immunology*, *supra* 1:3.12.1-3.12.14; and Schreiber In *Current Protocols in Immunology*, *supra* 1 : 6.8.1-6.8.8.

The proteins encoded by the cDNAs may also be assayed for the ability to regulate

15 the proliferation and differentiation of hematopoietic or lymphopoietic cells. Many assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Bottomly *et al.*, In *Current Protocols in Immunology*, *supra* 1 : 6.3.1-6.3.12.; deVries *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* **173**:1205-1211, 1991; Moreau *et al.*, *Nature* **36**:690-692, 1988; Greenberger *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **80**:2931-2938, 1983; Nordan, R., In *Current Protocols in Immunology*, *supra* 1 : 6.6.1-6.6.5; Smith *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **83**:1857-1861, 1986; Bennett *et al.*, in *Current Protocols in Immunology supra* 1 : 6.15.1; Ciarletta *et al.*, In *Current Protocols in Immunology. supra* 1 : 6.13.1.

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The proteins encoded by the cDNAs may also be assayed for their ability to regulate

25 T-cell responses to antigens. Many assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays described in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Chapter 3 (*In Vitro* Assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function), Chapter 6 (Cytokines and Their Cellular Receptors) and Chapter 7, (Immunologic Studies in Humans) in *Current Protocols in Immunology supra*; Weinberger *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **77**:6091-6095, 1980; Weinberger *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immun.* **11**:405-411, 1981; Takai *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **137**:3494-3500, 1986; Takai *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **140**:508-512, 1988.

30



Those proteins which exhibit cytokine, cell proliferation, or cell differentiation activity may then be formulated as pharmaceuticals and used to treat clinical conditions in which induction of cell proliferation or differentiation is beneficial. Alternatively, as described in  
5 more detail below, genes encoding these proteins or nucleic acids regulating the expression of these proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

### EXAMPLE 33

10       Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or Portions  
          Thereof for Activity as Immune System Regulators

The proteins encoded by the cDNAs may also be evaluated for their effects as immune regulators. For example, the proteins may be evaluated for their activity to influence thymocyte or splenocyte cytotoxicity. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those  
15 skilled in the art including the assays described in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Chapter 3 (*In Vitro* Assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function 3.1-3.19) and Chapter 7 (Immunologic studies in Humans) in *Current Protocols in Immunology*, Coligan *et al.*, Eds, Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience; Herrmann *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 78:2488-2492, 1981; Herrmann *et al.*, *J.*  
20 *Immunol.* 128:1968-1974, 1982; Handa *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 135:1564-1572, 1985; Takai *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 137:3494-3500, 1986; Takai *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 140:508-512, 1988; Bowman *et al.*, *J. Virology* 61:1992-1998; Bertagnolli *et al.*, *Cell. Immunol.* 133:327-341, 1991; Brown *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 153:3079-3092, 1994.

The proteins encoded by the cDNAs may also be evaluated for their effects on T-cell  
25 dependent immunoglobulin responses and isotype switching. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Maliszewski, *J. Immunol.* 144:3028-3033, 1990; Mond *et al.* in *Current Protocols in Immunology*, 1 : 3.8.1-3.8.16, *supra*.

The proteins encoded by the cDNAs may also be evaluated for their effect on immune  
30 effector cells, including their effect on Th1 cells and cytotoxic lymphocytes. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in the

following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Chapter 3 (*In Vitro* Assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function 3.1-3.19) and Chapter 7 (Immunologic Studies in Humans) in *Current Protocols in Immunology*, *supra*; Takai *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **137**:3494-3500, 1986; Takai *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **140**:508-512, 1988; Bertagnoli *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **149**:3778-3783, 5 1992.

The proteins encoded by the cDNAs may also be evaluated for their effect on dendritic cell mediated activation of naive T-cells. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Guery *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **134**:536-544, 1995; 10 Inaba *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* **173**:549-559, 1991; Macatonia *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **154**:5071-5079, 1995; Porgador *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* **182**:255-260, 1995; Nair *et al.*, *J. Virol.* **67**:4062-4069, 1993; Huang *et al.*, *Science* **264**:961-965, 1994; Macatonia *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* **169**:1255-1264, 1989; Bhardwaj *et al.*, *Journal of Clinical Investigation* **94**:797-807, 1994; and Inaba *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* **172**:631-640, 1990.

15 The proteins encoded by the cDNAs may also be evaluated for their influence on the lifetime of lymphocytes. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Darzynkiewicz *et al.*, *Cytometry* **13**:795-808, 1992; Gorczyca *et al.*, *Leukemia* **7**:659-670, 1993; Gorczyca *et al.*, *Cancer Res.* **53**:1945-1951, 1993; Itoh *et al.*, *Cell* **66**:233-243, 1991; Zacharchuk, *J. Immunol.* **145**:4037-4045, 1990; Zamai *et al.*, *Cytometry* **14**:891-20 897, 1993; Gorczyca *et al.*, *Int. J. Oncol.* **1**:639-648, 1992.

The proteins encoded by the cDNAs may also be evaluated for their influence on early steps of T-cell commitment and development. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including without limitation the assays disclosed in the 25 following references, which are incorporated herein by references: Antica *et al.*, *Blood* **84**:111-117, 1994; Fine *et al.*, *Cell. Immunol.* **155**:111-122, 1994; Galy *et al.*, *Blood* **85**:2770-2778, 1995; Toki *et al.*, *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA* **88**:7548-7551, 1991.

Those proteins which exhibit activity as immune system regulators activity may then be formulated as pharmaceuticals and used to treat clinical conditions in which regulation of 30 immune activity is beneficial. For example, the protein may be useful in the treatment of various immune deficiencies and disorders (including severe combined immunodeficiency),

e.g., in regulating (up or down) growth and proliferation of T and/or B lymphocytes, as well as effecting the cytolytic activity of NK cells and other cell populations. These immune deficiencies may be genetic or be caused by viral (e.g., HIV) as well as bacterial or fungal infections, or may result from autoimmune disorders. More specifically, infectious diseases  
5 caused by viral, bacterial, fungal or other infection may be treatable using a protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention, including infections by HIV, hepatitis viruses, herpesviruses, mycobacteria, Leishmania spp., plasmodium and various fungal infections such as candidiasis. Of course, in this regard, a protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may also be useful where  
10 a boost to the immune system generally may be desirable, *i.e.*, in the treatment of cancer.

Alternatively, proteins encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may be used in treatment of autoimmune disorders including, for example, connective tissue disease, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, autoimmune pulmonary inflammation, Guillain-Barre syndrome, autoimmune  
15 thyroiditis, insulin dependent diabetes mellitus, myasthenia gravis, graft-versus-host disease and autoimmune inflammatory eye disease. Such a protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may also to be useful in the treatment of allergic reactions and conditions, such as asthma (particularly allergic asthma) or other respiratory problems. Other conditions, in which immune suppression is desired (including,  
20 for example, organ transplantation), may also be treatable using a protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention.

Using the proteins of the invention it may also be possible to regulate immune responses either up or down.

Down regulation may involve inhibiting or blocking an immune response already in  
25 progress or may involve preventing the induction of an immune response. The functions of activated T-cells may be inhibited by suppressing T cell responses or by inducing specific tolerance in T cells, or both. Immunosuppression of T cell responses is generally an active non-antigen-specific process which requires continuous exposure of the T cells to the suppressive agent. Tolerance, which involves inducing non-responsiveness or anergy in T  
30 cells, is distinguishable from immunosuppression in that it is generally antigen-specific and persists after the end of exposure to the tolerizing agent. Operationally, tolerance can be

demonstrated by the lack of a T cell response upon reexposure to specific antigen in the absence of the tolerizing agent.

Down regulating or preventing one or more antigen functions (including without limitation B lymphocyte antigen functions, such as, for example, B7 costimulation), e.g.,  
5 preventing high level lymphokine synthesis by activated T cells, will be useful in situations of tissue, skin and organ transplantation and in graft-versus-host disease (GVHD). For example, blockage of T cell function should result in reduced tissue destruction in tissue transplantation. Typically, in tissue transplants, rejection of the transplant is initiated through its recognition as foreign by T cells, followed by an immune reaction that destroys the  
10 transplant. The administration of a molecule which inhibits or blocks interaction of a B7 lymphocyte antigen with its natural ligand(s) on immune cells (such as a soluble, monomeric form of a peptide having B7-2 activity alone or in conjunction with a monomeric form of a peptide having an activity of another B lymphocyte antigen (e.g., B7-1, B7-3) or blocking antibody), prior to transplantation, can lead to the binding of the molecule to the natural  
15 ligand(s) on the immune cells without transmitting the corresponding costimulatory signal. Blocking B lymphocyte antigen function in this matter prevents cytokine synthesis by immune cells, such as T cells, and thus acts as an immunosuppressant. Moreover, the lack of costimulation may also be sufficient to anergize the T cells, thereby inducing tolerance in a subject. Induction of long-term tolerance by B lymphocyte antigen-blocking reagents may  
20 avoid the necessity of repeated administration of these blocking reagents. To achieve sufficient immunosuppression or tolerance in a subject, it may also be necessary to block the function of a combination of B lymphocyte antigens.

The efficacy of particular blocking reagents in preventing organ transplant rejection or GVHD can be assessed using animal models that are predictive of efficacy in humans.  
25 Examples of appropriate systems which can be used include allogeneic cardiac grafts in rats and xenogeneic pancreatic islet cell grafts in mice, both of which have been used to examine the immunosuppressive effects of CTLA4Ig fusion proteins *in vivo* as described in Lenschow *et al.*, *Science* 257:789-792, 1992 and Turka *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA*, 89:11102-11105, 1992. In addition, murine models of GVHD (see Paul ed., *Fundamental*  
30 *Immunology*, Raven Press, New York, 1989, pp. 846-847) can be used to determine the effect of blocking B lymphocyte antigen function *in vivo* on the development of that disease.

Blocking antigen function may also be therapeutically useful for treating autoimmune diseases. Many autoimmune disorders are the result of inappropriate activation of T cells that are reactive against self tissue and which promote the production of cytokines and autoantibodies involved in the pathology of the diseases. Preventing the activation of autoreactive T cells may reduce or eliminate disease symptoms. Administration of reagents which block costimulation of T cells by disrupting receptor/ligand interactions of B lymphocyte antigens can be used to inhibit T cell activation and prevent production of autoantibodies or T cell-derived cytokines which potentially involved in the disease process. Additionally, blocking reagents may induce antigen-specific tolerance of autoreactive T cells which could lead to long-term relief from the disease. The efficacy of blocking reagents in preventing or alleviating autoimmune disorders can be determined using a number of well-characterized animal models of human autoimmune diseases. Examples include murine experimental autoimmune encephalitis, systemic lupus erythmatosis in MRL/pr/pr mice or NZB hybrid mice, murine autoimmune collagen arthritis, diabetes mellitus in OD mice and BB rats, and murine experimental myasthenia gravis (see Paul ed., *supra*, pp. 840-856).

Upregulation of an antigen function (preferably a B lymphocyte antigen function), as a means of up regulating immune responses, may also be useful in therapy. Upregulation of immune responses may involve either enhancing an existing immune response or eliciting an initial immune response as shown by the following examples. For instance, enhancing an immune response through stimulating B lymphocyte antigen function may be useful in cases of viral infection. In addition, systemic viral diseases such as influenza, the common cold, and encephalitis might be alleviated by the administration of stimulatory form of B lymphocyte antigens systemically.

Alternatively, antiviral immune responses may be enhanced in an infected patient by removing T cells from the patient, costimulating the T cells *in vitro* with viral antigen-pulsed APCs either expressing a peptide encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention or together with a stimulatory form of a soluble peptide encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention and reintroducing the *in vitro* primed T cells into the patient. The infected cells would now be capable of delivering a costimulatory signal to T cells *in vivo*, thereby activating the T cells.

In another application, upregulation or enhancement of antigen function (preferably B lymphocyte antigen function) may be useful in the induction of tumor immunity. Tumor cells (e.g., sarcoma, melanoma, lymphoma, leukemia, neuroblastoma, carcinoma) transfected with a nucleic acid encoding at least one peptide encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention can be administered to a subject to overcome tumor-specific tolerance in the subject. If desired, the tumor cell can be transfected to express a combination of peptides. For example, tumor cells obtained from a patient can be transfected *ex vivo* with an expression vector directing the expression of a peptide having B7-2-like activity alone, or in conjunction with a peptide having B7-1-like activity and/or B7-3-like activity. The transfected tumor cells are returned to the patient to result in expression of the peptides on the surface of the transfected cell. Alternatively, gene therapy techniques can be used to target a tumor cell for transfection *in vivo*.

The presence of the peptide encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention having the activity of a B lymphocyte antigen(s) on the surface of the tumor cell provides the necessary costimulation signal to T cells to induce a T cell mediated immune response against the transfected tumor cells. In addition, tumor cells which lack or which fail to reexpress sufficient amounts of MHC class I or MHC class II molecules can be transfected with nucleic acids encoding all or a portion of (e.g., a cytoplasmic-domain truncated portion) of an MHC class I  $\alpha$  chain and  $\beta_2$  microglobulin or an MHC class II  $\alpha$  chain and an MHC class II  $\beta$  chain to thereby express MHC class I or MHC class II proteins on the cell surface, respectively. Expression of the appropriate MHC class I or class II molecules in conjunction with a peptide having the activity of a B lymphocyte antigen (e.g., B7-1, B7-2, B7-3) induces a T cell mediated immune response against the transfected tumor cell. Optionally, a gene encoding an antisense construct which blocks expression of an MHC class II associated protein, such as the invariant chain, can also be cotransfected with a DNA encoding a peptide having the activity of a B lymphocyte antigen to promote presentation of tumor associated antigens and induce tumor specific immunity. Thus, the induction of a T cell mediated immune response in a human subject may be sufficient to overcome tumor-specific tolerance in the subject. Alternatively, as described in more detail below, genes encoding these immune system regulator proteins or nucleic acids regulating the expression of

such proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

#### EXAMPLE 34

5

##### Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or Portions Thereof for Hematopoiesis Regulating Activity

The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof may also be evaluated for their hematopoiesis regulating activity. For example, the effect of the proteins on embryonic stem cell differentiation may be evaluated. Numerous assays for such activity  
10 are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Johansson *et al.* *Cell. Biol.* 15:141-151, 1995; Keller *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 13:473-486, 1993; McClanahan *et al.*, *Blood* 81:2903-2915, 1993.

The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof may also be  
15 evaluated for their influence on the lifetime of stem cells and stem cell differentiation. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Freshney, Methylcellulose Colony Forming Assays, in *Culture of Hematopoietic Cells*, Freshney, *et al.* Eds. pp. 265-268, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, NY. 1994; Hirayama *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89:5907-5911, 1992; McNiece and Briddell, in *Culture of Hematopoietic Cells*,  
20 *supra*; Neben *et al.*, *Exp. Hematol.* 22:353-359, 1994; Ploemacher and Cobblestone In *Culture of Hematopoietic Cells*, *supra* 1-21, Spooncer *et al.*, in *Culture of Hematopoietic Cells*, *supra* 163-179 and Sutherland in *Culture of Hematopoietic Cells*, *supra*. 139-162.

Those proteins which exhibit hematopoiesis regulatory activity may then be  
25 formulated as pharmaceuticals and used to treat clinical conditions in which regulation of hematopoiesis is beneficial, such as in the treatment of myeloid or lymphoid cell deficiencies. Involvement in regulating hematopoiesis is indicated even by marginal biological activity in support of colony forming cells or of factor-dependent cell lines. For example, proteins supporting the growth and proliferation of erythroid progenitor cells alone or in combination  
30 with other cytokines, indicates utility, for example, in treating various anemias or for use in conjunction with irradiation/chemotherapy to stimulate the production of erythroid precursors

and/or erythroid cells. Proteins supporting the growth and proliferation of myeloid cells such as granulocytes and monocytes/macrophages (*i.e.*, traditional CSF activity) may be useful, for example, in conjunction with chemotherapy to prevent or treat consequent myelo-suppression. Proteins supporting the growth and proliferation of megakaryocytes and consequently of platelets allows prevention or treatment of various platelet disorders such as thrombocytopenia, and generally may be used in place of or complementary to platelet transfusions. Proteins supporting the growth and proliferation of hematopoietic stem cells which are capable of maturing to any and all of the above-mentioned hematopoietic cells may therefore find therapeutic utility in various stem cell disorders (such as those usually treated with transplantation, including, without limitation, aplastic anemia and paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria), as well as in repopulating the stem cell compartment post irradiation/chemotherapy, either *in vivo* or *ex vivo* (*i.e.*, in conjunction with bone marrow transplantation or with peripheral progenitor cell transplantation (homologous or heterologous)) as normal cells or genetically manipulated for gene therapy. Alternatively, as described in more detail below, genes encoding hematopoiesis regulating activity proteins or nucleic acids regulating the expression of such proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

### EXAMPLE 35

#### Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or Portions Thereof for Regulation of Tissue Growth

The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof may also be evaluated for their effect on tissue growth. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in International Patent Publication No. WO95/16035, International Patent Publication No. WO95/05846 and International Patent Publication No. WO91/07491, which are incorporated herein by reference.

Assays for wound healing activity include, without limitation, those described in: Winter, *Epidermal Wound Healing*, pps. 71-112, Maibach and Rovee, eds., Year Book Medical Publishers, Inc., Chicago, as modified by Eaglstein and Mertz, *J. Invest. Dermatol.* 71:382-84, 1978, which are incorporated herein by reference.



Those proteins which are involved in the regulation of tissue growth may then be formulated as pharmaceuticals and used to treat clinical conditions in which regulation of tissue growth is beneficial. For example, a protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention also may have utility in compositions used for bone, cartilage, tendon, ligament and/or nerve tissue growth or regeneration, as well as for wound healing and tissue repair and replacement, and in the treatment of burns, incisions and ulcers.

A protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention, which induces cartilage and/or bone growth in circumstances where bone is not normally formed, has application in the healing of bone fractures and cartilage damage or defects in humans and other animals. Such a preparation employing a protein of the invention may have prophylactic use in closed as well as open fracture reduction and also in the improved fixation of artificial joints. *De novo* bone synthesis induced by an osteogenic agent contributes to the repair of congenital, trauma induced, or oncologic resection induced craniofacial defects, and also is useful in cosmetic plastic surgery.

A protein of this invention may also be used in the treatment of periodontal disease, and in other tooth repair processes. Such agents may provide an environment to attract bone-forming cells, stimulate growth of bone-forming cells or induce differentiation of bone-forming cell progenitors. A protein of the invention may also be useful in the treatment of osteoporosis or osteoarthritis, such as through stimulation of bone and/or cartilage repair or by blocking inflammation or processes of tissue destruction (collagenase activity, osteoclast activity, etc.) mediated by inflammatory processes.

Another category of tissue regeneration activity that may be attributable to the protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention is tendon/ligament formation. A protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention, which induces tendon/ligament-like tissue or other tissue formation in circumstances where such tissue is not normally formed, has application in the healing of tendon or ligament tears, deformities and other tendon or ligament defects in humans and other animals. Such a preparation employing a tendon/ligament-like tissue inducing protein may have prophylactic use in preventing damage to tendon or ligament tissue, as well as use in the improved fixation of tendon or ligament to bone or other tissues, and in repairing defects to tendon or ligament tissue. *De novo* tendon/ligament-like tissue

formation induced by a composition encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention contributes to the repair of tendon or ligaments defects of congenital, traumatic or other origin and is also useful in cosmetic plastic surgery for attachment or repair of tendons or ligaments. The compositions encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may provide an environment to attract tendon- or ligament-forming cells, stimulate growth of tendon- or ligament-forming cells, induce differentiation of progenitors of tendon- or ligament-forming cells, or induce growth of tendon/ligament cells or progenitors *ex vivo* for return *in vivo* to effect tissue repair. The compositions of the invention may also be useful in the treatment of tendinitis, carpal tunnel syndrome and other tendon or ligament defects. The compositions may also include an appropriate matrix and/or sequestering agent as a carrier as is well known in the art.

The protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may also be useful for proliferation of neural cells and for regeneration of nerve and brain tissue, *i.e.*, for the treatment of central and peripheral nervous system diseases and neuropathies, as well as mechanical and traumatic disorders, which involve degeneration, death or trauma to neural cells or nerve tissue. More specifically, a protein may be used in the treatment of diseases of the peripheral nervous system, such as peripheral nerve injuries, peripheral neuropathy and localized neuropathies, and central nervous system diseases, such as Alzheimer's, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and Shy-Drager syndrome. Further conditions which may be treated in accordance with the present invention include mechanical and traumatic disorders, such as spinal cord disorders, head trauma and cerebrovascular diseases such as stroke. Peripheral neuropathies resulting from chemotherapy or other medical therapies may also be treatable using a protein of the invention.

Proteins of the invention may also be useful to promote better or faster closure of non-healing wounds, including without limitation pressure ulcers, ulcers associated with vascular insufficiency, surgical and traumatic wounds, and the like.

It is expected that a protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may also exhibit activity for generation or regeneration of other tissues, such as organs (including, for example, pancreas, liver, intestine, kidney, skin, endothelium) muscle (smooth, skeletal or cardiac) and vascular (including vascular

endothelium) tissue, or for promoting the growth of cells comprising such tissues. Part of the desired effects may be by inhibition or modulation of fibrotic scarring to allow normal tissue to generate. A protein of the invention may also exhibit angiogenic activity.

A protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may also be useful for gut protection or regeneration and treatment of lung or liver fibrosis, reperfusion injury in various tissues, and conditions resulting from systemic cytokine damage.

A protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may also be useful for promoting or inhibiting differentiation of tissues described above from precursor tissues or cells; or for inhibiting the growth of tissues described above.

Alternatively, as described in more detail below, genes encoding tissue growth regulating activity proteins or nucleic acids regulating the expression of such proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

15

### EXAMPLE 36

#### Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or Portions

##### Thereof for Regulation of Reproductive Hormones

The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof may also be evaluated for their ability to regulate reproductive hormones, such as follicle stimulating hormone. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Vale *et al.*, *Endocrinol.* **91**:562-572, 1972; Ling *et al.*, *Nature* **321**:779-782, 1986; Vale *et al.*, *Nature* **321**:776-779, 1986; Mason *et al.*, *Nature* **318**:659-663, 1985; Forage *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **83**:3091-3095, 1986, Chapter 6.12 in *Current Protocols in Immunology*, Coligan *et al.* Eds. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience; Taub *et al.*, *J. Clin. Invest.* **95**:1370-1376, 1995; Lind *et al.*, *APMIS* **103**:140-146, 1995; Muller *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* **25**:1744-1748; Gruber *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **152**:5860-5867, 1994; Johnston *et al.*, *J Immunol.* **153**:1762-1768, 1994.

Those proteins which exhibit activity as reproductive hormones or regulators of cell movement may then be formulated as pharmaceuticals and used to treat clinical conditions in

which regulation of reproductive hormones are beneficial. For example, a protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may also exhibit activin- or inhibin-related activities. Inhibins are characterized by their ability to inhibit the release of follicle stimulating hormone (FSH), while activins are characterized by their ability to stimulate the release of FSH. Thus, a protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention, alone or in heterodimers with a member of the inhibin  $\alpha$  family, may be useful as a contraceptive based on the ability of inhibins to decrease fertility in female mammals and decrease spermatogenesis in male mammals. Administration of sufficient amounts of other inhibins can induce infertility in these mammals. Alternatively, the protein of the invention, as a homodimer or as a heterodimer with other protein subunits of the inhibin-B group, may be useful as a fertility inducing therapeutic, based upon the ability of activin molecules in stimulating FSH release from cells of the anterior pituitary. See, for example, United States Patent 4,798,885, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. A protein of the invention may also be useful for advancement of the onset of fertility in sexually immature mammals, so as to increase the lifetime reproductive performance of domestic animals such as cows, sheep and pigs.

Alternatively, as described in more detail below, genes encoding reproductive hormone regulating activity proteins or nucleic acids regulating the expression of such proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

### EXAMPLE 37

#### Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or Portions Thereof for Chemotactic/Chemokinetic Activity

The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof may also be evaluated for chemotactic/chemokinetic activity. For example, a protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may have chemotactic or chemokinetic activity (e.g., act as a chemokine) for mammalian cells, including, for example, monocytes, fibroblasts, neutrophils, T-cells, mast cells, eosinophils, epithelial and/or endothelial cells. Chemotactic and chemokinetic proteins can be used to mobilize or attract a desired cell population to a desired site of action. Chemotactic or chemokinetic proteins

provide particular advantages in treatment of wounds and other trauma to tissues, as well as in treatment of localized infections. For example, attraction of lymphocytes, monocytes or neutrophils to tumors or sites of infection may result in improved immune responses against the tumor or infecting agent.

5           A protein or peptide has chemotactic activity for a particular cell population if it can stimulate, directly or indirectly, the directed orientation or movement of such cell population. Preferably, the protein or peptide has the ability to directly stimulate directed movement of cells. Whether a particular protein has chemotactic activity for a population of cells can be readily determined by employing such protein or peptide in any known assay for cell  
10 chemotaxis.

The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Assays for chemotactic activity (which will identify proteins that induce or prevent chemotaxis) consist of assays that measure the ability of a protein to induce the migration of  
15 cells across a membrane as well as the ability of a protein to induce the adhesion of one cell population to another cell population. Suitable assays for movement and adhesion include, without limitation, those described in: *Current Protocols in Immunology*, Ed by Coligan, Kruisbeek, Margulies, Shevach and Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience, Chapter 6.12: 6.12.1-6.12.28; Taub *et al.*, *J. Clin. Invest.* 95:1370-1376, 1995;  
20 Lind *et al.*, *APMIS* 103:140-146, 1995; Mueller *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 25:1744-1748; Gruber *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 152:5860-5867, 1994; Johnston *et al.* *J. Immunol.*, 153:1762-1768, 1994.

### EXAMPLE 38

25           Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or  
              Portions Thereof for Regulation of Blood Clotting

The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof may also be evaluated for their effects on blood clotting. Numerous assays for such activity are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in the following references, which are  
30 incorporated herein by reference: Linet *et al.*, *J. Clin. Pharmacol.* 26:131-140, 1986; Burdick

*et al.*, *Thrombosis Res.* 45:413-419, 1987; Humphrey *et al.*, *Fibrinolysis* 5:71-79, 1991; Schaub, *Prostaglandins* 35:467-474, 1988.

Those proteins which are involved in the regulation of blood clotting may then be formulated as pharmaceuticals and used to treat clinical conditions in which regulation of blood clotting is beneficial. For example, a protein of the invention may also exhibit hemostatic or thrombolytic activity. As a result, such a protein is expected to be useful in treatment of various coagulations disorders (including hereditary disorders, such as hemophilias) or to enhance coagulation and other hemostatic events in treating wounds resulting from trauma, surgery or other causes. A protein of the invention may also be useful for dissolving or inhibiting formation of thromboses and for treatment and prevention of conditions resulting therefrom (such as infarction of cardiac and central nervous system vessels (e.g., stroke)). Alternatively, as described in more detail below, genes encoding blood clotting activity proteins or nucleic acids regulating the expression of such proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

### EXAMPLE 39

#### Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or

#### Portions Thereof for Involvement in Receptor/Ligand Interactions

The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or a portion thereof may also be evaluated for their involvement in receptor/ligand interactions. Numerous assays for such involvement are familiar to those skilled in the art, including the assays disclosed in the following references, which are incorporated herein by reference: Chapter 7. 7.28.1-7.28.22 in *Current Protocols in Immunology*, Coligan *et al.* Eds. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience; Takai *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 84:6864-6868, 1987; Bierer *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* 168:1145-1156, 1988; Rosenstein *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* 169:149-160, 1989; Stoltenborg *et al.*, *J. Immunol. Methods* 175:59-68, 1994; Stitt *et al.*, *Cell* 80:661-670, 1995; Gyuris *et al.*, *Cell* 75:791-803, 1993.

For example, the proteins encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention may also demonstrate activity as receptors, receptor ligands or inhibitors or agonists of receptor/ligand interactions. Examples of such receptors and ligands include,

without limitation, cytokine receptors and their ligands, receptor kinases and their ligands, receptor phosphatases and their ligands, receptors involved in cell-cell interactions and their ligands (including without limitation, cellular adhesion molecules (such as selectins, integrins and their ligands) and receptor/ligand pairs involved in antigen presentation, antigen  
5 recognition and development of cellular and humoral immune responses). Receptors and ligands are also useful for screening of potential peptide or small molecule inhibitors of the relevant receptor/ligand interaction. A protein encoded by extended cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs of the present invention (including, without limitation, fragments of receptors and ligands) may themselves be useful as inhibitors of receptor/ligand interactions. Alternatively,  
10 as described in more detail below, genes encoding proteins involved in receptor/ligand interactions or nucleic acids regulating the expression of such proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

#### EXAMPLE 40

15     Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or Portions Thereof  
          for Anti-Inflammatory Activity

The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or a portion thereof may also be evaluated for anti-inflammatory activity. The anti-inflammatory activity may be achieved by providing a stimulus to cells involved in the inflammatory response, by inhibiting or  
20 promoting cell-cell interactions (such as, for example, cell adhesion), by inhibiting or promoting chemotaxis of cells involved in the inflammatory process, inhibiting or promoting cell extravasation, or by stimulating or suppressing production of other factors which more directly inhibit or promote an inflammatory response. Proteins exhibiting such activities can be used to treat inflammatory conditions including chronic or acute conditions, including  
25 without limitation inflammation associated with infection (such as septic shock, sepsis or systemic inflammatory response syndrome), ischemia-reperfusion injury, endotoxin lethality, arthritis, complement-mediated hyperacute rejection, nephritis, cytokine- or chemokine-induced lung injury, inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease or resulting from over production of cytokines such as TNF or IL-1. Proteins of the invention may also be useful to  
30 treat anaphylaxis and hypersensitivity to an antigenic substance or material. Alternatively, as described in more detail below, genes encoding anti-inflammatory activity proteins or nucleic

acids regulating the expression of such proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

#### EXAMPLE 41

5                   Assaying the Proteins Expressed from Extended cDNAs or  
                    Portions Thereof for Tumor Inhibition Activity

                    The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or a portion thereof may also be evaluated for tumor inhibition activity. In addition to the activities described above for immunological treatment or prevention of tumors, a protein of the invention may exhibit other  
10   anti-tumor activities. A protein may inhibit tumor growth directly or indirectly (such as, for example, via ADCC). A protein may exhibit its tumor inhibitory activity by acting on tumor tissue or tumor precursor tissue, by inhibiting formation of tissues necessary to support tumor growth (such as, for example, by inhibiting angiogenesis), by causing production of other factors, agents or cell types which inhibit tumor growth, or by suppressing, eliminating or  
15   inhibiting factors, agents or cell types which promote tumor growth. Alternatively, as described in more detail below, genes tumor inhibition activity proteins or nucleic acids regulating the expression of such proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

20                   A protein of the invention may also exhibit one or more of the following additional activities or effects: inhibiting the growth, infection or function of, or killing, infectious agents, including, without limitation, bacteria, viruses, fungi and other parasites; effecting (suppressing or enhancing) bodily characteristics, including, without limitation, height, weight, hair color, eye color, skin, fat to lean ratio or other tissue pigmentation, or organ or  
25   body part size or shape (such as, for example, breast augmentation or diminution, change in bone form or shape); effecting biorhythms or circadian cycles or rhythms; effecting the fertility of male or female subjects; effecting the metabolism, catabolism, anabolism, processing, utilization, storage or elimination of dietary fat, lipid, protein, carbohydrate, vitamins, minerals, cofactors or other nutritional factors or component(s); effecting behavioral  
30   characteristics, including, without limitation, appetite, libido, stress, cognition (including cognitive disorders), depression (including depressive disorders) and violent behaviors;



providing analgesic effects or other pain reducing effects; promoting differentiation and growth of embryonic stem cells in lineages other than hematopoietic lineages; hormonal or endocrine activity; in the case of enzymes, correcting deficiencies of the enzyme and treating deficiency-related diseases; treatment of hyperproliferative disorders (such as, for example, psoriasis); immunoglobulin-like activity (such as, for example, the ability to bind antigens or complement); and the ability to act as an antigen in a vaccine composition to raise an immune response against such protein or another material or entity which is cross-reactive with such protein. Alternatively, as described in more detail below, genes encoding proteins involved in any of the above mentioned activities or nucleic acids regulating the expression of such proteins may be introduced into appropriate host cells to increase or decrease the expression of the proteins as desired.

#### EXAMPLE 42

##### Identification of Proteins which Interact with Polypeptides Encoded by Extended cDNAs

Proteins which interact with the polypeptides encoded by cDNAs derived from the 5' ESTs or fragments thereof, such as receptor proteins, may be identified using two hybrid systems such as the Matchmaker Two Hybrid System 2 (Catalog No. K1604-1, Clontech). As described in the manual accompanying the kit which is incorporated herein by reference, the the cDNAs derived from 5' ESTs, or fragments thereof, are inserted into an expression vector such that they are in frame with DNA encoding the DNA binding domain of the yeast transcriptional activator GAL4. cDNAs in a cDNA library which encode proteins which might interact with the polypeptides encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof are inserted into a second expression vector such that they are in frame with DNA encoding the activation domain of GAL4. The two expression plasmids are transformed into yeast and the yeast are plated on selection medium which selects for expression of selectable markers on each of the expression vectors as well as GAL4 dependent expression of the HIS3 gene. Transformants capable of growing on medium lacking histidine are screened for GAL4 dependent lacZ expression. Those cells which are positive in both the histidine selection and the lacZ assay contain plasmids encoding proteins which interact with the polypeptide encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof.

Alternatively, the system described in Lustig *et al.*, *Methods in Enzymology* **283**: 83-99, 1997, and in U.S. Patent No. 5,654,150, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference, may be used for identifying molecules which interact with the polypeptides encoded by extended cDNAs. In such systems, *in vitro* transcription reactions are performed  
5 on a pool of vectors containing extended cDNA inserts cloned downstream of a promoter which drives *in vitro* transcription. The resulting pools of mRNAs are introduced into *Xenopus laevis* oocytes. The oocytes are then assayed for a desired activity.

Alternatively, the pooled *in vitro* transcription products produced as described above may be translated *in vitro*. The pooled *in vitro* translation products can be assayed for a  
10 desired activity or for interaction with a known polypeptide.

Proteins or other molecules interacting with polypeptides encoded by extended cDNAs can be found by a variety of additional techniques. In one method, affinity columns containing the polypeptide encoded by the extended cDNA or a portion thereof can be constructed. In some versions, of this method the affinity column contains  
15 chimeric proteins in which the protein encoded by the extended cDNA or a portion thereof is fused to glutathione S-transferase. A mixture of cellular proteins or pool of expressed proteins as described above and is applied to the affinity column. Proteins interacting with the polypeptide attached to the column can then be isolated and analyzed on 2-D electrophoresis gel as described in Ramunsen *et al.*, *Electrophoresis* **18**:588-598,  
20 1997, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. Alternatively, the proteins retained on the affinity column can be purified by electrophoresis based methods and sequenced. The same method can be used to isolate antibodies, to screen phage display products, or to screen phage display human antibodies.

Proteins interacting with polypeptides encoded by extended cDNAs or portions  
25 thereof can also be screened by using an Optical Biosensor as described in Edwards and Leatherbarrow, *Analytical Biochemistry* **246**:1-6, 1997, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. The main advantage of the method is that it allows the determination of the association rate between the protein and other interacting molecules. Thus, it is possible to specifically select interacting molecules with a high or  
30 low association rate. Typically a target molecule is linked to the sensor surface (through a carboxymethyl dextran matrix) and a sample of test molecules is placed in contact with

the target molecules. The binding of a test molecule to the target molecule causes a change in the refractive index and/ or thickness. This change is detected by the Biosensor provided it occurs in the evanescent field (which extend a few hundred nanometers from the sensor surface). In these screening assays, the target molecule can  
5 be one of the polypeptides encoded by extended cDNAs or a portion thereof and the test sample can be a collection of proteins extracted from tissues or cells, a pool of expressed proteins, combinatorial peptide and/ or chemical libraries, or phage displayed peptides. The tissues or cells from which the test proteins are extracted can originate from any species.

10 In other methods, a target protein is immobilized and the test population is a collection of unique polypeptides encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof.

To study the interaction of the proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs or portions thereof with drugs, the microdialysis coupled to HPLC method described by Wang *et al.*, *Chromatographia* 44:205-208, 1997 or the affinity capillary electrophoresis  
15 method described by Busch *et al.*, *J. Chromatogr.* 777:311-328, 1997, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference can be used.

It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the proteins expressed from the extended cDNAs or portions may be assayed for numerous activities in addition to those  
20 specifically enumerated above. For example, the expressed proteins may be evaluated for applications involving control and regulation of inflammation, tumor proliferation or metastasis, infection, or other clinical conditions. In addition, the proteins expressed from the extended cDNAs or portions thereof may be useful as nutritional agents or cosmetic agents.

The proteins expressed from the cDNAs or portions thereof may be used to generate  
25 antibodies capable of specifically binding to the expressed protein or fragments thereof as described in Example 40 below. The antibodies may be capable of binding a full length protein encoded by a cDNA derived from a 5' EST, a mature protein (*i.e.* the protein generated by cleavage of the signal peptide) encoded by a cDNA derived from a 5' EST, or a signal peptide encoded by a cDNA derived from a 5' EST. Alternatively, the antibodies may be  
30 capable of binding fragments of at least 10 amino acids of the proteins encoded by the above cDNAs. In some embodiments, the antibodies may be capable of binding fragments of at

least 15 amino acids of the proteins encoded by the above cDNAs. In other embodiments, the antibodies may be capable of binding fragments of at least 25 amino acids of the proteins expressed from the extended cDNAs which comprise at least 25 amino acids of the proteins encoded by the above cDNAs. In further embodiments, the antibodies may be capable of  
5 binding fragments of at least 40 amino acids of the proteins encoded by the above cDNAs.

### EXAMPLE 43

#### Production of an Antibody to a Human Protein

Substantially pure protein or polypeptide is isolated from the transfected or  
10 transformed cells as described in Example 30. The concentration of protein in the final preparation is adjusted, for example, by concentration on an Amicon filter device, to the level of a few µg/ml. Monoclonal or polyclonal antibody to the protein can then be prepared as follows:

#### 15 1. Monoclonal Antibody Production by Hybridoma Fusion

Monoclonal antibody to epitopes of any of the peptides identified and isolated as described can be prepared from murine hybridomas according to the classical method of Kohler, and Milstein, *Nature* 256:495, 1975 or derivative methods thereof. Briefly, a mouse is repetitively inoculated with a few micrograms of the selected protein or  
20 peptides derived therefrom over a period of a few weeks. The mouse is then sacrificed, and the antibody producing cells of the spleen isolated. The spleen cells are fused by means of polyethylene glycol with mouse myeloma cells, and the excess unfused cells destroyed by growth of the system on selective media comprising aminopterin (HAT media). The successfully fused cells are diluted and aliquots of the dilution placed in  
25 wells of a microtiter plate where growth of the culture is continued. Antibody-producing clones are identified by detection of antibody in the supernatant fluid of the wells by immunoassay procedures, such as ELISA, as originally described by Engvall, *Meth. Enzymol.* 70:419, 1980, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference and derivative methods thereof. Selected positive clones can be expanded and their  
30 monoclonal antibody product harvested for use. Detailed procedures for monoclonal antibody production are described in Davis *et al.* in *Basic Methods in Molecular Biology*

Elsevier, New York. Section 21-2, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

## 2. Polyclonal Antibody Production by Immunization

5 Polyclonal antiserum containing antibodies to heterogenous epitopes of a single protein can be prepared by immunizing suitable animals with the expressed protein or peptides derived therefrom, which can be unmodified or modified to enhance immunogenicity. Effective polyclonal antibody production is affected by many factors related both to the antigen and the host species. For example, small molecules tend to be less  
10 immunogenic than others and may require the use of carriers and adjuvant. Also, host animals response vary depending on site of inoculations and doses, with both inadequate or excessive doses of antigen resulting in low titer antisera. Small doses (ng level) of antigen administered at multiple intradermal sites appears to be most reliable. An effective immunization protocol for rabbits can be found in Vaitukaitis. *et al*, *J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab.* 33:988-991 (1971), the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

Booster injections can be given at regular intervals, and antiserum harvested when antibody titer thereof, as determined semi-quantitatively, for example, by double immunodiffusion in agar against known concentrations of the antigen, begins to fall. See, for example, Ouchterlony, *et al*, Chap. 19 in: *Handbook of Experimental Immunology* D. Wier (ed) Blackwell (1973), the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. Plateau  
20 concentration of antibody is usually in the range of 0.1 to 0.2 mg/ml of serum (about 12  $\mu$ M). Affinity of the antisera for the antigen is determined by preparing competitive binding curves, as described, for example, by Fisher, D., Chap. 42 in: *Manual of Clinical Immunology*, 2d Ed. (Rose and Friedman, Eds.) Amer. Soc. For Microbiol., Washington, D.C. (1980), the  
25 disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

Antibody preparations prepared according to either protocol are useful in quantitative immunoassays which determine concentrations of antigen-bearing substances in biological samples; they are also used semi-quantitatively or qualitatively to identify the presence of antigen in a biological sample. The antibodies may also be used in  
30 therapeutic compositions for killing cells expressing the protein or reducing the levels of the protein in the body.

## V. Use of 5' ESTs or Sequences Obtainable Therefrom or Portions Thereof as Reagents

The 5' ESTs of the present invention (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) may be used as reagents in isolation procedures, diagnostic assays, and forensic procedures. For example, sequences from the 5' ESTs (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) may be detectably labeled and used as probes to isolate other sequences capable of hybridizing to them. In addition, sequences from 5' ESTs (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) may be used to design PCR primers to be used in isolation, diagnostic, or forensic procedures.

### 1. Use of 5' ESTs or Sequences Obtainable Therefrom or Portions Thereof in Isolation, Diagnostic and Forensic Procedures

#### EXAMPLE 44

##### Preparation of PCR Primers and Amplification of DNA

The 5' EST sequences (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) may be used to prepare PCR primers for a variety of applications, including isolation procedures for cloning nucleic acids capable of hybridizing to such sequences, diagnostic techniques and forensic techniques. The PCR primers are at least 10 bases, and preferably at least 12, 15, or 17 bases in length. More preferably, the PCR primers are at least 20-30 bases in length. In some embodiments, the PCR primers may be more than 30 bases in length. It is preferred that the primer pairs have approximately the same G/C ratio, so that melting temperatures are approximately the same. A variety of PCR techniques are familiar to those skilled in the art. For a review of PCR technology, see *Molecular Cloning to Genetic Engineering*, White Ed. *in Methods in Molecular Biology* 67: Humana Press, Totowa 1997, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. In each of these PCR procedures, PCR primers on either side of the nucleic acid sequences to be amplified are added to a suitably prepared nucleic acid sample along with dNTPs and a thermostable polymerase such as Taq polymerase, Pfu polymerase, or Vent polymerase. The nucleic acid in the sample is denatured and the PCR primers are specifically hybridized to complementary nucleic acid sequences in the sample. The hybridized primers are extended. Thereafter, another cycle of denaturation,

hybridization, and extension is initiated. The cycles are repeated multiple times to produce an amplified fragment containing the nucleic acid sequence between the primer sites.

#### EXAMPLE 45

5

##### Use of 5' ESTs as Probes

Probes derived from 5' ESTs (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom), including full length cDNAs or genomic sequences, may be labeled with detectable labels familiar to those skilled in the art, including radioisotopes and non-radioactive labels, to provide a detectable probe. The detectable probe may be single stranded or double stranded and may be made using techniques known in the art, including *in vitro* transcription, nick translation, or kinase reactions. A nucleic acid sample containing a sequence capable of hybridizing to the labeled probe is contacted with the labeled probe. If the nucleic acid in the sample is double stranded, it may be denatured prior to contacting the probe. In some applications, the nucleic acid sample may be immobilized on a surface such as a nitrocellulose or nylon membrane. The nucleic acid sample may comprise nucleic acids obtained from a variety of sources, including genomic DNA, cDNA libraries, RNA, or tissue samples.

Procedures used to detect the presence of nucleic acids capable of hybridizing to the detectable probe include well known techniques such as Southern blotting, Northern blotting, dot blotting, colony hybridization, and plaque hybridization. In some applications, the nucleic acid capable of hybridizing to the labeled probe may be cloned into vectors such as expression vectors, sequencing vectors, or *in vitro* transcription vectors to facilitate the characterization and expression of the hybridizing nucleic acids in the sample. For example, such techniques may be used to isolate and clone sequences in a genomic library or cDNA library which are capable of hybridizing to the detectable probe as described in Example 30 above.

PCR primers made as described in Example 44 above may be used in forensic analyses, such as the DNA fingerprinting techniques described in Examples 46-50 below. Such analyses may utilize detectable probes or primers based on the sequences of the the 5' ESTs or of cDNAs or genomic DNAs isolated using the 5' ESTs.

30

#### EXAMPLE 46

##### Forensic Matching by DNA Sequencing

In one exemplary method, DNA samples are isolated from forensic specimens of, for example, hair, semen, blood or skin cells by conventional methods. A panel of PCR primers based on a number of the 5' ESTs of Example 25, or cDNAs or genomic DNAs isolated therefrom as described above, is then utilized in accordance with Example 44 to amplify DNA of approximately 100-200 bases in length from the forensic specimen. Corresponding sequences are obtained from a test subject. Each of these identification DNAs is then sequenced using standard techniques, and a simple database comparison determines the differences, if any, between the sequences from the subject and those from the sample. Statistically significant differences between the suspect's DNA sequences and those from the sample conclusively prove a lack of identity. This lack of identity can be proven, for example, with only one sequence. Identity, on the other hand, should be demonstrated with a large number of sequences, all matching. Preferably, a minimum of 50 statistically identical sequences of 100 bases in length are used to prove identity between the suspect and the sample.

15

#### EXAMPLE 47

##### Positive Identification by DNA Sequencing

The technique outlined in the previous example may also be used on a larger scale to provide a unique fingerprint-type identification of any individual. In this technique, primers are prepared from a large number of 5'EST sequences from Example 25, or cDNA or genomic DNA sequences obtainable therefrom. Preferably, 20 to 50 different primers are used. These primers are used to obtain a corresponding number of PCR-generated DNA segments from the individual in question in accordance with Example 44. Each of these DNA segments is sequenced, using the methods set forth in Example 46. The database of sequences generated through this procedure uniquely identifies the individual from whom the sequences were obtained. The same panel of primers may then be used at any later time to absolutely correlate tissue or other biological specimen with that individual.

20

#### EXAMPLE 48

##### Southern Blot Forensic Identification



The procedure of Example 47 is repeated to obtain a panel of at least 10 amplified sequences from an individual and a specimen. Preferably, the panel contains at least 50 amplified sequences. More preferably, the panel contains 100 amplified sequences. In some embodiments, the panel contains 200 amplified sequences. This PCR-generated DNA is then  
5 digested with one or a combination of, preferably, four base specific restriction enzymes. Such enzymes are commercially available and known to those of skill in the art. After digestion, the resultant gene fragments are size separated in multiple duplicate wells on an agarose gel and transferred to nitrocellulose using Southern blotting techniques well known to those with skill in the art. For a review of Southern blotting see Davis *et al.* (Basic  
10 Methods in Molecular Biology, 1986, Elsevier Press. pp 62-65) , the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference..

A panel of probes based on the sequences of 5' ESTs (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom), or fragments thereof of at least 10 bases, are radioactively or colorimetrically labeled using methods known in the art, such as nick translation or end  
15 labeling, and hybridized to the Southern blot using techniques known in the art (Davis *et al.*, supra). Preferably, the probe comprises at least 12, 15, or 17 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom). More preferably, the probe comprises at least 20-30 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom). In some embodiments, the probe comprises more than 30  
20 nucleotides from the 5' EST (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom).

Preferably, at least 5 to 10 of these labeled probes are used, and more preferably at least about 20 or 30 are used to provide a unique pattern. The resultant bands appearing from the hybridization of a large sample of 5' EST (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) will be a unique identifier. Since the restriction enzyme cleavage will be different  
25 for every individual, the band pattern on the Southern blot will also be unique. Increasing the number of 5' EST (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) probes will provide a statistically higher level of confidence in the identification since there will be an increased number of sets of bands used for identification.

**EXAMPLE 49****Dot Blot Identification Procedure**

Another technique for identifying individuals using the 5' EST sequences disclosed herein utilizes a dot blot hybridization technique.

- 5            Genomic DNA is isolated from nuclei of subject to be identified. Oligonucleotide probes of approximately 30 bp in length are synthesized that correspond to at least 10, preferably 50 sequences from the 5' ESTs or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom. The probes are used to hybridize to the genomic DNA through conditions known to those in the art. The oligonucleotides are end labeled with P<sup>32</sup> using polynucleotide kinase
- 10           (Pharmacia). Dot Blots are created by spotting the genomic DNA onto nitrocellulose or the like using a vacuum dot blot manifold (BioRad, Richmond California). The nitrocellulose filter containing the genomic sequences is baked or UV linked to the filter, prehybridized and hybridized with labeled probe using techniques known in the art (Davis *et al.*, *supra*). The <sup>32</sup>P labeled DNA fragments are sequentially hybridized with successively stringent conditions to
- 15           detect minimal differences between the 30 bp sequence and the DNA. Tetramethylammonium chloride is useful for identifying clones containing small numbers of nucleotide mismatches (Wood *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 82(6):1585-1588, 1985) which is hereby incorporated by reference. A unique pattern of dots distinguishes one individual from another individual.
- 20           5' EST sequences (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) or oligonucleotides containing at least 10 consecutive bases from these sequences can be used as probes in the following alternative fingerprinting technique. Preferably, the probe comprises at least 12, 15, or 17 consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST sequences (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom). More preferably, the probe comprises at least 20-30
- 25           consecutive nucleotides from the 5' EST sequences (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom). In some embodiments, the probe comprises more than 30 nucleotides from the 5' EST sequences (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom).

- Preferably, a plurality of probes having sequences from different genes are used in the alternative fingerprinting technique. Example 50 below provides a representative alternative
- 30           fingerprinting procedure in which the probes are derived from 5'EST.

**EXAMPLE 50****Alternative "Fingerprint" Identification Technique**

20-mer oligonucleotides are prepared from a large number, e.g. 50, 100, or 200, of 5'EST using commercially available oligonucleotide services such as Genset, Paris, France.

5 Cell samples from the test subject are processed for DNA using techniques well known to those with skill in the art. The nucleic acid is digested with restriction enzymes such as EcoRI and XbaI. Following digestion, samples are applied to wells for electrophoresis. The procedure, as known in the art, may be modified to accommodate polyacrylamide electrophoresis, however in this example, samples containing 5 ug of DNA are loaded into

10 wells and separated on 0.8% agarose gels. The gels are transferred onto nitrocellulose using standard Southern blotting techniques.

10 ng of each of the oligonucleotides are pooled and end-labeled with  $^{32}\text{P}$ . The nitrocellulose is prehybridized with blocking solution and hybridized with the labeled probes. Following hybridization and washing, the nitrocellulose filter is exposed to X-Omat AR X-ray

15 film. The resulting hybridization pattern will be unique for each individual.

It is additionally contemplated within this example that the number of probe sequences used can be varied for additional accuracy or clarity.

The proteins encoded by the extended cDNAs may also be used to generate

20 antibodies as explained in Examples 30 and 43 in order to identify the tissue type or cell species from which a sample is derived as described in example 51.

**EXAMPLE 51****Identification of Tissue Types or Cell Species by Means of**  
**Labeled Tissue Specific Antibodies**

25 Identification of specific tissues is accomplished by the visualization of tissue specific antigens by means of antibody preparations according to Examples 30 and 43 which are conjugated, directly or indirectly to a detectable marker. Selected labeled antibody species bind to their specific antigen binding partner in tissue sections, cell suspensions, or in extracts

30 of soluble proteins from a tissue sample to provide a pattern for qualitative or semi-qualitative interpretation.

Antisera for these procedures must have a potency exceeding that of the native preparation, and for that reason, antibodies are concentrated to a mg/ml level by isolation of the gamma globulin fraction, for example, by ion-exchange chromatography or by ammonium sulfate fractionation. Also, to provide the most specific antisera, unwanted  
5 antibodies, for example to common proteins, must be removed from the gamma globulin fraction, for example by means of insoluble immunoabsorbents, before the antibodies are labeled with the marker. Either monoclonal or heterologous antisera is suitable for either procedure.

*A. Immunohistochemical techniques*

10 Purified, high-titer antibodies, prepared as described above, are conjugated to a detectable marker, as described, for example, by Fudenberg, Chap. 26 in: *Basic and Clinical Immunology*, 3rd Ed. Lange, Los Altos, California, 1980, or Rose, *et al.*, Chap. 12 in: *Methods in Immunodiagnosis*, 2d Ed. John Wiley and Sons, New York (1980), the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

15 A fluorescent marker, either fluorescein or rhodamine, is preferred, but antibodies can also be labeled with an enzyme that supports a color producing reaction with a substrate, such as horseradish peroxidase. Markers can be added to tissue-bound antibody in a second step, as described below. Alternatively, the specific antitissue antibodies can be labeled with ferritin or other electron dense particles, and localization of the ferritin coupled antigen-antibody  
20 complexes achieved by means of an electron microscope. In yet another approach, the antibodies are radiolabeled, with, for example  $^{125}\text{I}$ , and detected by overlaying the antibody treated preparation with photographic emulsion.

Preparations to carry out the procedures can comprise monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies to a single protein or peptide identified as specific to a tissue type, for example,  
25 brain tissue, or antibody preparations to several antigenically distinct tissue specific antigens can be used in panels, independently or in mixtures, as required.

Tissue sections and cell suspensions are prepared for immunohistochemical examination according to common histological techniques. Multiple cryostat sections (about 4  $\mu\text{m}$ , unfixed) of the unknown tissue and known control, are mounted and each slide  
30 covered with different dilutions of the antibody preparation. Sections of known and unknown tissues should also be treated with preparations to provide a positive control, a negative

control, for example, pre-immune sera, and a control for non-specific staining, for example, buffer.

Treated sections are incubated in a humid chamber for 30 min at room temperature, rinsed, then washed in buffer for 30-45 min. Excess fluid is blotted away, and the marker  
5 developed.

If the tissue specific antibody was not labeled in the first incubation, it can be labeled at this time in a second antibody-antibody reaction, for example, by adding fluorescein- or enzyme-conjugated antibody against the immunoglobulin class of the antiserum-producing species, for example, fluorescein labeled antibody to mouse IgG. Such labeled sera are  
10 commercially available.

The antigen found in the tissues by the above procedure can be quantified by measuring the intensity of color or fluorescence on the tissue section, and calibrating that signal using appropriate standards.

#### *B. Identification of tissue specific soluble proteins*

The visualization of tissue specific proteins and identification of unknown tissues from that procedure is carried out using the labeled antibody reagents and detection strategy as described for immunohistochemistry; however the sample is prepared according to an electrophoretic technique to distribute the proteins extracted from the tissue in an orderly array on the basis of molecular weight for detection.  
15

A tissue sample is homogenized using a Virtis apparatus; cell suspensions are disrupted by Dounce homogenization or osmotic lysis, using detergents in either case as required to disrupt cell membranes, as is the practice in the art. Insoluble cell components such as nuclei, microsomes, and membrane fragments are removed by ultracentrifugation, and the soluble protein-containing fraction concentrated if necessary and reserved for analysis.  
20

A sample of the soluble protein solution is resolved into individual protein species by conventional SDS polyacrylamide electrophoresis as described, for example, by Davis, *et al.*, Section 19-2 in: *Basic Methods in Molecular Biology*, Leder ed., Elsevier, New York, 1986, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference, using a range of amounts of polyacrylamide in a set of gels to resolve the entire molecular weight range of proteins to be detected in the sample. A size marker is run in parallel for purposes of estimating molecular weights of the constituent proteins. Sample size for analysis is a convenient volume of from 5  
25  
30

to 55  $\mu$ l, and containing from about 1 to 100  $\mu$ g protein. An aliquot of each of the resolved proteins is transferred by blotting to a nitrocellulose filter paper, a process that maintains the pattern of resolution. Multiple copies are prepared. The procedure, known as Western Blot Analysis, is well described in Davis, L. *et al.*, *supra* Section 19-3. One set of nitrocellulose blots is stained with Coomassie blue dye to visualize the entire set of proteins for comparison with the antibody bound proteins. The remaining nitrocellulose filters are then incubated with a solution of one or more specific antisera to tissue specific proteins prepared as described in Examples 30 and 43. In this procedure, as in procedure A above, appropriate positive and negative sample and reagent controls are run.

10 In either procedure A or B, a detectable label can be attached to the primary tissue antigen-primary antibody complex according to various strategies and permutations thereof. In a straightforward approach, the primary specific antibody can be labeled; alternatively, the unlabeled complex can be bound by a labeled secondary anti-IgG antibody. In other approaches, either the primary or secondary antibody is conjugated to a biotin molecule, which can, in a subsequent step, bind an avidin conjugated marker. According to yet another strategy, enzyme labeled or radioactive protein A, which has the property of binding to any IgG, is bound in a final step to either the primary or secondary antibody.

The visualization of tissue specific antigen binding at levels above those seen in control tissues to one or more tissue specific antibodies, prepared from the gene sequences identified from extended cDNA sequences, can identify tissues of unknown origin, for example, forensic samples, or differentiated tumor tissue that has metastasized to foreign bodily sites.

In addition to their applications in forensics and identification, 5' ESTs (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) may be mapped to their chromosomal locations. Example 52 below describes radiation hybrid (RH) mapping of human chromosomal regions using 5'ESTs. Example 53 below describes a representative procedure for mapping an 5' EST to its location on a human chromosome. Example 54 below describes mapping of 5' ESTs on metaphase chromosomes by Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization (FISH). Those skilled in the art will appreciate that the method of Examples 52-54 may also be used to map cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable from the 5' ESTs to their chromosomal locations.

2. Use of 5' ESTs or Sequences Obtainable Therefrom or Portions Thereof in Chromosome Mapping

**EXAMPLE 52**

Radiation hybrid mapping of 5'ESTs to the human genome

5        Radiation hybrid (RH) mapping is a somatic cell genetic approach that can be used for high resolution mapping of the human genome. In this approach, cell lines containing one or more human chromosomes are lethally irradiated, breaking each chromosome into fragments whose size depends on the radiation dose. These fragments are rescued by fusion with cultured rodent cells, yielding subclones containing different portions of the human genome. This technique is described by Benham *et al.*, *Genomics* 4:509-517, 1989; and Cox  
10        *et al.*, *Science* 250:245-250, 1990, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference. The random and independent nature of the subclones permits efficient mapping of any human genome marker. Human DNA isolated from a panel of 80-100 cell lines provides a mapping reagent for ordering 5'EST. In this approach, the frequency of breakage between  
15        markers is used to measure distance, allowing construction of fine resolution maps as has been done using conventional ESTs (Schuler *et al.*, *Science* 274:540-546, 1996, hereby incorporated by reference).

      RH mapping has been used to generate a high-resolution whole genome radiation hybrid map of human chromosome 17q22-q25.3 across the genes for growth hormone (GH)  
20        and thymidine kinase (TK) (Foster *et al.*, *Genomics* 33:185-192, 1996), the region surrounding the Gorlin syndrome gene (Obermayr *et al.*, *Eur. J. Hum. Genet.* 4:242-245, 1996), 60 loci covering the entire short arm of chromosome 12 (Raeymaekers *et al.*, *Genomics* 29:170-178, 1995), the region of human chromosome 22 containing the neurofibromatosis type 2 locus (Frazer *et al.*, *Genomics* 14:574-584, 1992) and 13 loci on the  
25        long arm of chromosome 5 (Warrington *et al.*, *Genomics* 11:701-708, 1991).

**EXAMPLE 53**

Mapping of 5'ESTs to Human Chromosomes using PCR techniques

      5' ESTs (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) may be assigned to  
30        human chromosomes using PCR based methodologies. In such approaches, oligonucleotide primer pairs are designed from the 5' ESTs (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable

therefrom) to minimize the chance of amplifying through an intron. Preferably, the oligonucleotide primers are 18-23 bp in length and are designed for PCR amplification. The creation of PCR primers from known sequences is well known to those with skill in the art. For a review of PCR technology see Erlich in *PCR Technology, Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification*, Freeman and Co., New York, 1992, the disclosure of which is  
5 incorporated herein by reference..

The primers are used in polymerase chain reactions (PCR) to amplify templates from total human genomic DNA. PCR conditions are as follows: 60 ng of genomic DNA is used as a template for PCR with 80 ng of each oligonucleotide primer, 0.6 unit of Taq polymerase,  
10 and 1  $\mu$ Cu of a  $^{32}$ P-labeled deoxycytidine triphosphate. The PCR is performed in a microplate thermocycler (Techne) under the following conditions: 30 cycles of 94°C, 1.4 min; 55°C, 2 min; and 72°C, 2 min; with a final extension at 72°C for 10 min. The amplified products are analyzed on a 6% polyacrylamide sequencing gel and visualized by autoradiography. If the length of the resulting PCR product is identical to the distance  
15 between the ends of the primer sequences in the extended cDNA from which the primers are derived, then the PCR reaction is repeated with DNA templates from two panels of human-rodent somatic cell hybrids, BIOS PCRable DNA (BIOS Corporation) and NIGMS Human-Rodent Somatic Cell Hybrid Mapping Panel Number 1 (NIGMS, Camden, NJ).

PCR is used to screen a series of somatic cell hybrid cell lines containing defined sets  
20 of human chromosomes for the presence of a given 5' EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom). DNA is isolated from the somatic hybrids and used as starting templates for PCR reactions using the primer pairs from the 5' EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom). Only those somatic cell hybrids with chromosomes containing the human gene corresponding to the 5' EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable  
25 therefrom) will yield an amplified fragment. The 5' EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) are assigned to a chromosome by analysis of the segregation pattern of PCR products from the somatic hybrid DNA templates. The single human chromosome present in all cell hybrids that give rise to an amplified fragment is the chromosome containing that 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom). For a review of techniques  
30 and analysis of results from somatic cell gene mapping experiments, see Ledbetter *et al.*, *Genomics* 6:475-481, 1990, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.



**EXAMPLE 54****Mapping of Extended 5' ESTs to Chromosomes Using Fluorescence *In Situ*****Hybridization**

Fluorescence in situ hybridization allows the 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) to be mapped to a particular location on a given chromosome. The chromosomes to be used for fluorescence in situ hybridization techniques may be obtained from a variety of sources including cell cultures, tissues, or whole blood.

In a preferred embodiment, chromosomal localization of an 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) is obtained by FISH as described by Cherif *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.*, 87:6639-6643, 1990), the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.. Metaphase chromosomes are prepared from phytohemagglutinin (PHA)-stimulated blood cell donors. PHA-stimulated lymphocytes from healthy males are cultured for 72 h in RPMI-1640 medium. For synchronization, methotrexate (10  $\mu$ M) is added for 17 h, followed by addition of 5-bromodeoxyuridine (5-BrdU, 0.1 mM) for 6 h. Colcemid (1  $\mu$ g/ml) is added for the last 15 min before harvesting the cells. Cells are collected, washed in RPMI, incubated with a hypotonic solution of KCl (75 mM) at 37°C for 15 min and fixed in three changes of methanol:acetic acid (3:1). The cell suspension is dropped onto a glass slide and air dried. The 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) is labeled with biotin-16 dUTP by nick translation according to the manufacturer's instructions (Bethesda Research Laboratories, Bethesda, MD), purified using a Sephadex G-50 column (Pharmacia, Upsala, Sweden) and precipitated. Just prior to hybridization, the DNA pellet is dissolved in hybridization buffer (50% formamide, 2 X SSC, 10% dextran sulfate, 1 mg/ml sonicated salmon sperm DNA, pH 7) and the probe is denatured at 70°C for 5-10 min.

Slides kept at -20°C are treated for 1 h at 37°C with RNase A (100  $\mu$ g/ml), rinsed three times in 2 X SSC and dehydrated in an ethanol series. Chromosome preparations are denatured in 70% formamide, 2 X SSC for 2 min at 70°C, then dehydrated at 4°C. The slides are treated with proteinase K (10  $\mu$ g/100 ml in 20 mM Tris-HCl, 2 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>) at 37°C for 8 min and dehydrated. The hybridization mixture containing the probe is placed on the slide, covered with a coverslip, sealed with rubber cement and incubated overnight in a humid chamber at 37°C. After hybridization and post-hybridization washes, the biotinylated probe is detected by avidin-FITC and amplified with additional layers of biotinylated goat anti-avidin

and avidin-FITC. For chromosomal localization, fluorescent R-bands are obtained as previously described (Cherif *et al.*, *supra.*). The slides are observed under a LEICA fluorescence microscope (DMRXA). Chromosomes are counterstained with propidium iodide and the fluorescent signal of the probe appears as two symmetrical yellow-green spots  
5 on both chromatids of the fluorescent R-band chromosome (red). Thus, a particular 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) may be localized to a particular cytogenetic R-band on a given chromosome.

Once the 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) have been  
10 assigned to particular chromosomes using the techniques described in Examples 52-54 above, they may be utilized to construct a high resolution map of the chromosomes on which they are located or to identify the chromosomes in a sample.

#### EXAMPLE 55

##### 15 Use of 5'EST to Construct or Expand Chromosome Maps

Chromosome mapping involves assigning a given unique sequence to a particular chromosome as described above. Once the unique sequence has been mapped to a given chromosome, it is ordered relative to other unique sequences located on the same chromosome. One approach to chromosome mapping utilizes a series of yeast artificial  
20 chromosomes (YACs) bearing several thousand long inserts derived from the chromosomes of the organism from which the extended cDNAs (or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) are obtained. This approach is described in Nagaraja *et al.*, *Genome Research* 7:210-222, 1997, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. Briefly, in this approach each chromosome is broken into overlapping pieces which are inserted into the YAC vector.  
25 The YAC inserts are screened using PCR or other methods to determine whether they include the 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) whose position is to be determined. Once an insert has been found which includes the 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom), the insert can be analyzed by PCR or other methods to determine whether the insert also contains other sequences known to be on the chromosome  
30 or in the region from which the 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) was derived. This process can be repeated for each insert in the YAC library to determine the

location of each of the extended cDNAs (or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) relative to one another and to other known chromosomal markers. In this way, a high resolution map of the distribution of numerous unique markers along each of the organisms chromosomes may be obtained.

5

As described in Example 56 below extended cDNAs (or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) may also be used to identify genes associated with a particular phenotype, such as hereditary disease or drug response.

10 3. Use of 5'ESTs or Sequences Obtained Therefrom or Fragments Thereof in Gene Identification

**EXAMPLE 56**

Identification of genes associated with hereditary diseases or drug response

This example illustrates an approach useful for the association of 5'ESTs (or cDNA  
15 or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) with particular phenotypic characteristics. In this example, a particular 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) is used as a test probe to associate that 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) with a particular phenotypic characteristic.

5'ESTs (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) are mapped to a particular  
20 location on a human chromosome using techniques such as those described in Examples 52 and 53 or other techniques known in the art. A search of Mendelian Inheritance in Man (McKusick in *Mendelian Inheritance in Man* (available on line through Johns Hopkins University Welch Medical Library) reveals the region of the human chromosome which contains the 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) to be a very gene rich  
25 region containing several known genes and several diseases or phenotypes for which genes have not been identified. The gene corresponding to this 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) thus becomes an immediate candidate for each of these genetic diseases.

Cells from patients with these diseases or phenotypes are isolated and expanded  
30 in culture. PCR primers from the 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) are used to screen genomic DNA, mRNA or cDNA obtained from the

patients. 5'ESTs (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) that are not amplified in the patients can be positively associated with a particular disease by further analysis. Alternatively, the PCR analysis may yield fragments of different lengths when the samples are derived from an individual having the phenotype associated with the disease than when the sample is derived from a healthy individual, indicating that the gene containing the 5'EST may be responsible for the genetic disease.

#### **VI. Use of 5'EST (or cDNA or Genomic DNA Obtainable Therefrom) to Construct Vectors**

The present 5'ESTs (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) may also be used to construct secretion vectors capable of directing the secretion of the proteins encoded by genes therein. Such secretion vectors may facilitate the purification or enrichment of the proteins encoded by genes inserted therein by reducing the number of background proteins from which the desired protein must be purified or enriched. Exemplary secretion vectors are described in Example 57 below.

##### 1. Construction of Secretion Vectors

##### **EXAMPLE 57**

##### Construction of Secretion Vectors

The secretion vectors include a promoter capable of directing gene expression in the host cell, tissue, or organism of interest. Such promoters include the Rous Sarcoma Virus promoter, the SV40 promoter, the human cytomegalovirus promoter, and other promoters familiar to those skilled in the art.

A signal sequence from a 5' EST (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) is operably linked to the promoter such that the mRNA transcribed from the promoter will direct the translation of the signal peptide. The host cell, tissue, or organism may be any cell, tissue, or organism which recognizes the signal peptide encoded by the signal sequence in the 5' EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom). Suitable hosts include mammalian cells, tissues or organisms, avian cells, tissues, or organisms, insect cells, tissues or organisms, or yeast.

In addition, the secretion vector contains cloning sites for inserting genes encoding the proteins which are to be secreted. The cloning sites facilitate the cloning of the insert gene in frame with the signal sequence such that a fusion protein in which the signal peptide is fused to the protein encoded by the inserted gene is expressed from the mRNA transcribed  
5 from the promoter. The signal peptide directs the extracellular secretion of the fusion protein.

The secretion vector may be DNA or RNA and may integrate into the chromosome of the host, be stably maintained as an extrachromosomal replicon in the host, be an artificial chromosome, or be transiently present in the host. Many nucleic acid backbones suitable for use as secretion vectors are known to those skilled in the art, including retroviral vectors,  
10 SV40 vectors, Bovine Papilloma Virus vectors, yeast integrating plasmids, yeast episomal plasmids, yeast artificial chromosomes, human artificial chromosomes, P element vectors, baculovirus vectors, or bacterial plasmids capable of being transiently introduced into the host.

The secretion vector may also contain a polyA signal such that the polyA signal is  
15 located downstream of the gene inserted into the secretion vector.

After the gene encoding the protein for which secretion is desired is inserted into the secretion vector, the secretion vector is introduced into the host cell, tissue, or organism using calcium phosphate precipitation, DEAE-Dextran, electroporation, liposome-mediated transfection, viral particles or as naked DNA. The protein encoded by the inserted gene is  
20 then purified or enriched from the supernatant using conventional techniques such as ammonium sulfate precipitation, immunoprecipitation, immunochromatography, size exclusion chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, and HPLC. Alternatively, the secreted protein may be in a sufficiently enriched or pure state in the supernatant or growth media of the host to permit it to be used for its intended purpose without further enrichment.

25 The signal sequences may also be inserted into vectors designed for gene therapy. In such vectors, the signal sequence is operably linked to a promoter such that mRNA transcribed from the promoter encodes the signal peptide. A cloning site is located downstream of the signal sequence such that a gene encoding a protein whose secretion is desired may readily be inserted into the vector and fused to the signal sequence. The vector is  
30 introduced into an appropriate host cell. The protein expressed from the promoter is secreted extracellularly, thereby producing a therapeutic effect.

The 5' ESTs may also be used to clone sequences located upstream of the 5' ESTs which are capable of regulating gene expression, including promoter sequences, enhancer sequences, and other upstream sequences which influence transcription or translation levels. Once identified and cloned, these upstream regulatory sequences may be used in expression vectors designed to direct the expression of an inserted gene in a desired spatial, temporal, developmental, or quantitative fashion. Example 58 describes a method for cloning sequences upstream of the extended cDNAs or 5' ESTs.

10 2. Identification of Upstream Sequences With Promoting or Regulatory Activities

**EXAMPLE 58**

Use of Extended cDNAs or 5' ESTs to Clone Upstream Sequences from Genomic DNA

Sequences derived from extended cDNAs or 5' ESTs may be used to isolate the promoters of the corresponding genes using chromosome walking techniques. In one chromosome walking technique, which utilizes the GenomeWalker™ kit available from Clontech, five complete genomic DNA samples are each digested with a different restriction enzyme which has a 6 base recognition site and leaves a blunt end. Following digestion, oligonucleotide adapters are ligated to each end of the resulting genomic DNA fragments.

For each of the five genomic DNA libraries, a first PCR reaction is performed according to the manufacturer's instructions (which are incorporated herein by reference) using an outer adaptor primer provided in the kit and an outer gene specific primer. The gene specific primer should be selected to be specific for the extended cDNA or 5' EST of interest and should have a melting temperature, length, and location in the extended cDNA or 5'EST which is consistent with its use in PCR reactions. Each first PCR reaction contains 5 ng of genomic DNA, 5 µl of 10X Tth reaction buffer, 0.2 mM of each dNTP, 0.2 µM each of outer adaptor primer and outer gene specific primer, 1.1 mM of Mg(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, and 1 µl of the Tth polymerase 50X mix in a total volume of 50 µl. The reaction cycle for the first PCR reaction is as follows: 1 min - 94°C / 2 sec - 94°C, 3 min - 72°C (7 cycles) / 2 sec - 94°C, 3 min - 67°C (32 cycles) / 5 min - 67°C.

30 The product of the first PCR reaction is diluted and used as a template for a second PCR reaction according to the manufacturer's instructions using a pair of nested

primers which are located internally on the amplicon resulting from the first PCR reaction. For example, 5 µl of the reaction product of the first PCR reaction mixture may be diluted 180 times. Reactions are made in a 50 µl volume having a composition identical to that of the first PCR reaction except the nested primers are used. The first  
5 nested primer is specific for the adaptor, and is provided with the GenomeWalker™ kit. The second nested primer is specific for the particular extended cDNA or 5' EST for which the promoter is to be cloned and should have a melting temperature, length, and location in the extended cDNA or 5' EST which is consistent with its use in PCR reactions. The reaction parameters of the second PCR reaction are as follows: 1 min -  
10 94°C / 2 sec - 94°C, 3 min - 72°C (6 cycles) / 2 sec - 94°C, 3 min - 67°C (25 cycles) / 5 min - 67°C. The product of the second PCR reaction is purified, cloned, and sequenced using standard techniques.

Alternatively, two or more human genomic DNA libraries can be constructed by using two or more restriction enzymes. The digested genomic DNA is cloned into vectors  
15 which can be converted into single stranded, circular, or linear DNA. A biotinylated oligonucleotide comprising at least 15 nucleotides from the extended cDNA or 5' EST sequence is hybridized to the single stranded DNA. Hybrids between the biotinylated oligonucleotide and the single stranded DNA containing the extended cDNA or EST sequence are isolated as described in Example 29 above. Thereafter, the single stranded  
20 DNA containing the extended cDNA or EST sequence is released from the beads and converted into double stranded DNA using a primer specific for the extended cDNA or 5' EST sequence or a primer corresponding to a sequence included in the cloning vector. The resulting double stranded DNA is transformed into bacteria. DNAs containing the 5' EST or extended cDNA sequences are identified by colony PCR or colony hybridization.

25

Once the upstream genomic sequences have been cloned and sequenced as described above, prospective promoters and transcription start sites within the upstream sequences may be identified by comparing the sequences upstream of the extended cDNAs or 5' ESTs with  
30 databases containing known transcription start sites, transcription factor binding sites, or promoter sequences.

In addition, promoters in the upstream sequences may be identified using promoter reporter vectors as described in Example .

### EXAMPLE 59

#### 5                    Identification of Promoters in Cloned Upstream Sequences

The genomic sequences upstream of the extended cDNAs or 5' ESTs are cloned into a suitable promoter reporter vector, such as the pSEAP-Basic, pSEAP-Enhancer, p $\beta$ gal-Basic, p $\beta$ gal-Enhancer, or pEGFP-1 Promoter Reporter vectors available from Clontech. Briefly, each of these promoter reporter vectors include multiple cloning sites positioned  
10 upstream of a reporter gene encoding a readily assayable protein such as secreted alkaline phosphatase,  $\beta$  galactosidase, or green fluorescent protein. The sequences upstream of the extended cDNAs or 5' ESTs are inserted into the cloning sites upstream of the reporter gene in both orientations and introduced into an appropriate host cell. The level of reporter protein is assayed and compared to the level obtained from a vector which lacks an insert in the  
15 cloning site. The presence of an elevated expression level in the vector containing the insert with respect to the control vector indicates the presence of a promoter in the insert. If necessary, the upstream sequences can be cloned into vectors which contain an enhancer for augmenting transcription levels from weak promoter sequences. A significant level of expression above that observed with the vector lacking an insert indicates that a promoter  
20 sequence is present in the inserted upstream sequence.

Appropriate host cells for the promoter reporter vectors may be chosen based on the results of the above described determination of expression patterns of the extended cDNAs and ESTs. For example, if the expression pattern analysis indicates that the mRNA corresponding to a particular extended cDNA or 5' EST is expressed in fibroblasts, the  
25 promoter reporter vector may be introduced into a human fibroblast cell line.

Promoter sequences within the upstream genomic DNA may be further defined by constructing nested deletions in the upstream DNA using conventional techniques such as Exonuclease III digestion. The resulting deletion fragments can be inserted into the promoter reporter vector to determine whether the deletion has reduced or obliterated promoter  
30 activity. In this way, the boundaries of the promoters may be defined. If desired, potential individual regulatory sites within the promoter may be identified using site directed



mutagenesis or linker scanning to obliterate potential transcription factor binding sites within the promoter individually or in combination. The effects of these mutations on transcription levels may be determined by inserting the mutations into the cloning sites in the promoter reporter vectors.

5

### EXAMPLE 60

#### Cloning and Identification of Promoters

Using the method described in Example 58 above with 5' ESTs, sequences upstream of several genes were obtained. Using the primer pairs GGG AAG ATG GAG ATA GTA  
10 TTG CCT G (SEQ ID NO:29) and CTG CCA TGT ACA TGA TAG AGA GAT TC (SEQ ID NO:30), the promoter having the internal designation P13H2 (SEQ ID NO:31) was obtained.

Using the primer pairs GTA CCA GGGG ACT GTG ACC ATT GC (SEQ ID NO:32) and CTG TGA CCA TTG CTC CCA AGA GAG (SEQ ID NO:33), the promoter  
15 having the internal designation P15B4 (SEQ ID NO:34) was obtained.

Using the primer pairs CTG GGA TGG AAG GCA CGG TA (SEQ ID NO:35) and GAG ACC ACA CAG CTA GAC AA (SEQ ID NO:36), the promoter having the internal designation P29B6 (SEQ ID NO:37) was obtained.

Figure 4 provides a schematic description of the promoters isolated and the way they  
20 are assembled with the corresponding 5' tags. The upstream sequences were screened for the presence of motifs resembling transcription factor binding sites or known transcription start sites using the computer program MatInspector release 2.0, August 1996.

Table VII describes the transcription factor binding sites present in each of these promoters. The columns labeled matrice provides the name of the MatInspector matrix used.  
25 The column labeled position provides the 5' position of the promoter site. Numeration of the sequence starts from the transcription site as determined by matching the genomic sequence with the 5' EST sequence. The column labeled "orientation" indicates the DNA strand on which the site is found, with the + strand being the coding strand as determined by matching the genomic sequence with the sequence of the 5' EST. The column labeled "score" provides  
30 the MatInspector score found for this site. The column labeled "length" provides the length

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of the site in nucleotides. The column labeled "sequence" provides the sequence of the site found.

Bacterial clones containing plasmids containing the promoter sequences described above described above are presently stored in the inventor's laboratories under the internal  
5 identification numbers provided above. The inserts may be recovered from the deposited materials by growing an aliquot of the appropriate bacterial clone in the appropriate medium. The plasmid DNA can then be isolated using plasmid isolation procedures familiar to those skilled in the art such as alkaline lysis minipreps or large scale alkaline lysis plasmid isolation procedures. If desired the plasmid DNA may be further enriched by centrifugation on a  
10 cesium chloride gradient, size exclusion chromatography, or anion exchange chromatography.

The plasmid DNA obtained using these procedures may then be manipulated using standard cloning techniques familiar to those skilled in the art. Alternatively, a PCR can be done with primers designed at both ends of the EST insertion. The PCR product which corresponds to the 5' EST can then be manipulated using standard cloning techniques familiar to those skilled  
15 in the art.

The promoters and other regulatory sequences located upstream of the extended cDNAs or 5' ESTs may be used to design expression vectors capable of directing the expression of an inserted gene in a desired spatial, temporal, developmental, or quantitative manner. A promoter capable of directing the desired spatial, temporal, developmental, and  
20 quantitative patterns may be selected using the results of the expression analysis described in Example 26 above. For example, if a promoter which confers a high level of expression in muscle is desired, the promoter sequence upstream of an extended cDNA or 5' EST derived from an mRNA which is expressed at a high level in muscle, as determined by the method of Example 26, may be used in the expression vector.

25 Preferably, the desired promoter is placed near multiple restriction sites to facilitate the cloning of the desired insert downstream of the promoter, such that the promoter is able to drive expression of the inserted gene. The promoter may be inserted in conventional nucleic acid backbones designed for extrachromosomal replication, integration into the host chromosomes or transient expression. Suitable backbones for the present expression vectors  
30 include retroviral backbones, backbones from eukaryotic episomes such as SV40 or Bovine Papilloma Virus, backbones from bacterial episomes, or artificial chromosomes.

Preferably, the expression vectors also include a polyA signal downstream of the multiple restriction sites for directing the polyadenylation of mRNA transcribed from the gene inserted into the expression vector.

Following the identification of promoter sequences using the procedures of Examples 5 58-60, proteins which interact with the promoter may be identified as described in Example 61 below.

### EXAMPLE 61

#### Identification of Proteins Which Interact with Promoter Sequences, Upstream

##### 10 Regulatory Sequences, or mRNA

Sequences within the promoter region which are likely to bind transcription factors may be identified by homology to known transcription factor binding sites or through conventional mutagenesis or deletion analyses of reporter plasmids containing the promoter sequence. For example, deletions may be made in a reporter plasmid containing the promoter  
15 sequence of interest operably linked to an assayable reporter gene. The reporter plasmids carrying various deletions within the promoter region are transfected into an appropriate host cell and the effects of the deletions on expression levels is assessed. Transcription factor binding sites within the regions in which deletions reduce expression levels may be further localized using site directed mutagenesis, linker scanning analysis, or other techniques familiar  
20 to those skilled in the art.

Nucleic acids encoding proteins which interact with sequences in the promoter may be identified using one-hybrid systems such as those described in the manual accompanying the Matchmaker One-Hybrid System kit available from Clontech (Catalog No. K1603-1), the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. Briefly, the  
25 Matchmaker One-hybrid system is used as follows. The target sequence for which it is desired to identify binding proteins is cloned upstream of a selectable reporter gene and integrated into the yeast genome. Preferably, multiple copies of the target sequences are inserted into the reporter plasmid in tandem. A library comprised of fusions between cDNAs to be evaluated for the ability to bind to the promoter and the activation domain  
30 of a yeast transcription factor, such as GAL4, is transformed into the yeast strain containing the integrated reporter sequence. The yeast are plated on selective media to

select cells expressing the selectable marker linked to the promoter sequence. The colonies which grow on the selective media contain genes encoding proteins which bind the target sequence. The inserts in the genes encoding the fusion proteins are further characterized by sequencing. In addition, the inserts may be inserted into expression  
5 vectors or *in vitro* transcription vectors. Binding of the polypeptides encoded by the inserts to the promoter DNA may be confirmed by techniques familiar to those skilled in the art, such as gel shift analysis or DNase protection analysis.

## VII. Use of 5' ESTs (or cDNAs or Genomic DNAs Obtainable Therefrom) in Gene 10 Therapy

The present invention also comprises the use of 5'ESTs (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) in gene therapy strategies, including antisense and triple helix strategies as described in Examples 62 and 63 below. In antisense approaches, nucleic acid sequences complementary to an mRNA are hybridized to the mRNA intracellularly, thereby blocking the  
15 expression of the protein encoded by the mRNA. The antisense sequences may prevent gene expression through a variety of mechanisms. For example, the antisense sequences may inhibit the ability of ribosomes to translate the mRNA. Alternatively, the antisense sequences may block transport of the mRNA from the nucleus to the cytoplasm, thereby limiting the amount of mRNA available for translation. Another mechanism through which antisense  
20 sequences may inhibit gene expression is by interfering with mRNA splicing. In yet another strategy, the antisense nucleic acid may be incorporated in a ribozyme capable of specifically cleaving the target mRNA.

### EXAMPLE 62

#### 25 Preparation and Use of Antisense Oligonucleotides

The antisense nucleic acid molecules to be used in gene therapy may be either DNA or RNA sequences. They may comprise a sequence complementary to the sequence of the 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom). The antisense nucleic acids should have a length and melting temperature sufficient to permit formation of an intracellular  
30 duplex with sufficient stability to inhibit the expression of the mRNA in the duplex. Strategies for designing antisense nucleic acids suitable for use in gene therapy are disclosed in Green *et*

*al.*, *Ann. Rev. Biochem.* 55:569-597, 1986; and Izant and Weintraub, *Cell* 36:1007-1015, 1984, which are hereby incorporated by reference.

In some strategies, antisense molecules are obtained from a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein by reversing the orientation of the coding region with respect to a promoter so as to transcribe the opposite strand from that which is normally transcribed in the cell. The antisense molecules may be transcribed using *in vitro* transcription systems such as those which employ T7 or SP6 polymerase to generate the transcript. Another approach involves transcription of the antisense nucleic acids *in vivo* by operably linking DNA containing the antisense sequence to a promoter in an expression vector.

Alternatively, oligonucleotides which are complementary to the strand normally transcribed in the cell may be synthesized *in vitro*. Thus, the antisense nucleic acids are complementary to the corresponding mRNA and are capable of hybridizing to the mRNA to create a duplex. In some embodiments, the antisense sequences may contain modified sugar phosphate backbones to increase stability and make them less sensitive to RNase activity. Examples of modifications suitable for use in antisense strategies are described by Rossi *et al.*, *Pharmacol. Ther.* 50(2):245-254, 1991, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Various types of antisense oligonucleotides complementary to the sequence of the 5'EST (or cDNA or genomic DNA obtainable therefrom) may be used. In one preferred embodiment, stable and semi-stable antisense oligonucleotides described in International Application No. PCT WO94/23026, hereby incorporated by reference, are used. In these molecules, the 3' end or both the 3' and 5' ends are engaged in intramolecular hydrogen bonding between complementary base pairs. These molecules are better able to withstand exonuclease attacks and exhibit increased stability compared to conventional antisense oligonucleotides.

In another preferred embodiment, the antisense oligodeoxynucleotides against herpes simplex virus types 1 and 2 described in International Application No. WO 95/04141, hereby incorporated by reference, are used.

In yet another preferred embodiment, the covalently cross-linked antisense oligonucleotides described in International Application No. WO 96/31523, hereby incorporated by reference, are used. These double- or single-stranded oligonucleotides comprise one or more, respectively, inter- or intra-oligonucleotide covalent cross-linkages,

wherein the linkage consists of an amide bond between a primary amine group of one strand and a carboxyl group of the other strand or of the same strand, respectively, the primary amine group being directly substituted in the 2' position of the strand nucleotide monosaccharide ring, and the carboxyl group being carried by an aliphatic spacer group substituted on a nucleotide or nucleotide analog of the other strand or the same strand, respectively.

The antisense oligodeoxynucleotides and oligonucleotides disclosed in International Application No. WO 92/18522, incorporated by reference, may also be used. These molecules are stable to degradation and contain at least one transcription control recognition sequence which binds to control proteins and are effective as decoys therefore. These molecules may contain "hairpin" structures, "dumbbell" structures, "modified dumbbell" structures, "cross-linked" decoy structures and "loop" structures.

In another preferred embodiment, the cyclic double-stranded oligonucleotides described in European Patent Application No. 0 572 287 A2, hereby incorporated by reference are used. These ligated oligonucleotide "dumbbells" contain the binding site for a transcription factor and inhibit expression of the gene under control of the transcription factor by sequestering the factor.

Use of the closed antisense oligonucleotides disclosed in International Application No. WO 92/19732, hereby incorporated by reference, is also contemplated. Because these molecules have no free ends, they are more resistant to degradation by exonucleases than are conventional oligonucleotides. These oligonucleotides may be multifunctional, interacting with several regions which are not adjacent to the target mRNA.

The appropriate level of antisense nucleic acids required to inhibit gene expression may be determined using *in vitro* expression analysis. The antisense molecule may be introduced into the cells by diffusion, injection, infection, transfection or h-region-mediated import using procedures known in the art. For example, the antisense nucleic acids can be introduced into the body as a bare or naked oligonucleotide, oligonucleotide encapsulated in lipid, oligonucleotide sequence encapsidated by viral protein, or as an oligonucleotide operably linked to a promoter contained in an expression vector. The expression vector may be any of a variety of expression vectors known in the art, including retroviral or viral vectors,

vectors capable of extrachromosomal replication, or integrating vectors. The vectors may be DNA or RNA.

The antisense molecules are introduced onto cell samples at a number of different concentrations preferably between  $1 \times 10^{-10} \text{M}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-4} \text{M}$ . Once the minimum concentration  
5 that can adequately control gene expression is identified, the optimized dose is translated into a dosage suitable for use *in vivo*. For example, an inhibiting concentration in culture of  $1 \times 10^{-7}$  translates into a dose of approximately 0.6 mg/kg bodyweight. Levels of oligonucleotide approaching 100 mg/kg bodyweight or higher may be possible after testing the toxicity of the oligonucleotide in laboratory animals. It is additionally contemplated that cells from the  
10 vertebrate are removed, treated with the antisense oligonucleotide, and reintroduced into the vertebrate.

It is further contemplated that the antisense oligonucleotide sequence is incorporated into a ribozyme sequence to enable the antisense to specifically bind and cleave its target mRNA. For technical applications of ribozyme and antisense oligonucleotides see Rossi *et*  
15 *al.*, *supra*.

In a preferred application of this invention, the polypeptide encoded by the gene is first identified, so that the effectiveness of antisense inhibition on translation can be monitored using techniques that include but are not limited to antibody-mediated tests such as RIAs and ELISA, functional assays, or radiolabeling.

20 The 5' ESTs of the present invention (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) may also be used in gene therapy approaches based on intracellular triple helix formation. Triple helix oligonucleotides are used to inhibit transcription from a genome. They are particularly useful for studying alterations in cell activity as it is associated with a particular gene. The 5' EST sequences (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom)  
25 of the present invention or, more preferably, a portion of those sequences, can be used to inhibit gene expression in individuals having diseases associated with expression of a particular gene. Similarly, a portion of 5' EST sequences (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) can be used to study the effect of inhibiting transcription of a particular gene within a cell. Traditionally, homopurine sequences were considered the most useful for  
30 triple helix strategies. However, homopyrimidine sequences can also inhibit gene expression. Such homopyrimidine oligonucleotides bind to the major groove at

homopurine:homopyrimidine sequences. Thus, both types of sequences from the 5'EST or from the gene corresponding to the 5'EST are contemplated within the scope of this invention.

5

### EXAMPLE 63

#### Preparation and Use of Triple Helix Probes

The sequences of the 5' ESTs (or cDNAs or genomic DNAs obtainable therefrom) are scanned to identify 10-mer to 20-mer homopyrimidine or homopurine stretches which could be used in triple-helix based strategies for inhibiting gene expression. Following  
10 identification of candidate homopyrimidine or homopurine stretches, their efficiency in inhibiting gene expression is assessed by introducing varying amounts of oligonucleotides containing the candidate sequences into tissue culture cells which normally express the target gene. The oligonucleotides may be prepared on an oligonucleotide synthesizer or they may be purchased commercially from a company specializing in custom oligonucleotide synthesis,  
15 such as GENSET, Paris, France.

The oligonucleotides may be introduced into the cells using a variety of methods known to those skilled in the art, including but not limited to calcium phosphate precipitation, DEAE-Dextran, electroporation, liposome-mediated transfection or native uptake.

Treated cells are monitored for altered cell function or reduced gene expression using  
20 techniques such as Northern blotting, RNase protection assays, or PCR based strategies to monitor the transcription levels of the target gene in cells which have been treated with the oligonucleotide. The cell functions to be monitored are predicted based upon the homologies of the target gene corresponding to the extended cDNA from which the oligonucleotide was derived with known gene sequences that have been associated with a particular function. The  
25 cell functions can also be predicted based on the presence of abnormal physiologies within cells derived from individuals with a particular inherited disease, particularly when the extended cDNA is associated with the disease using techniques described in Example 56.

The oligonucleotides which are effective in inhibiting gene expression in tissue culture cells may then be introduced *in vivo* using the techniques described above and in Example 62  
30 at a dosage calculated based on the *in vitro* results, as described in Example 62.



In some embodiments, the natural (beta) anomers of the oligonucleotide units can be replaced with alpha anomers to render the oligonucleotide more resistant to nucleases. Further, an intercalating agent such as ethidium bromide, or the like, can be attached to the 3' end of the alpha oligonucleotide to stabilize the triple helix. For information on the generation of oligonucleotides suitable for triple helix formation see Griffin *et al.*, *Science* 245:967-971, 1989, which is hereby incorporated by this reference.

#### EXAMPLE 64

##### Use of cDNAs Obtained Using the 5' ESTs to Express an Encoded Protein in a Host

10

##### Organism

The cDNAs obtained as described above using the 5' ESTs of the present invention may also be used to express an encoded protein in a host organism to produce a beneficial effect. In such procedures, the encoded protein may be transiently expressed in the host organism or stably expressed in the host organism. The encoded protein may have any of the activities described above. The encoded protein may be a protein which the host organism lacks or, alternatively, the encoded protein may augment the existing levels of the protein in the host organism.

A full length extended cDNA encoding the signal peptide and the mature protein, or an extended cDNA encoding only the mature protein is introduced into the host organism. The extended cDNA may be introduced into the host organism using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art. For example, the extended cDNA may be injected into the host organism as naked DNA such that the encoded protein is expressed in the host organism, thereby producing a beneficial effect.

Alternatively, the extended cDNA may be cloned into an expression vector downstream of a promoter which is active in the host organism. The expression vector may be any of the expression vectors designed for use in gene therapy, including viral or retroviral vectors. The expression vector may be directly introduced into the host organism such that the encoded protein is expressed in the host organism to produce a beneficial effect. In another approach, the expression vector may be introduced into cells *in vitro*. Cells containing the expression vector are thereafter selected and introduced into the host organism, where they express the encoded protein to produce a beneficial effect.

**EXAMPLE 65**

Use of Signal Peptides Encoded by 5' ESTs or Sequences obtained Therefrom  
to Import Proteins Into Cells

The short core hydrophobic region (h) of signal peptides encoded by the 5'ESTs or  
5 extended cDNAs derived from SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 may also be used as a carrier to import  
a peptide or a protein of interest, so-called cargo, into tissue culture cells (Lin *et al.*, *J. Biol.  
Chem.*, 270: 14225-14258, 1995; Du *et al.*, *J. Peptide Res.*, 51: 235-243, 1998; Rojas *et al.*,  
*Nature Biotech.*, 16: 370-375, 1998).

When cell permeable peptides of limited size (approximately up to 25 amino acids)  
10 are to be translocated across cell membrane, chemical synthesis may be used in order to add  
the h region to either the C-terminus or the N-terminus to the cargo peptide of interest.  
Alternatively, when longer peptides or proteins are to be imported into cells, nucleic acids can  
be genetically engineered, using techniques familiar to those skilled in the art, in order to link  
the extended cDNA sequence encoding the h region to the 5' or the 3' end of a DNA  
15 sequence coding for a cargo polypeptide. Such genetically engineered nucleic acids are then  
translated either *in vitro* or *in vivo* after transfection into appropriate cells, using conventional  
techniques to produce the resulting cell permeable polypeptide. Suitable hosts cells are then  
simply incubated with the cell permeable polypeptide which is then translocated across the  
membrane.

20 This method may be applied to study diverse intracellular functions and cellular  
processes. For instance, it has been used to probe functionally relevant domains of  
intracellular proteins and to examine protein-protein interactions involved in signal  
transduction pathways (Lin *et al.*, *supra*; Lin *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 271: 5305-5308, 1996;  
Rojas *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 271: 27456-27461, 1996; Liu *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*,  
25 93: 11819-11824, 1996; Rojas *et al.*, *Bioch. Biophys. Res. Commun.*, 234: 675-680, 1997).

Such techniques may be used in cellular therapy to import proteins producing  
therapeutic effects. For instance, cells isolated from a patient may be treated with imported  
therapeutic proteins and then re-introduced into the host organism.

Alternatively, the h region of signal peptides of the present invention could be used in  
30 combination with a nuclear localization signal to deliver nucleic acids into cell nucleus. Such  
oligonucleotides may be antisense oligonucleotides or oligonucleotides designed to form

triple helixes, as described in examples 62 and 63 respectively, in order to inhibit processing and/or maturation of a target cellular RNA.

As discussed above, the cDNAs or portions thereof obtained using the 5' ESTs of the present invention can be used for various purposes. The polynucleotides can be used to express recombinant protein for analysis, characterization or therapeutic use; as markers for tissues in which the corresponding protein is preferentially expressed (either constitutively or at a particular stage of tissue differentiation or development or in disease states); as molecular weight markers on Southern gels; as chromosome markers or tags (when labeled) to identify chromosomes or to map related gene positions; to compare with endogenous DNA sequences in patients to identify potential genetic disorders; as probes to hybridize and thus discover novel, related DNA sequences; as a source of information to derive PCR primers for genetic fingerprinting; for selecting and making oligomers for attachment to a "gene chip" or other support, including for examination for expression patterns; to raise anti-protein antibodies using DNA immunization techniques; and as an antigen to raise anti-DNA antibodies or elicit another immune response. Where the polynucleotide encodes a protein which binds or potentially binds to another protein (such as, for example, in a receptor-ligand interaction), the polynucleotide can also be used in interaction trap assays (such as, for example, that described in Gyuris *et al.*, *Cell* 75:791-803, 1993, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference) to identify polynucleotides encoding the other protein with which binding occurs or to identify inhibitors of the binding interaction.

The proteins or polypeptides provided by the present invention can similarly be used in assays to determine biological activity, including in a panel of multiple proteins for high-throughput screening; to raise antibodies or to elicit another immune response; as a reagent (including the labeled reagent) in assays designed to quantitatively determine levels of the protein (or its receptor) in biological fluids; as markers for tissues in which the corresponding protein is preferentially expressed (either constitutively or at a particular stage of tissue differentiation or development or in a disease state); and, of course, to isolate correlative receptors or ligands. Where the protein binds or potentially binds to another protein (such as, for example, in a receptor-ligand interaction), the protein can be used to identify the other protein with which binding occurs or to identify inhibitors of the binding interaction. Proteins

involved in these binding interactions can also be used to screen for peptide or small molecule inhibitors or agonists of the binding interaction.

Any or all of these research utilities are capable of being developed into reagent grade or kit format for commercialization as research products.

5       Methods for performing the uses listed above are well known to those skilled in the art. References disclosing such methods include without limitation *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, 2d ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Sambrook, Fritsch and Maniatis eds., 1989, and *Methods in Enzymology; Guide to Molecular Cloning Techniques*, Academic Press, Berger and Kimmel eds., 1987.

10       Polynucleotides and proteins of the present invention can also be used as nutritional sources or supplements. Such uses include without limitation use as a protein or amino acid supplement, use as a carbon source, use as a nitrogen source and use as a source of carbohydrate. In such cases the protein or polynucleotide of the invention can be added to the feed of a particular organism or can be administered as a separate solid or liquid  
15       preparation, such as in the form of powder, pills, solutions, suspensions or capsules. In the case of microorganisms, the protein or polynucleotide of the invention can be added to the medium in or on which the microorganism is cultured.

Although this invention has been described in terms of certain preferred embodiments, other embodiments which will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art in view of the  
20       disclosure herein are also within the scope of this invention. Accordingly, the scope of the invention is intended to be defined only by reference to the appended claims. All documents cited herein are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

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Step	Search characteristic		Selection Characteristics		
	Program	Strand	Parameters	Identity (%)	Length (bp)
miscellaneous	blastn	both	S=61 X=16	90	17
tRNA	fasta	both	-	80	60
rRNA	blastn	both	S=108	80	40
mtRNA	blastn	both	S=108	80	40
Procaryotic	blastn	both	S=144	90	40
Fungal	blastn	both	S=144	90	40
Alu	fasta*	both	-	70	40
L1	blastn	both	S=72	70	40
Repeats	blastn	both	S=72	70	40
Promoters	blastn	top	S=54 X=16	90	15†
Vertebrate	fasta*	both	S=108	90	30
ESTs	blastn	both	S=108 X=16	90	30
Proteins	blastx <sup>‡</sup>	top	E = 0.001	-	-

Table 1: Parameters used for each step of EST analysis

- \* use "Quick Fast" Database scanner
- † alignment further constrained to begin closer than 10bp to EST's end
- ‡ using BLOSUM62 substitution matrix

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TABLE II

<u>SEQ. ID NO.</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>	<u>VON HEIJNE SCORE</u>	<u>TISSUE SOURCE</u>	<u>INTERNAL DESIGNATION</u>
ID38	new	11.4	Cancerous prostate	76-36-2-G4-PU
ID39	new	11.3	Normal prostate	78-26-1-A7-PU
ID40	new	11	Normal prostate	78-4-3-G8-PU
ID41	new	10.7	Hypertrophic prostate	77-16-3-D7-PU
ID42	new	10.7	Hypertrophic prostate	77-7-1-H9-PU
ID43	new	10.6	Hypertrophic prostate	77-42-1-D10-PU
ID44	new	10.6	Cancerous prostate	76-34-4-C6-PU
ID45	new	10.4	Normal prostate	78-31-3-B8-PU
ID46	new	10.2	Normal prostate	78-38-1-C10-PU
ID47	new	10.2	Cancerous prostate	76-16-4-D5-PU
ID48	new	9	Hypertrophic prostate	77-38-2-B9-PU
ID49	new	8.8	Normal prostate	78-30-1-G12-PU
ID50	new	8.6	Prostate	60-17-1-F1-PU
ID51	new	8.5	Prostate	60-17-3-G8-PU
ID52	new	8.3	Normal prostate	78-8-2-H8-PU
ID53	new	8.3	Normal prostate	78-26-2-A1-PU
ID54	new	8.3	Cancerous prostate	76-23-2-B10-PU
ID55	new	8.2	Cancerous prostate	76-23-4-H9-PU
ID56	new	8.1	Normal prostate	78-44-2-C3-PU
ID57	new	8	Hypertrophic prostate	77-37-1-H3-PU
ID58	new	8	Normal prostate	78-35-2-G12-PU
ID59	new	7.8	Normal prostate	78-17-4-G2-PU
ID60	new	7.7	Normal prostate	78-5-4-F7-PU
ID61	new	7.6	Normal prostate	78-16-3-E2-PU
ID62	new	7.6	Hypertrophic prostate	77-5-1-B6-PU
ID63	new	7.6	Normal prostate	78-26-1-B5-PU
ID64	new	7.5	Cancerous prostate	76-12-1-B1-PU
ID65	new	7.5	Normal prostate	78-4-4-E7-PU
ID66	new	7.2	Hypertrophic prostate	77-11-1-A3-PU
ID67	new	7.2	Hypertrophic prostate	77-5-4-G9-PU
ID68	new	7.2	Normal prostate	78-23-4-H11-PU
ID69	new	7.2	Hypertrophic prostate	77-39-3-H7-PU
ID70	new	7.2	Cancerous prostate	76-23-4-H2-PU
ID71	new	7.2	Cancerous prostate	76-24-1-F8-PU
ID72	new	7	Normal prostate	78-39-4-D2-PU
ID73	new	7	Normal prostate	78-28-3-D2-PU
ID74	new	7	Normal prostate	78-29-3-H11-PU
ID75	new	7	Normal prostate	78-40-3-G2-PU
ID76	new	7	Cancerous prostate	76-1-2-F8-PU
ID77	new	7	Normal prostate	78-13-4-B10-PU
ID78	new	6.9	Cancerous prostate	76-12-1-A9-PU
ID79	new	6.9	Normal prostate	78-20-3-C11-PU
ID80	new	6.9	Cancerous prostate	76-9-2-D10-PU
ID81	new	6.8	Normal prostate	78-6-2-D12-PU
ID82	new	6.7	Hypertrophic prostate	77-10-1-C8-PU
ID83	new	6.7	Cancerous prostate	76-13-2-F11-PU
ID84	new	6.7	Cancerous prostate	76-4-1-G5-PU
ID85	new	6.5	Normal prostate	78-3-4-B8-PU
ID86	new	6.4	Prostate	60-11-3-G2-PU
ID87	new	6.3	Normal prostate	78-25-1-G5-PU
ID88	new	6.3	Normal prostate	78-2-2-G5-PU

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<u>SEQ. ID NO.</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>	<u>VON HEIJNE SCORE</u>	<u>TISSUE SOURCE</u>	<u>INTERNAL DESIGNATION</u>
ID89	new	6.3	Cancerous prostate	76-7-3-A1-PU
ID90	new	6.3	Hypertrophic prostate	77-5-1-C2-PU
ID91	new	6.2	Normal prostate	78-49-2-A11-PU
ID92	new	6.1	Normal prostate	78-7-1-B9-PU
ID93	new	6	Normal prostate	78-39-4-G3-PU
ID94	new	6	Normal prostate	78-32-2-H6-PU
ID95	new	5.9	Cancerous prostate	76-30-3-H2-PU
ID96	new	5.9	Normal prostate	78-24-3-H4-PU
ID97	new	5.9	Cancerous prostate	76-43-3-B6-PU
ID98	new	5.8	Prostate	60-16-3-A3-PU
ID99	new	5.8	Cancerous prostate	76-20-4-C11-PU
ID100	new	5.7	Cancerous prostate	76-11-1-C5-PU
ID101	new	5.7	Hypertrophic prostate	77-37-3-C1-PU
ID102	new	5.7	Prostate	60-13-2-B5-PU
ID103	new	5.7	Normal prostate	78-49-4-E4-PU
ID104	new	5.6	Normal prostate	78-37-4-C11-PU
ID105	new	5.6	Prostate	60-17-1-D8-PU
ID106	new	5.5	Normal prostate	78-36-3-D7-PU
ID107	new	5.5	Cancerous prostate	76-24-3-E11-PU
ID108	new	5.5	Prostate	60-14-2-A7-PU
ID109	new	5.4	Hypertrophic prostate	77-10-4-F9-PU
ID110	new	5.3	Cancerous prostate	76-23-3-G5-PU
ID111	new	5.3	Normal prostate	78-42-3-D3-PU
ID112	new	5.3	Prostate	60-12-1-H1-PU
ID113	new	5.3	Hypertrophic prostate	77-5-2-A3-PU
ID114	new	5.2	Normal prostate	78-37-2-G12-PU
ID115	new	5.2	Cancerous prostate	76-39-2-H1-PU
ID116	new	5.1	Prostate	60-12-3-C2-PU
ID117	new	5.1	Normal prostate	78-25-1-F11-PU
ID118	new	5.1	Normal prostate	78-36-2-C10-PU
ID119	new	5.1	Hypertrophic prostate	77-13-1-B7-PU
ID120	new	5.1	Hypertrophic prostate	77-4-1-H7-PU
ID121	new	5	Normal prostate	78-33-4-F9-PU
ID122	new	5	Cancerous prostate	76-21-1-D5-PU
ID123	new	4.8	Normal prostate	78-3-4-B3-PU
ID124	new	4.8	Cancerous prostate	76-29-4-B3-PU
ID125	new	4.8	Normal prostate	78-46-3-C6-PU
ID126	new	4.8	Hypertrophic prostate	77-13-3-F8-PU
ID127	new	4.7	Cancerous prostate	76-12-4-C3-PU
ID128	new	4.7	Cancerous prostate	76-34-4-C1-PU
ID129	new	4.7	Normal prostate	78-42-4-D2-PU
ID130	new	4.7	Cancerous prostate	76-38-2-H9-PU
ID131	new	4.6	Normal prostate	78-49-4-B5-PU
ID132	new	4.6	Cancerous prostate	76-1-1-E3-PU
ID133	new	4.6	Normal prostate	78-46-3-C4-PU
ID134	new	4.5	Cancerous prostate	76-22-2-D2-PU
ID135	new	4.5	Prostate	60-11-4-F6-PU
ID136	new	4.5	Normal prostate	78-32-2-G1-PU
ID137	new	4.4	Prostate	60-14-3-C7-PU
ID138	new	4.4	Hypertrophic prostate	77-3-4-H3-PU
ID139	new	4.4	Normal prostate	78-36-4-E12-PU
ID140	new	4.3	Hypertrophic prostate	77-42-1-A9-PU
ID141	new	4.3	Normal prostate	78-23-2-H3-PU

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<u>SEQ. ID NO.</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>	<u>VON HEIJNE SCORE</u>	<u>TISSUE SOURCE</u>	<u>INTERNAL DESIGNATION</u>
ID142	new	4.2	Cancerous prostate	76-39-3-C11-PU
ID143	new	4.2	Normal prostate	78-23-3-D10-PU
ID144	new	4.2	Cancerous prostate	76-32-2-B7-PU
ID145	new	4.2	Normal prostate	78-40-1-G9-PU
ID146	new	4.2	Prostate	60-12-1-E11-PU
ID147	new	4.1	Cancerous prostate	76-27-3-A6-PU
ID148	new	4	Cancerous prostate	76-43-3-B2-PU
ID149	new	4	Normal prostate	78-18-3-B4-PU
ID150	new	4	Normal prostate	78-41-2-D11-PU
ID151	new	4	Normal prostate	78-34-2-G9-PU
ID152	new	4	Normal prostate	78-4-3-G2-PU
ID153	new	4	Hypertrophic prostate	77-22-2-G2-PU
ID154	new	3.9	Cancerous prostate	76-4-4-F6-PU
ID155	new	3.9	Hypertrophic prostate	77-40-3-E10-PU
ID156	new	3.9	Normal prostate	78-10-1-H5-PU
ID157	new	3.9	Normal prostate	78-6-2-E3-PU
ID158	new	3.9	Hypertrophic prostate	77-20-3-E5-PU
ID159	new	3.9	Normal prostate	78-38-2-B5-PU
ID160	new	3.8	Prostate	60-11-2-G12-PU
ID161	new	3.8	Cancerous prostate	76-44-3-E8-PU
ID162	new	3.8	Normal prostate	78-41-3-A2-PU
ID163	new	3.7	Cancerous prostate	76-20-4-E7-PU
ID164	new	3.7	Cancerous prostate	76-17-1-E4-PU
ID165	new	3.7	Normal prostate	78-5-2-D2-PU
ID166	new	3.7	Prostate	60-11-3-B11-PU
ID167	new	3.7	Hypertrophic prostate	77-21-2-F1-PU
ID168	new	3.6	Prostate	60-12-1-A5-PU
ID169	new	3.6	Cancerous prostate	76-18-2-G12-PU
ID170	new	3.6	Normal prostate	78-7-1-G5-PU
ID171	new	3.6	Cancerous prostate	76-37-4-A5-PU
ID172	new	3.5	Normal prostate	78-50-4-A2-PU
ID173	new	3.5	Normal prostate	78-43-2-H10-PU
ID174	new	3.5	Normal prostate	78-44-3-B6-PU
ID175	new	3.5	Cancerous prostate	76-10-1-D6-PU
ID176	new	3.5	Prostate	60-11-4-F2-PU
ID177	new	3.5	Cancerous prostate	76-45-2-B12-PU
ID178	ext-est-not-vrt	14.8	Normal prostate	78-34-3-D9-PU
ID179	ext-est-not-vrt	13.6	Normal prostate	78-46-4-F4-PU
ID180	ext-est-not-vrt	12.7	Normal prostate	78-8-3-D9-PU
ID181	ext-est-not-vrt	8.8	Prostate	60-15-4-F6-PU
ID182	ext-est-not-vrt	8.5	Normal prostate	78-8-3-E6-PU
ID183	ext-est-not-vrt	7.3	Normal prostate	78-7-3-A4-PU
ID184	ext-est-not-vrt	7.1	Cancerous prostate	76-33-2-F5-PU
ID185	ext-est-not-vrt	6.6	Cancerous prostate	76-34-4-G12-PU
ID186	ext-est-not-vrt	6.3	Normal prostate	78-13-1-H7-PU
ID187	ext-est-not-vrt	5.9	Normal prostate	78-49-3-B11-PU
ID188	ext-est-not-vrt	5.9	Normal prostate	78-42-2-A10-PU
ID189	ext-est-not-vrt	5.5	Cancerous prostate	76-7-4-D9-PU
ID190	ext-est-not-vrt	5.2	Normal prostate	78-40-3-B12-PU
ID191	ext-est-not-vrt	5	Hypertrophic prostate	77-36-1-G2-PU
ID192	ext-est-not-vrt	4.8	Prostate	60-17-3-H11-PU
ID193	ext-est-not-vrt	4.4	Normal prostate	78-28-3-E4-PU
ID194	ext-est-not-vrt	4.1	Cancerous prostate	76-28-2-H5-PU



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ID195	ext-est-not-vrt	4.1	Normal prostate	78-27-1-D11-PU
ID196	ext-est-not-vrt	3.9	Cancerous prostate	76-42-2-B5-PU
ID197	ext-est-not-vrt	3.9	Hypertrophic prostate	77-39-3-F8-PU
ID198	ext-est-not-vrt	3.7	Cancerous prostate	76-43-1-G9-PU
ID199	est-not-ext	13.8	Normal prostate	78-40-1-B10-PU
ID200	est-not-ext	13.4	Cancerous prostate	76-15-1-F4-PU
ID201	est-not-ext	13	Cancerous prostate	76-45-4-E7-PU
ID202	est-not-ext	11.6	Normal prostate	78-26-2-H7-PU
ID203	est-not-ext	11.2	Normal prostate	78-21-1-B7-PU
ID204	est-not-ext	11.2	Cancerous prostate	76-40-2-F5-PU
ID205	est-not-ext	10.6	Cancerous prostate	76-29-2-G8-PU
ID206	est-not-ext	10.5	Hypertrophic prostate	77-23-4-H11-PU
ID207	est-not-ext	10.3	Normal prostate	78-48-1-F10-PU
ID208	est-not-ext	9.5	Cancerous prostate	76-41-4-G9-PU
ID209	est-not-ext	9.3	Hypertrophic prostate	77-3-3-C10-PU
ID210	est-not-ext	9.1	Cancerous prostate	76-45-4-C8-PU
ID211	est-not-ext	8.8	Normal prostate	78-50-4-C10-PU
ID212	est-not-ext	8.8	Normal prostate	78-38-4-F7-PU
ID213	est-not-ext	8.6	Cancerous prostate	76-16-4-C9-PU
ID214	est-not-ext	8.6	Normal prostate	78-49-2-D10-PU
ID215	est-not-ext	8.4	Cancerous prostate	76-1-1-H7-PU
ID216	est-not-ext	7.9	Normal prostate	78-4-2-F10-PU
ID217	est-not-ext	7.9	Normal prostate	78-46-3-B6-PU
ID218	est-not-ext	7.7	Normal prostate	78-7-1-F2-PU
ID219	est-not-ext	7.6	Normal prostate	78-35-2-D3-PU
ID220	est-not-ext	7.6	Cancerous prostate	76-20-2-G7-PU
ID221	est-not-ext	7.6	Normal prostate	78-39-1-E11-PU
ID222	est-not-ext	7.5	Cancerous prostate	76-4-4-C2-PU
ID223	est-not-ext	7.1	Normal prostate	78-48-2-F6-PU
ID224	est-not-ext	7	Cancerous prostate	76-32-4-A10-PU
ID225	est-not-ext	6.8	Cancerous prostate	76-39-1-E7-PU
ID226	est-not-ext	6.7	Cancerous prostate	76-29-4-E1-PU
ID227	est-not-ext	6.7	Normal prostate	78-28-4-B9-PU
ID228	est-not-ext	6.7	Normal prostate	78-37-4-B2-PU
ID229	est-not-ext	6.7	Normal prostate	78-50-2-E12-PU
ID230	est-not-ext	6.7	Hypertrophic prostate	77-21-2-F8-PU
ID231	est-not-ext	6.6	Normal prostate	78-27-4-E2-PU
ID232	est-not-ext	6.5	Normal prostate	78-45-4-G12-PU
ID233	est-not-ext	6.3	Cancerous prostate	76-7-4-H8-PU
ID234	est-not-ext	6.3	Normal prostate	78-23-1-D10-PU
ID235	est-not-ext	6.3	Cancerous prostate	76-34-1-C2-PU
ID236	est-not-ext	6.2	Hypertrophic prostate	77-8-1-F11-PU
ID237	est-not-ext	6.2	Cancerous prostate	76-41-1-F3-PU
ID238	est-not-ext	6.1	Cancerous prostate	76-22-3-G4-PU
ID239	est-not-ext	6.1	Normal prostate	78-40-1-A6-PU
ID240	est-not-ext	6	Normal prostate	78-41-2-H11-PU
ID241	est-not-ext	6	Normal prostate	78-6-3-A12-PU
ID242	est-not-ext	6	Hypertrophic prostate	77-25-1-A6-PU
ID243	est-not-ext	5.9	Hypertrophic prostate	77-35-2-E4-PU
ID244	est-not-ext	5.9	Hypertrophic prostate	77-36-1-G4-PU
ID245	est-not-ext	5.8	Hypertrophic prostate	77-40-3-D6-PU
ID246	est-not-ext	5.8	Normal prostate	78-17-3-A3-PU
ID247	est-not-ext	5.7	Normal prostate	78-33-3-D7-PU

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<u>SEQ. ID NO.</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>	<u>VON HELNE SCORE</u>	<u>TISSUE SOURCE</u>	<u>INTERNAL DESIGNATION</u>
ID248	est-not-ext	5.7	Hypertrophic prostate	77-23-4-E10-PU
ID249	est-not-ext	5.7	Cancerous prostate	76-25-4-F11-PU
ID250	est-not-ext	5.7	Cancerous prostate	76-33-2-F8-PU
ID251	est-not-ext	5.7	Normal prostate	78-47-4-D6-PU
ID252	est-not-ext	5.7	Normal prostate	78-34-4-G6-PU
ID253	est-not-ext	5.6	Cancerous prostate	76-23-3-G8-PU
ID254	est-not-ext	5.6	Normal prostate	78-41-1-A6-PU
ID255	est-not-ext	5.6	Cancerous prostate	76-38-1-E4-PU
ID256	est-not-ext	5.5	Normal prostate	78-2-4-F11-PU
ID257	est-not-ext	5.4	Cancerous prostate	76-13-3-A9-PU
ID258	est-not-ext	5.4	Normal prostate	78-7-3-D9-PU
ID259	est-not-ext	5.2	Cancerous prostate	76-6-2-G5-PU
ID260	est-not-ext	5.1	Hypertrophic prostate	77-39-4-H4-PU
ID261	est-not-ext	5	Hypertrophic prostate	77-13-3-F1-PU
ID262	est-not-ext	5	Normal prostate	78-24-4-A4-PU
ID263	est-not-ext	4.9	Hypertrophic prostate	77-1-2-B4-PU
ID264	est-not-ext	4.9	Cancerous prostate	76-42-2-F3-PU
ID265	est-not-ext	4.9	Cancerous prostate	76-40-3-G6-PU
ID266	est-not-ext	4.8	Cancerous prostate	76-44-1-E3-PU
ID267	est-not-ext	4.8	Hypertrophic prostate	77-3-4-H1-PU
ID268	est-not-ext	4.8	Cancerous prostate	76-45-2-C4-PU
ID269	est-not-ext	4.8	Prostate	60-12-1-D7-PU
ID270	est-not-ext	4.8	Normal prostate	78-46-2-B4-PU
ID271	est-not-ext	4.7	Prostate	60-12-3-A7-PU
ID272	est-not-ext	4.7	Normal prostate	78-24-3-A8-PU
ID273	est-not-ext	4.6	Hypertrophic prostate	77-17-3-A7-PU
ID274	est-not-ext	4.6	Hypertrophic prostate	77-10-1-F6-PU
ID275	est-not-ext	4.5	Prostate	60-13-1-E11-PU
ID276	est-not-ext	4.4	Normal prostate	78-24-3-C6-PU
ID277	est-not-ext	4.4	Cancerous prostate	76-23-1-B4-PU
ID278	est-not-ext	4.3	Hypertrophic prostate	77-9-1-E2-PU
ID279	est-not-ext	4.2	Normal prostate	78-4-4-B10-PU
ID280	est-not-ext	4.2	Normal prostate	78-30-2-C1-PU
ID281	est-not-ext	4.2	Normal prostate	78-38-2-E9-PU
ID282	est-not-ext	4.2	Normal prostate	78-8-2-F2-PU
ID283	est-not-ext	4.1	Cancerous prostate	76-20-3-H1-PU
ID284	est-not-ext	4.1	Cancerous prostate	76-14-1-B3-PU
ID285	est-not-ext	4.1	Normal prostate	78-18-4-D6-PU
ID286	est-not-ext	4	Hypertrophic prostate	77-11-4-B3-PU
ID287	est-not-ext	4	Normal prostate	78-16-2-C2-PU
ID288	est-not-ext	4	Hypertrophic prostate	77-38-2-G5-PU
ID289	est-not-ext	3.9	Normal prostate	78-25-1-H11-PU
ID290	est-not-ext	3.9	Hypertrophic prostate	77-12-3-H7-PU
ID291	est-not-ext	3.8	Cancerous prostate	76-21-4-A3-PU
ID292	est-not-ext	3.8	Normal prostate	78-41-1-C6-PU
ID293	est-not-ext	3.7	Cancerous prostate	76-5-2-H11-PU
ID294	est-not-ext	3.7	Cancerous prostate	76-8-4-D9-PU
ID295	est-not-ext	3.7	Cancerous prostate	76-18-2-D4-PU
ID296	est-not-ext	3.7	Prostate	60-12-3-G4-PU
ID297	est-not-ext	3.7	Hypertrophic prostate	77-20-2-E11-PU
ID298	est-not-ext	3.6	Cancerous prostate	76-1-2-G6-PU
ID299	est-not-ext	3.6	Normal prostate	78-8-3-F2-PU
ID300	est-not-ext	3.6	Normal prostate	78-12-4-E9-PU

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<u>SEQ. ID NO.</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>	<u>VON HEIJNE SCORE</u>	<u>TISSUE SOURCE</u>	<u>INTERNAL DESIGNATION</u>
ID301	est-not-ext	3.6	Hypertrophic prostate	77-15-2-E2-PU
ID302	est-not-ext	3.5	Cancerous prostate	76-7-3-A12-PU
ID303	est-not-ext	3.5	Normal prostate	78-22-3-E10-PU
ID304	est-not-ext	3.5	Hypertrophic prostate	77-2-3-E11-PU
ID305	est-not-ext	3.5	Normal prostate	78-29-1-B2-PU
ID306	ext-vrt-not-genomic	12	Normal prostate	78-47-2-C1-PU
ID307	ext-vrt-not-genomic	12	Normal prostate	78-43-4-G12-PU
ID308	ext-vrt-not-genomic	12	Hypertrophic prostate	77-38-1-A8-PU
ID309	ext-vrt-not-genomic	8.9	Normal prostate	78-45-4-F12-PU
ID310	ext-vrt-not-genomic	8.1	Normal prostate	78-35-3-D1-PU
ID311	ext-vrt-not-genomic	7.7	Normal prostate	78-10-1-H8-PU
ID312	ext-vrt-not-genomic	6.9	Cancerous prostate	76-43-1-E3-PU
ID313	ext-vrt-not-genomic	5.9	Normal prostate	78-29-2-C10-PU
ID314	ext-vrt-not-genomic	5.3	Hypertrophic prostate	77-38-3-B11-PU
ID315	ext-vrt-not-genomic	5.1	Normal prostate	78-36-4-A8-PU

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TABLE III

SEQ. ID NO.	SIGNAL PEPTIDE
ID38	MVVFVHLYLGNVLALLFVHYSNG
ID39	MGMCFAAESDVQMFIALLCFLICAALA
ID40	MAVRELCFSRQRQVLFLFWGVSLA
ID41	MRILQLILLALATGLVGG
ID42	MRILQLILLALATGLVGG
ID43	MRSCLWRCRHLSQGVQWSLLAVLVFFLFA
ID44	MRILQXILLALATGLVGG
ID45	MLEECGAGVDLGFGGVKFASETPNLLWLLKL VSTXWA
ID46	MIACSIRELHRCLLLALVAESS
ID47	MGPPSLVLCLLSATVFS
ID48	MPGPRVWGKYLWRSPHSGCPGAMWWLLWGVQLX
ID49	MHRPEAMLLLLTLALLGGPTWX
ID50	MVSVSLALLSGWVGS
ID51	MHFSICCMXSELHKMKSLSLQLASEKRSVALVEEIVFLLLRVSPCLG
ID52	MKLWVSALLMAWFGVLS
ID53	MKVLISLLLLLPLMLMSMVSS
ID54	MKVLISLLLLLPLMLMSMVSS
ID55	MLLLLQLSLPSPTS
ID56	MLKMLSFKLLLLAVALG
ID57	MHRPEAMLLLLTLALLGXXXWA
ID58	MLKVSAVLCVCAAAC
ID59	MKVGVLWLISFFTFDGG
ID60	MCILLDLICLLFITA
ID61	MDCASISVKFTSMATMHDLSQFWASRGEVTNWWPVGQTSPLFYLA FMVFGSFFPLISC
ID62	MTASPDYLVVLFGITAGATG
ID63	MVCVLVLAAGAVA
ID64	MKKTGDGGTLSTERIGGAALLSLLKRMKMTLMPLLLTPITA
ID65	MELGCWTQLGLTFLQLLLISLP
ID66	MRXKWKMGGMKYIFSLFFLLLEGGXT
ID67	MRGATRVSIMLLLVTVSDC
ID68	MAISAVSSALLFSLCEAST
ID69	MAISAVSSALLFSLCEAST
ID70	MDPNGGCCTLLTLVLCVAVAYE
ID71	MEGEIYFQVFLSLFTFSTLSPSSLS
ID72	MYVVAMFGNCIVVFIVRTERSLHAPMYLFLCMLAADLALS
ID73	MRETXPPLPKLDTAPSSHGVGSDSPSATRPWFLAPWCPGTQS
ID74	MDRPGSLSVFGSLPASLGTWLSPPAWLVDRPVSAHPSANSTGVRMSVLVVLALRSLGRS
ID75	MHYFVAGKVILFSYPSCCLC
ID76	MDLNSASTVVLQVLTQATS
ID77	MSSCNFTHATFVLIGIPGLEKAHFVWGFPLLSMYVVAMFGNCIVVFIVRTERSLHAPMYL FLCMLAADLALS
ID78	MYRLSLIAGPGSYPVLRWGVWDIPSSLVQVYHQPNLTTNLDLPLFFSCSISATHS
ID79	MLVDGPSEPALCFLLLAVAMSF
ID80	MPCSLTWRLPPRTCQXXGLXKSLXXLLTPPPSYG
ID81	MVXWLVLFALQIYSXSTRDQPASRXRLFLFLTSIAEXCS
ID82	MARHGLPLLXXXSLPVGA
ID83	MVHLRTGLMLMSADRLRTLYYTVTILYILWYCSVCSS
ID84	MGILSTVTALTFARA
ID85	MELGCWTQLGLTFLQXLLISLX
ID86	MELLRVCSFFLLCXSVFTDCKG
ID87	MIVRPRLNLTWFLLLPPGQCRA

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SEQ. ID NO.	SIGNAL PEPTIDE
ID88	MQFLFKMVALCCCLWKISG
ID89	MLKVSAVLCVCAAAXXSQSLX
ID90	MSMQFLFKMVALCCCLWKISG
ID91	MAQHLWILLGSLSCRTS
ID92	MNKEXVSXERXAQVRLYLFSGFWTFXLG
ID93	MVLWRAXIXRNPVTLSEENRSEGKVGFAQYKNYFRAGAHWIVFIFLILLNTAA
ID94	MLLXFFTSVLWLTSPSQP
ID95	MELISPTVIIIIGCLALFLLQ
ID96	MHGFEIISLKEESPLGKVSQGPLFNVTSGSSSPVTWLGLLSFQNLHC
ID97	MTWVRHAPGKSLEWVATVTDGGDKTFYAASVKGRFNVSRDNSKNTLFLHLSGLSAA
ID98	MLTSFFSLTANCQS
ID99	MLLCLLTPLFFMXPTGFS
ID100	MDDDYEA YHSLFSLGLCPS
ID101	MEWGKQWL VWLLGHMVVS
ID102	MRRGKRLLSQSSSPKACLQLGFETELTQGV LWILVIQA
ID103	MVAATEAALLESVVWLPCHG
ID104	MSWNPSVSLPLLSSWGSTA
ID105	MKRIQGILFLILLSHLERRWT
ID106	MVQRLWVSRLLRHRKAQLXLXNLLTFGLEVCLAAG
ID107	MAAGVPFALVTSCSSVFS
ID108	MTVFLXFCFPRCHS
ID109	MXPNFVWQKLGRKKPRIFTCTQSSTGEAAVKAENLILLEVFVWNLQCG
ID110	MFRSDRMWXCHWKWKPSPLLFLFALYIMCVPHSVWG
ID111	MTQRSIAGPICNLKFVTLLVALSSELPFLGA
ID112	MIPLLLLLRSACN
ID113	MXSPLPVLLLSXNLNLIQ
ID114	MLMCKMLKSQKNCQENXXIKILFLKPMCSPQYLLTFLVFTXKLSS
ID115	MKKKSSPNQYLHSSLHXIRLFSFLHFSEEGVLLLAIDLKIIIVILHCAASIIS
ID116	MFSCFFSTSLATSVSLEAQSCFA
ID117	MHHGLTPLLGVHEQKQVVKFLIKKKANLNALDRYGR TALILA VCCGSA
ID118	MSPCIYFFACFQALTSS
ID119	MAEEMESSLEAXFSSSGAVSGASGLPPARS
ID120	MAEEMESSLEASFSSSGAVSGASGLPPARS
ID121	MLVLGSPLLGPLLWHL SLILLKPLCLP
ID122	MHLLDLESMGKSSDGKSYVITGSWNPKSPHFQVVNEETPKDKVL FMTTAVDLVIT
ID123	MENLKDFYVLFVFSIPLTFL
ID124	MPQYCLSIFSLVLPVCRM
ID125	MVAPVLETSHVFCCPNRVRGVNLWSSGPRGLLAFGTSCSVVLY
ID126	MPHIDQVNPETHDFMQSAEVTIFALSWLITWFGHXL
ID127	METXCPCCCCPCXGXGSLXXKPVYELQVQKSVTVQEGLCVLVPCXSXXX
ID128	MSPCIYFFACFXLTSS
ID129	MGRGERRHYWGPKLVLKCLSFSXPSLP
ID130	MSQDGGXGELKHMVMSFRVSELQVLLGFAGRNKSGRKHELLAKALHLLKSSC
ID131	MHHRMNEMNLSPVGMEQLTSSSVSNALPVSGSHLGLAASPTHSAIPAPGLPVAIPNLGPS LSSLPSALS
ID132	MLHSDNIWNLFSLFSTTT
ID133	MQPASPPARWSFHSAAGWSGGGQA
ID134	MCFSFLLAGSISHMFSQA
ID135	MYGFIIGLSILFHCSVCLFLC
ID136	MSFGXILTFRVSLGCLAININT
ID137	MAVYVGMLRLGRLCAGSSGVXG
ID138	MFNTIYLVISLVSIFFWEVTNA
ID139	MALPPKCGGSLPLTTGSSWSLS

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SEQ. ID NO.	SIGNAL PEPTIDE
ID140	MFVFLSWASFLAPLLR
ID141	MXMKSANKITLLXHHLLSCSPLXPLGKS
ID142	MCNYNIYVLYNIGYL YHPKSFLLLFIVIPQTP
ID143	MAVAMVKLCERAGPLLAAPLLRSLLP
ID144	MLNVVRALRXPQWCAEYCLSIHYQHGGVICTQVHKQTVVQLALRVADEMDEVNIGHEVGYV IPFENCCTNETILRYCTDDMLQREMMSNPFLGSYGVIILDDIHERSIATDVLLGLLKDVLLA
ID145	MHAGLERXSXQKALAGLCIGSTSYVHG
ID146	MLNGPFQHRNSRIMTHRSAEKTLLGSLSLWRWSAM
ID147	MRVKDPTKALPEKAKRSKRPTVPHDEDSDDIAVGLTCQHVSHA
ID148	MPQKGLGLLGLSGDFSLLALSMLKGTG
ID149	MAMWNRPPXXLPQQPLXAEPTAEGEPHLPTGRXXTEANRFAYAALCGISLSQLFP
ID150	MLCFGDLLLSPWVTVPVWS
ID151	MQENAHNLRLFKCLLIYFLGLAADTYF
ID152	MHTCSLPCLLFAQLLEFCSPDPVPHNCAPIVSVRPPNIVA AFEGCSVATALFPPLCIS
ID153	MQQRGAAGSRGCALFPLLGVLFFQGVYI
ID154	MXXSIFISEKYGLCPSKTPIMKMLPSLILNRS�PTASS
ID155	MAFDVSCFFWVVLFSAGCKV
ID156	MEVAANCSLRVKRPLLDPRFEGYKXSLEPLPCYQLELDAAVAXVKLRDDQYTLEHMHAFG MYNYLHCDSWYQDSVYYIDTLGRIMNLTVMMLDTAXG
ID157	MNVGTAHXXVNPNTVMNSRGIWLSYVLAIGLLHIVLLS
ID158	MENFNMKYKNKSWWTLLSSSPSFM
ID159	MNVGTXHSEVNPNTVMNSRGIWLSYVLAIGLLHIVLLS
ID160	MAAASAVSVLLVAA
ID161	MAYSKASGSPVLSQAVPGENASHRRGSADLGSGSGLSWARLSQS
ID162	MKPRRNLEEDDYLHKDTGETSMLKRPVLLHLHQTAHA
ID163	MIICYDIPCAHMLVCPTIG
ID164	MYSSDSTLASVPPAATFG
ID165	MGEDPXQPRKYKKXKXELQGDXPSSPTNDPTVKYETQPRFITATGGTLHMYQLEGLNWL RFSWA
ID166	MFYVAMTKTHKRIRSLCNIHHGLFQFTQQLLGCLQCCWLQSG
ID167	MVSPKDLPLVLLQDIKVPSSMTGSHAGNPHIERNDLPRHGSPQFFTGXTCASXNPSQCLA
ID168	MEFXSLFCLYFSCFL
ID169	MALHFQSLAELEXLCTHLYIGTDLTQRIEAEKALLELIDSPECLS
ID170	MRTLFGAVRAPFSSLTLLITPSPSPL
ID171	MRHSLLKGISAQIVSAADKVDAGLPTAIAVSSLIAVGTSHG
ID172	MTLSCFIFYISL
ID173	MILCFLLPHHRLQEA
ID174	MFSLFALNMPLGFC
ID175	MASSPGVAMHSLWATIHTSVWGVLP PPACSA
ID176	MSQEGAVPASA VPLEELSSWPEELCRRELPSVLPRLLSLQHS
ID177	MTRECPSPAPGPGAPLSGSVLAEAAVVFVAVLSIHA
ID178	MQELHLLWWALLGLAQA
ID179	MGRQALLLALCATGAQG
ID180	MGPSTPLLFLLSWSGPLQG
ID181	MSCRELTHRPCSPHLLLCPLSRGCCP
ID182	MGWTMRLVTAALLGLMMVVTG
ID183	MKFLIAFFGGVHLLSLCSGKVYA
ID184	MQCFSFIKTMILFNLLIFLCGAALLAVG
ID185	MWAFSELPMLLINLIVSLLGFVATVTL
ID186	MASSNTVLMRLVASAYSIA
ID187	MKFLIAFFGGVHLLSLCSGKAIC
ID188	MADTTPNGPQGAGA VQFMMTNKLDTAMWLSRLFTVYCSALXVLP LLGLHEA
ID189	MRFRHFXKXIGXVLVLSVVXXAMA

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SEQ. ID NO.	SIGNAL PEPTIDE
ID190	MELGSCLEGGREAAEEEEGEPEVKKRRLLCVEFASVASDA
ID191	MASPFSGALQLTDLDDFIGPSQECIKPVKVEKRAGSGVAKIRIEDDGSYFQINQDGXTRRLE KAKVSLNYCXACSGCITSAETVLITQQSHEELKKVLDANKMAAPSQQRLVVVSVPQSRA
ID192	MGPVPTAVAGAGSRLVKPSQTLSTCAVSGGSLVAELLGAGSG
ID193	MESGGRPSLCQFILLGTTSVVTA
ID194	MQVCRCTYIICFXLPPLFS
ID195	MAQRLLLRFLASVIS
ID196	MLFIFNFLFSPLTPALICILTFGAAIFLWLITRPQPVLP
ID197	MYPKWEAPVTFQCQLKREKDPHPAHSPFLQPRFSHMLQLPSKALC
ID198	MALYQWRWRLRLQGLQACRLHTAVVSTPPRWLAERLGLFEELWA
ID199	MGVPRPQWAXGLLLFLPGSLG
ID200	MAAAVPMRMRGPAQAKLLPGSAIQALVGLARPLVLALXLVSAALS
ID201	MWLWEDQGGLLGPFSLLLVLVVTRXRS
ID202	MNWELLWLLVLCALLLLVQLRFLRA
ID203	MEKIPVSAFLLLVALSYTLA
ID204	MSNYTDAESSFSKQEIIRVAMEKIPVSAFLLLVALSYTLA
ID205	MQFXTWATSSSQPALWSLLLVSWAAMVLRRLRSKCALVTFFFILLIFIAEVAA
ID206	MNWELLWLLVLCALLLLVHLLRFLRA
ID207	MTTFLPVPQMMAGFSFGTFGNPPMESPSAWQTIHQPFIVSCLTLWSPGCWP
ID208	MASKGMRHFCLISEQLVXFSLATAILG
ID209	MAAAAWLQVLPVILLLLGAHP
ID210	MASPRVTIVALSVALGLFFVFMGTIKLTPRLSKDAYSEMKRAXKSYVRALPLLKKMGIN SILLRKSIGALEVACGIVMTLVPGRPKDVANFFLLLLVLAVLFHQVLVG
ID211	MPNLSFGGLDTNQMRVNFLSVDVCKLLLLCALHSHIYC
ID212	MGPPMLQEISNLFILLMMGAIFTLAALKESLSTCIPAIVCLXXLLLLNVGQLLA
ID213	MXXFIDPSSVNEKKRREREERQNIWLWRQLITLQYFSLEILVILKEWTSKLWHRXXIVV XFLLLAXLIA
ID214	MPLLRGLLWXQVLCAL
ID215	MKLLSLVAVVGCCLVPPAEA
ID216	MPALLPVASRLLLLPRVLLTMASG
ID217	MCLLLGATGVGKTLVVKRLQEVSSRDGKGLGEPPPTPTVGTNLTDIVAQRKITIRELG GCMGPWISSYYGNCRSLLFVMDASDPTQLSAXXVQLLGLLSAEQLAEA
ID218	MELPAVNLES DSPRLAADNLGLHCILRLCLGQLHHPGLG
ID219	MAFLRKVYSILSLQVLLTTVTSTVFLYFESVRTFVHESPALILLFALGSLG
ID220	MYTYGNKQHNSPTWDDPTLAIALAANAWA
ID221	MQQIFIQQCRELNFWWSREPWLVLALPLTVWP
ID222	MKAVLLALLMAGLAL
ID223	MGLQACLLGLFALILS
ID224	MRPGQVSLGPDVSVLGSGLGLSPGTSS
ID225	MINPSVPSKSNHPFLSTVMFTSASLLPMSTG
ID226	MSEKEXNFPPLPKFIPVKPCFYQNFSEIPVEHQVLVKRIYRLWMFYCATLGVNLIACLA WWIGGGSG
ID227	MNPTKLILKTILRLYFFLQLAHS
ID228	MASSSPDSPCSXXCFVSVPASA
ID229	MXPVLAALAHVLCPYMAPGLCREPIRXLIAXLEPPGAMA
ID230	MNNLNDPPNWNIRPNSRADGGDSRWNYALLVPMGLAAFRWIWS
ID231	MLLLFLAALCSLFFFLSLQ
ID232	MLFLGKVLIVCSTGLAGIMLLNYQQDYTVWVPLIIVCLFAFLVAHC
ID233	MQGIPILTPVTTQSIASIVLTVQGLLLL VHSFWFTVC
ID234	MQNFCHHLAICTVILFCVLLSLRPHTS
ID235	MPSFSKDLLTPVKLGTGHXXGXGSYDXALXLLKCLWSNVVPECTMASSNTVLMRLVASA YSIA
ID236	MARGAHLTALEMLXAFASHIXA

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SEQ. ID NO.	SIGNAL PEPTIDE
ID237	MEVGLPAITLFLTSASSPVVATTMDQEPVGGVERGEAVAASGXAAAAAFGESAGQMSNER GFENVELGVIGKKKKVPRRVHIFVSGETMEEYSTDEDXVDGLEKXMFCLLLIRQNLPGVP TYGFTCFGLLHQLSQCVTS
ID238	MKELERQQKEVEERPEKDFTEKGSRNMPGLSAATLASLGGTSS
ID239	MSMGFMMLVLVILCIVTVCVT
ID240	MMELXLKXXTKXEXESACTEAYSQSDEQYACHLGCQNQLPFAELRQEQLMSLMPKMHLFF PLTLVRSFWS
ID241	MVSNASETSCGLLLFASHLINQ
ID242	MPRKRKCDLRAVRVGLLLGGGGVYGSFRFTFPGRALSPWRVRXQRRRCCEMSTMFADTL LIVFISVCTALLA
ID243	MGMWSIGAGALGAAALALLANT
ID244	MDVAFLEXLIKDDIERGRLPLLLVANAGTAA
ID245	MRTLFNLLWLALACSP
ID246	MNAQPGLXLDCTRFLTXXGQFICLQWALPHSEA
ID247	MGKEGWQEMENGGAAPAWGAGPPVHPAPPVEKTLWGCGFGLHSGFGGSGGGVGLCRL LCLVRLFCC
ID248	MAAPSGGWNGVGASLWAALLLTATVRLSA
ID249	MLAIYGNFCVSAKNFLLMRNIVRVVLDKVTDLLLFFGKLLVVG
ID250	MERNCKGSFGVIKEDTDTXETKARRTVWEPRGRYSFRXTPRPAYPVEQCGFARRALELL EIRKHSPEVCEPPNIPVTSVLELIVASVCQS
ID251	MFVEYRKQLKLLLDRLAQVSPPELLASVRRVFSSTLQNWQTTRFMEVEVAIRLLYMLAEA LPVSHG
ID252	MLLGTSNIIFLIQWHGSVFQ
ID253	MXNRFATAFVXACVLSLIST
ID254	MSLTSGFLRVSQG
ID255	MANFKGHALPGSFFLIIGLCWSVKYPLKYFSHTRKNSPLHYQRLIVEAAIRTLFSVTGILA
ID256	MQDTGSVVPLHWFGFGYAALVAGGIGYVKAGSVPSLAAGLLFGSLAGLGA
ID257	MEXGLKSADPRDGTGYTXXXXYCCALLTSLXCIWG
ID258	MASPSRRLQTKPVITCFKSVLLIYTFIFWITGVILLAVGIWG
ID259	MFSRELAPTRIGGASSGSRSGGTLISTAPLTTRVLNPTAQCFCLDCTLRMQTHLSVSL PCAGAWS
ID260	MSMAVETFGFFMATVGLMLGVTL PNSYW
ID261	MEKIPVSXFLXLXXLSXXWP
ID262	MHSAEPLXLAALRGARGHLPCGSRHHVGLAPASVPAGACLWVCEWETLLPGLILERP LVPSAEA
ID263	MAGQFRSYVWDPLLISQIVLMQTVYYGSLGLWLALVDGLVRX
ID264	MAPKVFRQYWDIPDGTIDCHRKAYSTTSIASVAGLTAAAYRVTLNPPGTFLEGVAKVGQYT FTAAAVGAVFGLTTCISA
ID265	MAAAAWLQVLPVILLLLG
ID266	MEIYFIFCIIVPIAAATVYKSWCLLLILDMNVLYTDA
ID267	MSRYTSPVNPVAFPHLTVVLLAIGMFFTAWF
ID268	MRLAAEAHPGRHTLFRRLKPFMLSSSLPLLIWL
ID269	MLEHLXSLPTQMDYKGGKLAXQMFQGIILFSAIVGFTYG
ID270	MEYSKVLFCFSFNVLG
ID271	MASKIGSRRWMLQLIMQLGSLVLLTRC
ID272	MEHYRKAGSVLPAPSPMPQLPPDTLEMRVRDGSKIRNLLGLALGRLEGGSA
ID273	MNALMVLFNVTVVLLIALTCLDGTTS
ID274	MNWSIFEGLLSGVNKYSTAFGRWLVSFIFRVLVYLVTAEVWS
ID275	MIISLFYIFXTCSNT
ID276	MFRLNSLSALAEAVG
ID277	MTAGTLRTWLCCAGSWA
ID278	MLGRPCFHSPQRLLVILCVSVKAG
ID279	MDEARDNACNDMGKMLQFVLPVATQIQQ



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SEQ. ID NO.	SIGNAL PEPTIDE
ID280	MSPISIRELCALGSAPSSMWA
ID281	MTDLLSASPWALT
ID282	MSWSGLLHGLNTSLTCGPALVPRLWA
ID283	MADVINVSVNLEAFSAISAIQA
ID284	MNVIDHVRDMAAAGLHSNVRLSSLLLTMSNN
ID285	MTSACLAWTAVRPSAC
ID286	MNGSRTLTHSISDGLQGGQSNSELFQQEXQTAPAQVPQGFNVFGMSSSSGASNS
ID287	MLGFFLFLSFVLMYDG
ID288	MMEERANLMHMMKLSIKVLLQSALSLG
ID289	MELEXIVSAALLAFVQT
ID290	MLRQIIGQAKKHPSLIPLFXFIGTGA
ID291	MVKETQYYDILGVKPSASPERSRRPIGWSRSTTRTRTRMRARSLNSYPRHMKCFQIQRK GMFMTKAESRQXKKEAQAAPASLHPWTSLTCSLVVVDG
ID292	MANLFIRKMMVNPLLYLSRHTVKPRALSTXLFGSIRG
ID293	MAAAAASRGXGAKLGLRXIRIHLQORSPGSQG
ID294	MFPSCYLCYSLCGSILLSIFSAYNRLSLMLRIALTLIPSMLSRA
ID295	MSTQXGLSMHAHPQAYTPFIYLHARKRRGEIGDADSRFNDRYAHKSAQLXFLYFVCCIFQ
ID296	MKHFQDLPSSCSCSLISFTRG
ID297	MSQRSCLMDTSLDVYRXLIELNYLGTVSLTKCVLPHMIERKXXXKIVTVNSILGIISVPLSIG
ID298	MGGSGSRLSKELLAHEYQDLTFLTKQEILLAHRRFCELLPQEQRXXSRHFGHKCPSSRFSA FQSSRPTPSRSESAGSSPHQPKTALALRTSWISSVCS
ID299	MWRLLARASAPLLRVPLSDSWALLPASA
ID300	MADHVQSLAQLENLCKQLYETTDTXRSSXAEKALVEFTNSPDCLSKCQLLLERGSSSYS QLLAATCLTKLVSRTNNPLPLEQRIDIRNYVLNXLATRPKLATFVTQALIQXYA
ID301	MAYHGLTVPLIVMSVFWGFGFLVPWFIPKGPNRGVITMLVTCSVCCYFLWLIA
ID302	MSTGQLYRMEDIGRFHSQQPGSLTPSSPTVGEIITYNNTRNTLWIGGILMGSFQGTIA
ID303	MGWQRWWCFHLQAEASA
ID304	MSVIFACVVRVRDG
ID305	MAVTALAAXTWLGVWG
ID306	MSLSAFTLFLALIGGTSG
ID307	MSLSAFTLFLALIGGTSG
ID308	MSLSAFTLFLALIGGTSG
ID309	MVELMFPLLLLLLPFLLYMA
ID310	MWLLYLLVPALFCRA
ID311	MKQILHPAETTAMTLFPVLLFLVAGLLPSFP
ID312	MLKALFTMLTLALVKS
ID313	MEKNPLAAPLLILWFHLDCVSS
ID314	MRVVTIVILLCFCKA
ID315	MDQFPESVTENFEYDDLAEACYIGDIVVFGTVFLSIFYSVIFAIGLVGNLLVVFALTNSK KPKSVTDIYLLNLALSDDLFLVATLPFWTHY

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Minimum signal peptide score	false positive rate	false negative rate	proba(0.1)	proba(0.2)
3.5	0.121	0.036	0.467	0.664
4	0.096	0.06	0.519	0.708
4.5	0.078	0.079	0.565	0.745
5	0.062	0.098	0.615	0.782
5.5	0.05	0.127	0.659	0.813
6	0.04	0.163	0.694	0.836
6.5	0.033	0.202	0.725	0.855
7	0.025	0.248	0.763	0.878
7.5	0.021	0.304	0.78	0.889
8	0.015	0.368	0.816	0.909
8.5	0.012	0.418	0.836	0.92
9	0.009	0.512	0.856	0.93
9.5	0.007	0.581	0.863	0.934
10	0.006	0.679	0.835	0.919

TABLE IV

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Minimum signal peptide score	All ESTs	New ESTs	ESTs matching public EST closer than 40 bp from beginning	ESTs extending known mRNA more than 40 bp	ESTs extending public EST more than 40 bp
3.5	2674	947	599	23	150
4	2278	784	499	23	126
4.5	1943	647	425	22	112
5	1657	523	353	21	96
5.5	1417	419	307	19	80
6	1190	340	238	18	68
6.5	1035	280	186	18	60
7	893	219	161	15	48
7.5	753	173	132	12	36
8	636	133	101	11	29
8.5	543	104	83	8	26
9	456	81	63	6	24
9.5	364	57	48	6	18
10	303	47	35	6	15

TABLE V

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Tissue	All ESTs	New ESTs	ESTs matching public EST closer than 40 bp from beginning	ESTs extending known mRNA more than 40 bp	ESTs extending public EST more than 40 bp
Brain	329	131	75	3	24
Cancerous prostate	134	40	37	1	6
Cerebellum	17	9	1	0	6
Colon	21	11	4	0	0
Dystrophic muscle	41	18	8	0	1
Fetal brain	70	37	16	0	1
Fetal kidney	227	116	46	1	19
Fetal liver	13	7	2	0	0
Heart	30	15	7	0	1
Hypertrophic prostate	86	23	22	2	2
Kidney	10	7	3	0	0
Large intestine	21	8	4	0	1
Liver	23	9	6	0	0
Lung	24	12	4	0	1
Lung (cells)	57	38	6	0	4
Lymph ganglia	163	60	23	2	12
Lymphocytes	23	6	4	0	2
Muscle	33	16	6	0	4
Normal prostate	181	61	45	7	11
Ovary	90	57	12	1	2
Pancreas	48	11	6	0	1
Placenta	24	5	1	0	0
Prostate	34	16	4	0	2
Spleen	56	28	10	0	1
Substantia nigra	108	47	27	1	6
Surrenals	15	3	3	1	0
Testis	131	68	25	1	8
Thyroid	17	8	2	0	2
Umbilical cord	55	17	12	1	3
Uterus	28	15	3	0	2
Non tissue-specific	568	48	177	2	28
Total	2677	947	601	23	150

TABLE VI

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### Description of Transcription Factor Binding Sites present on promoters isolated from SignalTag sequences

Promoter sequence P13H2 (648 bp):

Matrix	Position	Orientation	Score	Length	Sequence
CMYB_01	-502	+	0.983	9	TGTCAGTTG
MYOD_Q6	-501	-	0.961	10	CCCAACTGAC
S8_01	-444	-	0.960	11	AATAGAATTAG
S8_01	-425	+	0.966	11	AACTAAATTAG
DELTAEF1_01	-390	-	0.960	11	GCACACCTCAG
GATA_C	-364	-	0.964	11	AGATAAATCCA
CMYB_01	-349	+	0.958	9	CTTCAGTTG
GATA1_02	-343	+	0.959	14	TTGTAGATAGGACA
GATA_C	-339	+	0.953	11	AGATAGGACAT
TAL1ALPHA47_01	-235	+	0.973	16	CATAACAGATGGTAAG
TAL1BETA47_01	-235	+	0.983	16	CATAACAGATGGTAAG
TAL1BETA1TF2_01	-235	+	0.978	16	CATAACAGATGGTAAG
MYOD_Q6	-232	-	0.954	10	ACCATCTGTT
GATA1_04	-217	-	0.953	13	TCAAGATAAAGTA
IK1_01	-126	+	0.963	13	AGTTGGGAATTCC
IK2_01	-126	+	0.985	12	AGTTGGGAATTC
CREL_01	-123	+	0.962	10	TGGGAATTCC
GATA1_02	-96	+	0.950	14	TCAGTGATATGGCA
SRY_02	-41	-	0.951	12	TAAACAAAACA
E2F_02	-33	+	0.957	8	TTTAGCGC
MZF1_01	-5	-	0.975	8	TGAGGGGA

Promoter sequence P15B4 (861bp) :

Matrix	Position	Orientation	Score	Length	Sequence
NFY_Q6	-748	-	0.958	11	GGACCAATCAT
MZF1_01	-738	+	0.962	8	CCTGGGGA
CMYB_01	-684	+	0.994	9	TGACCGTTG
VMYB_02	-682	-	0.985	9	TCCAACGGT
STAT_01	-673	+	0.968	9	TTCTGGAA
STAT_01	-673	-	0.951	9	TTCCAGGAA
MZF1_01	-556	-	0.958	8	TTGGGGGA
IK2_01	-451	+	0.965	12	GAATGGGATTC
MZF1_01	-424	+	0.986	8	AGAGGGGA
SRY_02	-398	-	0.955	12	GAAACAAAACA
MZF1_01	-216	+	0.960	8	GAAGGGGA
MYOD_Q6	-190	+	0.981	10	AGCATCTGCC
DELTAEF1_01	-176	+	0.958	11	TCCCACCTTC
S8_01	5	-	0.992	11	GAGGCAATTAT
MZF1_01	16	-	0.986	8	AGAGGGGA

Promoter sequence P29B6 (555 bp) :

Matrix	Position	Orientation	Score	Length	Sequence
ARNT_01	-311	+	0.964	16	GGACTCACGTGCTGCT
NMYC_01	-309	+	0.965	12	ACTCACGTGCTG
USF_01	-309	+	0.985	12	ACTCACGTGCTG
USF_01	-309	-	0.985	12	CAGCACGTGAGT
NMYC_01	-309	-	0.956	12	CAGCACGTGAGT
MYC MAX_02	-309	-	0.972	12	CAGCACGTGAGT
USF_C	-307	+	0.997	8	TCACGTGC
USF_C	-307	-	0.991	8	GCACGTGA
MZF1_01	-292	-	0.968	8	CATGGGGA
ELK1_02	-105	+	0.963	14	CTCTCCGGAAGCCT
CETS1P54_01	-102	+	0.974	10	TCCGGAAGCC
AP1_Q4	-42	-	0.963	11	AGTGACTGAAC
AP1FJ_Q2	-42	-	0.961	11	AGTGACTGAAC
PADS_C	45	+	1.000	9	TGTGGTCTC

TABLE VII

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# CLAIMS

1. A purified or isolated nucleic acid comprising the sequence of one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or comprising a sequence complementary thereto.
- 5 2. The nucleic acid of Claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid is recombinant.
3. A purified or isolated nucleic acid comprising at least 10 consecutive bases of the sequence of one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or one of the sequences complementary thereto.
4. A purified or isolated nucleic acid comprising at least 15 consecutive bases of  
10 one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or one of the sequences complementary thereto.
5. The nucleic acid of Claim 4, wherein said nucleic acid is recombinant.
6. A purified or isolated nucleic acid of at least 15 bases capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to the sequence of one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or one of the  
15 sequences complementary to the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.
7. The nucleic acid of Claim 6, wherein said nucleic acid is recombinant.
8. A purified or isolated nucleic acid encoding a human gene product, said human gene product having a sequence partially encoded by one of the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 38-315.
- 20 9. A purified or isolated nucleic acid having the sequence of one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 or having a sequence complementary thereto.
10. A purified or isolated nucleic acid comprising the nucleotides of one of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 which encode a signal peptide.
11. A purified or isolated polypeptides comprising a signal peptide encoded by  
25 one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.
12. A vector encoding a fusion protein comprising a polypeptide and a signal peptide, said vector comprising a first nucleic acid encoding a signal peptide encoded by one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 operably linked to a second nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide.
- 30 13. A method of directing the extracellular secretion of a polypeptide or the insertion of a polypeptide into the membrane comprising the steps of:

obtaining a vector according to Claim 12; and

introducing said vector into a host cell such that said fusion protein is secreted into the extracellular environment of said host cell or inserted into the membrane of said host cell.

14. A method of importing a polypeptide into a cell comprising contacting said  
5 cell with a fusion protein comprising a signal peptide encoded by one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315 operably linked to said polypeptide.

15. A method of making a cDNA encoding a human secretory protein that is partially encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315, comprising the steps of:

obtaining a cDNA comprising one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315;  
10 contacting said cDNA with a detectable probe comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of said sequence of SEQ ID NO: 38-315 or a sequence complementary thereto under conditions which permit said probe to hybridize to said cDNA;

identifying a cDNA which hybridizes to said detectable probe; and

isolating said cDNA which hybridizes to said probe.

15 16. An isolated or purified cDNA encoding a human secretory protein, said human secretory protein comprising the protein encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315 or a fragment thereof of at least 10 amino acids, said cDNA being obtainable by the method of Claim 15.

17. The cDNA of Claim 16 wherein said cDNA comprises the full protein coding  
20 sequence partially included in one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

18. A method of making a cDNA comprising one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, comprising the steps of:

contacting a collection of mRNA molecules from human cells with a first primer capable of hybridizing to the polyA tail of said mRNA;

25 hybridizing said first primer to said polyA tail;

reverse transcribing said mRNA to make a first cDNA strand;

making a second cDNA strand complementary to said first cDNA strand using at least one primer comprising at least 15 nucleotides of one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs 38-315; and

30 isolating the resulting cDNA comprising said first cDNA strand and said second cDNA strand.

19. An isolated or purified cDNA encoding a human secretory protein, said human secretory protein comprising the protein encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315 or a fragment thereof of at least 10 amino acids, said cDNA being obtainable by the method of Claim 18.

5           20. The cDNA of Claim 19 wherein said cDNA comprises the full protein coding sequence partially included in one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

          21. The method of Claim 18, wherein the second cDNA strand is made by:  
          contacting said first cDNA strand with a first pair of primers, said first pair of primers comprising a second primer comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of one of the  
10           sequences of SEQ ID NOs 38-315 and a third primer having a sequence therein which is included within the sequence of said first primer;

          performing a first polymerase chain reaction with said first pair of nested primers to generate a first PCR product;

          contacting said first PCR product with a second pair of primers, said second pair of  
15           primers comprising a fourth primer, said fourth primer comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides of said sequence of one of SEQ ID NO:s 38-315, and a fifth primer, said fourth and fifth primers being capable of hybridizing to sequences within said first PCR product; and

          performing a second polymerase chain reaction, thereby generating a second PCR product.

20           22. An isolated or purified cDNA encoding a human secretory protein, said human secretory protein comprising the protein encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315, or a fragment thereof of at least 10 amino acids, said cDNA being obtainable by the method of Claim 21.

          23. The cDNA of Claim 22 wherein said cDNA comprises the full protein coding  
25           sequence partially included in one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

          24. The method of Claim 18 wherein the second cDNA strand is made by:  
          contacting said first cDNA strand with a second primer comprising at least 15  
consecutive nucleotides of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315;  
          hybridizing said second primer to said first strand cDNA; and  
30           extending said hybridized second primer to generate said second cDNA strand.



25. An isolated or purified cDNA encoding a human secretory protein, said human secretory protein comprising the protein partially encoded by one of SEQ ID NOs 38-315 or comprising a fragment thereof of at least 10 amino acids, said cDNA being obtainable by the method of Claim 24.

5        26. The cDNA of Claim 25, wherein said cDNA comprises the full protein coding sequence partially included in one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315.

27. A method of making a protein comprising one of the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 316-593, comprising the steps of:

10        obtaining a cDNA encoding the full protein sequence partially included in one of the sequences of sequence of SEQ ID NO: 38-315;

inserting said cDNA in an expression vector such that said cDNA is operably linked to a promoter;

introducing said expression vector into a host cell whereby said host cell produces the protein encoded by said cDNA; and

15        isolating said protein.

28. An isolated protein obtainable by the method of Claim 27.

29. A method of obtaining a promoter DNA comprising the steps of:

obtaining DNAs located upstream of the nucleic acids of SEQ ID NO: 38-315 or the sequences complementary thereto;

20        screening said upstream DNAs to identify a promoter capable of directing transcription initiation; and

isolating said DNA comprising said identified promoter.

30. The method of Claim 29, wherein said obtaining step comprises chromosome walking from said nucleic acids of SEQ ID NO: 38-315 or sequences complementary thereto.

25        31. The method of Claim 30, wherein said screening step comprises inserting said upstream sequences into a promoter reporter vector.

32. The method of Claim 30, wherein said screening step comprises identifying motifs in said upstream DNAs which are transcription factor binding sites or transcription start sites.

30        33. An isolated promoter obtainable by the method of Claim 32.

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34. An isolated or purified protein comprising one of the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 316-593.

35. In an array of discrete ESTs or fragments thereof of at least 15 nucleotides in length, the improvement comprising inclusion in said array of at least one of the sequences of  
5 SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, or one of the sequences complementary to the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, or a fragment thereof of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides.

36. The array of Claim 35 including therein at least two of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, the sequences complementary to the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, or fragments thereof of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides.

10 37. The array of Claim 35 including therein at least five of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, the sequences complementary to the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 38-315, or fragments thereof of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides.

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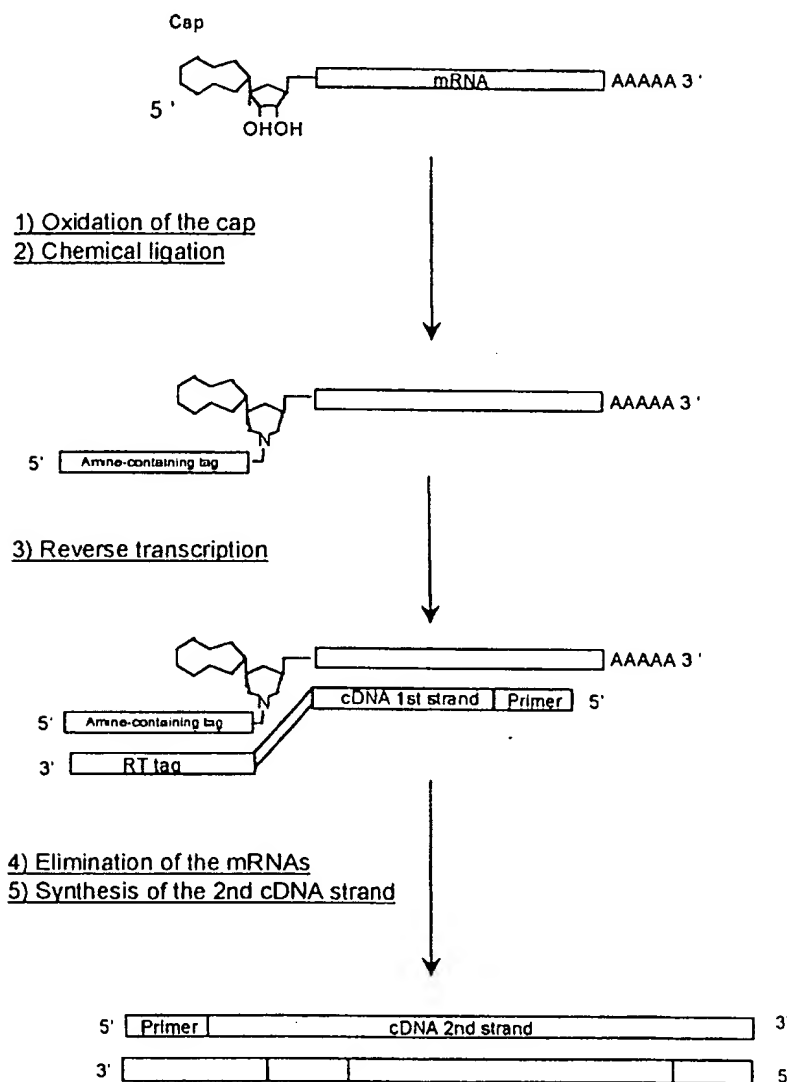


Figure 1

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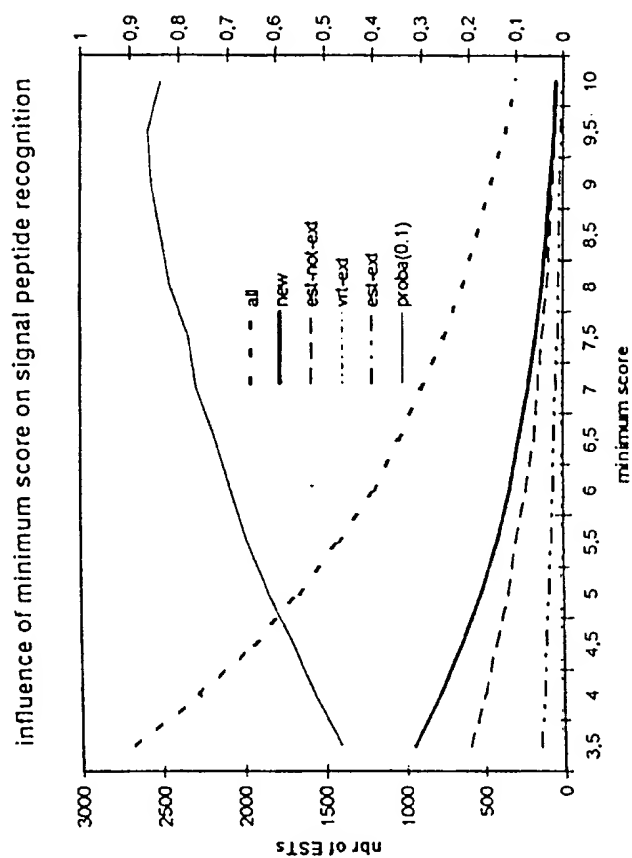


Figure 2

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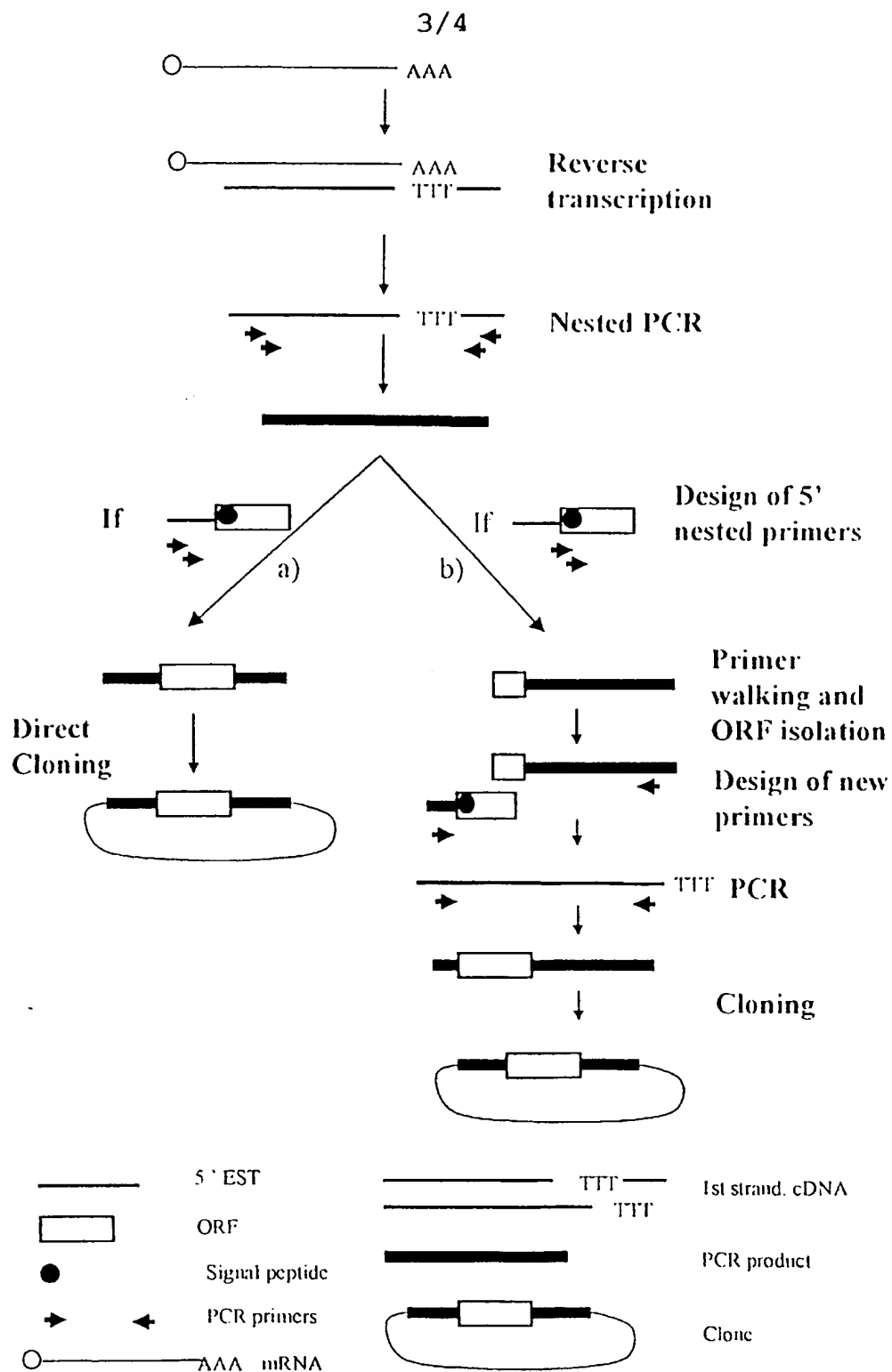


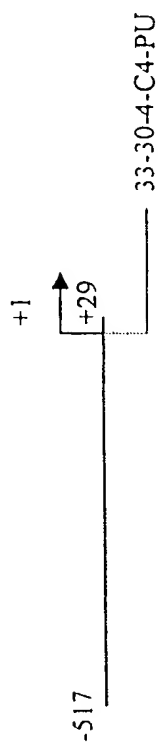
Figure 3

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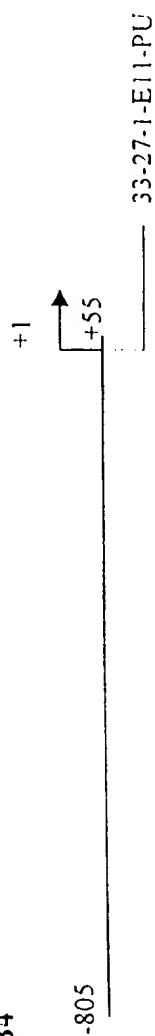
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Promoter P13H2



Promoter P15B4



Promoter P29B6

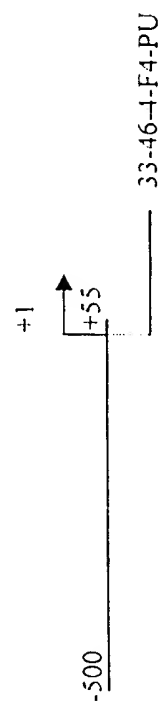


Figure 4

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SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT:

- (A) NAME : GENSET SA
- (B) STREET :24, RUE ROYALE
- (C) CITY: PARIS
- (E) COUNTRY : FRANCE
- (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP) : 75008

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: 5' ESTs FOR SECRETED PROTEINS  
EXPRESSED IN PROSTATE

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 593

(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

- (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy Disk
- (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
- (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: Win95
- (D) SOFTWARE: Word

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 47 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Cap
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: m7Gppp added to 1

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

GGCAUCCUAC UCCCAUCCAA UCCACCCUA ACUCCUCCCA UCUCCAC

47

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 46 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

GCAUCCUACU CCAUCCAAU UCCACCCUAA CUCCUCCCAU CUCCAC

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

ATCAAGAATT CGCACGAGAC CATTA

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

TAATGGTCTC GTGCGAATTC TTGAT

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

CCGACAAGAC CAACGTCAAG GCCGC

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR



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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

TCACCAGCAG GCAGTGGCTT AGGAG

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

AGTGATTCTT GCTACTTTGG ATGGC

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

GCTTGGTCTT GTTCTGGAGT TTAGA

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:

TCCAGAATGG GAGACAAGCC AATTT

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:

AGGGAGGAGG AAACAGCGTG AGTCC

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

ATGGGAAAGG AAAAGACTCA TATCA

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

AGCAGCAACA ATCAGGACAG CACAG

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:

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ATCAAGAATT CGCACGAGAC CATTA

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 67 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14:

ATCGTTGAGA CTCGTACCAG CAGAGTCACG AGAGAGACTA CACGGTACTG GTTTTTTTTT 60

TTTTTVN 67

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15:

CCAGCAGAGT CACGAGAGAG ACTACACGG 29

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:

CACGAGAGAG ACTACACGGT ACTGG 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 526 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Lymph ganglia
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: complement(261..376)
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 166..281  
id N70479  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: complement(380..486)
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 54..160  
id N70479  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: complement(110..145)
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 403..438  
id N70479  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: complement(196..229)
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 315..348  
id N70479  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 90..140
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.2  
seq LLLITAILAVAVG/FP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:

AAATATRARAC AGCTACAATA TTCCAGGGCC ARTCACTTGC CATTTCTCAT AACAGCGTCA	60
GAGAGAAAGA ACTGACTGAR ACGTTTGAG ATG AAG AAA GTT CTC CTC CTG ATC	113

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	Met Lys Lys Val Leu Leu Leu Ile	
	-15 -10	
ACA GCC ATC TTG GCA GTG GCT GTW GGT TTC CCA GTC TCT CAA GAC CAG		161
Thr Ala Ile Leu Ala Val Ala Val Gly Phe Pro Val Ser Gln Asp Gln		
-5 1 5		
GAA CGA GAA AAA AGA AGT ATC AGT GAC AGC GAT GAA TTA GCT TCA GGR		209
Glu Arg Glu Lys Arg Ser Ile Ser Asp Ser Asp Glu Leu Ala Ser Gly		
10 15 20		
WTT TTT GTG TTC CCT TAC CCA TAT CCA TTT CGC CCA CTT CCA CCA ATT		257
Xaa Phe Val Phe Pro Tyr Pro Tyr Pro Phe Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Ile		
25 30 35		
CCA TTT CCA AGA TTT CCA TGG TTT AGA CGT AAN TTT CCT ATT CCA ATA		305
Pro Phe Pro Arg Phe Pro Trp Phe Arg Arg Xaa Phe Pro Ile Pro Ile		
40 45 50 55		
CCT GAA TCT GCC CCT ACA ACT CCC CTT CCT AGC GAA AAG TAAACAARAA		354
Pro Glu Ser Ala Pro Thr Thr Pro Leu Pro Ser Glu Lys		
60 65		
GGAAAAGTCA CRATAAACCT GGTCACCTGA AATTGAAATT GAGCCACTTC CTTGAARAAT		414
CAAATTCCT GTTAATAAAA RAAAAACAAA TGTAATTGAA ATAGCACACA GCATTCTCTA		474
GTCAATATCT TTAGTGATCT TCTTTAATAA ACATGAAAGC AAAAAAAAAA AA		526

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..17
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.2  
seq LLLITAILAVAVG/FP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18:

Met Lys Lys Val Leu Leu Leu Ile Thr Ala Ile Leu Ala Val Ala Val
1 5 10 15
Gly

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 822 base pairs  
    (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
    (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
    (D) DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: Fetal  
    (F) TISSUE TYPE: kidney
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other  
    (B) LOCATION: 260..464  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
                            region 153..357  
                            id H57434  
                            est
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other  
    (B) LOCATION: 118..184  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
                            region 98..164  
                            id H57434  
                            est
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other  
    (B) LOCATION: 56..113  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
                            region 35..92  
                            id H57434  
                            est
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other  
    (B) LOCATION: 454..485  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
                            region 348..379  
                            id H57434  
                            est
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other  
    (B) LOCATION: 118..545  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
                            region 1..428  
                            id N27248  
                            est
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 65..369  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 41..345  
id H94779  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 61..399  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 6..344  
id H09880  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 408..458  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 355..405  
id H09880  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 60..399  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 56..395  
id H29351  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 393..432  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 391..430  
id H29351  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 346..408  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
seq SFLPSALVIWTS/AF

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19:

ACTCCTTTTA GCATAGGGGC TTCGGCGCCA GCGGCCAGCG CTAGTCGGTC TGGTAAGTGC	60
CTGATGCCGA GTTCCGTCTC TCGCGTCTTT TCCTGGTCCC AGGCAAAGCG GASGNAGATC	120
CTCAAACGGC CTAGTGCTTC GCGCTTCCGG AGAAATCAG CGGTCTAATT AATTCCTCTG	180
GTTTSTTGAA GCAGTTACCA AGAATCTCA ACCCTTCCCC ACAAAGCTA ATTGAGTACA	240

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CGTTCCTGTT GAGTACACGT TCCTGTTGAT TTACAAAAGG TGCAGGTATG AGCAGGTCTG	300
AAGACTAACA TTTTGTGAAG TTGTAAAACA GAAAACCTGT TAGAA ATG TGG TGG TTT	357
Met Trp Trp Phe	
-20	
CAG CAA GGC CTC AGT TTC CTT CCT TCA GCC CTT GTA ATT TGG ACA TCT	405
Gln Gln Gly Leu Ser Phe Leu Pro Ser Ala Leu Val Ile Trp Thr Ser	
-15 -10 -5	
GCT GCT TTC ATA TTT TCA TAC ATT ACT GCA GTA ACA CTC CAC CAT ATA	453
Ala Ala Phe Ile Phe Ser Tyr Ile Thr Ala Val Thr Leu His His Ile	
1 5 10 15	
GAC CCG GCT TTA CCT TAT ATC AGT GAC ACT GGT ACA GTA GCT CCA RAA	501
Asp Pro Ala Leu Pro Tyr Ile Ser Asp Thr Gly Thr Val Ala Pro Xaa	
20 25 30	
AAA TGC TTA TTT GGG GCA ATG CTA AAT ATT GCG GCA GTT TTA TGT CAA	549
Lys Cys Leu Phe Gly Ala Met Leu Asn Ile Ala Ala Val Leu Cys Gln	
35 40 45	
AAA TAGAAATCAG GAARATAATT CAACTTAAAG AAKTTCATTT CATGACCAAA	602
Lys	
CTCTTCARAA ACATGTCTTT ACAAGCATAT CTCTTGATT GCTTTCTACA CTGTTGAATT	662
GTCTGGCAAT ATTTCTGCAG TGGAAAATTT GATTTARMTA GTTCTTGACT GATAAATATG	722
GTAAGGTGGG CTTTTCCCCC TGTGTAATTG GCTACTATGT CTTACTGAGC CAAGTTGTAW	782
TTTGAAATAA AATGATATGA GAGTGACACA AAAAAAAAAA	822

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 21 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..21
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
seq SFLPSALVIWTS/AF

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20:

Met Trp Trp Phe Gln Gln Gly Leu Ser Phe Leu Pro Ser Ala Leu Val
1 5 10 15



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Ile Trp Thr Ser Ala  
20

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 405 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Testis

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(103..398)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..296  
id AA442893  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 185..295
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq LSYASSALSPCLT/AP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21:

ATCACCTTCT TCTCCATCCT TSTCTGGGCC AGTCCCCARC CCAGTCCCTC TCCTGACCTG	60
CCCAGCCCAA GTCAGCCTTC AGCACGCGCT TTTCTGCACA CAGATATTCC AGGCCTACCT	120
GGCATTCCAG GACCTCCGMA ATGATGCTCC AGTCCCTTAC AAGCGCTTCC TGGATGAGGG	180
TGGC ATG GTG CTG ACC ACC CTC CCC TTG CCC TCT GCC AAC AGC CCT GTG	229
Met Val Leu Thr Thr Leu Pro Leu Pro Ser Ala Asn Ser Pro Val	
-35 -30 -25	
AAC ATG CCC ACC ACT GGC CCC AAC AGC CTG AGT TAT GCT AGC TCT GCC	277
Asn Met Pro Thr Thr Gly Pro Asn Ser Leu Ser Tyr Ala Ser Ser Ala	
-20 -15 -10	
CTG TCC CCC TGT CTG ACC GCT CCA AAK TCC CCC CGG CTT GCT ATG ATG	325
Leu Ser Pro Cys Leu Thr Ala Pro Xaa Ser Pro Arg Leu Ala Met Met	
-5 1 5 10	
CCT GAC AAC TAAATATCCT TATCCAAATC AATAAARWRA RATCCTCCC TCCARAAGGG	384
Pro Asp Asn	
TTTCTAAAAA CAAAAA A	405

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..37
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq LSYASSALSPCLT/AP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:

```

Met Val Leu Thr Thr Leu Pro Leu Pro Ser Ala Asn Ser Pro Val Asn
 1             5             10             15

Met Pro Thr Thr Gly Pro Asn Ser Leu Ser Tyr Ala Ser Ser Ala Leu
          20             25             30

Ser Pro Cys Leu Thr
          35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 496 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 149..331
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..183  
id AA397994  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 328..485  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
                           region 179..336  
                           id AA397994  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(182..496)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
                           region 14..328  
                           id AA399680  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 196..240  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
                           seq ILSTVTALTFAXA/LD

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23:

AAAAAATTGG TCCCAGTTTT CACCCTGCCG CAGGGCTGGC TGGGGAGGGC AGCGGTTTAG	60
ATTAGCCGTG GCCTAGGCCG TTAAACGGGG TGACACGAGC NTGCAGGGCC GAGTCCAAGG	120
CCCGGAGATA GGACCAACCG TCAGGAATGC GAGGAATGTT TTTCTTCGGA CTCTATCGAG	180
GCACACAGAC AGACC ATG GGG ATT CTG TCT ACA GTG ACA GCC TTA ACA TTT	231
Met Gly Ile Leu Ser Thr Val Thr Ala Leu Thr Phe	
-15 -10 -5	
GCC ARA GCC CTG GAC GGC TGC AGA AAT GGC ATT GCC CAC CCT GCA AGT	279
Ala Xaa Ala Leu Asp Gly Cys Arg Asn Gly Ile Ala His Pro Ala Ser	
1 5 10	
GAG AAG CAC AGA CTC GAG AAA TGT AGG GAA CTC GAG ASC ASC CAC TCG	327
Glu Lys His Arg Leu Glu Lys Cys Arg Glu Leu Glu Xaa Xaa His Ser	
15 20 25	
GCC CCA GGA TCA ACC CAS CAC CGA AGA AAA ACA ACC AGA AGA AAT TAT	375
Ala Pro Gly Ser Thr Xaa His Arg Arg Lys Thr Thr Arg Arg Asn Tyr	
30 35 40 45	
TCT TCA GCC TGAAATGAAK CCGGGATCAA ATGGTTGCTG ATCARAGCCC ATATTTAAAT	434
Ser Ser Ala	
TGGAAGAGTC AAATTGASCA TTATTAATA AAGCTTGTTT AATATGTCTC AAACAAAAAA	494
AA	496

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..15
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
seq ILSTVTALTFFAXA/LD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24:

Met	Gly	Ile	Leu	Ser	Thr	Val	Thr	Ala	Leu	Thr	Phe	Ala	Xaa	Ala
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 623 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Testis

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 49..96
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.1  
seq LVLTLCTLPLAVA/SA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25:

AAAGATCCCT GCAGCCCGGC AGGAGAGAAG GCTGAGCCTT CTGGCGTC ATG GAG AGG	57
Met Glu Arg	
-15	
CTC GTC CTA ACC CTG TGC ACC CTC CCG CTG GCT GTG GCG TCT GCT GGC	105
Leu Val Leu Thr Leu Cys Thr Leu Pro Leu Ala Val Ala Ser Ala Gly	
-10 -5 1	
TGC GCC ACG ACG CCA GCT CGC AAC CTG AGC TGC TAC CAG TGC TTC AAG	153
Cys Ala Thr Thr Pro Ala Arg Asn Leu Ser Cys Tyr Gln Cys Phe Lys	
5 10 15	
GTC AGC AGC TGG ACG GAG TGC CCG CCC ACC TGG TGC AGC CCG CTG GAC	201

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Val	Ser	Ser	Trp	Thr	Glu	Cys	Pro	Pro	Thr	Trp	Cys	Ser	Pro	Leu	Asp	
20					25					30					35	
CAA	GTC	TGC	ATC	TCC	AAC	GAG	GTG	GTC	GTC	TCT	TTT	AAA	TGG	AGT	GTA	249
Gln	Val	Cys	Ile	Ser	Asn	Glu	Val	Val	Val	Ser	Phe	Lys	Trp	Ser	Val	
				40				45						50		
CGC	GTC	CTG	CTC	AGC	AAA	CGC	TGT	GCT	CCC	AGA	TGT	CCC	AAC	GAC	AAC	297
Arg	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys	Arg	Cys	Ala	Pro	Arg	Cys	Pro	Asn	Asp	Asn	
			55					60					65			
ATG	AAK	TTC	GAA	TGG	TCG	CCG	GCC	CCC	ATG	GTG	CAA	GGC	GTG	ATC	ACC	345
Met	Xaa	Phe	Glu	Trp	Ser	Pro	Ala	Pro	Met	Val	Gln	Gly	Val	Ile	Thr	
		70					75				80					
AGG	CGC	TGC	TGT	TCC	TGG	GCT	CTC	TGC	AAC	AGG	GCA	CTG	ACC	CCA	CAG	393
Arg	Arg	Cys	Cys	Ser	Trp	Ala	Leu	Cys	Asn	Arg	Ala	Leu	Thr	Pro	Gln	
	85					90				95						
GAG	GGG	CGC	TGG	GCC	CTG	CRA	GGG	GGG	CTC	CTG	CTC	CAG	GAC	CCT	TCG	441
Glu	Gly	Arg	Trp	Ala	Leu	Xaa	Gly	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gln	Asp	Pro	Ser	
100				105					110						115	
AGG	GGC	ARA	AAA	ACC	TGG	GTG	CGG	CCA	CAG	CTG	GGG	CTC	CCA	CTC	TGC	489
Arg	Gly	Xaa	Lys	Thr	Trp	Val	Arg	Pro	Gln	Leu	Gly	Leu	Pro	Leu	Cys	
			120					125					130			
CTT	CCC	AWT	TCC	AAC	CCC	CTC	TGC	CCA	RGG	GAA	ACC	CAG	GAA	GGA		534
Leu	Pro	Xaa	Ser	Asn	Pro	Leu	Cys	Pro	Xaa	Glu	Thr	Gln	Glu	Gly		
			135					140					145			
TAACACTGTG	GGTGCCCCCA	CCTGTGCATT	GGGACCACRA	CTTCACCCTC	TTGGARACAA											594
TAAACTCTCA	TGCCCCCAAA	AAAAAAAAAA														623

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..16
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.1  
seq LVLTLCTLPLAVA/SA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26:

Met	Glu	Arg	Leu	Val	Leu	Thr	Leu	Cys	Thr	Leu	Pro	Leu	Ala	Val	Ala
1				5				10					15		

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 848 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (D) DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: Fetal
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: kidney

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 32..73
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.7  
seq LWLLFFLVTAIHA/EL

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27:

AAC	TTT	GCCT	TGT	GT	TTT	CC	ACC	CTG	AAAG	A	ATG	TTG	TGG	CTG	CTC	TTT	TTT	CTG	55
											Met	Leu	Trp	Leu	Leu	Phe	Phe	Leu	
																			-10
GTG	ACT	GCC	ATT	CAT	GCT	GAA	CTC	TGT	CAA	CCA	GGT	GCA	GAA	AAT	GCT				103
Val	Thr	Ala	Ile	His	Ala	Glu	Leu	Cys	Gln	Pro	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ala				
-5					1				5					10					
TTT	AAA	GTG	AGA	CTT	AGT	ATC	AGA	ACA	GCT	CTG	GGA	GAT	AAA	GCA	TAT				151
Phe	Lys	Val	Arg	Leu	Ser	Ile	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Gly	Asp	Lys	Ala	Tyr				
			15					20						25					
GCC	TGG	GAT	ACC	AAT	GAA	GAA	TAC	CTC	TTC	AAA	GCG	ATG	GTA	GCT	TTC				199
Ala	Trp	Asp	Thr	Asn	Glu	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Lys	Ala	Met	Val	Ala	Phe				
			30					35					40						
TCC	ATG	AGA	AAA	GTT	CCC	AAC	AGA	GAA	GCA	ACA	GAA	ATT	TCC	CAT	GTC				247
Ser	Met	Arg	Lys	Val	Pro	Asn	Arg	Glu	Ala	Thr	Glu	Ile	Ser	His	Val				
			45				50					55							
CTA	CTT	TGC	AAT	GTA	ACC	CAG	AGG	GTA	TCA	TTC	TGG	TTT	GTG	GTT	ACA				295
Leu	Leu	Cys	Asn	Val	Thr	Gln	Arg	Val	Ser	Phe	Trp	Phe	Val	Val	Thr				
			60			65					70								
GAC	CCT	TCA	AAA	AAT	CAC	ACC	CTT	CCT	GCT	GTT	GAG	GTG	CAA	TCA	GCC				343
Asp	Pro	Ser	Lys	Asn	His	Thr	Leu	Pro	Ala	Val	Glu	Val	Gln	Ser	Ala				
75				80						85				90					
ATA	AGA	ATG	AAC	AAG	AAC	CGG	ATC	AAC	AAT	GCC	TTC	TTT	CTA	AAT	GAC				391
Ile	Arg	Met	Asn	Lys	Asn	Arg	Ile	Asn	Asn	Ala	Phe	Phe	Leu	Asn	Asp				
			95					100					105						
CAA	ACT	CTG	GAA	TTT	TTA	AAA	ATC	CCT	TCC	ACA	CTT	GCA	CCA	CCC	ATG				439

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Gln Thr Leu Glu Phe Leu Lys Ile Pro Ser Thr Leu Ala Pro Pro Met	
110 115 120	
GAC CCA TCT GTG CCC ATC TGG ATT ATT ATA TTT GGT GTG ATA TTT TGC	487
Asp Pro Ser Val Pro Ile Trp Ile Ile Ile Phe Gly Val Ile Phe Cys	
125 130 135	
ATC ATC ATA GTT GCA ATT GCA CTA CTG ATT TTA TCA GGG ATC TGG CAA	535
Ile Ile Ile Val Ala Ile Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Ser Gly Ile Trp Gln	
140 145 150	
CGT ADA ARA AAG AAC AAA GAA CCA TCT GAA GTG GAT GAC GCT GAA RAT	583
Arg Xaa Xaa Lys Asn Lys Glu Pro Ser Glu Val Asp Asp Ala Glu Xaa	
155 160 165 170	
AAK TGT GAA AAC ATG ATC ACA ATT GAA AAT GGC ATC CCC TCT GAT CCC	631
Xaa Cys Glu Asn Met Ile Thr Ile Glu Asn Gly Ile Pro Ser Asp Pro	
175 180 185	
CTG GAC ATG AAG GGA GGG CAT ATT AAT GAT GCC TTC ATG ACA GAG GAT	679
Leu Asp Met Lys Gly Gly His Ile Asn Asp Ala Phe Met Thr Glu Asp	
190 195 200	
GAG AGG CTC ACC CCT CTC TGAAGGGCTG TTGTTCTGCT TCCTCAARAA	727
Glu Arg Leu Thr Pro Leu	
205	
ATTAAACATT TGTTTCTGTG TGAAGGGCTG GCATCCTGAA ATACCAAGAG CAGATCATAT	787
WTTTGTGTTT ACCATTCTTC TTTTGTAATA AATTTTGAAT GTGCTTGAAA AAAAAAAAAA	847
C	848

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..14
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.7  
seq LWLLFFLVTAIHA/EL

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28:

Met	Leu	Trp	Leu	Leu	Phe	Phe	Leu	Val	Thr	Ala	Ile	His	Ala
1					5					10			

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 25 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29:

GGAAGATGG AGATAGTATT GCCTG

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 26 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30:

CTGCCATGTA CATGATAGAG AGATTC

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 546 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: promoter
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..517
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: transcription start site
  - (B) LOCATION: 518
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
  - (B) LOCATION: 17..25
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name CMYB\_01  
score 0.983  
sequence TGTCAGTTG



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## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: complement(18..27)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MYOD\_Q6  
score 0.961  
sequence CCCAACTGAC

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: complement(75..85)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name S8\_01  
score 0.960  
sequence AATAGAATTAG

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 94..104
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name S8\_01  
score 0.966  
sequence AACTAAATTAG

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: complement(129..139)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name DELTAEF1\_01  
score 0.960  
sequence GCACACCTCAG

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: complement(155..165)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name GATA\_C  
score 0.964  
sequence AGATAAATCCA

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 170..178
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name CMYB\_01  
score 0.958  
sequence CTTCAGTTG

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 176..189
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name GATA1\_02  
score 0.959  
sequence TTGTAGATAGGACA

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 180..190
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name GATA\_C

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score 0.953  
sequence AGATAGGACAT

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 284..299  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name TAL1ALPHA47\_01  
score 0.973  
sequence CATAACAGATGGTAAG

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 284..299  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name TAL1BETA47\_01  
score 0.983  
sequence CATAACAGATGGTAAG

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 284..299  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name TAL1BETA1TF2\_01  
score 0.978  
sequence CATAACAGATGGTAAG

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(287..296)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MYOD\_Q6  
score 0.954  
sequence ACCATCTGTT

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(302..314)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name GATA1\_04  
score 0.953  
sequence TCAAGATAAAGTA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 393..405  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name IK1\_01  
score 0.963  
sequence AGTTGGGAATTCC

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 393..404  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name IK2\_01  
score 0.985  
sequence AGTTGGGAATTCC

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site

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(B) LOCATION: 396..405  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name CREL\_01  
score 0.962  
sequence TGGGAATTCC

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 423..436  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name GATA1\_02  
score 0.950  
sequence TCAGTGATATGGCA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(478..489)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name SRY\_02  
score 0.951  
sequence TAAACAAAACA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 486..493  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name E2F\_02  
score 0.957  
sequence TTTAGCGC

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(514..521)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MZF1\_01  
score 0.975  
sequence TGAGGGGA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31:

TGAGTGGAGT GTTACATGTC AGTTGGGTTA AGTTTGTTAA TGTCATTCAA ATCTTCTATG	60
TCTTGATTTG CCTGCTAATT CTATTATTC TGGAATAAA TTAGTTTGAT GGTTCTATTA	120
GTTATTGACT GAGGTGTGCT AATCTCCCAT TATGTGGATT TATCTATTC TTCAGTTGTA	180
GATAGGACAT TGATAGATAC ATAAGTACCA GGACAAAAGC AGGGAGATCT TTTTCCAAA	240
ATCAGGAGAA AAAAATGACA TCTGGAAAAC CTATAGGGAA AGGCATAACA GATGGTAAGG	300
ATACTTTATC TTGAGTAGGA GAGCCTTCCT GTGGCAACGT GGAGAAGGGA AGAGGTCGTA	360
GAATTGAGGA GTCAGCTCAG TTAGAAGCAG GGAGTTGGGA ATTCCGTTCA TGTGATTTAG	420
CATCAGTGAT ATGGCAAATG TGGGACTAAG GGTAGTGATC AGAGGGTTAA AATTGTGTGT	480
TTTSTTTTAG CGCTGCTGGG GCATCGCCTT GGGTCCCTC AAACAGATTC CCATGAATCT	540
CTTCAT	546

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 23 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 32:

GTACCAGGGA CTGTGACCAT TGC

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33:

CTGTGACCAT TGCTCCCAAG AGAG

24

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 861 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: promoter
- (B) LOCATION: 1..806

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: transcription start site
- (B) LOCATION: 807

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: complement(60..70)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name NFY\_Q6  
score 0.956  
sequence GGACCAATCAT

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## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 70..77
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MZF1\_01  
score 0.962  
sequence CCTGGGGA

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 124..132
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name CMYB\_01  
score 0.994  
sequence TGACCGTTG

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: complement(126..134)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name VMYB\_02  
score 0.985  
sequence TCCAACGGT

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 135..143
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name STAT\_01  
score 0.968  
sequence TTCCTGGAA

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: complement(135..143)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name STAT\_01  
score 0.951  
sequence TTCCAGGAA

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: complement(252..259)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MZF1\_01  
score 0.956  
sequence TTGGGGGA

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 357..368
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name IK2\_01  
score 0.965  
sequence GAATGGGATTTC

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 384..391
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MZF1\_01  
score 0.986  
sequence AGAGGGGA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(410..421)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name SRY\_02  
score 0.955  
sequence GAAAACAAAACA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 592..599  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MZF1\_01  
score 0.960  
sequence GAAGGGGA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 618..627  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MYOD\_Q6  
score 0.981  
sequence AGCATCTGCC

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 632..642  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name DELTAEF1\_01  
score 0.958  
sequence TCCCACCTTCC

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(813..823)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name S8\_01  
score 0.992  
sequence GAGGCAATTAT

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(824..831)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MZF1\_01  
score 0.986  
sequence AGAGGGGA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 34:

TACTATAGGG CACGCGTGGT CGACGGCCGG GCTGTTCTGG AGCAGAGGGC ATGTCAGTAA 60  
TGATTGGTCC CTGGGGAAGG TCTGGCTGGC TCCAGCACAG TGAGGCATTT AGGTATCTCT 120  
CGGTGACCGT TGGATTCCCTG GAAGCAGTAG CTGTTCTGTT TGGATCTGGT AGGGACAGGG 180

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CTCAGAGGGC TAGGCACGAG GGAAGGTCAG AGGAGAAGGS AGGSARGGCC CAGTGAGARG	240
GGAGCATGCC TTCCCCAAC CCTGGCTTSC YCTTGGYMAM AGGGCGKTTY TGGGMACTTR	300
AAYTCAGGGC CCAASCAGAA SCACAGGCCC AKTCNTGGCT SMAAGCACAA TAGCCTGAAT	360
GGGATTTTCAG GTTAGNCAGG GTGAGAGGGG AGGCTCTCTG GCTTAGTTTT GTTTTGTTTT	420
CCAAATCAAG GTAACCTTGCT CCCTTCTGCT ACGGGCCTTG GTCTTGGCTT GTCCTCACCC	480
AGTCGGAACCT CCCTACCACT TTCAGGAGAG TGGTTTTAGG CCCGTGGGGC TGTTCTGTTC	540
CAAGCAGTGT GAGAACATGG CTGGTAGAGG CTCTAGCTGT GTGCGGGGCC TGAAGGGGAG	600
TGGGTCTCTG CCCAAAGAGC ATCTGCCCAT TTCCACCTT CCCTTCTCCC ACCAGAAGCT	660
TGCCTGAGCT GTTTGGACAA AAATCCAAAC CCCACTTGGC TACTCTGGCC TGGCTTCAGC	720
TTGGAACCCA ATACCTAGGC TTACAGGCCA TCCTGAGCCA GGGGCCCTG GAAATTCTCT	780
TCCTGATGGT CCTTTAGGTT TGGGCACAAA ATATAATTGC CTCTCCCCTC TCCCATTTTC	840
TCTCTTGGGA GCAATGGTCA C	861

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 35:

CTGGGATGGA AGGCACGGTA	20
-----------------------	----

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 36:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: SINGLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 36:

GAGACCACAC AGCTAGACAA	20
-----------------------	----

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 37:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 555 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: promoter
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..500
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: transcription start site
  - (B) LOCATION: 501
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
  - (B) LOCATION: 191..206
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name ARNT\_01  
score 0.964  
sequence GGAATCACGTGCTGCT
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
  - (B) LOCATION: 193..204
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MYC\_01  
score 0.965  
sequence ACTCACGTGCTG
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
  - (B) LOCATION: 193..204
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name USF\_01  
score 0.985  
sequence ACTCACGTGCTG
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
  - (B) LOCATION: complement(193..204)
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name USF\_01  
score 0.985  
sequence CAGCACGTGAGT
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
  - (B) LOCATION: complement(193..204)
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MYC\_01  
score 0.956  
sequence CAGCACGTGAGT
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
  - (B) LOCATION: complement(193..204)
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction



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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MYCMAX\_02  
score 0.972  
sequence CAGCACGTGAGT

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 195..202  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name USF\_C  
score 0.997  
sequence TCACGTGC

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(195..202)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name USF\_C  
score 0.991  
sequence GCACGTGA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(210..217)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name MZF1\_01  
score 0.968  
sequence CATGGGGA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 397..410  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name ELK1\_02  
score 0.963  
sequence CTCTCCGGAAGCCT

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: 400..409  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name CETS1P54\_01  
score 0.974  
sequence TCCGGAAGCC

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(460..470)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name AP1\_Q4  
score 0.963  
sequence AGTGACTGAAC

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site  
(B) LOCATION: complement(460..470)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: name AP1FJ\_Q2  
score 0.961  
sequence AGTGACTGAAC

(ix) FEATURE:

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- (A) NAME/KEY: TF binding-site
- (B) LOCATION: 547..555
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: matinspector prediction
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: name PADS\_C  
score 1.000  
sequence TGTGGTCTC

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 37:

```

CTATAGGGCA CGCKTGGTCG ACGGCCCCGGG CTGGTCTGGT CTGKTGTGGA GTCGGGTGA 60
AGGACAGCAT TTGKACATC TGGTCTACTG CACCTTCCCT CTGCCGTGCA CTTGGCCTTT 120
KAWAAGCTCA GCACCGGTGC CCATCACAGG GCCGGCAGCA CACACATCCC ATTACTCAGA 180
AGGAACTGAC GGA CTACGT GCTGCTCCGT CCCCATGAGC TCAGTGGACC TGTCTATGTA 240
GAGCAGTCAG ACAGTGCCTG GGATAGAGTG AGAGTTCAGC CAGTAAATCC AAGTGATTGT 300
CATTCTGTGC TGCATTAGTA ACTCCCAACC TAGATGTGAA AACTTAGTTC TTTCTCATAG 360
GTTGCTCTGC CCATGGTCCC ACTGCAGACC CAGGCACTCT CCGGAAGCCT GGAAATCACC 420
CGTGTCTTCT GCCTGCTCCC GCTCAGATCC CACACTTGTG TTCAGTCACT GAGTTACAGA 480
TTTTGCCTCC TCAATTTCTC TTGTCTTAGT CCCATCCTCT GTTCCCCTGG CCAGTTTGTC 540
TAGCTGTGTG GTCTC 555
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 38:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 120 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 16..84
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.4  
seq VLALLLEFVHYSNG/DE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33:

```

ACTTCTGGT GCTGC ATG GTG TTC GTG CAC CTG TAC CTG GGT AAC GTG CTG 51
      Met Val Phe Val His Leu Tyr Leu Gly Asn Val Leu
                -20                      -15

GGG CTG CTG CTC TTC GTG CAC TAC AGC AAC GGC GAC GAA AGC AGC GAT 99
    
```

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Ala Leu Leu Leu Phe Val His Tyr Ser Asn Gly Asp Glu Ser Ser Asp  
 -10 -5 1 5  
 CCC GGG CCC CAR CAC CGT GCC 120  
 Pro Gly Pro Gln His Arg Ala  
 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 39:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 303 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 202..288
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.3  
seq FLLCIFLICALA/AQ
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 39:

AAAAGTGGAA AATGGGAGGC ATGAAATACA TCTTTTCGTT GTTGTTCTTT CTTTGTCTAG 60  
 AAGGAGGCAA AACAGAGCAA GTAAACATT CAGAGACATA TTGCATGTTT CAAGACAAGA 120  
 AGTACAGAGT GGGTGAGAGA TGGCATCCTT ACCTGGAACC TTATGGGTTG GTTTACTGCG 180  
 TGAAGTGCAT CTGCTCAGAG A ATG GGA ATG TGC TTT GCA GCC GAG TCA GAT 231  
 Met Gly Met Cys Phe Ala Ala Glu Ser Asp  
 -25 -20  
 GTC CAA ATG TTC ATT GCC TTT CTC CTG TGC ATA TTC CTC ATC TGT GCT 279  
 Val Gln Met Phe Ile Ala Phe Leu Leu Cys Ile Phe Leu Ile Cys Ala  
 -15 -10 -5  
 GCC CTC GCT GCC CAG AAG AGT GGG 303  
 Ala Leu Ala Ala Gln Lys Ser Gly  
 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 313 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 203..280

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11  
seq VLFLFLFWGVSLA/GS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 40:

```
AAGGATGCTA TGCAAGTCAC TAATAAGGA AGACACGGAC AGATGAAC TT AAAAGAGAAG   60
CTTTAGCTGC CAAAGATTGG GAAAGGGAAA GGMCAAAAAA GACCCCTGGG CTACACGGCG   120
TAGGTGCAGG GTTTCCTACT GCTGTTCTTT TATGCTGGA GCTGTGGCTG TAACCAACTA   180
GGAAATAACG TATGCAGCAG CT ATG GCT GTC AGA GAG TTG TGC TTC TCA AGA   232
                Met Ala Val Arg Glu Leu Cys Phe Ser Arg
                -25                      -20

CAA AGG CAA GTC CTG TTT CTT TTT CTT TTT TGG GGA GTG TCC TTG GCA   280
Gln Arg Gln Val Leu Phe Leu Phe Leu Phe Trp Gly Val Ser Leu Ala
-15                      -10                      -5

GGT TCT GGG TTT GGA CGT TAT TCG GTG ACC GGG   313
Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Arg Tyr Ser Val Thr Gly
1                      5                      10
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 41:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 323 base pairs

(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 117..170

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.7  
seq LILLALATGLVGG/ET

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 41:

```
AAAACCCAGC CTACCTGCTG TAGCTGCCGC CACTGCCGTC TCCGCCGCCA CTGGWCCCCC   60
```

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```

AGAGCBNMAG CCCAGAGCC TAGGAACCTG GGGCCCGCTC CTCCCCCTC CAGGCC ATG 119
                                         Met

AGG ATT CTG CAG TTA ATC CTG CTT GCT CTG GCA ACA GGG CTT GTA GGG 167
Arg Ile Leu Gln Leu Ile Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Val Gly
      -15                      -10                      -5

GGA GAG ACC AGG ATC ATC AAG GGG TTC GAG TGC AAG CCT CAC TCC CAG 215
Gly Glu Thr Arg Ile Ala Ile Lys Gly Phe Glu Cys Lys Pro His Ser Gln
      1                      5                      10                      15

CCC TGG CAG GCA GCC CTG TTC GAG AAG ACG CGG CTA CTC TGT GGG GCG 263
Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Leu Leu Cys Gly Ala
                      20                      25                      30

ACG CTC ATC GCC CCC AGA TGG CTC CTG ACA GCA GCC CAC TGC CTC AAG 311
Thr Leu Ile Ala Pro Arg Trp Leu Leu Thr Ala Ala His Cys Leu Lys
      35                      40                      45

CCC CGC TAC GGG 323
Pro Arg Tyr Gly
      50
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 42:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 264 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 94..147
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.7  
seq LILLALATGLVGG/ET

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 42:

```

AAGAGGTTGA GGTGGCTGCG GGACTGGAAG TCATCGGGCA GAGGTCTCAC AGCAGCCAAG 60

AAACCTGGGG CCCGCTCCTC CCCCTCCAG GCC ATG AGG ATT CTG CAG TTA ATC 114
                                         Met Arg Ile Leu Gln Leu Ile
                                         -15

CTG CTT GCT CTG GCA ACA GGG CTT GTA GGG GGA GAG ACC AGG ATC ATC 162
Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Val Gly Gly Glu Thr Arg Ile Ile
      -10                      -5                      1                      5

AAG GGG TTC GAG TGC AAG CCT CAC TNC CAG CCC TGG CAG GCA GCC CTG 210
    
```

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```

Lys Gly Phe Glu Cys Lys Pro His Xaa Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu
      10              15              20

TTC GAG AAG ACG CGG CTA CTC TGT GGG GCG ACG CTC ATC GCC CCC AGA    258
Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Leu Leu Cys Gly Ala Thr Leu Ile Ala Pro Arg
      25              30              35

TGG CTC
Trp Leu
                                     264

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 43:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 331 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 23..112
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.6  
seq SLLLAVLVFFFLFA/LP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 43:

```

CTCTAGAACC CGACCCACCA CC ATG AGG TCC TGC CTG TGG AGA TGC AGG CAC    52
      Met Arg Ser Cys Leu Trp Arg Cys Arg His
      -30              -25

CTG AGC CAA GGC GTC CAG TGG TCC TTG CTT CTG GCT GTC CTG GTC TTC    100
Leu Ser Gln Gly Val Gln Trp Ser Leu Leu Leu Ala Val Leu Val Phe
-20              -15              -10              -5

TTT CTC TTC GCC TTG CCC TCT DNH AVT TRR KGD SCT CAA ACA AAG CCT    148
Phe Leu Phe Ala Leu Pro Ser Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Gln Thr Lys Pro
      1              5              10

TCC AGG CAT CAA CGC ACA GAG AAC ATT AAA GAA AGG TCT CTA CWG TCC    196
Ser Arg His Gln Arg Thr Glu Asn Ile Lys Glu Arg Ser Leu Xaa Ser
      15              20              25

CTG GCA AAG CCT AAG TCC CAG GCA CCC ACA AGG GCA AGG AGG ACA ACC    244
Leu Ala Lys Pro Lys Ser Gln Ala Pro Thr Arg Ala Arg Arg Thr Thr
      30              35              40

ATC TAT GCA GAG CCA GTG CCA GAG AAC AAT GCC CTC AAC ACA CAA ACC    292
Ile Tyr Ala Glu Pro Val Pro Glu Asn Asn Ala Leu Asn Thr Gln Thr
      45              50              55              60

CAG CCC AAG GCC CAC ACC ACC GGA GAC AGA AGG AAA GGA    331

```

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Gln Pro Lys Ala His Thr Thr Gly Asp Arg Arg Lys Gly  
                                 65                                70

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 44:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 406 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 167..220
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.6  
seq XILLALATGLVGG/EI

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 44:

```

AATGTGGGAC GTGGCTTTGT TCTAATAAGA CGAAGGGTGG AGTGCAGGCT TGGAAAGCAG      60
GAGAGCTCAG CCTACGTCTT TAATCCTCCT GCCCACCCTT TGGRTTCTGT CTCCACTGGG      120
RCTCAAGASV AGGACCCTGG GGGCCCGCTC CTCCCCCTC CAGGCC ATG AGG ATT          175
                               Met Arg Ile
CTG CAG TKA ATC CTG CTT GCT CTG GCA ACA GGG CTT GTA GGG GGA GAG          223
Leu Gln Xaa Ile Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Val Gly Gly Glu
-15                -10                -5                1
ATC AGG ATC ATC AAG GGG TTC GAG TGC AAG CCT CAC TCC CAG CCC TGG          271
Ile Arg Ile Ile Lys Gly Phe Glu Cys Lys Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp
      5                10                15
CAG GCA GCC CTG TTC GAG AAG ACG CGG CTA CTA CTG TGG GGC GAC GCT          319
Gln Ala Ala Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Leu Leu Leu Trp Gly Asp Ala
      20                25                30
CAT CGC CCC CAG ATG GCT CCT GAC AGC AGC CCA CTG CCT CAA GCC CCG          367
His Arg Pro Gln Met Ala Pro Asp Ser Ser Pro Leu Pro Gln Ala Pro
      35                40                45
CTA CAT AGT TCA CCT GGG GCA GCA CAA CCT CCA GAA GGA          406
Leu His Ser Ser Pro Gly Ala Ala Gln Pro Pro Glu Gly
      50                55                60

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 45:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 187 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 35..148
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.4  
seq LWLLKLKLVSTXWA/VR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 45:

```

ATACTGTTTA TAAGCAACCT TGGTTTACATA TAGT ATG TTG GAA GAG TGT GGG GCT    55
                               Met Leu Glu Glu Cys Gly Ala
                               -35

GGG GTT GAT TTA GGA TTT GGA GGT GTA AAG TTT GCC AGT GAG ACA CCA    103
Gly Val Asp Leu Gly Phe Gly Gly Val Lys Phe Ala Ser Glu Thr Pro
-30                      -25                      -20

AAC CTT CTC TGG CTG CTT TTA AAA CTK GTA AGT ACC YCT TGG GCT GTA    151
Asn Leu Leu Trp Leu Leu Leu Lys Leu Val Ser Thr Xaa Trp Ala Val
-15                      -10                      -5                      1

AGA GTG ACT TTG ATC ATA TTT AAC AAC CAG GCA AGG                    187
Arg Val Thr Leu Ile Ile Phe Asn Asn Gln Ala Arg
      5                      10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 46:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 329 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 249..317
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.2  
seq RCLLLALVAESSS/QT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 46:



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```

ATCTACTATA AAATCGATAG AAAAAAAGT TCTTTATGGC TACTGGTCAG CTTTATTTC 60
TGATACGCCT GAAGTGGCA GCCACAGTC AGTGTCTTG ATGACTCTTA SATTGAAAGA 120
CCCKTCTTCC AAAGACACGT GCCTGTGCTC TGCAAGTTK ATCTGCCATC TTGGAAGGCT 180
CAAAGCAGTT TCTTTCTGTT GCTGAAGATA CCAGTGACCA CAGAAGGGCT TTTACCCCT 240
TCTCCGTA ATG ATC GCT TGC AGC ATT AGA GAG TTG CAC AGA TGT CTK TTG 290
      Met Ile Ala Cys Ser Ile Arg Glu Leu His Arg Cys Leu Leu
              -20              -15              -10

TTA GCT TTG GTG GCG GAG TCA TCC TCA CAG ACC CAC GGG 329
Leu Ala Leu Val Ala Glu Ser Ser Ser Gln Thr His Gly
      -5              1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 47:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 277 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 182..232
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.2  
seq SLVLCLLSATVFS/LQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 47:

```

AGTTTTTTC AGCTCCTGGG CGAATCCCAC ATCTGTTTCA ACTCTCCGCC GAGGGCGAGC 60
AGGAGCGAGA GTGTGTCGAA TCTGCGAGTG AAGAGGGAAC SAGGGGAAAA GAAACAAAGC 120
CACAGACGCA ACTTGAGACT CCCGCATCCC AAAAGAAGCA CCAGATCAGC AAAAAAAGAA 180
G ATG GGC CCC CCG AGC CTC GTG CTG TGC TTG CTG TCC GCA ACT GTG TTC 229
  Met Gly Pro Pro Ser Leu Val Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser Ala Thr Val Phe
      -15              -10              -5

TCC CTG CAG GGT GGA AGC TCG GCC TTC CTG TCG CAC CAC CGC CCC GGG 277
Ser Leu Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser Ala Phe Leu Ser His His Arg Pro Gly
      1              5              10              15
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 48:

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 352 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 17..121
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 9  
seq AMWWLLWGVQLQX/XP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 48:

```

AGATGTCCAG TTCCAG ATG CCT GGA CCC AGA GTG TGG GGG AAA TAT CTC TGG      52
      Met Pro Gly Pro Arg Val Trp Gly Lys Tyr Leu Trp
      -35                      -30                      -25

AGA AGC CCT CAC TCC AAA GGC TGT CCA GGC GCA ATG TGG TGG CTG CTT      100
Arg Ser Pro His Ser Lys Gly Cys Pro Gly Ala Met Trp Trp Leu Leu
      -20                      -15                      -10

CTC TGG GGA GTC CTC CAG GST TKG CCC AAC CCG GGG CTC CGT CCT CTT      148
Leu Trp Gly Val Leu Gln Xaa Xaa Pro Asn Pro Gly Leu Arg Pro Leu
      -5                      1                      5

GGC CHA AGA GCT ACC CCA GCA GCT GAC ATC CCC CGG GTA CCC AGA GCC      196
Gly Xaa Arg Ala Thr Pro Ala Ala Asp Ile Pro Arg Val Pro Arg Ala
      10                      15                      20                      25

GTA TGG CAA AGG CCA AGA GAG CAR CAC GGA CAT CAA GGC TCC AGA GGG      244
Val Trp Gln Arg Pro Arg Glu Gln His Gly His Gln Gly Ser Arg Gly
      -                      30                      35                      40

CTT TGC TGT GAG GCT CGT CTT CCA GGA CTT CGA CCT GGA GCC GTC CCA      292
Leu Cys Cys Glu Ala Arg Leu Pro Gly Leu Arg Pro Gly Ala Val Pro
      45                      50                      55

GGA CTG TGC AGG GGA CTC TGT CAC AAT CTC ATT CGT CGG TTC GGA TCC      340
Gly Leu Cys Arg Gly Leu Cys His Asn Leu Ile Arg Arg Phe Gly Ser
      60                      65                      70

AAG CCA CTC GGG
Lys Pro Leu Gly
      75

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 49:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 450 base pairs

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(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 151..216  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.8  
 seq LLTLALLGGPTWX/XK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 49:

```

AAGAGCCCCA CGGCCAGCTC CTTCTGTTC CCCTGGCGGC CCCTCGCTTC TTCCTTCTGG      60
ATGGGGGGCCC AGGGGGCCAG GAGAGTATAA ASGSGWKDKG GARGGGTGCC CGGCACAACC      120
AGACGCCCAG TCACAGGCGA GAGCCCTGGG ATG CAC CGG CCA GAG GCC ATG CTG      174
                               Met His Arg Pro Glu Ala Met Leu
                               -20                               -15

CTG CTG CTC ACG CTT GCC CTC CTG GGG GGC CCC ACC TGG GMA SGG AAG      222
Leu Leu Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Thr Trp Xaa Xaa Lys
                               -10                               -5                               1

ATG TAT GGC CCT GGA GGA GGC AAG TAT TTC AGC ACC ACT GAA GAC TAC      270
Met Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gly Gly Lys Tyr Phe Ser Thr Thr Glu Asp Tyr
                               5                               10                               15

GAC CAT GAA ATC ACA GGG CTG CGG GTG TCT GTA GGT CKT CTC CTG GTG      318
Asp His Glu Ile Thr Gly Leu Arg Val Ser Val Gly Xaa Leu Leu Val
                               20                               25                               30

AAA AGT GTC CAG GTG AAA CTT GGA GAC TCC TGG GAC GTG AAA CTG GGA      366
Lys Ser Val Gln Val Lys Leu Gly Asp Ser Trp Asp Val Lys Leu Gly
                               35                               40                               45                               50

GGC CTT AGG TGG GAA TAC CCA GGA AGT CAC CCT GCA GCC AGG CGA ATA      414
Gly Leu Arg Trp Glu Tyr Pro Gly Ser His Pro Ala Ala Arg Arg Ile
                               55                               60                               65

CAT CAC AAA AGT CTT TGT CGC TTC CAA GCT TTC CTC      450
His His Lys Ser Leu Cys Arg Phe Gln Ala Phe Leu
                               70                               75

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 50:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 181 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 5..49  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.6  
seq SVSLALLSGWVGS/RQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 50:

AGAC ATG GTA AGT GTG AGT TTA GCG CTG CTG TCC GGA TGG GTT GGT AGC	49
Met Val Ser Val Ser Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Gly Trp Val Gly Ser	
-15 -10 -5	
AGA CAG GGT GGA GTA GGG TTA AGC ACA CTG GTC ACC TTA GGA TTG GTT	97
Arg Gln Gly Gly Val Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Leu Gly Leu Val	
1 5 10 15	
TCC TGG TGC TGG AGA ATG GTT AGG ACA CAG GCC TTG GAA GGT TTT TTG	145
Ser Trp Cys Trp Arg Met Val Arg Thr Gln Ala Leu Glu Gly Phe Leu	
20 25 30	
AGT GTG AAA TAT TAC TCA GCG TTT TCT GCA GAC CTG	181
Ser Val Lys Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Phe Ser Ala Asp Leu	
35 40	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 51:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 293 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 129..275  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.5  
seq IVFLLLRVSPCLG/PS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 51:

AAGATATCAC TGTCTTGT TT TCACTTAGAT CCTACTTACA AAGTGAGGGT TATTAACAGA	60
--	----

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```

ATAAAGCCTT CCTTTAAAGC TTTATAATAA TCATATTTAT TAATAATGCT GTTGTGCATA 120
CTTATAGT ATG CAT ATA TTC AGC ATA TGT TGC ATG TST TCA GAA TTA CAT 170
    Met His Ile Phe Ser Ile Cys Cys Met Xaa Ser Glu Leu His
                -45                      -40

AAG ATG AAA TCC CTT TCA TTG CAA CTT GCA AGT GAG AAA AGA TCC TTA 218
Lys Met Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Gln Leu Ala Ser Glu Lys Arg Ser Leu
-35                -30                      -25                      -20

GTG GCT CTG GTG GAA GAA ATA GTA TTT CTT CTT CTC AGG GTG TCT CCC 266
Val Ala Leu Val Glu Glu Ile Val Phe Leu Leu Leu Arg Val Ser Pro
                -15                      -10                      -5

TGC CTT GGC CCC TCC CAB AAG CCC CGG 293
Cys Leu Gly Pro Ser Xaa Lys Pro Arg
                1                      5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 52:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 323 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 258..308
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.3  
seq VSALLMAWFGVLS/CV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 52:

```

AGCGCCGAGC TGACCGGGCG ACGCCGCGGG AGGTTCTGGA AACGCCGGGA GCTGCGAGTG 60
TCCAGACATC CTTGTGGAAC CAGGCGTTGT KTTTCCTTGG CAGCTGCGGA GACCCGTGAT 120
AATTCGTTAA CTAATTCAAC AAACGGGACC CTTCTGTGTG CCAGAAACCG CAAGCAGTTG 180
CTAACCCAGT GGGACAGGCG GATTGGAAGA GCGGGAAGGT CCTGGCCCAG AGCAGTGTGA 240
CACTTCCCTC TGTGACC ATG AAA CTC TGG GTG TCT GCA TTG CTG ATG GCC 290
    Met Lys Leu Trp Val Ser Ala Leu Leu Met Ala
                -15                      -10

TGG TTT GGT GTC CTG AGC TGT GTG CAG ACC GGG 323
Trp Phe Gly Val Leu Ser Cys Val Gln Thr Gly
-5                1                      5
    
```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 53:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 235 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 92..157
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.3  
seq LLLPLMLMSMVSS/SL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 53:

```

AGACCTGAGT CATCCCCAGG GATCAGGAGC CTCCAGCAGG GAACCTTCCA TTATATTCTT    60
CAAGCAACTT ACAGCTGCAC CGACAGTTGC G ATG AAA GTT CTA ATC TCT TCC    112
                               Met Lys Val Leu Ile Ser Ser
                               -20

CTC CTC CTG TTG CTG CCA CTA ATG CTG ATG TCC ATG GTC TCT AGC AGC    160
Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Met Leu Met Ser Met Val Ser Ser Ser
-15                -10                -5                1

CTG AWT CCA GGG GTC GCC AGA GGC CAC AGG GAC CGA GGC CAG GCT TCT    208
Leu Xaa Pro Gly Val Ala Arg Gly His Arg Asp Arg Gly Gln Ala Ser
      5                10                15

AGG AGA TGG CTC CAG GAA GGC GGA CTG    235
Arg Arg Trp Leu Gln Glu Gly Gly Leu
- 20                25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 54:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 365 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

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(B) LOCATION: 159..224  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.3  
 seq LLLPLMLMSMVSS/SL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 54:

```

ACTGTTCTCG CCCTCAAATG GGAACGCTGA CCTGGGACTA AAGCATAGAC CACCAGGCTG   60
AGTATCCTGA CCTGAGTCAT CCCAGGGAT CAGGAGCCTC CAGCAGGGAA CCTTCCATTA  120
TATTCTTCAA GCAACTTACA GCTGCACCGA CAGTTGCG ATG AAA GTT CTA ATC TCT   176
                               Met Lys Val Leu Ile Ser
                               -20

TCC CTC CTC CTG TTG CTG CCA CTA ATG CTG ATG TCC ATG GTC TCT AGC   224
Ser Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Met Leu Met Ser Met Val Ser Ser
  -15                      -10                      -5

AGC CTG AAT CCA GGG GTC GCC AGA GGC CAC AGG GAC CGA GGC CAG GCT   272
Ser Leu Asn Pro Gly Val Ala Arg Gly His Arg Asp Arg Gly Gln Ala
   1                      5                      10                      15

TCT AGG AGA TGG CTC CAG GAA GGC GGC CAA GAA TGT GAG TGC AAA GAT   320
Ser Arg Arg Trp Leu Gln Glu Gly Gly Gln Glu Cys Glu Cys Lys Asp
      20                      25                      30

TGG TTC CTG AGA GCC CCG AGA AGA AAA TTC ATG ACA GTG TCT GGG       365
Trp Phe Leu Arg Ala Pro Arg Arg Lys Phe Met Thr Val Ser Gly
      35                      40                      45

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 55:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 146 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 99..140  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.2  
 seq LLLLQLSLPSPTS/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 55:

```

AAAAATGATG TCACTGGGAA CTGCAGTCAT TTGAAAAGAT AGCAATCAAG CATTTCTTTC   60
AGAGCCCTGT TCATCTTTCA GTGGCTTTGC TTCTCCTG ATG CTT TTG CTC CTT CAA  116

```

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Met Leu Leu Leu Leu Gln  
-10

TTA TCT CTG CCT TCT CCC ACC TCC TCT CCG  
Leu Ser Leu Pro Ser Pro Thr Ser Ser Pro 146  
-5 1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 56:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 105 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 25..75
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.1  
seq LSFKLLLLAVALG/FF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 56:

AGCCCCTGCT GCTCTGGGCA GACG ATG CTG AAG ATG CTC TCC TTT AAG CTG 51  
Met Leu Lys Met Leu Ser Phe Lys Leu  
-15 -10

CTG CTG CTG GCC GTG GCT CTG GGC TTC TTT GAA GGA GAT GCT AAG TTT 99  
Leu Leu Leu Ala Val Ala Leu Gly Phe Phe Glu Gly Asp Ala Lys Phe  
-5 1 5

GGG GAA  
Gly Glu 105  
10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 57:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 344 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate



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## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 138..203
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8  
seq LLTLALLGXXXWA/GK

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 57:

```

AGCTCCTTCC TGTTCCCCTG GCGGCCCTC GCTTCTTCTT TCTGGATGGG GGCCAGGGG      60
GCCCAGGAGA GTATAAAGGC GATGTGGAGG GTGCCCGGCA CAACCAGACG CCCAGTCACA    120
GGGCGGAGAG CHSTGRG ATG CAC CGG CCA GAG GCC ATG CTG CTG CTG CTC      170
              Met His Arg Pro Glu Ala Met Leu Leu Leu Leu
              -20                      -15

ACG CTT GCC CTC CTG GGG GRC MCC AMC TGG GCA GGG AAG ATG TAT GGC      218
Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly Xaa Xaa Xaa Trp Ala Gly Lys Met Tyr Gly
-10                      -5                      1                      5

CCT GGA GGA GGC AAG TAT TTC AGC ACC ACT GAA GAC TAC GAC CAT GAA      266
Pro Gly Gly Gly Lys Tyr Phe Ser Thr Thr Glu Asp Tyr Asp His Glu
              10                      15                      20

ATC ACA GGG CTG CGG GTG TCT GTA GGT CTT CTC CTG GTG AAA AGT GTC      314
Ile Thr Gly Leu Arg Val Ser Val Gly Leu Leu Leu Val Lys Ser Val
              25                      30                      35

CAG GTG AAA CTT GGA GAC TCC TGG GAC GTG                                344
Gln Val Lys Leu Gly Asp Ser Trp Asp Val
              40                      45

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 58:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 267 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 58..105
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8  
seq VSAVLCVCAAAWC/SQ

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 58:

```

AAGAGCAGGG CTGCATTTC AGCAGGAGCT GCGAGCACAG TGCTGGCTCA CAACAAG      57

```

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ATG CTC AAG GTG TCA GCC GTA CTG TGT GTG TGT GCA GCC GCT TGG TGC	105
Met Leu Lys Val Ser Ala Val Leu Cys Val Cys Ala Ala Ala Trp Cys	
-15 -10 -5	
AGT CAG TCT CTC GCA GCT GCC GCG GCG GTG GCT GCA GCC GGG GGG CGG	153
Ser Gln Ser Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly Arg	
1 5 10 15	
TCG GAC GGC GGT AAT TTT CTG GAT GAT AAA CAA TGG CTC ACC ACA ATC	201
Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Phe Leu Asp Asp Lys Gln Trp Leu Thr Thr Ile	
20 25 30	
TCT CAG TAT GAC AAG GAA GTC GGA CAG TGG AAC AAA TTC CGA GAC GAT	249
Ser Gln Tyr Asp Lys Glu Val Gly Gln Trp Asn Lys Phe Arg Asp Asp	
35 40 45	
GAT TAT TTC CGC ACT GGG	267
Asp Tyr Phe Arg Thr Gly	
50	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 59:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 258 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 124..174
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.8  
seq VLWLISFFTFDGHG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 59:

AAGCATAAGA AGTGATTGAG CCACAAGTAT ACTGAAGGAA GGGCTCCCTC GAGTTGTGGT	60
GTGAAGAGAT AAATCACCAG TCACAGACTA TGCACCCGAC TGCTGCTGTT CAGTCCAGGG	120
AAA ATG AAA GTT GGA GTG CTG TGG CTC ATT TCT TTC TTC ACC TTC ACT	168
Met Lys Val Gly Val Leu Trp Leu Ile Ser Phe Phe Thr Phe Thr	
-15 -10 -5	
GAC GGC CAC GGT GGC TTC CTG GGG AAA AAT GAT GGC ATC AAA ACA AAA	216
Asp Gly His Gly Gly Phe Leu Gly Lys Asn Asp Gly Ile Lys Thr Lys	
1 5 10	
AAA GAA CTC ATT GTG AAT AAG AAA AAA CAT CTA GGC CTC GGG	258
Lys Glu Leu Ile Val Asn Lys Lys Lys His Leu Gly Leu Gly	

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15

20

45

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 60:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 211 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 155..202
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.7  
seq ILLDLICLLFITA/CV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 60:

```

ACTGAAATAG GAAAGTAAGA TTTATACCCA TTATTCAGCC AAAATCTGTT TTTCTTTAAC   60
TTCTACCCAT TGTTCTAAG TCTGCCCTCT GGGGCTGTA GAAAATAATG AAGATGATGT  120
TATTAATGAT AACCAGTGCT TGCTGTAACC AGTT ATG TGC ATT ATT TTA TTG GAT   175
                               Met Cys Ile Ile Leu Leu Asp
                               -15                -10

TTA ATT TGT TTA CTC TTT ATA ACA GCA TGT GTG GGG                       211
Leu Ile Cys Leu Leu Phe Ile Thr Ala Cys Val Gly
                               -5                1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 61:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 316 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 131..307
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6

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seq FMVFGSFFPLISC/QP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 61:

```

ACATGGATTG ATTTGTTATT TGGGGATTAA ATTAGGCAGG GCACATAGTA GGCCTCCTT    60
GGATGTTTGA TGGCTGTTGA ATGAACGTAA GTGAATCTGT TCAGTTTATG GGTTTTATTG   120
CATTTTGTAT ATG GAT TGT GCC AGT ATA TCT GTA AAG TTC ACT TCT ATG       169
      Met Asp Cys Ala Ser Ile Ser Val Lys Phe Thr Ser Met
                -55                      -50

GCT ACC ATG CAT GAC TTG AGT CAG TTC TGG GCT TCT AGA GGA GAG GTT       217
Ala Thr Met His Asp Leu Ser Gln Phe Trp Ala Ser Arg Gly Glu Val
      -45                -40                      -35

ACA AAC TGG TGG CCA GTA GGA CAA ACT AGC CTA CCA CTG TTT TAT TTG       265
Thr Asn Trp Trp Pro Val Gly Gln Thr Ser Leu Pro Leu Phe Tyr Leu
      -30                -25                      -20                      -15

GCT TTC ATG GTG TTT GGT TCT TTT TTT CCT TTA ATT TCC TGC CAG CCC       313
Ala Phe Met Val Phe Gly Ser Phe Phe Pro Leu Ile Ser Cys Gln Pro
                -10                -5                      1

GGG
Gly
                                                                    316
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 62:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 317 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 147..206
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
seq LVVLFGITAGATG/AK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 62:

```

ACGTTTGCAC TAGCAGTAGC AAGGAAGGGG GGTGGGCGCT CTTCTTTTTT CTCTTAGAAG    60
AGGGTTTAGC ACAGGTTTTT TCGTTCTCAC TTCCACACCA CCTTACCGCC TCCCGACCCC   120
CCCTCTCCCC CTCCCCACCT ATCGTC ATG ACG GCC TCT CCG GAT TAC TTG GTG       173
      Met Thr Ala Ser Pro Asp Tyr Leu Val
                -20                      -15
    
```

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```

GTG CTT TTT GGG ATC ACT GCT GGG GCC ACC GGG GCC AAG CTA GGC TCG      221
Val Leu Phe Gly Ile Thr Ala Gly Ala Thr Gly Ala Lys Leu Gly Ser
  -10                      -5                      1                      5

GAT GAG AAG GAG TTG ATC CTG CTG TTC TGG AAA GTC GTG GAT CTN GCC      269
Asp Glu Lys Glu Leu Ile Leu Leu Phe Trp Lys Val Val Asp Leu Ala
          10                      15                      20

AAC AAG AAG GTG GGA CAG TTG CAC GAA BKA HGN TTA GAC CGG ATC TGG      317
Asn Lys Lys Val Gly Gln Leu His Glu Xaa Xaa Leu Asp Arg Ile Trp
          25                      30                      35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 63:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 282 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 46..90
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
seq CVLVLAAGAVA/VF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 63:

```

AAGCGGCTGG TCCCCGGAAG TTGGACGCAT GCGCCGTTTC TCTGC ATG GTG TGC GTT      57
                                   Met Val Cys Val
                                   -15

CTC GTT CTA GCT GCG GCC GCA GGA GCT GTG GCG GTT TTC CTA ATC CTG      105
Leu Val Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Val Ala Val Phe Leu Ile Leu
  -10                      -5                      1                      5

CGA ATA TGG GTA GTG CTT CGT TCC ATG GAC GTT ACG CCC CGG GAG TCT      153
Arg Ile Trp Val Val Leu Arg Ser Met Asp Val Thr Pro Arg Glu Ser
          10                      15                      20

CTC AGT ATC TTG GTA GTG GCT GGG TCC GGT GGG CAT ACC ACT GAG ATC      201
Leu Ser Ile Leu Val Val Ala Gly Ser Gly Gly His Thr Thr Glu Ile
          25                      30                      35

CTG AGG CTG CTT GGG AGC TTG TCC AAT GCC TAC TCA CCT AGA CAT TAT      249
Leu Arg Leu Leu Gly Ser Leu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Ser Pro Arg His Tyr
          40                      45                      50

GTC ATT GCT GAC ACT GAT GAA ATG AGT GCC ACG      282
Val Ile Ala Asp Thr Asp Glu Met Ser Ala Thr
    
```

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60

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 64:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 293 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 48..179
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.5  
seq LMIPLLLLTPIA/TS

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 64:

ACAACTCAAG CCAGACAGGC AGCAATTCCA GAGTCGAAAG AGGCCTT ATG AAG AAA	56
Met Lys Lys	
ACC GGG GAC GGG GGT ACT TTG AGC ACC GAG AGG ATA GGA GGG GCC GCT	104
Thr Gly Asp Gly Gly Thr Leu Ser Thr Glu Arg Ile Gly Gly Ala Ala	
-40 -35 -30	
CTC CTC AGC CTC CTG CTG AAG AGG ATG AAG ATG ACT TTG ATG ATA CCC	152
Leu Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Lys Arg Met Lys Met Thr Leu Met Ile Pro	
-25 -20 -15 -10	
TTG TTG CTA TTG ACA CCT ATA ACT GCG ACC TCC ACT TCA AGG TGG CCC	200
Leu Leu Leu Leu Thr Pro Ile Thr Ala Thr Ser Thr Ser Arg Trp Pro	
-5 1 5	
GAG ATC GGA GTA GTG GCT ATC CGC TCA CAA TTG AGG GCT TTG CAT ACC	248
Glu Ile Gly Val Val Ala Ile Arg Ser Gln Leu Arg Ala Leu His Thr	
10 15 20	
TGT GGT CAG GAG CCC GTG CCA GCT ATG GGG TCA GAA GGG GCC GCG	293
Cys Gly Gln Glu Pro Val Pro Ala Met Gly Ser Glu Gly Ala Ala	
25 30 35	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 65:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 32..100

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.5  
seq LTFLQLLLISSLP/RE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 65:

AGTAGACGCT CGGGCACCAG CMGCGGCAAG G ATG GAG CTG GGT TGC TGG ACG	52
Met Glu Leu Gly Cys Trp Thr	
-20	
CAG TTG GGG CTC ACT TTT CTT CAG CTC CTT CTC ATC TCG TCC TTG CCA	100
Gln Leu Gly Leu Thr Phe Leu Gln Leu Leu Ile Ser Ser Leu Pro	
-15 -10 -5	
AGA GAG TAC ACA GTC ATT AAT GAA GCC TGC CCT GGA GCA GAG TGG AMT	148
Arg Glu Tyr Thr Val Ile Asn Glu Ala Cys Pro Gly Ala Glu Trp Xaa	
1 5 10 15	
ATC ATG TGT CGG GAG TGC TGT GAA TAT GAT CAG ATT GAG TGC GTC TGC	196
Ile Met Cys Arg Glu Cys Cys Glu Tyr Asp Gln Ile Glu Cys Val Cys	
20 25 30	
CCC GGA AAG AGG GAA GTC GTG GGT TAT ACC ATC CCT TGC TGC AGG AAT	244
Pro Gly Lys Arg Glu Val Val Gly Tyr Thr Ile Pro Cys Cys Arg Asn	
35 40 45	
GAG GMG AAT GAG TGT GAC TCC TGC CTG ATC CAC CCA GGT TGT ACC ATC	292
Glu Xaa Asn Glu Cys Asp Ser Cys Leu Ile His Pro Gly Cys Thr Ile	
50 55 60	
TTT GAA AAC TGC AMG AGC TGC CGM AAT GGC TCA TGG GGG GGT ACC TTG	340
Phe Glu Asn Cys Xaa Ser Cys Arg Asn Gly Ser Trp Gly Gly Thr Leu	
65 70 75 80	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 66:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 351 base pairs

(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

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- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 112..192
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq SLFFLLLEGGXT/EQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 66:

```

AAGACCTCGG AACGAGAGCG CCCCGGGGAG CTCGGAGCGC GTGCACGCGT GGCACVACGGA      60
GAAGGCVAKK RCNNNNRCTT GAAGGTTCTG TCACCTTTTG CAGTGGTCCA A ATG AGA      117
                               Met Arg
RAA AAG TGG AAA ATG GGA GGC ATG AAA TAC ATC TTT TCG TTG TTG TTC      165
Xaa Lys Trp Lys Met Gly Gly Met Lys Tyr Ile Phe Ser Leu Leu Phe
-25                               -20                               -15                               -10
TTT CTT TTG CTA GAA GGA GGC KAA ACA GAG CAA GTR AMN CAT TCA GAG      213
Phe Leu Leu Leu Glu Gly Gly Xaa Thr Glu Gln Val Xaa His Ser Glu
                               -5                               1                               5
ACA TAT TGC ATG TTT CAA GAC AAG AAG TAC AGA GTG GGT GAG AGA TGG      261
Thr Tyr Cys Met Phe Gln Asp Lys Lys Tyr Arg Val Gly Glu Arg Trp
                               10                               15                               20
CAT CCT TAC CTG GAA CCT TAT GGG TTG GTT TAC TGC GTG AAC TGC ATC      309
His Pro Tyr Leu Glu Pro Tyr Gly Leu Val Tyr Cys Val Asn Cys Ile
                               25                               30                               35
TGC TCA GAG RAT GGG AAT GTG CTT TGC AGC CGA GTC AGA TGT      351
Cys Ser Glu Xaa Gly Asn Val Leu Cys Ser Arg Val Arg Cys
40                               45                               50
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 67:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 310 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 68..124
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq VSIMLLLVTVSDC/AV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 67:

```

AAAGGCTGAG CGGGAGGAAG CGAGAGGCAT CTAAGCAGGC AGTGTTTTGC CTTACCCCCA      60
    
```



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```

AGTGACC ATG AGA GGT GCC ACG CGA GTC TCA ATC ATG CTC CTC CTA GTA   109
      Met Arg Gly Ala Thr Arg Val Ser Ile Met Leu Leu Leu Val
                -15                      -10

ACT GTG TCT GAC TGT GCT GTG ATC ACA GGG GCC TGT GAG CGG GAT GTC   157
Thr Val Ser Asp Cys Ala Val Ile Thr Gly Ala Cys Glu Arg Asp Val
  -5                1                5                10

CAG TGT GGG GCA GGC ACC TGC TGT GCC ATC AGC CTG TGG CTT CGA GGG   205
Gln Cys Gly Ala Gly Thr Cys Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu Trp Leu Arg Gly
      15                20                25

CTG CGG ATG TGC ACC CCG CTG GGG CGG GAA GGC GAG GAG TGC CAC CCC   253
Leu Arg Met Cys Thr Pro Leu Gly Arg Glu Gly Glu Glu Cys His Pro
      30                35                40

GGC AGC CAC AAG ATC CCC TTC TTC AGG AAA CGC AAG CAC CAC ACC TGT   301
Gly Ser His Lys Ile Pro Phe Phe Arg Lys Arg Lys His His Thr Cys
      45                50                55

CCT TGC TTG
Pro Cys Leu
      60

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 68:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 380 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 240..302
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq SALLFSLLEAST/VV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 68:

```

ACCTTTCTGG ACGTTGCAAA CTGTGACATA TAAAAGCTGT TAGCTGCTCC TCTAGCCAGC   60
AGCATTCAAA CCTTCAGAG CTTTGCTCTC AGAGAGTTTG TAAAAAGACA CACTCCTCTT   120
ACAAGAGTTC ATGCTACCAC ATAGCAAAGA ACCTTAAATT TTTGGAAGAA CAATATATTC   180
ATTTTGGCAT TGTGCAGAGC AAAGTAAACT CGGTGGCCTC TTCTTCTCCA CCCCTCAAR   239
ATG ATA GCR ATC TCT GCC GTC AGC AGT GCA CTC CTG TTC TCC CTT CTC   287
Met Ile Ala Ile Ser Ala Val Ser Ser Ala Leu Leu Phe Ser Leu Leu

```

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-20		-15		-10	
TGT GAA GCA AGT ACC GTC GTC CTA CTC AAT TCC ACT GAC TCA TCC CCG	335				
Cys Glu Ala Ser Thr Val Val Leu Leu Asn Ser Thr Asp Ser Ser Pro					
-5		1		5	10
CSA ACC AAT AAT TTC RCT GAT AWT GAA GCA GCT CTG AAA GCA CAT	380				
Xaa Thr Asn Asn Phe Xaa Asp Xaa Glu Ala Ala Leu Lys Ala His					
		15		20	25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 69:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 435 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (E) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 181..243
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq SALLFSLLEAST/VV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 69:

AGCATTCAAA CCTGCAGAG CTTTGCTCTC AGAGAGTTTG TAAAAAGACA CACTCCTCTT	60		
ACAAGAGTTT ATGCTACCAC ATAGCAAAGA ACCTTAAATT TTTGGAAGAA CAATATATTC	120		
MATTTTGGCA TTGTGCAGAG CAAAGTAAAC TCGGTGGCCT CTTCTTCTCC ACCCCTCAAA	180		
ATG ATA GCA ATC TCT GCC GTC AGC AGT GCA CTC CTG TTC TCC CTT CTC	228		
Met Ile Ala Ile Ser Ala Val Ser Ser Ala Leu Leu Phe Ser Leu Leu			
-20	-15	-10	
TGT GAA GCA AGT ACC GTC GTC CTA CTC AAT TCC ACT GAC TCA TCC CCG	276		
Cys Glu Ala Ser Thr Val Val Leu Leu Asn Ser Thr Asp Ser Ser Pro			
-5	1	5	10
CCA ACC AAT AAT TTC ACT GAT ATT GAA GCA GCT CTG AAA GCA CAA TTA	324		
Pro Thr Asn Asn Phe Thr Asp Ile Glu Ala Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Leu			
	15	20	25
GAT TCA GCG GAT ATC CCC AAA GCC AGG CGG AAG CGC TAC ATT TCG CAG	372		
Asp Ser Ala Asp Ile Pro Lys Ala Arg Arg Lys Arg Tyr Ile Ser Gln			
30	35	40	
AAT GAC ATG ATC GCC ATT CTT GAT TAT CAT AAT CAA GTT CGG GGC AAA	420		
Asn Asp Met Ile Ala Ile Leu Asp Tyr His Asn Gln Val Arg Gly Lys			
45	50	55	

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GTG TTC CCA MCG GCA  
Val Phe Pro Xaa Ala  
60

435

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 70:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 426 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 352..417
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq LLTLVLCVAVAYE/RQ

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 70:

```

ATTGAGCTGT CTGCAGCAGA GCTGAGAGGA CCAGCCATTT TACTTATGGA AAACAGTGTG   60
GCATATTCTG CTGAGCTTCG CCCTGGAAGA AGCCTCTTTT ATACATCTCT TCAGGGAAGA   120
GAGAAGCAAT GGGCATGTGA GTATACAATG ATCACAGCCA CGCAGGCCTG CAAGCTGCCT   180
TTTGGACAGG CTGTTGACTG CCGTTCCAAT TAGCTGATTG GAGAATGTGG AATGCAGAGT   240
GATAATGCTG CATATCTGCT ATCAGGCAGC AGCAAAGGTT TTTGTCTTGG GAAGGCAAGC   300
TTTCCCTGCA ATATTATCTC AGCAGCTCCC TAGCTGCTTA CCCTGAAAAC G ATG GAT   357
                                     Met Asp
CCA AAC GGA GGG TGT TGC ACT CTG CTA ACG CTG GTC CTG TGC GTG GCT   405
Pro Asn Gly Gly Cys Cys Thr Leu Leu Thr Leu Val Leu Cys Val Ala
-20                               -15                               -10                               -5

GTG GCA TAT GAG CGG CAG GAG   426
Val Ala Tyr Glu Arg Gln Glu
1

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 71:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 389 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 288..362
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq LFTFSTSLPSSLS/SS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 71:

```

ACAATACCTG TTACTTATAT ACTTTTCTTT GTCTAAAAAA GAAATAAGAT CTGTCTAGAT    60
GACTGATTAA CTTAGGGAGA TTCTGATTAA CAGAATTCTT AGAAATGGCT TTCAGCAGGC   120
AAAGAGAAAA TTATATTTTG TACCAATTTA TATAAAGTTC ATCTAGCTCA GCTTTTGGAG   180
ATGTCCCTGG GGCTAGAGAT GAAATATCGT TTCCTGTCC ACAGACAGCG GTCTGCAGTT   240
CACCCCATGA ACTCATACAG GTCAGAATTA AACCCCGAGC TTTGTTT ATG GAG GGT       296
                                   Met Glu Gly
                                   -25

GAG ATA TAT TTC CAA GTA TTT CTT TCT CTT TTC ACA TTT TCC ACA TCA    344
Glu Ile Tyr Phe Gln Val Phe Leu Ser Leu Phe Thr Phe Ser Thr Ser
   -20               -15               -10

TTA CCA TCA TCA TTG TCG TCA TCA TCA TTG TCA TCA TCC AAT GGG        389
Leu Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu Ser Ser Ser Asn Gly
   -5               1               5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 72:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 328 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 194..316
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq FLCMLAAIDLALS/TS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 72:

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```

ATGAGTCAGC CTGAAAGGAA CAGGCCGAAC TGCTGTATGG GCTCTACTGC CAGTGTGACC 60
TCACCCTCTC CAGTCACCCC TCCTCAGTTC CAGCTATGAG TTCCTGCAAC TTCACACATG 120
CCACCTTTGT GCTTAATKGG AATCCCAGGG ATTAGAGAAA GCCCATTTCT GGGTTGGCTT 180
CCCCCTCCTT TCC ATG TAT GTA GTG GCA ATG TTT GGA AAC TGC ATC GTG 229
          Met Tyr Val Val Ala Met Phe Gly Asn Cys Ile Val
          -40                      -35          -30
GTC TTC ATC GTA AGG ACG GAA CGC AGC CTG CAC GCT CCG ATG TAC CTC 277
Val Phe Ile Val Arg Thr Glu Arg Ser Leu His Ala Pro Met Tyr Leu
          -25                      -20          -15
TTT CTC TGC ATG CTT GCA GCC ATT GAC CTG GCC TTA TCC ACA TCC ACC 325
Phe Leu Cys Met Leu Ala Ala Ile Asp Leu Ala Leu Ser Thr Ser Thr
          -10                      -5          1
ATG 328
Met

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 73:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 267 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 79..207
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq PWFLAPWCPGTQS/NR

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 73:

```

ACCCTTCGTT CTGGTTCTGG TTCTAGTTCT GGTCTAACA ACTCACAATC CCTTTAGCTT 60
TCTCTCCCTT CCCTTTGA ATG AGA GAA ACT AMC CCG CTT CCG AAG CCC CTG 111
          Met Arg Glu Thr Xaa Pro Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu
          -40                      -35
AAA GAC ACT GCT CCT TCC TCT CAT GGA GTT GGC TCC GAC AGC CCG TCT 159
Lys Asp Thr Ala Pro Ser Ser His Gly Val Gly Ser Asp Ser Pro Ser
          -30                      -25          -20
GCC ACC AGG CCA TGG TTC CTT GCC CCA TGG TGT CCT GGG ACC CAG AGC 207
Ala Thr Arg Pro Trp Phe Leu Ala Pro Trp Cys Pro Gly Thr Gln Ser

```

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```

-15          -10          -5
AAC AGG ATC TGT CAC CCA CCT CTC TCT TCT CCC CCA GAT CAA GCG ACG    255
Asn Arg Ile Cys His Pro Pro Leu Ser Ser Pro Pro Asp Gln Ala Thr
  1              5              10              15

TGC CTC AGA GGC                                267
Cys Leu Arg Gly
      20

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 74:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 301 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 23..202
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq VLVVLALRSLGRS/CS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 74:

```

AAGTGAGGCT TGGAAAGGCG TC ATG GAC AGA CCT GGG TCG CTT TCT GTC TTC    52
      Met Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Leu Ser Val Phe
      -60              -55

GGG TCC CTC CCG GCT TCG CTC GGG ACC TGG CTC TCA AGC CCA GCT TGG    100
Gly Ser Leu Pro Ala Ser Leu Gly Thr Trp Leu Ser Ser Pro Ala Trp
-50              -45              -40              -35

CTG GTG GAC AGA CCG GTG CGC TCT GCA CAC CCG AGT GCG AAT TCC ACC    148
Leu Val Asp Arg Pro Val Arg Ser Ala His Pro Ser Ala Asn Ser Thr
      -30              -25              -20

GGC GTG AGA ATG AGC GTG CTC GTG GTC CTG GCC CTG AGG TCC CTG GGT    196
Gly Val Arg Met Ser Val Leu Val Val Leu Ala Leu Arg Ser Leu Gly
      -15              -10              -5

CGC AGC TGT TCC CTC TCC CAG GCT GCC CCC TCC AGG TGG ACG CGG TCA    244
Arg Ser Cys Ser Leu Ser Gln Ala Ala Pro Ser Arg Trp Thr Arg Ser
      1              5              10

AAC GAT GCC CCG CAG CCT CCT GGG TCT CAG CAC ATA TTC CAC ACC TAA    292
Asn Asp Ala Pro Gln Pro Pro Gly Ser Gln His Ile Phe His Thr Xaa
      15              20              25              30

GTS CCC GGG                                301

```

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PCT/IB98/01232

Val Pro Gly

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 75:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 110 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 3..65
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq VILLFSYPSCCLC/FL

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 75:

AT ATG CAT TAT TTT GTT GCT GGG AAA GTA ATC CTT CTC TTC TCT TAT	47
Met His Tyr Phe Val Ala Gly Lys Val Ile Leu Leu Phe Ser Tyr	
-20 -15 -10	
CCA TCA TGT TGT TTG TGT TTC TTG GTG TAC AGG AGA GTA AGC WAT TTA	95
Pro Ser Cys Cys Leu Cys Phe Leu Val Tyr Arg Arg Val Ser Xaa Leu	
-5 1 5 10	
TTT AAG TGC TTT GAG	110
Phe Lys Cys Phe Glu	
15	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 76:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 318 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 160..216
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7

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seq STVVVLQVLTQATS/QD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 76:

```

AGACGCCARA CATGGCGTGT TCCTAGAAGC CGCTTTCGGC ATCAGTAGGC GGCGGCGTGG      60
GGTCTGGCAK CGTGGGGAGA GGGAMCAACC GACGCCACTT CGTGTTGGGA AGTGGGAGCG      120
GGANRGCCGG GCAATTCCCG ACCGAACCAA ACGGTTTCC ATG GAT CTC AAT AGT      174
                               Met Asp Leu Asn Ser
                               -15

GCC AGC ACT GTT GTT CTT CAG GTG TTA ACA CAG GCC ACC AGT CAG GAT      222
Ala Ser Thr Val Val Leu Gln Val Leu Thr Gln Ala Thr Ser Gln Asp
                               -10                               -5                               1

ACT GCT GTG TTA AAA CCA GCT GAG GAG CAG TTG AAG CAG TGG GAG ACA      270
Thr Ala Val Leu Lys Pro Ala Glu Glu Gln Leu Lys Gln Trp Glu Thr
                               5                               10                               15

CAG CCA GGW TTC TAT TCA GTG TTG CTG AAT ATT TTC ACC AAC CAC GGG      318
Gln Pro Gly Phe Tyr Ser Val Leu Leu Asn Ile Phe Thr Asn His Gly
                               20                               25                               30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 77:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 325 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 95..313
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq FLCMLAAIDLALS/TS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 77:

```

ATGAGTCAGC CTGAAAGAAC AGGCCGAAC GCTGTATGGG CTCTACTGCC AGTGTGACCT      60
CACCTCTCC AGTCACCCCT CCTCAGTTCC AGCT ATG AGT TCC TGC AAC TTC ACA      115
                               Met Ser Ser Cys Asn Phe Thr
                               -70

CAT GCC ACC TTT GTG CTT ATT GGT ATC CCA GGA TTA GAG AAA GCC CAT      163
His Ala Thr Phe Val Leu Ile Gly Ile Pro Gly Leu Glu Lys Ala His
                               -65                               -55
    
```



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TTC TGG GTT GGC TTC CCC CTC CTT TCC ATG TAT GTA GTG GCA ATG TTT	211
Phe Trp Val Gly Phe Pro Leu Leu Ser Met Tyr Val Val Ala Met Phe	
-50 -45 -40 -35	
GGA AAC TGC ATC GTG GTC TTC ATC GTA AGG ACG GAA CGC AGC CTG CAC	259
Gly Asn Cys Ile Val Val Phe Ile Val Arg Thr Glu Arg Ser Leu His	
-30 -25 -20	
GCT CCG ATG TAC CTC TTT CTC TGC ATG CTT GCA GCC ATT GAC CTG GCC	307
Ala Pro Met Tyr Leu Phe Leu Cys Met Leu Ala Ala Ile Asp Leu Ala	
-15 -10 -5	
TTA TCC ACA TCC ACC ATG	325
Leu Ser Thr Ser Thr Met	
1	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 78:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 415 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 179..346
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.9  
seq PLFFSCSISATHS/CV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 78:

ACAAAATCAA GAAAATCCAA CATAGATGGT CAAAATATTC ATAGGTGACT GAGAGTATCC	60
AAATGGGCCA GGTGACTGAG AATACGCAAA CAGGCCAGAA TAATATCTGT GTTAAATTTG	120
ACCCTCTATT TTATTAACAT ATCTGTCATG ACCTTTCTCT GTACCTGCTG TAGTACTC	178
ATG TAT AGA CTC AGT CTT ATA GCA GGC CCT GGG TCC TAT CCT GTG CTA	226
Met Tyr Arg Leu Ser Leu Ile Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Tyr Pro Val Leu	
-55 -50 -45	
AGA,TGG GGA GTT TGG GAC ATC CCT AGT TCA TTA GTT CAA GTG ACT TAC	274
Arg Trp Gly Val Trp Asp Ile Pro Ser Ser Leu Val Gln Val Thr Tyr	
-40 -35 -30 -25	
CAT CAG CCC AAC CTC ACT ACA AAT TTG GAT CTG CCT TTG TTC TTC AGT	322
His Gln Pro Asn Leu Thr Thr Asn Leu Asp Leu Pro Leu Phe Ser	
-20 -15 -10	
TGT AGT ATC TCG GCT ACC CAT TCT TGT GTC AAG CCT CCA TCT GTA ATT	370

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Cys Ser Ile Ser Ala Thr His Ser Cys Val Lys Pro Pro Ser Val Ile  
 -5 1 5  
 ATT GGT ATC TCT TCT TTC CTG AGC TTT CCT TAT CAA ACT TTG GTA 415  
 Ile Gly Ile Ser Ser Phe Leu Ser Phe Pro Tyr Gln Thr Leu Val  
 10 15 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 79:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 400 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 128..199
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.9  
seq LCFLLLAVAMSFF/GS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 79:

AAGTTGGTGA GCTTTTCCGG TGCTCTGCAC AGATGCTGGG GCGCTGAGCA AACAGCCCTC 60  
 AGTTTCTGGA GCTGTTCCGA GTCCCGTGA GTCTCCATCT GAGCCCTTTC CTAGTCCAGG 120  
 CATCCCG ATG TTG GTG GAT GGC CCA TCT GAG CGG CCA GCC CTG TGC TTC 169  
 Met Leu Val Asp Gly Pro Ser Glu Arg Pro Ala Leu Cys Phe  
 -20 -15  
 TTG CTG TTG GCT GTG GCA ATG TCT TTC TTC GGC TCA GCT CTA TCC ATA 217  
 Leu Leu Leu Ala Val Ala Met Ser Phe Phe Gly Ser Ala Leu Ser Ile  
 -10 -5 1 5  
 GAT GAA ACA CGG GCG CAT CTG TTG TTG AAA GAA AAG ATG ATG CGG CTG 265  
 Asp Glu Thr Arg Ala His Leu Leu Leu Lys Glu Lys Met Met Arg Leu  
 10 15 20  
 GGG GGG CGG CTG GTG CTG AAC ACC AAG GAG GAG CTG GCC AAT GAG AGG 313  
 Gly Gly Arg Leu Val Leu Asn Thr Lys Glu Glu Leu Ala Asn Glu Arg  
 25 30 35  
 CTC ATG ACG CTC AAA ATC GCT GAG ATG AAG GAG GCC ATG AGG ACC CTG 361  
 Leu Met Thr Leu Lys Ile Ala Glu Met Lys Glu Ala Met Arg Thr Leu  
 40 45 50  
 ATA TTC CCA CCC AGC ATG CAC TTT TTC CAG GCC AAA TGG 400  
 Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Met His Phe Phe Gln Ala Lys Trp  
 55 60 65

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 80:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 212 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 33..137
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.9  
seq XLXXLLTPPPSYG/HQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 80:

AACCGGCCCG CGCCCCGCCA TGGAGGACCT GG ATG CCC TGC TCT CTG ACC TGG	53
Met Pro Cys Ser Leu Thr Trp	
-35 -30	
AGA CTA CCA CCT CGC ACA TGC CAA KGT CAK GGG CTY CYA AAG AGC GYY	101
Arg Leu Pro Pro Arg Thr Cys Gln Xaa Xaa Gly Leu Xaa Lys Ser Xaa	
-25 -20 -15	
CTT GYG GAB CTK CTC ACC CCT CCC CCA TCC TAT GGC CAC CAG CCA CAG	149
Leu Xaa Xaa Leu Leu Thr Pro Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly His Gln Pro Gln	
-10 -5 1	
ACA GGG TCT GGG GAG TCT DCA GGA GCC TCG GGG GAC AAG GAC CAC CTG	197
Thr Gly Ser Gly Glu Ser Xaa Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp Lys Asp His Leu	
5 10 15 20	
TAC AGC ACG GTA TGC	212
Tyr Ser Thr Val Cys	
25	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 81:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 269 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 15..137
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.8  
seq LFLFLTSLIAEXCS/TP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 81:

ACCCTG	TKCT	TKTC	ATG	GTT	DTC	TGG	CTC	GTC	TTA	TTT	GCT	CTT	CAG	ATT	50
			Met	Val	Xaa	Trp	Leu	Val	Leu	Phe	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ile	
			-40						-35					-30	
TAC	TCC	TAT	KKY	AGT	ACT	CGA	GAT	CAG	CCT	GCA	TCA	CGT	GAK	AGG	CTT
Tyr	Ser	Tyr	Xaa	Ser	Thr	Arg	Asp	Gln	Pro	Ala	Ser	Arg	Xaa	Arg	Leu
			-25					-20						-15	98
CTT	TTC	CTT	TTT	CTG	ACA	AGT	ATT	GCG	GAA	TRC	TGC	AGC	ACT	CCT	TAC
Leu	Phe	Leu	Phe	Leu	Thr	Ser	Ile	Ala	Glu	Xaa	Cys	Ser	Thr	Pro	Tyr
			-10					-5						1	146
TCT	CTT	TTG	GGT	TTK	GTC	TTC	ACG	GTT	TCT	TTT	GTT	GCC	TTG	GGT	GTT
Ser	Leu	Leu	Gly	Xaa	Val	Phe	Thr	Val	Ser	Phe	Val	Ala	Leu	Gly	Val
	5				10						15				194
CTC	ACA	CTC	TGC	AAG	TTT	TAC	TTG	CAG	GGT	TAT	CGA	GCT	TTC	ATG	AAT
Leu	Thr	Leu	Cys	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Phe	Met	Asn
	20			25					30						35
GAT	CCT	GCC	ATG	AAT	CGG	GGA	GGT	GCG							
Asp	Pro	Ala	Met	Asn	Arg	Gly	Gly	Ala							269
				40											

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 82:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 68 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 9..62
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq LPLLXXXSLPVGA/WL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 82:

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AAGTCCTG ATG GCC CGG CAT GGG TTA CCG CTG CTG CHB YWG HTG TCG CTC 50  
 Met Ala Arg His Gly Leu Pro Leu Leu Xaa Xaa Xaa Ser Leu  
 -15 -10 -5

CCG GTC GGC GCG TGG CTC 68  
 Pro Val Gly Ala Trp Leu  
 1

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 83:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 407 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 258..368
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq ILYILWYCSVCSS/GS

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 83:

AAGGTTGGTC TGGACCGGAA GCGAAGATGG CGACTTCTGG CGCGGCCTCG GCGGASTGGT 60  
 GATCGGCTGG TGCATATTCG GCCTCTTACT ACTGGCKATT TTGGCATTCT GCTGGATATA 120  
 TGTTCTGAAA TACCAAAGTC GCGGGGAAAG TGAAGTTGTC TCCACCATAA CAGCAATTTT 180  
 TTCTCTAGCA ATTGCACTTA TCACATCAGC ACTTCTACCA GTGGATATAT TTTTGGTTTC 240  
 TTACATGAAA AATCAAA ATG GTA CAT TTA AGG ACT GGG CTA ATG CTA ATG 290  
 Met Val His Leu Arg Thr Gly Leu Met Leu Met  
 -35 -30  
 TCA GCA GAC AGA TTG AGG ACA CTG TAT TAT ACG GTT ACT ATA CTT TAT 338  
 Ser Ala Asp Arg Leu Arg Thr Leu Tyr Tyr Thr Val Thr Ile Leu Tyr  
 -25 -20 -15  
 ATT CTG TGG TAT TGT TCT GTG TGT TCT TCT GGA TCC CTT TTG TCT ACT 386  
 Ile Leu Trp Tyr Cys Ser Val Cys Ser Ser Gly Ser Leu Leu Ser Thr  
 -10 -5 1 5  
 TCT ATT ATG AAG AAA AGG ATG 407  
 Ser Ile Met Lys Lys Arg Met  
 10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 84:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 348 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 196..240
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq ILSTVTALTTFARA/LD
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 84:

```

AAAAAATTGG TCCAGTTTT CACCCTGCCG CAGGGCTGGC TGGGGAGGGC AGCGGTTTAG      60
ATTAGCCGTG GCCTAGGCCG TTTAACGGGG TGACACGAGC HTGCAGGGCC GAGTCCAAGG     120
CCCGGAGATA GGACCAACCG TCAGGAATGC GAGGAATGTT TTTCTTCGGA CTCTATCGAG     180
GCACACAGAC AGACC ATG GGG ATT CTG TCT ACA GTG ACA GCB TTA ACA TTT      231
          Met Gly Ile Leu Ser Thr Val Thr Ala Leu Thr Phe
          -15                -10                -5

GCC AGA GCC CTG GAC GGC TGC AGA AAT GGC ATT GCC CAC CCT GCA AGT      279
Ala Arg Ala Leu Asp Gly Cys Arg Asn Gly Ile Ala His Pro Ala Ser
          1                5                10

GAG AAG CAC AGA CTC GAG AAA TGT AGG GAA CTC GAG AGC AGC CAC TCG      327
Glu Lys His Arg Leu Glu Lys Cys Arg Glu Leu Glu Ser Ser His Ser
          15                20                25

GCC CCA-GGA TCA ACC CAG CAG                                          348
Ala Pro Gly Ser Thr Gln Gln
          30                35

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 85:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 146 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 45..113
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.5  
seq LTFLLQXLLISSIX/RE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 85:

```

ACTCTCCCTC CCCAGTAGAC GCTCGGGCAC CAGCCGCGGC AAGG ATG GAG CTG GGT      56
                               Met Glu Leu Gly
                               -20

TGC TGG ACG CAG TTG GGG CTC ACT TTT CTT CAG STC CTT CTC ATC TCG      104
Cys Trp Thr Gln Leu Gly Leu Thr Phe Leu Gln Xaa Leu Leu Ile Ser
      -15                      -10                      -5

TCC TTG CHA AGA GAG TAC ACA GTC ATT AAT GAA GCH CGC AAG              146
Ser Leu Xaa Arg Glu Tyr Thr Val Ile Asn Glu Ala Arg Lys
      1                      5                      10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 86:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 308 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 201..266
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.4  
seq FLLCXSVFTDCKG/DV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 86:

```

ACAGAATCAC GTTTTDAGTT GTGCGTGTGC GCGCACACGM GTGTAAAMAG CACTTTCGAT      60

TGTGCCTCCT GTTTCTCGA GTGGGGACAC TTAACTACA GTTTASACCT CGGGCGCATM      120

AAGTTTKTCT TCTCTTCTC TCTGGTTRTT TCTGTTTCTG AGTGGACCAA CAGCAGARCC      180

CACGAGGAKT TGTTTTGAGT ATG GAG CTG TTG CGG GTD TGC TCC TTT TTC TTG      233
      Met Glu Leu Leu Arg Val Cys Ser Phe Phe Leu
      -20                      -15

CTT TGC TSC TCA GTT TTT ACA GAC TGT AAA GGA GAT GTG TTG TGT GTG      281
Leu Cys Xaa Ser Val Phe Thr Asp Cys Lys Gly Asp Val Leu Cys Val
      -10                      -5                      1                      5
    
```





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## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..57  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq MVALCCCLWKISG/CE

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 88:

ATG CAA TTC TTG TTT AAG ATG GTG GCC TTA TGC TGT TGT CTC TGG AAG	48
Met Gln Phe Leu Phe Lys Met Val Ala Leu Cys Cys Cys Leu Trp Lys	
-15 -10 -5	
ATC TCC GGC TGT GAG GAA GTC CCT CTA ACT TAC AAC CTG CTC AAG TGC	96
Ile Ser Gly Cys Glu Glu Val Pro Leu Thr Tyr Asn Leu Leu Lys Cys	
1 5 10	
CTC CTA GAT AAA GCG CAC GTA GGG	120
Leu Leu Asp Lys Ala His Val Gly	
15 20	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 89:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 247 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 50..112  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq CVCAAAXXSQSLX/XX

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 89:

AAAGCGTCCT ATCCGAGGCC AACTGTAGCT GGGATCCAGC GAGAGGAAG ATG CTC AAG	58
Met Leu Lys	
-20	
GTG TCA GCC GTA CTG TGT GTG TGT GCA GCC GCT TDG TGS AGT CAG TCT	106
Val Ser Ala Val Leu Cys Val Cys Ala Ala Ala Xaa Xaa Ser Gln Ser	
-15 -10 -5	
CTC GSM RCT KCC GCG GCG GTG GCT GCA GCC GGG GGG CGG TCG GAC GGC	154

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Leu	Xaa	Xaa	Xaa	Ala	Ala	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Arg	Ser	Asp	Gly		
		1				5					10						
GGT	AAT	TTT	CTG	GAT	GAT	AAA	CAA	TGG	CTC	ACC	ASR	ATC	TCT	CAG	TAT	202	
Gly	Asn	Phe	Leu	Asp	Asp	Lys	Gln	Trp	Leu	Thr	Xaa	Ile	Ser	Gln	Tyr		
15				20				25						30			
GAC	AAG	GAA	KTC	GGM	MAG	TGG	AAC	AAA	TTC	CGA	GAC	GAT	KAT	TAT		247	
Asp	Lys	Glu	Xaa	Gly	Xaa	Trp	Asn	Lys	Phe	Arg	Asp	Asp	Xaa	Tyr			
				35				40						45			

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 90:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 294 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 124..186
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq MVALCCCLWKISG/CE

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 90:

AAGACGCTGC	CTTTAGGGAG	AGATAAAAAG	CATAATGACA	TTAGCTAGGA	AAGTTAATTT	60
TCAGTTCTTA	CTGAAGTGCT	GTATGAAACT	GAAATTCCA	AGGAACTGAA	TTTTGTGAGC	120
CAA ATG AGC ATG CAA TTC TTG TTT AAG ATG GTG GCC TTA TGC TGT TGT	168					
Met Ser Met Gln Phe Leu Phe Lys Met Val Ala Leu Cys Cys Cys						
-20 -15 -10						
CTC TGG AAG ATC TCC GGC TGT GAG GAA GTC CCT CTA ACT TAC AAC CTG	216					
Leu Trp Lys Ile Ser Gly Cys Glu Glu Val Pro Leu Thr Tyr Asn Leu						
-5 1 5 10						
CTC AAG TGC CTC CTA GAT AAA GCG CAC TGT GTA CTC CTG ACA CCT TGT	264					
Leu Lys Cys Leu Leu Asp Lys Ala His Cys Val Leu Leu Thr Pro Cys						
15 20 25						
GGT TAC ATC TTT TCC TTG ATC AGT CCA GGG	294					
Gly Tyr Ile Phe Ser Leu Ile Ser Pro Gly						
30 35						

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 91:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 173 base pairs  
    (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
    (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
    (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
    (B) LOCATION: 114..164  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.2  
                                seq LWILLGSLSCRTS/NR
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 91:

```
AATTCTTATA GGTGTGTCCA GCAGGCAGTG GCTTGTAGCT GTTCCTTCAG CCACTTAACA    60
GGTTTGATTT CAAAGCTTTT TAATAGAGAA ACTAACATGT TTGGAGGGGA TTC ATG      116
                                         Met
GCC CAA CAT TTA TGG ATT TTG TTG GGA AGT CTC AGT TGC CGA ACA AGC      164
Ala Gln His Leu Trp Ile Leu Leu Gly Ser Leu Ser Cys Arg Thr Ser
  -15                      -10                      -5

AAC CGG CGG                                173
Asn Arg Arg
  1
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 92:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 242 base pairs  
    (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
    (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
    (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
    (B) LOCATION: 66..149  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.1  
                                seq LYLESFGWTFXLG/KF
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 92:

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```

ACACTTGART TGGGGTTAAG TTGAAGAACA GACAACTTA GACACAAAGC TATGCAAAAA    60
TTGTG ATG AAC AAG GAA RAA GTA AGT TTN GAA AGG ARA GCA CAG GTC AGA    110
      Met Asn Lys Glu Xaa Val Ser Xaa Glu Arg Xaa Ala Gln Val Arg
            -25                -20                -15

TTA TAT TTA TTC TCA GGA TTT TGG ACT TTT KTA TTA GGG AAA TTT AAA    158
Leu Tyr Leu Phe Ser Gly Phe Trp Thr Phe Xaa Leu Gly Lys Phe Lys
            -10                -5                1

CAA GGG GAA TGR TCT TAT ATK KGT ATT CTA GAA AGA TTA CTG TGG CAG    206
Gln Gly Glu Xaa Ser Tyr Xaa Xaa Ile Leu Glu Arg Leu Leu Trp Gln
            5                10                15

CAG CAG TAT GWA GGA TGG CTT GTA GGR GAT AAG AGA    242
Gln Gln Tyr Xaa Gly Trp Leu Val Gly Asp Lys Arg
      20                25                30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 93:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 439 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 200..361
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
seq IVFIFLILLNTAA/QV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 93:

```

ATTGAAAGAT GGTAAGATGG TGCAGAAGGG GACTTACACT GAGTCCTAA AATCTGGTAT    60
AGATTTTGGC TCCCTTTTAA AGAAGGATAA TGAGGAAAGT GAACAACCTC CAGTCCAGG    120
AACTCCCACA MYAAGGGAAT CGTACCCTTC TCAGAGTCTT CGGTTTGGTC TCAACAATCT    180
TCTAGACCCT CTTTGAAAG ATG GTG CTC TGG AGA GCC AAG ATA CAN MGG AAT    232
      Met Val Leu Trp Arg Ala Lys Ile Xaa Arg Asn
            -50                -45

GTC CCA GTT ACA CTA TCA GAG GAG AAC CGT TCT GAA GGA AAA GTT GGT    280
Val Pro Val Thr Leu Ser Glu Glu Asn Arg Ser Glu Gly Lys Val Gly
      -40                -35                -30

TTT CAG GCC TAT AAG AAT TAC TTC AGA GCT GGT GCT CAC TGG ATT GTC    328
Phe Gln Ala Tyr Lys Asn Tyr Phe Arg Ala Gly Ala His Trp Ile Val
      -25                -20                -15
    
```

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```

TTC ATT TTC CTT ATT CTC CTA AAC ACT GCA GCT CAG GTT GCC TAT GTG      376
Phe Ile Phe Leu Ile Leu Leu Asn Thr Ala Ala Gln Val Ala Tyr Val
-10                               -5                               1                               5

CTT CAA GAT TGG TGG CTT TCA TAC TGG GCA AAC AAA CAA AGT ATG CTA      424
Leu Gln Asp Trp Trp Leu Ser Tyr Trp Ala Asn Lys Gln Ser Met Leu
                               10                               15                               20

AAT GTC ACT GTA AAT                                                  439
Asn Val Thr Val Asn
                               25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 94:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 232 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 125..178
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
seq FTSVLWLTSPSQP/NT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 94:

```

ATGTAGTGAA TAAAGTTTGA GAACCACTGA CTTGAAC TTT AGCATGATTT GATACACAGG      60
GTCCTCTGTA ATCGTACTTC GTTCTGCTTT AAGGCTGTTG GGCTGTCTCC TCCAACCCAT      120
CCKK ATG TTG TTG TAK TTT TTC ACC TCK GTC CTT TGG CTT ACG TCA CCN      169
Met Leu Leu Xaa Phe Phe Thr Ser Val Leu Trp Leu Thr Ser Pro
-15                               -10                               -5

TCC CAA CCT AAT ACC TGC CCT TCT AGT CTT CTG TGT ACT TAT CCA AAT      217
Ser Gln Pro Asn Thr Cys Pro Ser Ser Leu Leu Cys Thr Tyr Pro Asn
1                               5                               10

CTA AAC CCT CCA TGG                                                  232
Leu Asn Pro Pro Trp
15
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 95:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 229 base pairs

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(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 140..205  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq IILGCLALFLLLQ/RK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 95:

```

AACAGTTACG AAGGAGAGCT GCAAAAGTTG CAGCAGAAAG GTTGGGAGTC CCGACAGGTT    60
CCGTAGCCCA CAGAAAAGAA GCAAGGGACG GCAGGACTGT TTCACACTTT TCTGCTTCTG    120
GAAGGTGCTG GACAAAAAC ATG GAA CTA ATT TCC CCA ACA GTG ATT ATA ATC    172
              Met Glu Leu Ile Ser Pro Thr Val Ile Ile Ile
              -20                               -15

CTG GGT TGC CTT GCT CTG TTC TTA CTC CTT CAG CGG AAG AAT TTG CGC    220
Leu Gly Cys Leu Ala Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Gln Arg Lys Asn Leu Arg
-10              -5                               1                               5

AGA CCC TGG                                                    229
Arg Pro Trp
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 96:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 292 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 134..274  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq TWLGLLSFQNLHC/FP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 96:

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```

ATCATTCTTCT TATCCCTGCT GATTTCAAAC CTTCCCATGG TTTAGAAGCA TAACCTGTAA   60
TGTAATGCAA GTCCCCTAAC TCCCTGGTTG CTAACATTAA CTCCTTAAG TAATAATCAA  120
TGAAAGAVAT TCT ATG CAT GGT TTT GAA ATA ATA TCC TTG AAA GAG GAA   169
          Met His Gly Phe Glu Ile Ile Ser Leu Lys Glu Glu
                -45                      -40

TCA CCA TTA GGA AAG GTG AGT CAG GGT CCT TTG TTT AAT GTG ACT AGT   217
Ser Pro Leu Gly Lys Val Ser Gln Gly Pro Leu Phe Asn Val Thr Ser
-35                -30                      -25                      -20

GGC TCA TCA TCA CCA GTG ACC TGG TTG GGC CTA CTC TCC TTC CAG AAC   265
Gly Ser Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Trp Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Phe Gln Asn
                -15                      -10                      -5

CTG CAT TGC TTC CCA GAC CTC CCC GGG   292
Leu His Cys Phe Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly
          1                      5

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 97:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 458 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 270..437
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq NTLFLHLSGLSAA/DT

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 97:

```

AAGCTCTGAG ACAGGAGCCC AGCCCTGGGA TTTTCAGGTG TTTTCATTG GTGGTCAGGC   60
CTGAACAGAG TGTTTTCCTT TGGTGGTCAG GACTGAGCAG AGAGACCTCA CCATGGAGCT  120
TKGGSYGKTG CKGGCTTTTT CTTGTGGCCA TTTTGAAAGA TGTCCGGTCT GAGGGACAAC  180
TATTGGAATC TGGGGGAAGT TCGGTCCAGC CCGGGGAGTC CCTGCGACTC TCCTGTGCAG  240
CCGCTGGATT CGCNTTTCGC AATTTTGCC ATG ACT TGG GTC CGC CAC GCT CCA   293
          Met Thr Trp Val Arg His Ala Pro
                -55                      -50

GGG AAG AGT CTG GAA TGG GTC GCA ACC GTC ACA GAT GGT GGT GAT AAG   341
Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Thr Val Thr Asp Gly Gly Asp Lys
          -45                -40                      -35

```

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ACC TTT TAT GCG GCC TCC GTG AAG GGC CGC TTC AAC GTC TCC AGG GAC	389
Thr Phe Tyr Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Asn Val Ser Arg Asp	
-30 -25 -20	
AAT TCC AAG AAC ACG TTA TTT CTG CAT TTG AGC GGC CTG AGT GCC GCC	437
Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Phe Leu His Leu Ser Gly Leu Ser Ala Ala	
-15 -10 -5	
GAC ACG GGC TGG TGG GGG ATC	458
Asp Thr Gly Trp Trp Gly Ile	
1 5	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 98:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 226 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 143..184
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.8  
seq LTSFFSLTANCQS/AG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 98:

AACATACCCT TCAGGTTTAG GTCTTCTTA GTAAAGTTT TAACTTTAGT ATATCTTCCT	60
CAGGGCGGCC TTCTCCTTCC CCCTAGTAAG TGRAGAAACC CTTGTGKTC TGCCCTCTGA	120
ACTCACCGCA TTTGGGATTA CC ATG CTA ACA TCC TTT TTT TCA CTG ACT GCA	172
Met Leu Thr Ser Phe Phe Ser Leu Thr Ala	
-10 -5	
AAT TGC CAG AGT GCA GGA ACT ATC TCA TTT GCT GCT TTC TCC CTA ATG	220
Asn Cys Gln Ser Ala Gly Thr Ile Ser Phe Ala Ala Phe Ser Leu Met	
1 5 10	
CCT GGA	226
Pro Gly	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 99:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 140 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID



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(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 72..125  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.8  
seq LTPLFFMXPTGFS/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 99:

```

ACTTCCCTTC CCCCTCTAGC ATTGCTACCT TCTCTCTAC ACGCACGCAG GCATATAAAC    60
GTAGGTTTTT G ATG CTC CTC TGC CTG TTG ACC CCG CTA TTT TTC ATG TTK    110
               Met Leu Leu Cys Leu Leu Thr Pro Leu Phe Phe Met Xaa
                   -15                               -10

CCA ACA GGT TTT TCT TCC CCC AGT CCT GGG    140
Pro Thr Gly Phe Ser Ser Pro Ser Pro Gly
   -5                1                5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 100:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 288 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 178..240  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq HSLFLSLLGLCPS/KT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 100:

```

AATTGGCGCG GGGCGTCCGT AGCCACGGCA ACAGGTTGCT TCTGCAGTCT GAGCTGAGCG    60
CCTTTCGCAC GACTTGGAGT TACGGTTTAT TTGATACCCC GGTACCCCTA CGCAAGCAAG    120
CCCACATCGA CACACATTCA CACACGCCCT TCAGCACCCC CTCCCAGCAC CACGACC    177
    
```

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ATG GAC GAC GAC TAT GAA GCG TAC CAC AGT CTG TTC TTG TCG CTG CTC	225
Met Asp Asp Asp Tyr Glu Ala Tyr His Ser Leu Phe Leu Ser Leu Leu	
-20 -15 -10	
GGA CTC TGC CCG TCT AAG ACT CCC ATC AAT GAA AAT GCT CCC GTC TTT	273
Gly Leu Cys Pro Ser Lys Thr Pro Ile Asn Glu Asn Ala Pro Val Phe	
-5 1 5 10	
GAT CCT GAA CCG GTC	288
Asp Pro Glu Pro Val	
15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 101:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 393 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 298..354
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq WLVWLLLGHMVVS/QM

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 101:

CTCTTGCCCTC AGGCTTGGAG GCCTCCGAGC AGCAACATCG TCCCAATTAT ACCCCGTTGG	60
AGCATCTTCA GATCTTCCAC TCTTTTCACA ACGCAATCAA AATCTTCGTA CCCATTTTGC	120
AGTAGTGATC TCTAACTCT CAGCGTAGGC ATCGGGAACC TTCGTGCCAA GGAGCCATGC	180
TGCCCCGATG GGAAGTGGCA CTTTACCTAC TTGCCTCACT AGGCTTCCAC TTCTATTCTT	240
TCTATTAAGT TTACAAAGTC TCCAGAGGAT GCGACCGACT TTGAGTGGAG CTTCTGG	297
ATG GAA TGG GGG AAG CAG TGG CTG GTG TGG CTT CTC CTT GGC CAC ATG	345
Met Glu Trp Gly Lys Gln Trp Leu Val Trp Leu Leu Leu Gly His Met	
-15 -10 -5	
GTA GTG TCT CAA ATG GCC ACA CTG CTG GCA AGA AAG CAC AGA CCC TGG	393
Val Val Ser Gln Met Ala Thr Leu Leu Ala Arg Lys His Arg Pro Trp	
1 5 10	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 102:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 281 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 135..251
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq LTQGVLWILVIQA/VP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 102:

```

ATATACAGAG AATAACGTC ATCCCTCTAA CATTAATATG TTCAGTTTAA TGTACCTGAG   60
AGTTGATGGT TTAATTTGTG GGTTTGCCCA GACTCTCTTG CGACTTCTCT CATCATCTGC  120
TCTTTAGCAC TTCC ATG AGA CGG GGC AAG AGA TTG TTG GAG TCT CAA TCC   170
          Met Arg Arg Gly Lys Arg Leu Leu Glu Ser Gln Ser
                      -35                      -30
AGC AGC CCG AAA GCC TGT CTG CAG CTT GGG TTT GAG ACT GAA CTA ACT   218
Ser Ser Pro Lys Ala Cys Leu Gln Leu Gly Phe Glu Thr Glu Leu Thr
      -25                      -20                      -15
CAG GGT GTT TTG TGG ATT TTA GTT ATC CAG GCT GTC CCT GTT CCC TCA   266
Gln Gly Val Leu Trp Ile Leu Val Ile Gln Ala Val Pro Val Pro Ser
      -10                      -5                      1                      5
TTA ACA AAA ACA AAA                                           281
Leu Thr Lys Thr Lys
          10

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 103:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 276 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 205..264
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq ALLESVVWLPCHG/RG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 103:

```
AGACCAGGCC CATTCTCAG AAGCCTTGG CCCCCCTGAG ATGCCAAATA GCCGCTCACT    60
CTTCCGCCTC CACGGACTGG CTTTGGTGTT CATGCTGGTT GGGATGTCTA CTATGGACCT    120
GCTGAGCACA GGGCTGGGTT CCTGGGGCAC AGAGTTGATG CTTATGGCCC AGGAACTGCT    180
GGGCCCCAGG ACTGGGCGGT TTCC ATG GTT GCT GCC ACA GAA GCA GCA TTG    231
                Met Val Ala Ala Thr Glu Ala Ala Leu
                -20                      -15

CTG GAG TCA GTA GTG TGG CTG CCT TGC CAT GGC CGT GGT GGG TCT    276
Leu Glu Ser Val Val Trp Leu Pro Cys His Gly Arg Gly Gly Ser
-10                      -5                      1
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 104:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 421 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 356..412
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq VSLPLLSSWGSTA/WT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 104:

```
AATTACAGCT CTACAATGCA CCAGACGGAC CCATCTGGAT TCTTTCGGGG CTCTTAGCCC    60
TAGAAATAGC ATCATTTCTT CAAACTGGTG AGTCCTCCTG TCTAAATCA GGATGCAGAG    120
AGTTGATGCA CGGCATGGCA CAGGATGCTG GGCAAGGCTG GCAGGCCCGG GAGAGCCTGT    180
GGCCAGCCTG GGTCCAGGAA GTGGGCAGCT GCCACAGAGG GGCCTCCGAG GCTAGCTGCC    240
TCCTAACTTC CTCACGGCAC ACCATTCTGC CGTCCTGAGT CTTCTCAAGG TTGGAAGGTG    300
CCCAGATCCA GGGAGATGGT GCTGGCTCTT TGGTGGCTGT GGAGTGTTCA GACAG ATG    358
                Met

AGC TGG AAT CCT TCA GTT TCT CTG CCT CTC CTG TCA AGT TGG GGT AGC    406
Ser Trp Asn Pro Ser Val Ser Leu Pro Leu Leu Ser Ser Trp Gly Ser
```

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	-15	-10	-5	
ACT GCT TGG ACT CTT				421
Thr Ala Trp Thr Leu				
1				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 105:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 193 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 53..118
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq LILLSLHLERRWT/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 105:

ACAATAATAA CTAATGAGAT TAAAATTAA AACAGGTGTC TGATAATCCT TG ATG AAG	58
	Met Lys
AGA ATT CAG GGG ATA TTG TTC CTG ATT TTG CTT TCT CTC CAC TTG GAA	106
Arg Ile Gln Gly Ile Leu Phe Leu Ile Leu Leu Ser Leu His Leu Glu	
-20 -15 -10 -5	
AGG AGG TGG ACG AGC CCA TCA GAC CAC AGC CTG TTG CTA GGA GGA AAT	154
Arg Arg Trp Thr Ser Pro Ser Asp His Ser Leu Leu Leu Gly Gly Asn	
1 5 10	
TCC TTG GCT CAA CAT GCA GAA AGT GTA GTA CGC CAA GGG	193
Ser Leu Ala Gln His Ala Glu Ser Val Val Arg Gln Gly	
15 20 25	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 106:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 435 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

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(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 298..402  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
 seq LLTFGLEVCLAAG/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 106:

```

AAAGGAAGGG GGGGCGGAAC CAGCCTGCAC GCGCTGGCTC CGGGTGACAG CCGCGCGCCT 60
CGGCCAGGAT CTGAGTGATG AGACGTGTCC CCACTGAGGT GCCCCACAGC AGCAGGTGTT 120
GAGCATGGGC TGAGAAGCTG GACCGGCACC AAAGGGCTGG CAGAAATDVG CGCCTGGCTG 180
ATTCCTAGGC AGTTGGCRGC AGCAAGGAGG AGAGGCCGCA GCTTCTGGAG CAGAGCCGAG 240
ACGAAGCAGT TCTGGAGTGC CTGAACGGCC CCCTGAGCCC TACCCGCCTG GCCCCACT 297
ATG GTC CAG AGG CTG TGG GTG AGC CGC CTG CTG CGG CAC CGG AAA GCC 345
Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
-35 -30 -25 -20
CAG CTC KKG CTG GKC AAC CTG CTA ACC TTT GGC CTG GAG GTG TGT TTG 393
Gln Leu Xaa Leu Xaa Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu
-15 -10 -5
GCC GCA GGA TCA CCT ATG TGC CGC CTC TGC TGC TGG AAG TGG 435
Ala Ala Gly Ser Pro Met Cys Arg Leu Cys Cys Trp Lys Trp
1 5 10

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 107:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 392 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 27..80  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
 seq PFALVTSCSSVFS/GD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 107:

```

AGACGGAACC AGCTCGCGAG CGCACT ATG GCT GCT GGC GTA CCC TTT GCG TTA 53

```



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```

TCAAGTTTTA  ACGAAGAAAA  ACATCATTGC  AGTGAAATAA  AAAATTTTAA  AATTTTAGAA  120
CAAAGCTAAC  AAATGGCTAG  TTTTCTATGN  TTCTTCTTCA  AACGCTTTCT  TTGAGGGRGM  180
AAGAGTCAMA  CAAACAAGCA  GTTTTACCTA  AAATAAGAA  CTAGTTTGTAG  AGGTCAGAMG  240
AMAGGMGCAA  GTTTTGCGAG  WGGCACGGAA  GGAGTGTGCT  GGCAGTACA  ATG  ACA  GTT  298
                                   Met Thr Val
TTC  CTT  TMN  TTT  TGC  TTT  CCT  CGC  TGC  CAT  TCT  GAC  TCA  CAT  ARG  RTG  346
Phe  Leu  Xaa  Phe  Cys  Phe  Pro  Arg  Cys  His  Ser  Asp  Ser  His  Xaa  Xaa
-10                               -5                               1                               5
CAG  CAA  TCA  GCG  358
Gln  Gln  Ser  Ala
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 109:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 310 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 44..187
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.4  
seq ILLEVFVWNLQG/LP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 109:

```

AASTTCTTCC  TGCCAAGAGA  ACAATGCCGA  GAAACAGAGC  GAA  ATG  KTT  CCA  AAT  55
                                   Met Xaa Pro Asn
                                   -45
AAT  TTT  TGG  CAA  AAA  CTT  GGA  AGA  AAA  AAA  CCC  CGC  ATA  TTT  ACC  TGT  103
Asn  Phe  Trp  Gln  Lys  Leu  Gly  Arg  Lys  Lys  Pro  Arg  Ile  Phe  Thr  Cys
-40                               -35                               -30
ACC  CAG  AGC  TCC  ACA  GGT  GAG  GCG  GCA  GTT  AAA  GCA  GAA  AAT  CTA  ATT  151
Thr  Gln  Ser  Ser  Thr  Gly  Glu  Ala  Ala  Val  Lys  Ala  Glu  Asn  Leu  Ile
-25                               -20                               -15
CTT  CTG  GAA  GTT  TTT  GTC  TGG  AAC  GGA  CTC  CAG  GGT  CTT  CCT  TCG  GAG  199
Leu  Leu  Glu  Val  Phe  Val  Trp  Asn  Gly  Leu  Gln  Gly  Leu  Pro  Ser  Glu
-10                               -5                               1
CTG  TCA  GAT  ACA  AGT  GGA  TCC  TCT  AAG  AAA  CTT  GGG  AGC  CTT  GTG  GGC  247
Leu  Ser  Asp  Thr  Ser  Gly  Ser  Ser  Lys  Lys  Leu  Gly  Ser  Leu  Val  Gly
    
```



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5	10	15	20	
TGG TGG AGA ACT CTC AAG ATG GCA CCA GCC TGT CTA TGG TCT ATG TGG				295
Trp Trp Arg Thr Leu Lys Met Ala Pro Ala Cys Leu Trp Ser Met Trp	25	30	35	
GAA TCA CCG CCA CGG				310
Glu Ser Pro Pro Arg	40			

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 110:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 284 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 66..173
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3  
seq ALYIMCVPHSVWG/CA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 110:

AAGTCCAGAG GCCTGGCCCT GCCAAGAAGG CGCTCTCCGG AATCAACACC TGGGGGCTTG	60
GAAGG ATG TTT CGC TCA GAT CGA ATG TGG ARC TGC CAT TGG AAA TGG AAG	110
Met Phe Arg Ser Asp Arg Met Trp Xaa Cys His Trp Lys Trp Lys	
-35 -30 -25	
CCC AGT CCT CTC CTG TTC TTA TTT GCT TTA TAT ATC ATG TGT GTT CCT	158
Pro Ser Pro Leu Leu Phe Leu Phe Ala Leu Tyr Ile Met Cys Val Pro	
-20 -15 -10	
CAC TCA GTG TGG GGA TGT GCC AAC TGC CGA GTG GTT TTG TCC AAC CCT	206
His Ser Val Trp Gly Cys Ala Asn Cys Arg Val Val Leu Ser Asn Pro	
-5 1 5 10	
TCT GGG ACC TTT ACT TCT CCA TGC TAC CCT AAC GAC TAC CCA AAC AGC	254
Ser Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Pro Cys Tyr Pro Asn Asp Tyr Pro Asn Ser	
15 20 25	
CAG GCT TGC ATG TGG ACG CTC CGA GAC CCC	284
Gln Ala Cys Met Trp Thr Leu Arg Asp Pro	
30 35	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 111:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 398 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 123..215  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3  
 seq LVALSSELPFLGA/GV
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 111:

```

TCCTTCATCT TGTGTTCTAA AACCTTGCAA GTTCAGGAAG AAACCATCTG CATCCATATT    60
GAAAACCTGA CACAATGTAT GCAGCAGGCT CAGTGTGAGT GAACTGGAGG CTTCTCTACA    120
AC ATG ACC CAA AGG AGC ATT GCA GGT CCT ATT TGC AAC CTG AAG TTT    167
  Met Thr Gln Arg Ser Ile Ala Gly Pro Ile Cys Asn Leu Lys Phe
    -30                -25                -20

GTG ACT CTC CTG GTT GCC TTA AGT TCA GAA CTC CCA TTC CTG GGA GCT    215
Val Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Ser Ser Glu Leu Pro Phe Leu Gly Ala
    -15                -10                -5

GGA GTA CAG CTT CAA GAC AAT GGG TAT AAT GGA TTG CTC ATT GCA ATT    263
Gly Val Gln Leu Gln Asp Asn Gly Tyr Asn Gly Leu Leu Ile Ala Ile
    1                5                10                15

AAT CCT CAG GTA CCT GAG AAT CAG AAC CTC ATC TCA AAC ATT AAG GAA    311
Asn Pro Gln Val Pro Glu Asn Gln Asn Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Lys Glu
    -                20                25                30

ATG ATA ACT GAA GCT TCA TTT TAC CTA TTT AAT GCT ACC AAG AGA AGA    359
Met Ile Thr Glu Ala Ser Phe Tyr Leu Phe Asn Ala Thr Lys Arg Arg
    35                40                45

GTA TTT TTC AGA AAT ATA AAG ATT TTA ATA CCT GCC CAG    398
Val Phe Phe Arg Asn Ile Lys Ile Leu Ile Pro Ala Gln
    50                55                60

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 112:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 324 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 187..228

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3

seq IIPLLLLLSACN/VH

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 112:

```

ACTCCAGGAG CCGGGACCAA AATAACCGGG CGGGAGGGGA CACCTCGCAG AGATGGATCT   60
CGAACTCCTG GGCTCAAGCG ATCCTTTCAC CTTGGCCTCT CAAGTAGCTG GGACCACATT  120
TGCTCACCAG CTGGCCCAAG ACCAGACTGG GCAACATGGG TCATCCTCCT CTAAGATTCC  180
AGGACC ATG ATC ATC CCT CTA TTG CTA CTT CTT AGA TCA GCT TGT AAT      228
      Met Ile Ile Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Arg Ser Ala Cys Asn
                -10                      -5

GTC CAT CTC CCC CAC CAG ACT GCG TCT CCA GCA TCT CTG AGT CCC CAG      276
Val His Leu Pro His Gln Thr Ala Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Gln
   1              5              10              15

GGC CTG GCC TGG GGC TTG CTA CAT GGT GGG TGC TCA GTA ACT GTG AGA      324
Gly Leu Ala Trp Gly Leu Leu His Gly Gly Cys Ser Val Thr Val Arg
      20              25              30

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 113:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 293 base pairs

(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 231..287

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3

seq VLLLSXNLNLIIQ/SS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 113:

```

ACTATGGAGG GAAGACACAG GGAAAGGAGT ATTTCAAAAA CTTTAAATAA TTGTACATAA   60

```

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```

TTGGAGCAAG TGAGAAGACA AGTKAGAGGT AAGCWGKTRT TGAGAATAGG GGKCTGATTG 120
TGCCAGCTTT GTATACVATT ATNAGGAACN DGGACTTTGT CCTGAAGGTA ACTGGGCAAT 180
TGTTGAGGTC ACCACCATCT ACTGTCTGGA TTACCGAGGA AACTTTCTAA ATG TMS 236
                                     Met Xaa
TCT CCA CTT CCA GTC CTG CTC CTC TCA TKC AAT CTC AAC CTA ATA ATT 284
Ser Pro Leu Pro Val Leu Leu Leu Ser Xaa Asn Leu Asn Leu Ile Ile
      -15                      -10                      -5

CAG AGT AGT
Gln Ser Ser 293
      1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 114:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 402 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 244..381
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.2  
seq LLTFLVFTXKLSS/LN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 114:

```

ACACTGAAAT CAATCTGTTC AATAGCATT TACCATATTT GACATACCAT AGCCATGTTA 60
ATCTGATATT GTAGAATAGC ATAGTAKAAT AATAATAACT CCTAACTCAA GGATGTTGWG 120
WKCCCTTTATA ACCAGCAATC CATGTTARAT ATTAGCACAG TGCCTAAAAC ATATTAAGCA 180
TTCAATAAAT GATCGCTACT ATTTTACTA ACATCCTACA GATTTGGAAA TTGAGTCTTA 240
GAA ATG TTA ATG TGT AAA ATG CTA AAG AGC CAA AAA AAC TGC CAG GAA 288
Met Leu Met Cys Lys Met Leu Lys Ser Gln Lys Asn Cys Gln Glu
      -45                      -40                      -35

AAT ATR ARA ATT AAA ATC ATT TTA TTT CTG AAA CCC ATG TGT TCC CCC 336
Asn Xaa Xaa Ile Lys Ile Ile Leu Phe Leu Lys Pro Met Cys Ser Pro
      -30                      -25                      -20

CAA TAT CTT CTA ACA TTT CTA GTA TTT ACA GRA AAA CTT TCA AGT CTC 384
Gln Tyr Leu Leu Thr Phe Leu Val Phe Thr Xaa Lys Leu Ser Ser Leu
      -15                      -10                      -5
                                     1
    
```

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AAT ATC RGA AAG TTT CAT  
Asn Ile Xaa Lys Phe His  
5

402

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 115:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 470 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 306..461
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.2  
seq IIVILHCAASIIS/CP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 115:

```

AAGTATTAAA TTAAAAAGA TAAATCTGCC CTATTCTAAT CATGTCTTTG TCTTCTGTTT    60
ATTCAAGTGT ATTCCATTTG CTTTCGGGAA TATTTGGATG TTTTAGAACT AACATTCTGC    120
TTTAATAATC CAAACACRCK AYMAKTYCCA TCAATTTGAG TCTCTTAAAA TGTTACACTG    180
AAATGAATCT CTCTGAAGAT GGAATTATTG ATTTCTATAT TCTTCCTCTA GCATCATGAA    240
ATTTGACCTC TTCAGCCGTG CATGGTTAAC ACTCAGATAA CCCATCTCCT TGAGAAGAAC    300
CCCTG ATG AAR AAG AAA TCC TCT CCA AAT CAA TAT CTT CAT TCA TCA CTA    350
Met Lys Lys Lys Ser Ser Pro Asn Gln Tyr Leu His Ser Ser Leu
      -50                -45                -40

CAC TRS ATA CGN CTA TTT TCC TTC CTC CAT TTC TCA GAG GAA GGA GTT    398
His Xaa Ile Arg Leu Phe Ser Phe Leu His Phe Ser Glu Glu Gly Val
      -35                -30                -25

CTA TTA CTT GCC ATT GAT CTT AAA ATT ATA GTT ATC CTC CAC TGT GCT    446
Leu Leu Leu Ala Ile Asp Leu Lys Ile Ile Val Ile Leu His Cys Ala
      -20                -15                -10

GCA TCC ATA ATT TCA TGT CCC TCA    470
Ala Ser Ile Ile Ser Cys Pro Ser
      -5                1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 116:

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## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 334 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 116..184
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq ATSVSLEAQSCFA/WP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 116:

```

ATTTTGTAAA ACTGTAATGC TTTAAACTT ACTTTATTGG ATCTCTTTCG AGCTTTTGAC   60
ACAGTGAACC ACTTTCCTTT CCTGAAATGC TTTCCTCTCT TGGCTTTCCTG ATGCC ATG   118
                                     Met
TTC TCC TGT TTC TTC TCT ACT TCT CTG GCC ACT TCT GTC TCC TTA GAA   166
Phe Ser Cys Phe Phe Ser Thr Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Val Ser Leu Glu
   -20                               -15                               -10

GCT CAG TCT TGC TTT GCC TGG CCC TTG ATT GTT AGT TTT CCC CAG GGC   214
Ala Gln Ser Cys Phe Ala Trp Pro Leu Ile Val Ser Phe Pro Gln Gly
   -5                               1                               5                               10

TCA CTT CTT AGC CCC TTT CTC CTC ATG TCT TAT AAT TTG AGT CAT CTC   262
Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Phe Leu Leu Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu Ser His Leu
          15                               20                               25

ATC TAC TCT GGG GAG TTG AAT GGT CGC TTG TAT GCT GAA AAC TCC CAA   310
Ile Tyr Ser Gly Glu Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Tyr Ala Glu Asn Ser Gln
          30                               35                               40

ATT TGT ATC TGT AGC CCA GCC GGG   334
Ile Cys Ile Cys Ser Pro Ala Gly
          45                               50

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 117:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 302 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

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(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 78..227
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq RTALILAVCCGSA/SI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 117:

```

AGTTTCCAAG GGAAGGAGCA GCGTGTGGGA AAGCACAGAA GAGTGAGAAG GAAGCGACTA    60
AATTTTATTT ACTTTCT ATG CAT CAT GGC CTC ACA CCA CTG TTA CTT GGT    110
      Met His His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly
      -50                      -45                      -40

GTA CAT GAG CAA AAA CAG CAA GTG GTG AAA TTT TTA ATC AAG AAA AAA    158
Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys
      -35                      -30                      -25

GCA AAT TTA AAT GCA CTG GAT AGA TAT GGA AGA ACT GCT CTC ATA CTT    206
Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu
      -20                      -15                      -10

GCT GTA TGT TGT GGA TCG GCA AGT ATA GTC AGC CTT CTA CTT GAG CAA    254
Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln
      -5                      1                      5

AAC ATT GAT GTA TCT TCT CAA GAT CTA TCT GGA CAG ACG GCC CCC GGG    302
Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Pro Gly
      10                      15                      20                      25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 118:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 381 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 319..369
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq IYFFACFQALTSS/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 118:

```

AGAGTAGGCG GAGACAGAGA GGCTGTATTT CAGTGCAGCC TGCCAGACCT CTTCTGGAGG    60
    
```

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```

AAGACTGGAC AAAGGGGGTC ACACATTCTT TCCATACGGT TGAGCCTCTA CCTGCCTGGT 120
GCTGGTCACA GTTCAGCTTC TTCATGATGG TGGATCCCAA TGGCAATGAA TCCAGTGCTA 180
CATACTTCAT CCTAATAGGC CTCCTGGTT TAGAAGAGGC TCAGTTCTGG TTGGCCTTCC 240
CATTGTGCTC CCTCTACCTT ATTGCTGTGC TAGGTAACCT GACAATCATC TACATTGTGC 300
GGACTGAGCA CAGCCTGC ATG AGC CCA TGT ATA TAT TTC TTT GCA TGC TTT 351
          Met Ser Pro Cys Ile Tyr Phe Phe Ala Cys Phe
          -15                      -10

CAG GCA TTG ACA TCC TCA TCT CCA CCT CAG 381
Gln Ala Leu Thr Ser Ser Ser Pro Pro Gln
    -5                      1

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 119:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 318 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 49..141
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq VSGASGFLPPARS/RI

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 119:

```

CTTTCTGTGT CTCCTTCTCT CCGCCTCAGT TTGGGGCGGG TCGGGGGA ATG GCT GAG 57
          Met Ala Glu
          -30

GAG ATG GAG TCG TCG CTC GAG GCA AGS TTT TCG TCC AGC GGG GCA GTG 105
Glu Met Glu Ser Ser Leu Glu Ala Xaa Phe Ser Ser Ser Gly Ala Val
    -25                      -20                      -15

TCA GGG GCC TCA GGG TTT TTG CCT CCT GCC CGC TCC CGC ATC TTC AAG 153
Ser Gly Ala Ser Gly Phe Leu Pro Pro Ala Arg Ser Arg Ile Phe Lys
    -10                      -5                      1

ATA ATC GTG ATC GGC GAC VBC AAT GTG GGC AAG ACA TGC CTG ACC TAC 201
Ile Ile Val Ile Gly Asp Xaa Asn Val Gly Lys Thr Cys Leu Thr Tyr
    5                      10                      15                      20

CGC TTC TGC GCT GGC CGC TTC CCC GAC CGC ACC GAG GCC ACG ATA GGG 249
Arg Phe Cys Ala Gly Arg Phe Pro Asp Arg Thr Glu Ala Thr Ile Gly

```



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25	30	35	
GTG GAT TTC CGA GAA CGA GCG GTG GAG ATT GAT GGG GAG CGC ATC AAG			297
Val Asp Phe Arg Glu Arg Ala Val Glu Ile Asp Gly Glu Arg Ile Lys			
40	45	50	
ATC CAG CTA TGG GAC ACA GCA			318
Ile Gln Leu Trp Asp Thr Ala			
55			

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 120:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 243 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 61..153
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq VSGASGFLPPARS/RI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 120:

AAATCTCTCA GCCTTTCTGT GTCTCCTTTC CTCCGCCTCA GTTGGGGCG GGTCGGGGGA	60
ATG GCT GAG GAG ATG GAG TCG TCG CTC GAG GCA AGC TTT TCG TCC AGC	108
Met Ala Glu Glu Met Glu Ser Ser Leu Glu Ala Ser Phe Ser Ser Ser	
-30                      -25                      -20	
GGG GCA GTG TCA GGG GCC TCA GGG TTT TTG CCT CCT GCC CGC TCC CGC	156
Gly Ala Val Ser Gly Ala Ser Gly Phe Leu Pro Pro Ala Arg Ser Arg	
-15                      -10                      -5                      1	
ATC TTC AAG ATA ATC GTG ATC GGC GAC TCC AAT GTD VGC AAG ACA TGC	204
Ile Phe Lys Ile Ile Val Ile Gly Asp Ser Asn Val Xaa Lys Thr Cys	
5                      10                      15	
CTG ACC TAC CGC TTC TGC GCT GGC CGC TTC CCC GAC CGG	243
Leu Thr Tyr Arg Phe Cys Ala Gly Arg Phe Pro Asp Arg	
20                      25                      30	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 121:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 278 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 153..233  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5  
seq HLSLILLKPLCLP/NN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 121:

```

ACCTTTTATA AACATTTTGT TTAACTTTTA TTGTGGTAAA ATACACATAA CACTTCTCTT    60
CTTTTAGACC TGGGCTGGTA AGAAGTGCTG AAGATGTTTT TTAGAGATTT GTGGTATGAC   120
AAATCCACT  GGGGTTTCTG ASCTTCTCAG TC  ATG CTT  GTC TTG GGG TCA CCA    173
                               Met Leu Val Leu Gly Ser Pro
                               -25

CTC CTT GGC CCT CTC CTA TGG CAC CTG TCC CTC ATT CTG CTC AAG CCC    221
Leu Leu Gly Pro Leu Leu Trp His Leu Ser Leu Ile Leu Leu Lys Pro
-20                      -15                      -10                      -5

CTA TGC CTT CCC AAC AAC TTG CCT TTA GCT CTG GGC AGA TGT CTT TGC    269
Leu Cys Leu Pro Asn Asn Leu Pro Leu Ala Leu Gly Arg Cys Leu Cys
                      1                      5                      10

TTG CAC TCG                                                    278
Leu His Ser
                      15
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 122:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 301 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 56..220  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5  
seq VLFMTTAVDLVIT/EV

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## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 122:

```

AGAAAGGTGT TTTGGTCTTC TCCTTAGTCC AGGAAAAGAT GTACGAAATA GTGAC ATG      58
                                         Met
                                         -55

CAC TTA TTA GAT TTG GAA TCT ATG GGC AAA AGT TCA GAT GGA AAG TCG      106
His Leu Leu Asp Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Lys Ser Ser Asp Gly Lys Ser
          -50                -45                -40

TAT GTT ATT ACG GGG AGC TGG AAT CCA AAA TCC CCA CAT TTT CAA GTT      154
Tyr Val Ile Thr Gly Ser Trp Asn Pro Lys Ser Pro His Phe Gln Val
          -35                -30                -25

GTA AAT GAA GAA ACT CCT AAA GAT AAA GTC CTG TTT ATG ACC ACA GCT      202
Val Asn Glu Glu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Leu Phe Met Thr Thr Ala
          -20                -15                -10

GTA GAT TTG GTA ATA ACA GAA GTA CAG GAG CCT GTT CGA TTT CTC CTG      250
Val Asp Leu Val Ile Thr Glu Val Gln Glu Pro Val Arg Phe Leu Leu
          -5                1                5                10

GAG ACA AAA GTC CGC GTT TGC TCA CCT AAT GAA AGA TTA TTC TGG CCC      298
Glu Thr Lys Val Arg Val Cys Ser Pro Asn Glu Arg Leu Phe Trp Pro
          15                20                25

GCG
Ala
                                         301

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 123:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 129 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## .(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..63
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq VLFVFSSIPFL/FQ

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 123:

```

ATG GAG AAT TTG AAA GAC TTT TAT GTG TTG TTT GTA TTC TCT AGC ATT      48
Met Glu Asn Leu Lys Asp Phe Tyr Val Leu Phe Val Phe Ser Ser Ile
-20                -15                -10

```

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CCC CTT ACA TTT CTA TTT CAG AAA TTG CCT TTT GTT TGG ATT KGA GAA 96  
Pro Leu Thr Phe Leu Phe Gln Lys Leu Pro Phe Val Trp Ile Xaa Glu  
-5 1 5 10

GAG ACT TTG GAG ACA TGG TAT TTG AAG AGC TGG 129  
Glu Thr Leu Glu Thr Trp Tyr Leu Lys Ser Trp  
15 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 124:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 352 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 293..346
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LSIFSLVLPVCRM/HR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 124:

ACAATCCAG CTTATGTGTC CCTTTTATAA ACTTGTGATA CATTTTAACT GTGTATACAC 60  
ATCTCTTGCC TCTATTGGTA GAGAGTATCT GSCAKGCCTA GCATGTGCTG GATGTCATAT 120  
CAGATACTCA GTGTTATTTA TTGGGCTTAC AGTGATAACC AAAGCTCACA TGTTTTAGCA 180  
CTCCCACTTC CATAAAGTGG AAGATGTCCC CTCTGCCTCT TCTCTCATCC CTCCTCAAAG 240  
CAGCAGGAGT GACTTACCTG ATTGACCACT TTAAGACTAT ATCTGAGCAG GC ATG CCA 298  
Met Pro  
CAG TAC TGT CTC AGC ATC TTC TCT CTT GTG CTG CCT GTC TGC AGG ATG 346  
Gln Tyr Cys Leu Ser Ile Phe Ser Leu Val Leu Pro Val Cys Arg Met  
-15 -10 -5  
CAC AGG 352  
His Arg  
1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 125:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 194 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

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(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 15..143

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LLAFGTSCSVVLY/DP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 125:

GACCAGTTGG	CGAC	ATG	GTG	GCA	CCC	GTG	CTG	GAG	ACT	TCT	CAC	GTG	TTT	50
		Met	Val	Ala	Pro	Val	Leu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Val	Phe	
						-40						-35		
TGC	TGC	CCA	AAC	CGG	GTG	CGG	GGA	GTC	CTG	AAC	TGG	AGC	TCT	98
Cys	Cys	Pro	Asn	Arg	Val	Arg	Gly	Val	Leu	Asn	Trp	Ser	Ser	
		-30				-25					-20			
AGA	GGA	CTT	CTG	GCC	TTT	GGC	ACG	TCC	TGC	TCC	GTG	GTG	CTC	146
Arg	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ala	Phe	Gly	Thr	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Val	Leu	
		-15			-10				-5				1	
CCC	CTG	GGT	TGT	TGT	TAC	CAA	CTT	GAA	TGG	TCA	CAC	CGC	CCG	194
Pro	Leu	Gly	Cys	Cys	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Glu	Trp	Ser	His	Arg	Pro	
			5					10					15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 126:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 346 base pairs

(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 134..247

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LSWLITWFGHXLS/DF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 126:

ATTGTGGTCA CATTCTGCT GGTGGTAGGC GAGAGGCTGG CAACATCCCT GGTAGAAAAA 60

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```

TTATCTACCC ACCACCTCAG GGATTTTATG GATCCAVCAA TGGRACAACA CCAMGCATAT 120
ATTAAACTAT CTG ATG CCC ATC ATT GAC CAG GTG AAT CCA GAG CTC CAT 169
          Met Pro Ile Ile Asp Gln Val Asn Pro Glu Leu His
          -35                      -30

GAC TTC ATG CAG AGT GCT GAG GTA GGG ACC ATC TTT GCC CTC AGC TGG 217
Asp Phe Met Gln Ser Ala Glu Val Gly Thr Ile Phe Ala Leu Ser Trp
-25                      -20                      -15

CTC ATC ACC TGG TTT GGG CAT GWM CTG TCT GAC TTC AGG CAC GTC GTG 265
Leu Ile Thr Trp Phe Gly His Xaa Leu Ser Asp Phe Arg His Val Val
-10                      -5                      1                      5

CGG TTA TAT GAC TTC TTC CTR GCC TGC CAC CCA CTG ATG CCG ATT TAC 313
Arg Leu Tyr Asp Phe Phe Leu Ala Cys His Pro Leu Met Pro Ile Tyr
          10                      15                      20

TTT GCA GCC GTG ATT GTG TTG TAT CGC GAG CAG 346
Phe Ala Ala Val Ile Val Leu Tyr Arg Glu Gln
          25                      30

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 127:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 374 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 63..209
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
seq GLCVLVPCSXSXX/WR

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 127:

```

AAKTKKKKGG AGCATTCCT TCCCTGACAG CCGGACCTGG KACTGGGCTG GGGCCCTGGC 60
GG ATG GAG ACA TKC TGC CCC TGC TGC TGC TGC CCC TGC KGT GGG GDN 107
  Met Glu Thr Xaa Cys Pro Cys Cys Cys Cys Pro Cys Xaa Gly Xaa
          -45                      -40                      -35

GGG TCC CTG CAK GAK AAG CCA GTK TAC GAG CTG CAA GTG CAG AAG TCG 155
Gly Ser Leu Xaa Xaa Lys Pro Val Tyr Glu Leu Gln Val Gln Lys Ser
          -30                      -25                      -20

GTG ACG GTG CAG GAG GGC CTG TGC GTC CTT GTG CCC TGC TCC TKC TCT 203
Val Thr Val Gln Glu Gly Leu Cys Val Leu Val Pro Cys Ser Xaa Ser

```

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	-15		-10			-5	
TAS SCC TGG AGA TCC TGG TAT TCC TCT CCC CCA CTC TAC GTC TAC TGG							251
Xaa Xaa Trp Arg Ser Trp Tyr Ser Ser Pro Pro Leu Tyr Val Tyr Trp							
	1		5			10	
TTC CGG GAC GGG GAG ATC CCA TAC TAC GCT GAG GTT GTG GCC ACA AAC							299
Phe Arg Asp Gly Glu Ile Pro Tyr Tyr Ala Glu Val Val Ala Thr Asn							
	15		20			25	30
AAC CCA GAC AGA AGA KTG AAG SMD KAK AYY CAK KGG CCG ATT CCG CCT							347
Asn Pro Asp Arg Arg Xaa Lys Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Ile Pro Pro							
		35		40		45	
CCT TGG GGA TGT CCA GAA GAA GAA CTG							374
Pro Trp Gly Cys Pro Glu Glu Glu Leu							
		50		55			

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 128:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 399 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 295..345
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
seq IYFFACFXLTSS/SP

## -(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 128:

ATTTTCAGTG CAGCCTGCCA GACCTCTTCT GGAGGAAGAC TGGACAAAGG GGGTCACACA	60
TTCCTTCCAT ACGGTTGAGC CTCTACCTGC CTGGTGCTGG TCACAGTTCA GCTTCTTCAT	120
GRWKGGTGGA TCCCAATGGC AATGAATCCA GTGCTACATA CTTCATCCTA ATAGGCCTCC	180
CTGGTTTAGA AGAGGCTCAG TTCTGGTTGG CCTTCCCATT GTGCTCCCTC TACCTTATTG	240
CTGTGCTAGG TAACTTGACA ATCATCTACA TTGTGCGGAC TGAGCACAGC CTGC ATG	297
	Met
AGC CCA TGT ATA TAT TTC TTT GCA TGC TTT CAN NNA TTG ACA TCC TCA	345
Ser Pro Cys Ile Tyr Phe Phe Ala Cys Phe Xaa Xaa Leu Thr Ser Ser	
-15 -10 -5	
TCT CCA CCT CAT CCA TGC CCA AAA TGC TGG CCA TCT TCT GGT TCA ATT	393
Ser Pro Pro His Pro Cys Pro Lys Cys Trp Pro Ser Ser Gly Ser Ile	

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1

5

10

15

CCA CTA  
Pro Leu

399

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 129:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 110 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 12..92
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
seq VLKCLSFSXPSLP/GF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 129:

AAGCAACCGG G ATG GGA CGG GGA GAG AGG AGG CAC TAC TGG GGA CCT AAG	50
Met Gly Arg Gly Glu Arg Arg His Tyr Trp Gly Pro Lys	
-25 -20 -15	
CTG GTT CTC AAA TGC CTC TCC TTT TCS SCT CCA AGC CTC CCA GGC TTC	98
Leu Val Leu Lys Cys Leu Ser Phe Ser Xaa Pro Ser Leu Pro Gly Phe	
-10 -5 1	
CTA TGG TCC CTA	110
Leu Trp Ser Leu	
5	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 130:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 251 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide



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(B) LOCATION: 9..164  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
 seq LLAKALHLLKSSC/AP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 130:

```

AGCCTGCG ATG TCT CAA GAT GGC GGA STG GGC GAA TTA AAG CAC ATG GTG      50
  Met Ser Gln Asp Gly Gly Xaa Gly Glu Leu Lys His Met Val
      -50                      -45                      -40

ATG AGT TTC CGG GTG TCT GAG CTC CAG GTG CTT CTT GGC TTT GCT GGC      98
  Met Ser Phe Arg Val Ser Glu Leu Gln Val Leu Leu Gly Phe Ala Gly
      -35                      -30                      -25

CGG AAC AAG AGT GGA CGG AAG CAC GAG CTC CTG GCC AAG GCT CTG CAC      146
  Arg Asn Lys Ser Gly Arg Lys His Glu Leu Leu Ala Lys Ala Leu His
      -20                      -15                      -10

CTC CTG AAG TCC AGC TGT GCC CCT AGT GTC CAG ATG AAG ATC AAA GAG      194
  Leu Leu Lys Ser Ser Cys Ala Pro Ser Val Gln Met Lys Ile Lys Glu
      -5                      1                      5                      10

CTT TAC CGA CGA CGC TTT CCC CGG AAG ACC CTG GGG CCC TCT GAT CTC      242
  Leu Tyr Arg Arg Arg Phe Pro Arg Lys Thr Leu Gly Pro Ser Asp Leu
      15                      20                      25

TCC CTA AAG      251
  Ser Leu Lys

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 131:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 272 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 18..224  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.6  
 seq LGPSLSSLPSALS/LM

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 131:

```

TATTTGGCCC CAAGCCG ATG CAT CAC AGG ATG AAT GAA ATG AAC CTG AGT      50
  Met His His Arg Met Asn Glu Met Asn Leu Ser
      -65                      -60

```

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CCA GTG GGG ATG GAG CAG CTG ACT TCA TCC TCT GTG AGC AAT GCC TTG	98
Pro Val Gly Met Glu Gln Leu Thr Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Asn Ala Leu	
-55 -50 -45	
CCA GTC TCA GGA AGT CAC CTG GGA TTG GCT GCC TCA CCC ACT CAC AGT	146
Pro Val Ser Gly Ser His Leu Gly Leu Ala Ala Ser Pro Thr His Ser	
-40 -35 -30	
GCC ATC CCT GCC CCA GGC CTC CCA GTG GCA ATT CCA AAC CTG GGT CCC	194
Ala Ile Pro Ala Pro Gly Leu Pro Val Ala Ile Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro	
-25 -20 -15	
TCC CTG AGC TCT CTG CCT TCT GCT CTG TCT TTA ATG CTA CCA ATG GGT	242
Ser Leu Ser Ser Leu Pro Ser Ala Leu Ser Leu Met Leu Pro Met Gly	
-10 -5 1 5	
DTT GGG GAT CGA GGG GTG ATG TGT GGG TTA	272
Xaa Gly Asp Arg Gly Val Met Cys Gly Leu	
10 15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 132:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 127 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (E) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 62..118
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.6
- seq IWNLFSLFSTSTT/LP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 132:

ACATCCTTGA TTCTTTACTT TCTCTTAACA CCCTGTATCC AGCTGGTCAT AAATCTAGCA	60
G ATG CTA CAT TCA GAT AAC ATC TGG AAT CTA TTT TCC CTA TTT TCT ACT	109
Met Leu His Ser Asp Asn Ile Trp Asn Leu Phe Ser Leu Phe Ser Thr	
-15 -10 -5	
TCT ACT ACC CTG CCC CGG	127
Ser Thr Thr Leu Pro Arg	
1	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 133:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 135 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 4..75
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.6  
seq FHSAAGWSGGGQA/CG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 133:

ATT ATG CAA CCC GCC TCC CCG CCC GCC CGG TGG AGC TTC CAC TCG GCT	48
Met Gln Pro Ala Ser Pro Pro Ala Arg Trp Ser Phe His Ser Ala	
-20 -15 -10	
GCG GGC TGG AGC GGC GGC GGG CAG GCG TGC GGA GGA CAC TCC TGC GAC	96
Ala Gly Trp Ser Gly Gly Gly Gln Ala Cys Gly Gly His Ser Cys Asp	
-5 1 5	
CAG GTA CTG GCT GTG ATC GAA CTT CTC AAC CCT CTC AGG	135
Gln Val Leu Ala Val Ile Glu Leu Leu Asn Pro Leu Arg	
10 15 20	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 134:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 233 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 138..191
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.5  
seq LLAGSISHMFSQA/LP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 134:

ATATTTTGCC TTAGCAGCCT GGGCTTCGGA ACTGGGCTTG CCCTGTAGCA GGTCACCTTG	60
---	----

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```

ACCTTTCTGC CACAGATGAC GGAAACATTT AAAGTTATGG ATTGTGTCTC TGCATCCTCT 120

TCCCTTCACA CCAGCCA ATG TGT TTT TCA TTT CTC TTG GCT GGC TCA ATT 170
      Met Cys Phe Ser Phe Leu Leu Ala Gly Ser Ile
                -15                      -10

TCC CAC ATG TTC TCC CAA GCT CTT CCT CTC CAC TCC CCA GGG CTT CCC 218
Ser His Met Phe Ser Gln Ala Leu Pro Leu His Ser Pro Gly Leu Pro
      -5                      1                      5

ACC ACA AAC CGC ACG 233
Thr Thr Asn Arg Thr
10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 135:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 214 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 137..199
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.5  
seq SILFHCSVCLFLC/QY
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 135:

```

ATATGGCAAG AGATAGAGAT CTAGTTTCAT TCTTCTGCAT ATGGATATCC AATTTTCCCA 60

GCACCATTTA TTGAAGAGAC AGTCCTTTTG CCAGTKTATG TTCTTGCAA CTTTGTGAA 120

AATGCATTTA CTGTAG ATG TAT GGA TTC ATT ATT GGG TTA TCT ATT CTG TTC 172
      Met Tyr Gly Phe Ile Ile Gly Leu Ser Ile Leu Phe
                -20                      -15                      -10

CAT TGT TCT GTG TGT CTG TTT TTA TGC CAG TAC CAT GCC TGG 214
His Cys Ser Val Cys Leu Phe Leu Cys Gln Tyr His Ala Trp
      -5                      1                      5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 136:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 231 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 139..210  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.5  
seq SLLGCXLAININT/FP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 136:

```

ATCCTATTGT GTCGTGTAGC TTGTTCTCTA TTTTATAGGT CATTTAAAT AAAACTCACC    60
TTTGACTTTG TTTAGTCTCT GTTACATGTT TGCTTTTGT TTCGTTTATG TTTGTACATT    120
TCTCATGTKT TTCTKKCT ATG TCT TTT GGT KGT ATT CTA ACT TTT AGA GTC    171
               Met Ser Phe Gly Xaa Ile Leu Thr Phe Arg Val
               -20                               -15

TCT TTA TTG GGA TGT CNT CTA GCG ATA AAT ATA AAT ACA TTT CCC TCT    219
Ser Leu Leu Gly Cys Xaa Leu Ala Ile Asn Ile Asn Thr Phe Pro Ser
               -10                               -5                               1

AAC AAC CAC TTG                                                    231
Asn Asn His Leu
               5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 137:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 269 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 12..77  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
seq LGRLCAGSSGVXG/AR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 137:

```

AAAAGCGAGC C ATG GCT GTC TAC GTC GGG ATG CTG CGC CTG GGG AGG CTG    50
               Met Ala Val Tyr Val Gly Met Leu Arg Leu Gly Arg Leu
    
```

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	-20		-15		-10	
TGC GCC GGG AGC TCG GGG GTG STG GGG GCC CGG GCC GSC CTC TCT CGG						98
Cys Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Val Xaa Gly Ala Arg Ala Xaa Leu Ser Arg						
	-5		1		5	
AGT TGG CAG GAA GCC AGG TTG CAG GGT GTC CGC TTC CTC AGT TCC AGA						146
Ser Trp Gln Glu Ala Arg Leu Gln Gly Val Arg Phe Leu Ser Ser Arg						
	10		15		20	
GAG GTG GAT CGC ATG GTC TCC ACG CCC ATC GGA GGC CTC AGC TAC GTT						194
Glu Val Asp Arg Met Val Ser Thr Pro Ile Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Val						
	25		30		35	
CAG GGG TGC ACC AAA AAG CAT CTT AAC AGC AAG ACT GTG GGC CAG TGC						242
Gln Gly Cys Thr Lys Lys His Leu Asn Ser Lys Thr Val Gly Gln Cys						
	40		45		50	55
CTG GAG ACC ACA GCA CAG AGG GTC CCG						269
Leu Glu Thr Thr Ala Gln Arg Val Pro						
	60					

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 138:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 276 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 187..255
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
seq LVSIFFWEVTNA/FL

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 138:

AGATAATTTT GATGAAACCA AGAGGCACGT CTTTCTACAT ACTTCTCTTC ATCKYCMWTT	60
CCTAGTGT TT TWGTTTATKT TTTTAAATA ATGCCCATGT CTCCTGCTGT CATTCTCTGA	120
GACCACCAAA TAGTTTAAATA CCTGGAGTCA GAGATAAGAA TAAACAGGCT TAAGATACTT	180
TAAATA ATG TTC AAT ACT ATA TAC TTG GTC ATA TCA TTA GTG AGC ATA	228
Met Phe Asn Thr Ile Tyr Leu Val Ile Ser Leu Val Ser Ile	
	-20 -15 -10
TTT TTC TTT TGG GAA GTA ACT AAT GCT TTC CTT AAG GCC AGG CGT TGG	276
Phe Phe Phe Trp Glu Val Thr Asn Ala Phe Leu Lys Ala Arg Arg Trp	
	-5 1 5

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 139:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 137 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 36..101
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
seq SLPLTTGSSWSLS/SQ
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 139:

ACCTTCTCAA GAACTGTGTT CACCCACTTC CCCAC ATG GCC CTT CCA CCC AAG	53
Met Ala Leu Pro Pro Lys	
-20	
GGA TGT GGT AGT CTC CCT TTG ACT ACT GGG TCT TCC TGG AGC CTT TCT	101
Gly Cys Gly Ser Leu Pro Leu Thr Thr Gly Ser Ser Trp Ser Leu Ser	
-15 -10 -5	
TCT CAA ATA GGA AGC CCT GCT ATT TCC AAC CCT AGG	137
Ser Gln Ile Gly Ser Pro Ala Ile Ser Asn Pro Arg	
1 5 10	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 140:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 127 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 44..91
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.3  
seq FLSWASFLAPLLR/SP

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 140:

```

GTCATTTGTC CGTTTCTTCC CCCTTGCCAA TTTTSTAATT AGA ATG TTT GTC TTT      55
                               Met Phe Val Phe
                               -15

TTG TCT TGG GCA AGT TTC TTA GCC CCT CTA CTG AGG AGC CCA TTT CTT      103
Leu Ser Trp Ala Ser Phe Leu Ala Pro Leu Leu Arg Ser Pro Phe Leu
   -10                -5                1

CAT TGT CTA ATG GGG ATG CCA GGG      127
His Cys Leu Met Gly Met Pro Gly
   5                10

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 141:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 302 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 150..233
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.3  
seq LLSCSPLXPLGKS/GF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 141:

```

AAKAGTCAGC AGGAGTKAGT TCAGGAATCC TCGGGACAAG GCACTTTCCT GAGCACTGGA      60

CCAGCGACCT CTTGGCTTCC AGGGAGGACA CACAGCCATC ATGGWACCCA THTCTCAGAA      120

GAGTCCAGGC AAACAGTTTA CATTTTCTT ATG AWA ATG AAG TCT GCA AAC AAG      173
                               Met Xaa Met Lys Ser Ala Asn Lys
                               -25

ATT ACT TTA TTA ART CAC CAC CTT CTC AGC TGT TCT CCT CTG TGW CCT      221
Ile Thr Leu Leu Xaa His His Leu Leu Ser Cys Ser Pro Leu Xaa Pro.
-20                -15                -10                -5

CTT GGA AAA AGC GGT TTT TCA TCC TGT CAA AGG CTG GGG AAA AGA GCT      269
Leu Gly Lys Ser Gly Phe Ser Ser Cys Gln Arg Leu Gly Lys Arg Ala
   1                5                10

TTA GTC TTT CCT ATT ATR AAG NCC ATC ATC ACC      302
Leu Val Phe Pro Ile Xaa Lys Xaa Ile Ile Thr
   15                20

```



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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 142:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 251 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 150..245
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq SFLLLFIVIPQTP/RP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 142:

```

AATTTGATAA CATCAGCTAA TATTTTTCAA AGTTAGATTT TTGAGGTATA ATTTACATAA    60
GAGTTACTCT TTCTAGAGGT ATAGTTGAAT GCATTTTCAC AAATGTGTAC AATTGGATAA    120
CCACCAMCAT WAWTCTAGAW ATATAGGTA ATG TGT AAT TAT AAT ATA TAT GTA    173
                               Met Cys Asn Tyr Asn Ile Tyr Val
                               -30                               -25

CTA TAT AAT ATA GGA TAT TTA TAC CAC CCA AAA AGT TTT CTC TTG CTT    221
Leu Tyr Asn Ile Gly Tyr Leu Tyr His Pro Lys Ser Phe Leu Leu Leu
          -20                -15                -10

TTT ATA GTC ATT CCC CAA ACC CCA CGT CCG    251
Phe Ile Val Ile Pro Gln Thr Pro Arg Pro
          -5                1

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 143:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 383 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

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(B) LOCATION: 84..164  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq PLLAAPLLRSLRP/RX

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 143:

AACTGAACAG CGGASCGGAC GGGGATCGCC GGCGGGCGGC AAGCGGAGGC GGCCAGRGC	60
CCGGCGGTCT CCGAGATGTC ACG ATG GCT GTG GCC ATG GTC AAA CTG TGT GAA	113
Met Ala Val Ala Met Val Lys Leu Cys Glu	
-25 -20	
AGA GCG GGT CTG CCG CTA CTT GCT GCA CCA CTA CTT AGG TCA CTT CTT	161
Arg Ala Gly Leu Pro Leu Leu Ala Ala Pro Leu Leu Arg Ser Leu Leu	
-15 -10 -5	
CCA AGA GMA CCT CAG CCT GGA CCA GCT CAG CCT CGA TCT GTA CAA GGG	209
Pro Arg Xaa Pro Gln Pro Gly Pro Ala Gln Pro Arg Ser Val Gln Gly	
1 5 10 15	
CAG CGT TGC CCT GCG AGA CAT CCA CCT GGA AAT CTG GTC TGT GAA CGA	257
Gln Arg Cys Pro Ala Arg His Pro Pro Gly Asn Leu Val Cys Glu Arg	
20 25 30	
GGT GCT RGA GTC AAT GGA GTC ACC GCT GGA GCT RGT GGA ARG CTT CGT	305
Gly Ala Xaa Val Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Ala Xaa Gly Xaa Leu Arg	
35 40 45	
GGG CTC CAT CGA GGT DGC CGT GCC CTG GGC TGC TCT GCT CAC CGA CCA	353
Gly Leu His Arg Gly Xaa Arg Ala Leu Gly Cys Ser Ala His Arg Pro	
50 55 60	
MTG CAC AGT GCG CGT GTC CGG CCT CCA GCT	383
Xaa His Ser Ala Arg Val Arg Pro Pro Ala	
65 70	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 144:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 479 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 99..464  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq DVLGLLKDVLLA/RP

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 144:

```

TAAACTTCTG AAAGAAAGAG AAGATCTTCC TATATGGAAA GAAAAATACT CCTTTATGGA      60
GAACCTGCTT CAAATCAAA TCGTGATTGT TTCAGGAG ATG CTA AAT GTG GTA AGA      116
                                   Met Leu Asn Val Val Arg
                                   -120

GCG CTC AGG KTY CCT CAG TGG TGT GCT GAA TAT TGT CTT TCC ATC CAC      164
Ala Leu Arg Xaa Pro Gln Trp Cys Ala Glu Tyr Cys Leu Ser Ile His
-115                               -110                               -105

TAC CAG CAC GGG GGC GTG ATA TGC ACA CAG GTC CAC AAG CAG ACT GTG      212
Tyr Gln His Gly Gly Val Ile Cys Thr Gln Val His Lys Gln Thr Val
-100                               -95                               -90                               -85

GTC CAG CTC GCC CTG CGG GTG GCG GAT GAA ATG GAT GTT AAC ATT GGT      260
Val Gln Leu Ala Leu Arg Val Ala Asp Glu Met Asp Val Asn Ile Gly
                               -80                               -75                               -70

CAT GAG GTT GGC TAC GTG ATC CCT TTC GAG AAC TGC TGT ACC AAC GAA      308
His Glu Val Gly Tyr Val Ile Pro Phe Glu Asn Cys Cys Thr Asn Glu
                               -65                               -60                               -55

ACA ATC CTG AGG TAT TGT ACT GAT GAT ATG CTG CAA AGA GAA ATG ATG      356
Thr Ile Leu Arg Tyr Cys Thr Asp Asp Met Leu Gln Arg Glu Met Met
                               -50                               -45                               -40

TCC AAT CCT TTT TTG GGT AGC TAT GGG GTC ATC ATC TTA GAT GAT ATT      404
Ser Asn Pro Phe Leu Gly Ser Tyr Gly Val Ile Ile Leu Asp Asp Ile
-35                               -30                               -25

CAT GAA AGA AGC ATT GCA ACT GAT GTG TTA CTT GGA CTT CTT AAA GAT      452
His Glu Arg Ser Ile Ala Thr Asp Val Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Lys Asp
-20                               -15                               -10                               -5

GTT TTA CTA GCA AGA CCA GAA CTG AAG      479
Val Leu Leu Ala Arg Pro Glu Leu Lys
                               1                               5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 145:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 208 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 107..187
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq AGLCIGSTSYVHG/DI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 145:

```

ATTGGGAGCA GCAGCATCTA CTTCACAGAC CAGTGTCCAG TTAATTGTGT TTGTGGCAAT    60
CATCCTACAT AAGGCACCAG CTGCTTTTGG ACTGGTTTCC TTCTTG ATG CAT GCT    115
                                     Met His Ala
                                     -25
GGC TTA GAG CGG RAW TCG AWT CAG AAA GCA CTT GCT GGT CTT TGC ATT    163
Gly Leu Glu Arg Xaa Ser Xaa Gln Lys Ala Leu Ala Gly Leu Cys Ile
                -20                -15                -10
GGC AGC ACC AGT TAT GTC CAT GGT GAC ATA CTT AGG ACT GAG CGG    208
Gly Ser Thr Ser Tyr Val His Gly Asp Ile Leu Arg Thr Glu Arg
                -5                1                5

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 146:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 285 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 151..255
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq LLGSLSLWRWSAM/EP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 146:

```

AATTGCTGGG CTCGAAGCAC AGGAGAGACC AGTCCTTCCT TGTCTCCACT GGGCTGKTA    60
GTGCTTCTTT CCCAAGGACK TCCATCCCTT CCCAGGCTT TATGGTTCCA GTKCTTCTAC    120
CATTCTGGAA GCTCCCTAGA ATCTCCTGGA ATG CTT AAT GGA CCT TTC CAG CAC    174
                                     Met Leu Asn Gly Pro Phe Gln His
                                     -35                -30
CGA AAT TCA AGA ATT ATG ACT CAT CGG TCA GCA GAA AAG ACC CTG CTG    222
Arg Asn Ser Arg Ile Met Thr His Arg Ser Ala Glu Lys Thr Leu Leu
                -25                -20                -15
GGA TCT TTG AGC TTG TGG AGG TGG TCG GCA ATG GAA CCT ACG GAC AGG    270
Gly Ser Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Trp Ser Ala Met Glu Pro Thr Asp Arg
                -10                -5                1                5

```

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TGT ACA AGG GTA GGG  
Cys Thr Arg Val Gly  
10

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 147:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 409 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 44..175
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq IAVGLTCQHVSHA/IS

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 147:

AAGGTTGTAG ACGCTGCGGC CCGGCCCGGC GGGTAAATAA CAG ATG CGG GTG AAA	55
Met Arg Val Lys	
GAT CCA ACT AAA GCT TTA CCT GAG AAA GCC AAA AGA AGT AAA AGG CCT	103
Asp Pro Thr Lys Ala Leu Pro Glu Lys Ala Lys Arg Ser Lys Arg Pro	
-40 -35 -30 -25	
ACT GTA CCT CAT GAT GAA GAC TCT TCA GAT GAT ATT GCT GTA GGT TTA	151
Thr Val Pro His Asp Glu Asp Ser Ser Asp Asp Ile Ala Val Gly Leu	
-20 -15 -10	
ACT TGC CAA CAT GTA AGT CAT GCT ATC AGC GTG AAT CAT GTA AAG AGA	199
Thr Cys Gln His Val Ser His Ala Ile Ser Val Asn His Val Lys Arg	
-5 1 5	
GCA ATA GCT GAG AAT CTG TGG TCA GTT TGC TCA GAA TGT TTA AAA GAA	247
Ala Ile Ala Glu Asn Leu Trp Ser Val Cys Ser Glu Cys Leu Lys Glu	
10 15 20	
AGA AGA TTC TAT GAT GGG CAG CTA GTA CTT ACT TCT GAT ATT TGG TTG	295
Arg Arg Phe Tyr Asp Gly Gln Leu Val Leu Thr Ser Asp Ile Trp Leu	
25 30 35 40	
TGC CTC AAG TGT GGC TTC CAG GGA TGT GGT AAA AAC TCA GAA AGC CAA	343
Cys Leu Lys Cys Gly Phe Gln Gly Cys Gly Lys Asn Ser Glu Ser Gln	
45 50 55	
CAT TCA TTG AAG CAC TTT AAG AGT TCC AGA ACA GAG CCC CAT TGT ATT	391
His Ser Leu Lys His Phe Lys Ser Ser Arg Thr Glu Pro His Cys Ile	
60 65 70	

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ATA ATT AAT CTG AGC ACA  
 Ile Ile Asn Leu Ser Thr  
 75

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 148:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 279 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 184..267
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq FSL LALSMLKGTG/KV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 148:

ACATAATCGG CCTTTATGTT ACACTGCCTG GCCAGCCCCT GTTATTCTAG TGCATAATTG 60  
 ATGGTGCTCA CAAGTGGAAG AGTTAGAAAA GCGGAAGTAA TGTGACGCAG CAGTGCCATG 120  
 RAGCSSCCGG DVCCCCGGCA GTGAGGGCAA TGCAGAGATG GGCTGCTGCT GGCTACCGCC 180  
 AGG ATG CCT CAG AAG GGC CTG GGC TTA CTT GGC ATC TTG TCA GGA GAC 228  
 Met Pro Gln Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Leu Gly Ile Leu Ser Gly Asp  
 -25 -20 -15  
 TTT TCC CTT CTT GCT TTG TCC ATG CTG AAA GGG ACA GGA AAG GTA GGC 276  
 Phe Ser Leu Leu Ala Leu Ser Met Leu Lys Gly Thr Gly Lys Val Gly  
 -10 -5 1  
 GGG 279  
 Gly

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 149:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 326 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 69..233  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq AALCGISLSQLFP/EP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 149:

```

AAGAACCTGA GCAGCCTGTC TTCAGACAGA GAGAGGCCCA CGGCTGTTTC TTGAAAYTGG      60
CGCTGGGA ATG GCC ATG TGG AAC AGG CCA TGB BAG ANG CTG CCT CAG CAG      110
    Met Ala Met Trp Asn Arg Pro Xaa Xaa Xaa Leu Pro Gln Gln
    -55                    -50                    -45
CCT CTS STA GCT GAG CCC ACT GCA GAG GGG GAG CCA CAC CTG CCC ACG      158
Pro Leu Xaa Ala Glu Pro Thr Ala Glu Gly Glu Pro His Leu Pro Thr
    -40                    -35                    -30
GGC CGG GAS BYG ACT GAG GCC AAC CGC TTC GCC TAT GCT GCC CTC TGT      206
Gly Arg Xaa Xaa Thr Glu Ala Asn Arg Phe Ala Tyr Ala Ala Leu Cys
    -25                    -20                    -15                    -10
GGC ATC TCC CTG TCC CAG TTA TTT CCT GAA CCC GAA CAC AGC TCC TTC      254
Gly Ile Ser Leu Ser Gln Leu Phe Pro Glu Pro Glu His Ser Ser Phe
    -5                    1                    5
TGC ACA GAG TTC ATG GCA GGC CTG GTG SKM TGG CTG GAG TTG TCT GAA      302
Cys Thr Glu Phe Met Ala Gly Leu Val Xaa Trp Leu Glu Leu Ser Glu
    ~      10                    15                    20
GCT GTC TTG CCA ACC ATG ACT GCT                                     326
Ala Val Leu Pro Thr Met Thr Ala
    25                    30

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 150:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 194 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 126..182  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq LLLSPWVTVPVWS/SS

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 150:

```

CCTAGTGCTT AAGGGGATTT AGCATCATCC AAGCAGGGTA AACTTTTGTT TTGTAAAAG      60
AAAAATGTGT TATTCAAGTT GGTGTCCCCA GTTGTAGCTA ACACATCTGG AATGCACTAA    120
CCAAA ATG CTG TGC TTT GGA GAC CTG CTT TTG TCA CCG TGG GTA ACC GTT    170
      Met Leu Cys Phe Gly Asp Leu Leu Leu Ser Pro Trp Val Thr Val
                -15                      -10                      -5
CCC GTC TGG TCC AGT AGC CCG TGG                                          194
Pro Val Trp Ser Ser Ser Pro Trp
                1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 151:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 27..107
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq LIYFLGLAADTYF/RS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 151:

```

AAGTTAGGTT TAAAGTTTCC TCATTA ATG CAG GAA AAT GCT CAT AAC CTG AGG      53
                        Met Gln Glu Asn Ala His Asn Leu Arg
                                -25                                -20
CTT TTC AAG TGT TTA TTA ATT TAC TTT CTG GGG CTG GCT GCT GAT ACT      101
Leu Phe Lys Cys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Phe Leu Gly Leu Ala Ala Asp Thr
                -15                      -10                      -5
TAT TTC AGA TCA AAG AGA AAG CCT GTG TCT TTC GTA GTT ACT GTG KKG      149
Tyr Phe Arg Ser Lys Arg Lys Pro Val Ser Phe Val Val Thr Val Xaa
                1                      5                      10
CMA GGA AMC TAT GCC ACA GGG                                          170
Xaa Gly Xaa Tyr Ala Thr Gly
    15                      20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 152:



```
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    (A) LENGTH: 342 base pairs
    (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
    (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
    (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
    (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate
```

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## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 55..138
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq PLLGVLFQGVYI/VF

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 153:

```

AGTCGTTACC GGGAGCTGTA AACAAAGGTGT GCAAGCATCT GAAGAGCTGC CGGG ATG      57
                                     Met

CAG CAG AGA GGA GCA GCT GGA AGC CGT GGC TGC GCT CTC TTC CCT CTG      105
Gln Gln Arg Gly Ala Ala Gly Ser Arg Gly Cys Ala Leu Phe Pro Leu
      -25                      -20                      -15

CTG GGC GTC CTG TTC TTC CAG GGT GTT TAT ATC GTC TTT TCC TTG GAG      153
Leu Gly Val Leu Phe Phe Gln Gly Val Tyr Ile Val Phe Ser Leu Glu
      -10                      -5                      1                      5

ATT CGT GCA GAT GCC CAT GTC CGA GGT TAT GTT GGA GAA AAG ATC AAG      201
Ile Arg Ala Asp Ala His Val Arg Gly Tyr Val Gly Glu Lys Ile Lys
      10                      15                      20

TTG AAA TGC ACT TTC AAG TCA ACT TCA GAT GTC ACT GAC AAG CTT ACT      249
Leu Lys Cys Thr Phe Lys Ser Thr Ser Asp Val Thr Asp Lys Leu Thr
      25                      30                      35

ATA GAC TGG ACA TAT CGC CCT CCC AGC AGC AGC CAC ACA GTA TCA ATA      297
Ile Asp Trp Thr Tyr Arg Pro Pro Ser Ser Ser His Thr Val Ser Ile
      40                      45                      50

KTK CAT TAT CAG TCT TTC CAG TAC CCA ACC ACA GCA GGC ACA TTT      342
Xaa His Tyr Gln Ser Phe Gln Tyr Pro Thr Thr Ala Gly Thr Phe
      55                      60                      65

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 154:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 429 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 109..225
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq LILNRS LPTASSS/SS

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(xi) .SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 154:

```

AAAAATGTAC TGAATGTCCA CTTTGGGCCA GGCTGGGCAC CGAGGACACA GGGGAACTAA      60
GACACAGTCC TGGTCACTGG GAAACTCACA GCCTGTTGGG AAAGAAAG ATG CAM GAV      117
                               Met Xaa Xaa
AGT ATC TTC ATT TCA GAA AAA TAT GGA CTC TGC CCG TCT AAG ACT CCC      165
Ser Ile Phe Ile Ser Glu Lys Tyr Gly Leu Cys Pro Ser Lys Thr Pro
  -35                -30                -25
ATA ATG AAA ATG CTC CCG TCT TTG ATC CTG AAC CGG TCA TTG CCC ACT      213
Ile Met Lys Met Leu Pro Ser Leu Ile Leu Asn Arg Ser Leu Pro Thr
  -20                -15                -10                -5
GCT TCA AGC AGT TCC AGC AGG AAG GAC TTC CGC CTG CCT CAG ACC CGC      261
Ala Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Arg Lys Asp Phe Arg Leu Pro Gln Thr Arg
                1                5                10
CGG CGA ATC ATC ATG GTG CCT CGC AAG GAG GAT CAG ACA CCC CTT AAT      309
Arg Arg Ile Ile Met Val Pro Arg Lys Glu Asp Gln Thr Pro Leu Asn
    15                20                25
CCT GCA TCC CAA CCT CAG GCT CCC CCA AAG CCC ATC CCC AGC TTS AAA      357
Pro Ala Ser Gln Pro Gln Ala Pro Pro Lys Pro Ile Pro Ser Xaa Lys
    30                35                40
AGT YTG GAA GCT AGM GAT AYC AAS RGC AGC CAG AGG ACA BGA AGA CCT      405
Ser Leu Glu Ala Xaa Asp Xaa Xaa Xaa Ser Gln Arg Thr Xaa Arg Pro
    45                50                55                60
GGG CTG AGC AGA GGT CGA AGC TGC      429
Gly Leu Ser Arg Gly Arg Ser Cys
                65

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 155:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 351 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..350
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99.1  
region 18..366  
id D83597  
vrt

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 127..186  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq FEWVVLFSAGCKV/IT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 155:

```

ATTCTCTGTT CCAAGATCAC CCTTCTGAGT ACCTCTCTGG CTGCCAAATT GCCAGGGCCT    60
TCACAGTTTG ATTCCATTTT TCAGCTCCAA GCATTAGGTA AACCCACCAA GCAATCCTAG   120
CCTGTG ATG GCG TTT GAC GTC AGC TGC TTC TTT TGG GTG GTG CTG TTT       168
  Met Ala Phe Asp Val Ser Cys Phe Phe Trp Val Val Leu Phe
    -20                -15                -10

TCT GCC GGC TGT AAA GTC ATC ACC TCC TGG GAT CAG ATG TAC ATT GAG       216
Ser Ala Gly Cys Lys Val Ile Thr Ser Trp Asp Gln Met Tyr Ile Glu
   -5                1                5                10

AAA GAA GCC AAC AAA ACA TAT AAC TGT GAA AAT TTA GGT CTC AGT GAA       264
Lys Glu Ala Asn Lys Thr Tyr Asn Cys Glu Asn Leu Gly Leu Ser Glu
          15                20                25

ATC CCT GAC ACT CTA CCA AAC ACA ACA GAA TTT TTG GAA TTC AGC TTT       312
Ile Pro Asp Thr Leu Pro Asn Thr Thr Glu Phe Leu Glu Phe Ser Phe
          30                35                40

AAT TTT TTG CCT ACA ATT CAC AAT AGA ACC TCC AGC AGG                   351
Asn Phe Leu Pro Thr Ile His Asn Arg Thr Ser Ser Arg
          45                50                55
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 156:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 410 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 96..383  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq IMNLTVMMLDTAXG/KX

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 156:

```

AGAACCACGC CGCTTCCCAG TCTCTGTGCG AGGCGTGAAG CGCGGACCTT TCAACAAGGG    60
    
```

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```

CTTTATTAAT TCTCAGCTG CGGCCCTGGA AAGCG ATG GAG GTG GCG GCT AAT      113
                               Met Glu Val Ala Ala Asn
                               -95

TGC TCC CTA CGG GTG AAG AGA CCT CTG TTG GAT CCC CGC TTC GAG GGT      161
Cys Ser Leu Arg Val Lys Arg Pro Leu Leu Asp Pro Arg Phe Glu Gly
-90                      -85                      -80                      -75

TAC AAG BTC TCT CTT GAG CCG CTG CCT TGT TAC CAG CTG GAG CTT GAC      209
Tyr Lys Xaa Ser Leu Glu Pro Leu Pro Cys Tyr Gln Leu Glu Leu Asp
                      -70                      -65                      -60

GCA GCT GTG GCA KAG GTA AAA CTT CGA GAT GAT CAA TAT ACA CTG GAA      257
Ala Ala Val Ala Xaa Val Lys Leu Arg Asp Asp Gln Tyr Thr Leu Glu
                      -55                      -50                      -45

CAC ATG CAT GCT TTT GGA ATG TAT AAT TAC CTG CAC TGT GAT TCA TGG      305
His Met His Ala Phe Gly Met Tyr Asn Tyr Leu His Cys Asp Ser Trp
                      -40                      -35                      -30

TAT CAA GAC AGT GTC TAC TAT ATT GAT ACC CTT GGA AGA ATT ATG AAT      353
Tyr Gln Asp Ser Val Tyr Tyr Ile Asp Thr Leu Gly Arg Ile Met Asn
-25                      -20                      -15

TTA ACA GTA ATG CTG GAC ACT GCC TTW GGR AAA MCA CGA GAG GTG TTT      401
Leu Thr Val Met Leu Asp Thr Ala Xaa Gly Lys Xaa Arg Glu Val Phe
-10                      -5                      1                      5

CGA CTC CTA
Arg Leu Leu
                                                                 410
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 157:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 347 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 63..179
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq VLAIGLLHIVLLS/IP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 157:

```

AGGGAACCGA TCCCGGGCCG TTGATCTTCG GCCCCACACG AACAGCAGAG AGGGGCATCA      60

GG ATG AAT GTK GGC ACA GCG CAC AGS DAG GTG AAC CCC AAC ACG CGG      107
    
```

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```

Met Asn Val Gly Thr Ala His Xaa Xaa Val Asn Pro Asn Thr Arg
      -35                      -30                      -25

GTK ATG AAC AGC CGT GGC ATC TGG CTC TCC TAC GTG CTG GCC ATC GGT   155
Val Met Asn Ser Arg Gly Ile Trp Leu Ser Tyr Val Leu Ala Ile Gly
      -20                      -15                      -10

CTC CTC CAC ATC GTG CTG CTG AGC ATC CCG TTT GTK AGT GTC CCT GTC   203
Leu Leu His Ile Val Leu Leu Ser Ile Pro Phe Val Ser Val Pro Val
      -5                      1                      5

GTC TGG ACC CTC ACC AAC CTC ATT CAC AAC ATG GGC ATG TAT ATC TTC   251
Val Trp Thr Leu Thr Asn Leu Ile His Asn Met Gly Met Tyr Ile Phe
      10                      15                      20

CTG CAC ACG GTG AAG GGG WCA CCC TTT GAG ACC CCG GAC CAG GGC AAG   299
Leu His Thr Val Lys Gly Xaa Pro Phe Glu Thr Pro Asp Gln Gly Lys
      25                      30                      35                      40

GCG AGG CTG CTW WCC CAC TGG TDA GCA GAT GGA TTA TGG GGT CCA GTT   347
Ala Arg Leu Leu Xaa His Xaa Xaa Ala Asp Gly Leu Trp Gly Pro Val
      45                      50                      55

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 158:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 151 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 8..76
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq SWWTLSSSPSFM/IS

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 158:

```

ATTTATT ATG GAA AAC TTT AAC ATG TAT AAA AAT AAG AGC TGG TGG ACC   49
Met Glu Asn Phe Asn Met Tyr Lys Asn Lys Ser Trp Trp Thr
      -20                      -15                      -10

CTT TTG TCC TCA TCA CCC AGC TTT ATG ATC AGT TTT GTT TCA TCT GTA   97
Leu Leu Ser Ser Ser Pro Ser Phe Met Ile Ser Phe Val Ser Ser Val
      -5                      1                      5

CTA CCA GTG CTA CTT ACC ATC TCT AGG TTC ATT TTG AAG CAA ATC CCA   145
Leu Pro Val Leu Leu Thr Ile Ser Arg Phe Ile Leu Lys Gln Ile Pro
      10                      15                      20

```

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GAC CAG  
Asp Gln  
25

151

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 159:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 351 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 142..258
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq VLAIGLLHIVLLS/IP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 159:

```

AGATTCGGCC GGAGCTGCCA GCGGGGAGGC TGCAGCCGCG GGTGTGTACA GCTGCTGGAG    60
CAGCAGCGGC CCCCCTCCC GGAACCGKT CCCGGGCCGT TGRCTTCGG CCCACACGA    120
ACAGCAGAGA GGGGCAGCAG G ATG AAT GTG GGS ACA GND CAC AGC GAG GTG    171
                        Met Asn Val Gly Thr Xaa His Ser Glu Val
                        -35                               -30
AAC CCC AAC ACG CGG GTG ATG AAC AGC CGT GGG ATC TGG CTC TCC TAC    219
Asn Pro Asn Thr Arg Val Met Asn Ser Arg Gly Ile Trp Leu Ser Tyr
                        -25                               -20                               -15
GTG CTG GCC ATC GGT CTC CTC CAC ATC GTG CTC CTG AGC ATC CCG TTT    267
Val Leu Ala Ile Gly Leu Leu His Ile Val Leu Leu Ser Ile Pro Phe
                        -10                               -5                               1
GTG AGT GTC CCT GTC GTC TGG ACC CTC ACC AAC CTC ATT CAC AAC ATG    315
Val Ser Val Pro Val Val Trp Thr Leu Thr Asn Leu Ile His Asn Met
                        5                               10                               15
GGC ATG TAT ATC TTC CTG TAC ACG GTG AAG GGG ACA    351
Gly Met Tyr Ile Phe Leu Tyr Thr Val Lys Gly Thr
                        20                               25                               30

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 160:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 234 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 88..129  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8  
seq AAASAVSVLLVAA/ER

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 160:

```
AABGCTTCGT AGTGGAGGAA CGGCTTTGGC GTGTGGGACG CAGCTGCCTC TGTACTGGGG    60
AGTCACGGAG TCCCGGGCTC CAGGGAC ATG GCG GCG GCC TCT GCG GTG TCG GTG    114
                               Met Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Val Ser Val
                               -10

CTG CTG GTG GCG GCG GAG AGG AAC CGG TGG CAT CGT CTC CCG AGC CTG    162
Leu Leu Val Ala Ala Glu Arg Asn Arg Trp His Arg Leu Pro Ser Leu
-5                      1                      5                      10

CTC CTG CCG CCG AGG ACA TGG GTG TGG AGG CAA AGA ACC ATG AAG TAC    210
Leu Leu Pro Pro Arg Thr Trp Val Trp Arg Gln Arg Thr Met Lys Tyr
          15                      20                      25

ACA ACA GCC ACA GGA AGA AAC ATG    234
Thr Thr Ala Thr Gly Arg Asn Met
          30                      35
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 161:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 461 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 177..308  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8  
seq SGSGLSWARLSQS/RS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 161:



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```

ACTCTTTGCC ACCCTCAGAG GCGAGCTGTG GAAGCCTTGA CTCTTAGGGC CGTTTTAGAA    60
CCGGGGCCTC GGACCGGCGG GGTTCCTGCA CGTGAACCG GAACATCTGA GATGATCGSM    120
RGGCCCTGTG GAGTGTGGGG AGCGCGGGAG TTCTTTCTTC CCTCGAGGCC CGTGCC ATG    179
                                         Met
GCT TAC TCC AAA GCC AGT GGG TCC CCA GTC CTA AGC CAA GCA GTC CCG    227
Ala Tyr Ser Lys Ala Ser Gly Ser Pro Val Leu Ser Gln Ala Val Pro
      -40                      -35                      -30

GGG GAA AAC GCT TCT CAT CGC CGT GGG AGC GCG GAT CTT GGA AGT GGC    275
Gly Glu Asn Ala Ser His Arg Arg Gly Ser Ala Asp Leu Gly Ser Gly
      -25                      -20                      -15

TCT GGG CTT TCT TGG GCG AGG CTC TCA CAG AGT AGA TCG GAA ATC CAT    323
Ser Gly Leu Ser Trp Ala Arg Leu Ser Gln Ser Arg Ser Glu Ile His
      -10                      -5                      1                      5

TCT GCT GGC CCG CCC CAC CTC GGA GGA CGG ACT AAC GGA CCT GAG TTC    371
Ser Ala Gly Pro Pro His Leu Gly Gly Arg Thr Asn Gly Pro Glu Phe
              10              15              20

CCG GCC CTA TCT TAC TCT TCT CAG CTT CTC AGC TTG GCT CAG CTC AGA    419
Pro Ala Leu Ser Tyr Ser Ser Gln Leu Leu Ser Leu Ala Gln Leu Arg
              25              30              35

GGA AGA GGA ATC ACT GAA GTC TCA GAG AAG TCT CCA CTC ATC    461
Gly Arg Gly Ile Thr Glu Val Ser Glu Lys Ser Pro Leu Ile
      40              45              50

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 162:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 459 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 175..285
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8  
seq RPVLLHLHQTAAH/DE

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 162:

```

AGGCTCCGCG CTCTGGAGGC TCAGGCGCCG CGTGGGGCCC GCACCTCTGG GCAGCAGCGG    60

```

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```

CAGCCGAGAC TCACGGTCAA GCTAAGGCGA AGAGTGGGTG GCTGAAGCCA TACTATTTTA 120

TAGAATTAAT GGRAARCMHG AAAAGMCATC ACAAACCAAG AAGAACTTTG GAAA ATG 177
                                         Met

AAG CCT AGG AGA AAT TTA GAA GAA GAC GAT TAT TTG CAT AAG GAC ACG 225
Lys Pro Arg Arg Asn Leu Glu Glu Asp Asp Tyr Leu His Lys Asp Thr
-35                               -30                               -25

GGA GAG ACC AGC ATG CTA AAA AGA CCT GTG CTT TTG CAT TTG CAC CAA 273
Gly Glu Thr Ser Met Leu Lys Arg Pro Val Leu Leu His Leu His Gln
-20                               -15                               -10                               -5

ACA GCC CAT GCT GAT GAA TTT GAC TGC CCT TCA GAA CTT CAG CAC ACA 321
Thr Ala His Ala Asp Glu Phe Asp Cys Pro Ser Glu Leu Gln His Thr
                               1                               5                               10

CAG GAA CTC TTT CCA CAG TGG CAC TTG CCA ATT AAA ATA GCT GCT ATT 369
Gln Glu Leu Phe Pro Gln Trp His Leu Pro Ile Lys Ile Ala Ala Ile
                               15                               20                               25

ATA GCA TCT CTG ACT TTT CTT TAC ACT CTT CTG AGG GAA GTA ATT CAC 417
Ile Ala Ser Leu Thr Phe Leu Tyr Thr Leu Leu Arg Glu Val Ile His
                               30                               35                               40

CCT TTA GCA ACT TCC CAT CAA CAA TAT TTT TAT AAA ATT CAA 459
Pro Leu Ala Thr Ser His Gln Gln Tyr Phe Tyr Lys Ile Gln
45                               50                               55
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 163:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 141 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 25..81
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq IPCAHMLVCPTIG/DI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 163:

```

AATTTGTAAG AATATTATAT ATAG ATG ATC ATC TGT TAT GAT ATT CCT TGT 51
                               Met Ile Ile Cys Tyr Asp Ile Pro Cys
                               -15

GCA CAT ATG TTG GTT TGT CCT ACT ATT GGT GAT ATT AAG TTT GAT CAC 99
Ala His Met Leu Val Cys Pro Thr Ile Gly Asp Ile Lys Phe Asp His
    
```

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-10	-5	1	5	
TTG ATG AAG TGG TAT CCA TCA GAT TTC TCT ACT GAA AGG CTG				141
Leu Met Lys Trp Tyr Pro Ser Asp Phe Ser Thr Glu Arg Leu				
10	15	20		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 164:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 393 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 184..240
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq STLASVPPAATFG/AD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 164:

AACCAGGCTC TATTTAGAGC CGGGTAGGGG AGCGCAGGNC CAGATACCTC AGCGCTACCT	60
GGCGGAAGCTG GATTTCTCTC CCGCCTGCCG GCCTGCCTGC CACAGCCGGA CTCCGCCACT	120
CCGGTAGCCC CATGGCTGGM AACCTGTGAG ATTAGCAATA TTTTTCAGAA CTACTTCAGT	180
GCG ATG TAC AGC TCG GAG GAC TCC ACC CTG GCC TCT GTT CCC CCT GCT	228
Met Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Thr Leu Ala Ser Val Pro Pro Ala	
-15 -10 -5	
GCC ACC TTT GGG GCC GAT GAC TTG GTA CTG ACC CTG AGC AAC CCC CAG	276
Ala Thr Phe Gly Ala Asp Asp Leu Val Leu Thr Leu Ser Asn Pro Gln	
1 5 10	
ATG TCA TTG GAG GGT ACA GAG AAG GCC AGC TGG TTG GGG GAA CAG CCC	324
Met Ser Leu Glu Gly Thr Glu Lys Ala Ser Trp Leu Gly Glu Gln Pro	
15 20 25	
CAG TTC TGG TCG AAG ACG CAG GTT CTG GAC TGG ATC AGC TAC CAA GTG	372
Gln Phe Trp Ser Lys Thr Gln Val Leu Asp Trp Ile Ser Tyr Gln Val	
30 35 40	
GAG AAG AAC AAG TAC GAC GCG	393
Glu Lys Asn Lys Tyr Asp Ala	
45 50	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 165:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 263 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 54..248
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq QLEGLNWLRFSSWA/QG
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 165:

ACCCTGAATA CGAAGAACAT AAGCAAAGCT ACTGGAGACA CCGAGAACTA ATT ATG	56
Met	
-65	
GGG GAA GAC CCT KCC CAG CCC CGC AAG TAT AAG AAG WWG AAG AWG GAG	104
Gly Glu Asp Pro Xaa Gln Pro Arg Lys Tyr Lys Lys Xaa Lys Xaa Glu	
-60 -55 -50	
CTA CAG GGT GAT KGG CCT CCC AGT TCT CCC ACT AAT GAT CCT ACC GTG	152
Leu Gln Gly Asp Xaa Pro Pro Ser Ser Pro Thr Asn Asp Pro Thr Val	
-45 -40 -35	
AAA TAT GAG ACT CAG CCA CGG TTT ATC ACA GCC ACT GGA GGC ACC CTG	200
Lys Tyr Glu Thr Gln Pro Arg Phe Ile Thr Ala Thr Gly Gly Thr Leu	
-30 -25 -20	
CAC ATG TAT CAG TTG GAA GGG CTG AAC TGG CTA CGC TTC TCC TGG GCC	248
His Met Tyr Gln Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Trp Leu Arg Phe Ser Trp Ala	
-15 -10 -5	
CAG GGC ACT KWC GGG	263
Gln Gly Thr Xaa Gly	
1 5	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 166:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 372 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

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(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 148..273  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
 seq LLGCLQCCWLQSG/RA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 166:

```

ACCAATTTTG TAGTTATCTG ATCTGAAGGA AGATGTGTGT GGAGGTGTTT ACTGATGTTT    60
TCCGATGACG GTGATTCCCC CTAAATCTAC GTATTAAATA CAATGGAACA GGATCCACAG    120
TTCACCCCTA ATAATATAGT TTA CTGA ATG TTT TAT GTA GCT ATG ACC AAA ACT    174
               Met Phe Tyr Val Ala Met Thr Lys Thr
               -40                               -35

CAC AAA AGG ATC AGA AGC CTC TGT AAC ATC CAC CAT GGT TTG TTC CAG    222
His Lys Arg Ile Arg Ser Leu Cys Asn Ile His His Gly Leu Phe Gln
               -30                               -25                               -20

TTT ACT CAG CAG CTC CTG GGC TGT CTT CAG TGC TGT TGG CTG CAA TCA    270
Phe Thr Gln Gln Leu Leu Gly Cys Leu Gln Cys Cys Trp Leu Gln Ser
               -15                               -10                               -5

GGC AGA GCC CCA GCT ACC TAT TAC CTT GTG GAG AGT ATT GAA AAG TCA    318
Gly Arg Ala Pro Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Val Glu Ser Ile Glu Lys Ser
               1                               5                               10                               15

GCA CAT GGC TCT GTA TTA NGT ACT TAT GAT CAA ACT CAG ACT CGC ATA    366
Ala His Gly Ser Val Leu Xaa Thr Tyr Asp Gln Thr Gln Thr Arg Ile
               20                               25                               30

GGC AGG    372
Gly Arg

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 167:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 343 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 158..337  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
 seq XTCASXNPSQCLA/AF

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 167:

```

ACAGAATCTT TAGGTGGGCC TGTTGGTGAG GTCACCTTTC CCTAATGGTA TATTCCAGTT      60
CCTGTAGATC CTATTCCAGT TCCCAGGACA TATTCCAACC TCGACCTCCA GCCAACTTTG      120
AACCCCTGAA GTTGTGTGCT GATGTGTTTC TAACAAC ATG GTC TCA CCC AAA GAT      175
                               Met Val Ser Pro Lys Asp
                               -60                               -55
CTT CCT CTT GTG CTT TTG CAG GAC ATT AAA GTT CCC AGC TCC ATG ACT      223
Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Lys Val Pro Ser Ser Met Thr
                               -50                               -45                               -40
GGA TCA CAT GCT GGA AAC CCT CAT ATA GAA AGG AAT GAT CTC CCC AGA      271
Gly Ser His Ala Gly Asn Pro His Ile Glu Arg Asn Asp Leu Pro Arg
                               -35                               -30                               -25
CAT GGT TCT CCT CAA TTT TTT ACA GGH HYG ACT TGT GCT TCT RCA AAC      319
His Gly Ser Pro Gln Phe Phe Thr Gly Xaa Thr Cys Ala Ser Xaa Asn
                               -20                               -15                               -10
CCA TCT CAG TGT CTG GCA GCA TTT      343
Pro Ser Gln Cys Leu Ala Ala Phe
                               -5                               1

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 168:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 78 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..45
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq FXSLFCLYFSCFL/Hi

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 168:

```

ATG GAA TTT KTT TCT CTT TTC TGT CTC TAC TTC AGC TGT TTC CTA CAT      48
Met Glu Phe Xaa Ser Leu Phe Cys Leu Tyr Phe Ser Cys Phe Leu His
-15                               -10                               -5                               1
ATT ATA TAT TTT KKC AGC TGT TTC CTA TAC      78
Ile Ile Tyr Phe Xaa Ser Cys Phe Leu Tyr
5                               10

```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 169:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 207 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 10..144
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq ALLELIDSPECLS/KC
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 169:

```

ACTGGGAAG ATG GCG CTG CAC TTC CAG AGT TTG GCT GAA TTG GAA RTG TTA      51
  Met Ala Leu His Phe Gln Ser Leu Ala Glu Leu Glu Xaa Leu
    -45                -40                -35

TGT ACT CAT CTC TAC ATA GGG ACT GAT CTT ACA CAA AGA ATA GAG GCT      99
  Cys Thr His Leu Tyr Ile Gly Thr Asp Leu Thr Gln Arg Ile Glu Ala
    -30                -25                -20

GAG AAA GCA CTC TTG GAA CTT ATT GAC AGT CCA GAA TGT CTC AGC AAG      147
  Glu Lys Ala Leu Leu Glu Leu Ile Asp Ser Pro Glu Cys Leu Ser Lys
    -15                -10                -5                1

TGT CAA CTT TTA TTA GAA CAA GGA ACA ACA TCC TAT GCT CAG CTC CTT      195
  Cys Gln Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Gly Thr Thr Ser Tyr Ala Gln Leu Leu
           5                10                15

GCA GCA ACC GKV      207
Ala Ala Thr Xaa
      20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 170:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 418 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

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(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 299..379  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
 seq LLLLLITPSPSPL/LF

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 170:

```

ACCTTGGGCT CCAATTCTA GCTCATAAAG ATGCAAGTKT TGCAATTTCC TATAAATGGT    60
TAAGAAAAGA GCAAGCTGTC CAGAGAGTGA GAAGTTTGAA AAGAGAGGTG CATAAGAGAG    120
AAATGATGTC CATTGAGCC CCACCACGGA GGTTATGTGG TCCCAAAGG AATGATGGCC    180
AAGCAATTAA TTTTCTCTCC TAGTTCTTAG CTTGCTTCTG CATTGATTGG CTTTACACAA    240
CTGGCATTTA GTCTGCATTA CACAAATAGA CACTAATTTA TTTGGAACAA GCAGCAA    298
ATG AGA ACT TTA TTT GGT GCA GTC AGG GCT CCA TTT AGT TCC CTC ACT    346
Met Arg Thr Leu Phe Gly Ala Val Arg Ala Pro Phe Ser Ser Leu Thr
   -25                -20                -15

CTG CTT CTA ATC ACC CCT TCT CCC AGC CCT CTT CTA TTT GAT AGA GGT    394
Leu Leu Leu Ile Thr Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro Leu Leu Phe Asp Arg Gly
   -10                -5                1                5

CTG TCC CTC AGA TCA GCA ATG TCG    418
Leu Ser Leu Arg Ser Ala Met Ser
                10

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 171:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 238 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 107..229  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
 seq AVSSLIAVGTSHG/LA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 171:

```

ACACTCCTAT GATACTTCAT CTGTGGCAAG CTCAGATAGT GGTGACAGGA CCAACTTAAA    60

```



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```

AAGGAAGAAG AAATTACCTG ATTCTTTTTC ACTTCATGGA TCAGTT ATG CGC CAT      115
                                   Met Arg His
                                   -40

TCA CTT TTG AAG GGA ATT TCT GCC CAG ATA GTG TCT GCA GCT GAC AAA      163
Ser Leu Leu Lys Gly Ile Ser Ala Gln Ile Val Ser Ala Ala Asp Lys
      -35                      -30                      -25

GTA GAT GCT GGC TTG CCT ACA GCA ATT GCA GTA TCC AGT CTG ATA GCA      211
Val Asp Ala Gly Leu Pro Thr Ala Ile Ala Val Ser Ser Leu Ile Ala
      -20                      -15                      -10

GTG GGT ACA TCT CAT GGA TTG GCT GGG      238
Val Gly Thr Ser His Gly Leu Ala Gly
      -5                      1

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 172:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 188 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 120..164
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq LSCFIFFYISSLC/CF

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 172:

```

TGTGAAGATG ACAGAGATCT AACTTCTGAG AGCAGAGGTG TCAAGTGACG GTCCCCTTGG      60

AGGAATGGTC TTTGCATCTG ACTACTTCCT TCTGCAACTG TGTTCCTCCA TTAGCTTCC      119

ATG ACA CTC TCC TGC TTT ATT TTT TTC TAC ATC TCT AGC CTT TGC TGT      167
Met Thr Leu Ser Cys Phe Ile Phe Phe Tyr Ile Ser Ser Leu Cys Cys
-15          -10          -5          1

TTC CTC TCC TAC CCC ACC AGG      188
Phe Leu Ser Tyr Pro Thr Arg
      5

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 173:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 168 base pairs

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- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 28..72
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq LCFLPHRLQEA/RQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 173:

```

ATAGATCAGT GACGTCTTTT TCTTCAG ATG ATC CTA TGT TTC CTT CTT CCT CAT    54
                               Met Ile Leu Cys Phe Leu Leu Pro His
                               -15                               -10

CAT CGT CTT CAG GAA GCC AGA CAG ATT CAA GTA TTG AAG ATG CTG CCA    102
His Arg Leu Gln Glu Ala Arg Gln Ile Gln Val Leu Lys Met Leu Pro
  -5                               1                               5                               10

AGG GAA AAA TTA AGR AGA AGR AGA AGA GAG AAA ACA AAT AAA TGG GAA    150
Arg Glu Lys Leu Arg Arg Arg Arg Arg Glu Lys Thr Asn Lys Trp Glu
          15                               20                               25

AAA AGA AAG GGC AGC GGG                                           168
Lys Arg Lys Gly Ser Gly
          30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 174:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 135 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 64..105
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq FSLFALNMPLGFC/VY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 174:

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```

TTTATTTTAA CCATCTTTTA CTATTTT TAG AAGGAACTA GCTTTAGTAG TGGGTTGCCC    60
TGT ATG TTT TCT CTT TTT GCT CTT AAT ATG CCA TTG GGT TTT TGT GTG    108
  Met Phe Ser Leu Phe Ala Leu Asn Met Pro Leu Gly Phe Cys Val
                -10                      -5                      1

TAT GTG ATT TTC AAA ATT CAT GAC TGG    135
Tyr Val Ile Phe Lys Ile His Asp Trp
                5                      10

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 175:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 303 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 163..255
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq SVWGVLP PPACSA/DL

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 175:

```

ATTTGATTTT AGTCAGGGTG TAAGAATATG TATTATTGTT CCCAAAAAAA TCTGTGTAAA    60
AACTTCATAG TGTGAAACAG TGGCAACTGS KTGATTAAAA CATCATTTAG AAAAGACACT    120
CTTCCCTGTT TTGAAATTGA CTCCTCAAAA GGACAGCTGA AC ATG GCC TCT TCT    174
                Met Ala Ser Ser
                -30

CCA GGT GTC GCC ATG CAC TCC CTC TGG GCC ACC ATA CAC ACT TCT GTG    222
Pro Gly Val Ala Met His Ser Leu Trp Ala Thr Ile His Thr Ser Val
    -25                      -20                      -15

TGG GGC GTG CTC CCA CCT CCA GCC TGC TCA GCT GAT CTT TTG TTC AGC    270
Trp Gly Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Ala Cys Ser Ala Asp Leu Leu Phe Ser
    -10                      -5                      1                      5

AAT GCC TGT CTA CTT CCC CAT GAG ATC CAC CTG    303
Asn Ala Cys Leu Leu Pro His Glu Ile His Leu
                10                      15

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 176:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 317 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 60..194
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq LPRLLSLSQHSES/WI
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 176:

```

AGAGTTTCCG GTCTGGGCTT TGGCGGGTCT GGTTTGAAGC TCTCCTGTTT GACGAAAGT      59
ATG TCT CAG GAA GGT GCG GTC CCA GCT AGC GCG GTT CCC CTG GAA GAA      107
Met Ser Gln Glu Gly Ala Val Pro Ala Ser Ala Val Pro Leu Glu Glu
-45                      -40                      -35                      -30

TTA AGT AGC TGG CCA GAG GAG CTA TGC CGC CGG GAA CTG CCG TCC GTC      155
Leu Ser Ser Trp Pro Glu Glu Leu Cys Arg Arg Glu Leu Pro Ser Val
                      -25                      -20                      -15

CTG CCC CGA CTC CTC TCA TTG TCT CAA CAT TCT GAA AGT TGG ATT GAG      203
Leu Pro Arg Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser Gln His Ser Glu Ser Trp Ile Glu
                      -10                      -5                      1

CAT ATT CAA ATT TTG AAA ATT ATT GTA GAA ATG TTT TTA CCT CAT ATG      251
His Ile Gln Ile Leu Lys Ile Ile Val Glu Met Phe Leu Pro His Met
      5                      10                      15

AAC CAC CTG ACA TTG GAA CAG ACT TTC TTT TCA CAA GTG TTA CCA AAG      299
Asn His Leu Thr Leu Glu Gln Thr Phe Phe Ser Gln Val Leu Pro Lys
      20                      25                      30                      35

ACT GTG AAA TTA TTC GAT      317
Thr Val Lys Leu Phe Asp
                      40

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 177:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 370 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 254..361  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq AAVVFAVVLSIHA/TV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 177:

```

AGTAACTGTG AGGAAGGCTG CAGAGTGGCG ACGTCTACGC CGTAGGTTGG AGGCTGTGGG    60
GGGTGGCCGG GCGCCAGCTC CCAGGCCGCA GAAGTGACCT GCGGTGGAGT TCCCTCCTCG    120
CTGCTGGAGA ACGGAAGGGA ARAAGGTTSC TGGCCGGGTG AAAGTGCCTC CCTCTGCTTG    180
ACGGGGCTGA GGGGCCCGAA GTCTAGGGCG TCCGTAGTCG CCCC GGCCCTC CGTGAAGCCC    240
CAGGTCTAGA GAT ATG ACC CGA GAG TGC CCA TCT CCG GCC CCG GGG CCT    289
      Met Thr Arg Glu Cys Pro Ser Pro Ala Pro Gly Pro
      -35                -30                -25

GGG GCT CCG CTG AGT GGA TCG GTG CTG GCA GAG GCG GCA GTA GTG TTT    337
Gly Ala Pro Leu Ser Gly Ser Val Leu Ala Glu Ala Ala Val Val Phe
      -20                -15                -10

GCA GTG GTG CTG AGC ATC CAC GCA ACC GTA TGG    370
Ala Val Val Leu Ser Ile His Ala Thr Val Trp
      -5                1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 178:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 470 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 369..470  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 2..103  
id AA059664  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 216..269

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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 14.8

seq LLWWALLLGLAQA/CP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 178:

```

AAGTGGATGG TTCCAGGCAC CCTGTCTGGG GCAGGGAGGG CACAGGCCTG CACATCGAAG    60
GTGGGGTGGG ACCAGGCTGC CCCTCGCCCC AGCATCCAAG TCCTCCCTTG GCGCCCGTG    120
GCCCTGGCAG ACTCTCAGGG CTAAGGTCCT CTGTTGCTTT TTGGTTCCAC CTTAGAAGAG    180
GCTCGCTTGA CTAAGAGTAG CTTGAAGGAG GCACC ATG CAG GAG CTG CAT CTG        233
                               Met Gln Glu Leu His Leu
                               -15

CTC TGG TGG GCG CTT CTC CTG GGC CTG GCT CAG GCC TGC CCT GAG CCC        281
Leu Trp Trp Ala Leu Leu Leu Gly Leu Ala Gln Ala Cys Pro Glu Pro
   -10                -5                1

TGC GAC TGT GGG GAA AAG TAT GGC TTC CAG ATC GCC GAC TGT GCC TAC        329
Cys Asp Cys Gly Glu Lys Tyr Gly Phe Gln Ile Ala Asp Cys Ala Tyr
   5                10                15                20

CGC GAC CTA GAA TCC GTG CCG CCT GGC TTC CCG GCC AAT GTG ACT ACA        377
Arg Asp Leu Glu Ser Val Pro Pro Gly Phe Pro Ala Asn Val Thr Thr
                25                30                35

CTG AGC CTG TCA GCC AAC CGG CTG CCA GGC TTG CCG GAR GGT GCC TTC        425
Leu Ser Leu Ser Ala Asn Arg Leu Pro Gly Leu Pro Glu Gly Ala Phe
                40                45                50

AGG GAG GTG CCC CTG CTG CAG TCG CTG TGG CTG GCA CAC AAT GAG        470
Arg Glu Val Pro Leu Leu Gln Ser Leu Trp Leu Ala His Asn Glu
                55                60                65
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 179:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 331 base pairs

(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 69..328

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 1..260  
id H96534  
est

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 14..67  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 13.6  
seq LLLALCATGAQG/LY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 179:

CTCTCTGCGG GCG ATG GGG CGG CAG GCC CTG CTG CTT CTC GCG CTG TGC	49
Met Gly Arg Gln Ala Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Cys	
-15 -10	
GCC ACA GGC GCC CAG GGG CTC TAC TTC CAC ATC GGC GAG ACC GAG AAG	97
Ala Thr Gly Ala Gln Gly Leu Tyr Phe His Ile Gly Glu Thr Glu Lys	
-5 1 5 10	
CGC TGT TTC ATC GAG GAA ATC CCC GAC GAG ACC ATG GTC ATC GGC AAC	145
Arg Cys Phe Ile Glu Glu Ile Pro Asp Glu Thr Met Val Ile Gly Asn	
15 20 25	
TAT CGT ACC CAG ATG TGG GAT AAG CAG AAG GAG GTC TTC CTG CCC TCG	193
Tyr Arg Thr Gln Met Trp Asp Lys Gln Lys Glu Val Phe Leu Pro Ser	
30 35 40	
ACC CCT GGC CTG GGC ATG CAC GTG GAA GTG AAG GAC CCC GAC GGC AAG	241
Thr Pro Gly Leu Gly Met His Val Glu Val Lys Asp Pro Asp Gly Lys	
45 50 55	
GTG GTG CTG TCC CGG CAG TAC GGC TCG GAG GGC CGC TTC ACG TTC ACC	289
Val Val Leu Ser Arg Gln Tyr Gly Ser Glu Gly Arg Phe Thr Phe Thr	
60 65 70	
TCC CAC ABN KSG GGT GAC CAT CAA ATC TGT CTG CAC TGC GGC	331
Ser His Xaa Xaa Gly Asp His Gln Ile Cys Leu His Cys Gly	
75 80 85	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 180:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 195 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 90..129  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..40

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id AA134726  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 157..195  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 66..104  
id AA134726  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 124..156  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 34..66  
id AA134726  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 107..195  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..89  
id R17226  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 76..138  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 12.7  
seq ILFLLSWGPLQG/QQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 180:

AAGCTAACCC TCGGGCTTGA GGGGAAGAGG CTGACTGTAC GTTCCTTCTA CTCTGGCACC	60
ACTCTCCAGG CTGCC ATG GGG CCC AGC ACC CCT CTC CTC ATC TTG TTC CTT	111
Met Gly Pro Ser Thr Pro Leu Leu Ile Leu Phe Leu	
-20 -15 -10	
TTG TCA TGG TCG GGA CCC CTC CAA GGA CAG CAG CAC CAC CTT GTG GAG	159
Leu Ser Trp Ser Gly Pro Leu Gln Gly Gln Gln His His Leu Val Glu	
-5 1 5	
TAC ATG GAA CGC CGA CTA GCT GCT TTA GAG GAA CGG	195
Tyr Met Glu Arg Arg Leu Ala Ala Leu Glu Glu Arg	
10 15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 181:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 352 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID



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(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 313..349

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 7..43  
id T67245  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 119..199

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.8  
seq LLLLCPLSRGCCP/LL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 181:

ACGTTACCTT TGGGTGGTGG TTTTCATTCC TGTGCCGCCT GCTTCTGGGC CAGTGATCCA	60
GGTGTCTGGT GACCACCCGG GCACAGCTGC TTGGCTGCTG TGGGCACCTC AGCTTCCC	118
ATG TCC TGT AGG GAA CTC ACC CAC CGG CCT TGC TCT CCA CAC CTC TTA	166
Met Ser Cys Arg Glu Leu Thr His Arg Pro Cys Ser Pro His Leu Leu	
-25 -20 -15	
CTC CTG TGT CCC CTT TCT CGG GGA TGC TGC CCC CTC CTG CTG TCC KGT	214
Leu Leu Cys Pro Leu Ser Arg Gly Cys Cys Pro Leu Leu Leu Ser Xaa	
-10 -5 1 5	
CCY CTG TWA GGG GTG AAT CTT GAA TCC ATC TTA TCT CTT ACT CTC CCT	262
Pro Leu Xaa Gly Val Asn Leu Glu Ser Ile Leu Ser Leu Thr Leu Pro	
10 15 20	
CCC TCT CCC AGC TCA GTC GGG CTC TCA CCC TCT GTG ACC CAS CTC ACA	310
Pro Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Gly Leu Ser Pro Ser Val Thr Xaa Leu Thr	
25 30 35	
ACT TCA CCT GTT TCA TTG CAC TTT GCA TCC GMC CTC GCC GGG	352
Thr Ser Pro Val Ser Leu His Phe Ala Ser Xaa Leu Ala Gly	
40 45 50	

{2} INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 182:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 447 base pairs

(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 113..306  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 71..264  
id H83784  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 42..111  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..70  
id H83784  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 378..414  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 346..382  
id H83784  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 305..340  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 264..299  
id H83784  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 250..350  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 2..102  
id W32197  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 392..449  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 142..199  
id W32197  
est

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## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 349..390  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
                           region 100..141  
                           id W32197  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 397..449  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
                           region 1..53  
                           id W37255  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 85..150  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.5  
                           seq AALLLGLMMVVTG/DE

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 182:

AACTGTGTC CGGGTGGWRG ACTGGATTAG CTGCGGASCC TGAAGCTGC CTGTCCTTCT	60
CCCTGTGCTT AACCAAGAGGT GCCC ATG GGT TGG ACA ATG AGG CTG GTC ACA	111
Met Gly Trp Thr Met Arg Leu Val Thr	
-20 -15	
GCA GCA CTG TTA CTG GGT CTC ATG ATG GTG GTC ACT GGA GAC GAG GAT	159
Ala Ala Leu Leu Leu Gly Leu Met Met Val Val Thr Gly Asp Glu Asp	
-10 -5 1	
GAG AAC AGC CCG TGT GCC CAT GAG GCC CTC TTG GAC GAG GAC ACC CTC	207
Glu Asn Ser Pro Cys Ala His Glu Ala Leu Leu Asp Glu Asp Thr Leu	
5 10 15	
TTT TGC CAG GGC CTT GAA GTT TTC TAC CCA GAG TTG GGG AAC ATT GGC	255
Phe Cys Gln Gly Leu Glu Val Phe Tyr Pro Glu Leu Gly Asn Ile Gly	
20 25 30 35	
TGC AAG GTT GTT CCT GAT TGT DAC AAC TAC AGA CAG AAG ATC ACC TCC	303
Cys Lys Val Val Pro Asp Cys Xaa Asn Tyr Arg Gln Lys Ile Thr Ser	
40 45 50	
TGG ATG GAG CCG ATA GTC AAG TTC CCG GGG GCC GTG GAC GGC GCA ACC	351
Trp Met Glu Pro Ile Val Lys Phe Pro Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Thr	
55 60 65	
TAT ATC CTG GTG ATG GTG GAT CCA GAT GCC CCT AGC AGA GCA GAA CCC	399
Tyr Ile Leu Val Met Val Asp Pro Asp Ala Pro Ser Arg Ala Glu Pro	
70 75 80	
AGA CAG AGA TTC TGG AGA CAT TGG CTG GTA ACA GAT ATC AAG GGC GCC	447
Arg Gln Arg Phe Trp Arg His Trp Leu Val Thr Asp Ile Lys Gly Ala	
85 90 95	

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 183:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 217 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 125..182
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 6..63  
id R18560  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 176..213
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 58..95  
id R18560  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 145..182
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..38  
id R13864  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 176..213
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 33..70  
id R13864  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 176..213
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 2..39  
id HSC01E071  
est

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## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 119..190
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.3  
seq VHLLSLCSGKVYA/RM

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 183:

```

ACTGGGAGCC GCCTCCGTCG CCGCCGTCAG AGCCGCCCTA TCAGAGTTCC TACCANTTTG      60
TGGTTCCAGC AGCTTCTGTT CCAGATTATC TTAACAAGAA AACCAACTGG AAAAAAAA      118
ATG AAA TTC CTT ATC TTC GCA TTT TTC GGT GGT GTT CAC CTT TTA TCC      166
Met Lys Phe Leu Ile Phe Ala Phe Phe Gly Gly Val His Leu Leu Ser
          -20                      -15                      -10
CTG TGC TCT GGG AAA GTA TAT GCA AGA ATG GCA TCT CTA AGA GGA CTC      214
Leu Cys Ser Gly Lys Val Tyr Ala Arg Met Ala Ser Leu Arg Gly Leu
          -5                      1                      5
GGG                                          217
Gly

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 184:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 433 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 139..361
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 92..314  
id AA100852  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 360..434
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 314..388  
id AA100852  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 139..434  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 100..395  
id AA224847  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 139..361  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 92..314  
id AA161042  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 368..434  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 323..389  
id AA161042  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 139..365  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 87..313  
id H64488  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 52..144  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 1..93  
id H64488  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 171..396  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 129..354  
id AA088770  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 167..253  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.1  
seq LIFLCGAALLA/G/IW

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 184:

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```

AAAAAGCGCC TACCCTGCCT GCAGGTGAGC AGTGGTGTGT GAGAGCCAGG CGTCCCTCTG      60
CCTGCCCACT CAGTGGCAAC ACCCGGGAGC TGTTTTGTCC TTTGTGGAGC CTCAGCAGTT    120
CCCTCTTTCA GAACTYRVYK GCCAAGAGCC CTGAACAGGA GCCACC ATG CAG TGC      175
                               Met Gln Cys
TTC AGC TTC ATT AAG ACC ATG ATG ATC CTC TTC AAT TTG CTC ATC TTT      223
Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu Leu Ile Phe
-25                               -20                               -15

CTG TGT GGT GCA GCC CTG TTG GCA GTG GGC ATC TGG GTG TCA ATC GAT      271
Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val Ser Ile Asp
-10                               -5                               1                               5

GGG GCA TCC TTT CTG AAG ATC TTC GGG CCA CTG TCG TCC AGT GCC ATG      319
Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser Ser Ala Met
                               10                               15                               20

CAG TTT GTC AAC GTG GGC TAC TTC CTC ATC GCA GCC GGC GTT GTG GTC      367
Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly Val Val Val
                               25                               30                               35

TTT GCT CTT GGT TTC CTG GGC TGC TAT GGT GCT AAG ACT GAG AGC AAG      415
Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr Glu Ser Lys
                               40                               45                               50

TGT GCC CTC GTG ACG TTC                                          433
Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe
55                               60

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 185:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 372 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 128..242
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 1..115  
id R58075  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 220..303

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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.6  
 seq IVSLLGFVATVTL/IP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 185:

```

AAGATAGGCG GGTGCAGCGG GGCAGAACAT AGGTTGCCTT AGAGAGGTTT CCCGGAGTCC      60
CGACGGCGGC TCAAGTCAGA GTTGCTGGGT TTTGCTCAGA TTGGTGTGGG AAGAGCCTGC      120
CTGTGGGGAG CGGCCACTCC ATACTGCTGA GGCCTCAGGA CTGCTGCTCA GCTTGCCCGT      180
TACCTGAAGA GGCGGCGGAS GGGCCCCTGA CCGGTCACC ATG TGG GCC TTC TCG          234
                               Met Trp Ala Phe Ser
                               -25

GAA TTG CCC ATG CCG CTG CTG ATC AAT TTG ATC GTC TCG CTG CTG GGA          282
Glu Leu Pro Met Pro Leu Leu Ile Asn Leu Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Gly
          -20                      -15                      -10

TTT GTG GCC ACA GTC ACC CTC ATC CCG GCC TTC CGG GGC CAC TTC ATT          330
Phe Val Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ile Pro Ala Phe Arg Gly His Phe Ile
          -5                      1                      5

GCT GCG CGC CTC TGT GGT CAG GAC CTC AAC AAA ACC AGC CAG          372
Ala Ala Arg Leu Cys Gly Gln Asp Leu Asn Lys Thr Ser Gln
  10                      15                      20

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 186:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 402 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 112..403  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
                           region 33..324  
                           id H97426  
                           est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 59..295  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
                           region 2..239  
                           id W44834



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est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 106..156  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 4..54  
id R57989  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 161..190  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 62..91  
id R57989  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 148..204  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq VLMRLVASAYSIA/QK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 186:

```

AGCTGAGGTA GGGATGCSAT CCTTCTCAAA AGACTTATTG ACAGTGCCAA AGCTSGGTAC      60
TGGACACAAC GAGGGACCTG GGTCTACGAT AACGCGCTTK TGCTCCTCCT GAAGTGCTCTT    120
TGGTCCAACG TTGTTCCAGA GTGTACC ATG GCT TCC AGT AAC ACT GTG TTG ATG      174
                Met Ala Ser Ser Asn Thr Val Leu Met
                -15

CGG TTG GTA GCC TCC GCA TAT TCT ATT GCT CAA AAG GCA GGD ATG ATA      222
Arg Leu Val Ala Ser Ala Tyr Ser Ile Ala Gln Lys Ala Gly Met Ile
-10                -5                1                5

GTC AGA CGT GTT ATT GCT GAA GGA GAC CTG GGT ATT GTG GAG ADG ACC      270
Val Arg Arg Val Ile Ala Glu Gly Asp Leu Gly Ile Val Glu Xaa Thr
                10                15                20

TGT GCA ACA GAC CTG CAG ACC AAA GCT GAC CGA TTG GCA CAG ATG AGN      318
Cys Ala Thr Asp Leu Gln Thr Lys Ala Asp Arg Leu Ala Gln Met Xaa
                25                30                35

ATA TGT TCT TCA TTG GCC CGG AAA TTC CCC AAA CTC ACA ATT ATA GGG      366
Ile Cys Ser Ser Leu Ala Arg Lys Phe Pro Lys Leu Thr Ile Ile Gly
                40                45                50

GAA GAG GAT CTG CCT TCT RMG GAA GTG GAT CAA GAG                        402
Glu Glu Asp Leu Pro Ser Xaa Glu Val Asp Gln Glu
55                60                65
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 187:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 317 base pairs  
    (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
    (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
    (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other  
    (B) LOCATION: 111..318  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
                            region 6..213  
                            id R18560  
                            est
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other  
    (B) LOCATION: 131..318  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
                            region 1..188  
                            id R13864  
                            est
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other  
    (B) LOCATION: 162..318  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
                            region 1..157  
                            id HSC01E071  
                            est
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: other  
    (B) LOCATION: 207..318  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
                            region 1..112  
                            id AA016124  
                            est
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
    (B) LOCATION: 105..176  
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
                            seq VHLLSLCSGKAIC/KN
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 187:

AAGTAAGGCT AGGYCGCGAG CTTAGTCCTG GGAGCCGCCT CCGTCGCCGC CGTCAGAGCC 60

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```

GCCCTATCAG ATTATCTTAA CAAGAAAACC AACTGGAAAA AAAA ATG AAA TTC CTT 116
                                   Met Lys Phe Leu

ATC TTC GCA TTT TTC GGT GGT GTT CAC CTT TTA TCC CTG TGC TCT GGG 164
Ile Phe Ala Phe Phe Gly Gly Val His Leu Leu Ser Leu Cys Ser Gly
-20                               -15                -10                -5

AAA GCT ATA TGC AAG AAT GGC ATC TCT AAG AGG ACT TTT GAA GAA ATA 212
Lys Ala Ile Cys Lys Asn Gly Ile Ser Lys Arg Thr Phe Glu Glu Ile
                               1                   5                   10

AAA GAA GAA ATA GCC AGC TGT GGA GAT GTT GCT AAA GCA ATC ATC AAC 260
Lys Glu Glu Ile Ala Ser Cys Gly Asp Val Ala Lys Ala Ile Ile Asn
                               15                   20                   25

CTA GCT GTT TAT GGT AAA GCC CAG AAC AGA TCC TAT GMG CGA TTG GCA 308
Leu Ala Val Tyr Gly Lys Ala Gln Asn Arg Ser Tyr Xaa Arg Leu Ala
                               30                   35                   40

CTT CTG GTT 317
Leu Leu Val
45
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 188:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 499 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (E) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 160..401
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 59..300  
id H29377  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 454..499
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 356..401  
id H29377  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 136..179
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 36..79  
id H29377  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 397..436  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 297..336  
id H29377  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 135..295  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 293..453  
id N28905  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 45..127  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 4..86  
id N28905  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 334..388  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 489..543  
id N28905  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 135..395  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 81..341  
id H11885  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 160..384  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 105..329  
id H15231  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 136..181  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
 region 82..127  
 id H15231  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 146..298  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
 seq ALXVLPPLLGLHEA/AS

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 188:

```

AACTTCCGGG TTCGGCAATA ACCTGGAGCC GCGGCGTAG GTTGGCTCTT TAGGGCTTCA    60
CCCCGAAGCT CCACCTTCGC TCCCGTCTTT CTGGAACAC CGCTTTGATC TCGGCGGTGC    120
GGGACAGACG CTAGTGTGAG CCNMC ATG GCA GAT ACG ACC CCG AAC GGC CCC    172
                        Met Ala Asp Thr Thr Pro Asn Gly Pro
                        -50                               -45
CAA GGG GCG GGC GCT GTG CAA TTC ATG ATG ACC AAT AAA CTG GAC ACG    220
Gln Gly Ala Gly Ala Val Gln Phe Met Met Thr Asn Lys Leu Asp Thr
                        -40                               -35                               -30
GCA ATG TGG CTT TCT CGC TTG TTC ACA GTT TAC TGC TCT GCT CTG NNT    268
Ala Met Trp Leu Ser Arg Leu Phe Thr Val Tyr Cys Ser Ala Leu Xaa
                        -25                               -20                               -15
GTT CTG CCT CTT CTT GGG TTG CAT GAA GCA GCA AGC TTT TAC CAA CGT    316
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Gly Leu His Glu Ala Ala Ser Phe Tyr Gln Arg
-10                               -5                               1                               5
GCT TTG CTG GCA AAT GCT CTT ACC AGT GCT CTG AGG CTG CAT CAA AGA    364
Ala Leu Leu Ala Asn Ala Leu Thr Ser Ala Leu Arg Leu His Gln Arg
                        10                               15                               20
TTA CCA CAC TTC CAG TTA AGC AGA GCA TTC CTG GCC CAG GCT TTG TTA    412
Leu Pro His Phe Gln Leu Ser Arg Ala Phe Leu Ala Gln Ala Leu Leu
                        25                               30                               35
GAG GAC AGC TGC CAC TAC CTG TTG TAT TCA CTC ATC TTT GTA AAT TCC    460
Glu Asp Ser Cys His Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ile Phe Val Asn Ser
                        40                               45                               50
TAT CCA GTT ACA ATG AGT ATC TTC CCA GTC TTG TTA TTC    499
Tyr Pro Val Thr Met Ser Ile Phe Pro Val Leu Leu Phe
55                               60                               65

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 189:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 219 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

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(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 45..221

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 1..177  
id HUMHBC4659  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 63..221

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 1..159  
id AA160569  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 124..159

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 97..132  
id R88362  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 1..72

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
seq XVLVLSVVXXAMA/AF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 189:

ATG CGT TTC CGC CAT TTT TGM AAA TWA ATT GGG MAG GTA CTG GTT TTA	48
Met Arg Phe Arg His Phe Xaa Lys Xaa Ile Gly Xaa Val Leu Val Leu	
-20 -15 -10	
AGT GTA GTT SCC GMC GCA ATG GCA GCC TTT GCA GTG SHA CCT CAG GGG	96
Ser Val Val Xaa Xaa Ala Met Ala Ala Phe Ala Val Xaa Pro Gln Gly	
-5 1 5	
CCC GCG TTA SSM TCT GAA CCA MTG MTG CYG GGT TCA CCC ACA TCT CCA	144
Pro Ala Leu Xaa Ser Glu Pro Xaa Xaa Xaa Gly Ser Pro Thr Ser Pro	
10 15 20	
AAG CCA GGA GTT AAT GCC CAG TTC TTA CCT GGA TTT TTA ATG GGG GMT	192
Lys Pro Gly Val Asn Ala Gln Phe Leu Pro Gly Phe Leu Met Gly Xaa	
25 30 35 40	

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TTG CCA GCT CCG GTG ACT CCA CAA CCT  
Leu Pro Ala Pro Val Thr Pro Gln Pro  
45

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 190:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 483 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 105..414
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..310  
id T26956  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 45..359
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..315  
id T31666  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 202..332
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 137..267  
id R14990  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 127..201
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 63..137  
id R14990  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 65..114
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100

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region 1..50  
id R14990  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..120  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.2  
seq LCVEFASVASCDA/AV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 190:

ATG GAG TTG GGG AGT TGC CTG GAG GGC GGG AGG GAG GCG GCG GAG GAA	48
Met Glu Leu Gly Ser Cys Leu Glu Gly Gly Arg Glu Ala Ala Glu Glu	
-40 -35 -30 -25	
GAG GGC GAG CCT GAG GTG AAA AAG CGG CGA CTT CTG TGT GTG GAG TTT	96
Glu Gly Glu Pro Glu Val Lys Lys Arg Arg Leu Leu Cys Val Glu Phe	
-20 -15 -10	
GCC TCG GTC GCA AGC TGC GAT GCC GCA GTG GCT CAG TGC TTC CTG GCC	144
Ala Ser Val Ala Ser Cys Asp Ala Ala Val Ala Gln Cys Phe Leu Ala	
-5 1 5	
GAG AAC GAC TGG GAG ATG GAA AGG GCT CTG AAC TCC TAC TTC GAG CCT	192
Glu Asn Asp Trp Glu Met Glu Arg Ala Leu Asn Ser Tyr Phe Glu Pro	
10 15 20	
CCG GTG GAG GAG AGC GCC TTG GAA CGC CGA CCT GAA ACC ATC TCT GAG	240
Pro Val Glu Glu Ser Ala Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu Thr Ile Ser Glu	
25 30 35 40	
CCC AAG ACC TAT GTT GAC CTA ACC AAT GAA GAA ACA ACT GAT TCC ACC	288
Pro Lys Thr Tyr Val Asp Leu Thr Asn Glu Glu Thr Thr Asp Ser Thr	
45 50 55	
ACT TCT AAA ATC AGC CCA TCT GAA GAT ACT CAG CAA GAA AAT GGC AGC	336
Thr Ser Lys Ile Ser Pro Ser Glu Asp Thr Gln Gln Glu Asn Gly Ser	
60 65 70	
ATG TTC TCT CTC ATT ACC TGG AAT ATT GAT GGA TTA GAT CTA AAC AAT	384
Met Phe Ser Leu Ile Thr Trp Asn Ile Asp Gly Leu Asp Leu Asn Asn	
75 80 85	
CTG TCA GAG AGG GCT CGA GGG GTG TGT TCC TAC TTA GCT TTG TAC AGC	432
Leu Ser Glu Arg Ala Arg Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr Leu Ala Leu Tyr Ser	
90 95 100	
CCA GAT GTG ATA TTT CTA CAG GAA GTT ATT CCC CCA TAT TAT AGC TAC	480
Pro Asp Val Ile Phe Leu Gln Glu Val Ile Pro Pro Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr	
105 110 115 120	
CTA	483
Leu	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 191:



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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 444 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 182..401
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 165..384  
id W56608  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 45..130
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 30..115  
id W56608  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 127..191
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 111..175  
id W56608  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 401..446
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 385..430  
id W56608  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 311..446
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..136  
id R17248  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 13..378
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5  
seq RLVVVSVSPQSRA/SL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 191:

```

AGTGC GGCCG TC ATG GCG TCG CCC TTC AGC GGG GCG CTG CAG CTG ACG GAC    51
      Met Ala Ser Pro Phe Ser Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu Thr Asp
                -120                      -115                      -110

CTG GAT GAC TTC ATC GGG CCG TCT CAG GAG TGC ATC AAG CCT GTC AAA    99
Leu Asp Asp Phe Ile Gly Pro Ser Gln Glu Cys Ile Lys Pro Val Lys
      -105                      -100                      -95

GTG GAA AAA AGG GCG GGA AGT GGC GTG GCC AAG ATT CGC ATT GAA GAT   147
Val Glu Lys Arg Ala Gly Ser Gly Val Ala Lys Ile Arg Ile Glu Asp
      -90                      -85                      -80

GAC GGG AGC TAC TTC CAA ATT AAC CAA GAC GGC DGG ACC CGG AGG CTG   195
Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Gln Ile Asn Gln Asp Gly Xaa Thr Arg Arg Leu
      -75                      -70                      -65

GAG AAG GCC AAG GTC TCG CTA AAC TAC TGC NWG GCG TGC AGC GGC TGC   243
Glu Lys Ala Lys Val Ser Leu Asn Tyr Cys Xaa Ala Cys Ser Gly Cys
      -60                      -55                      -50

ATC ACC TCC GCA GAG ACC GTG CTT ATC ACC CAG CAG AGC CAC GAG GAG   291
Ile Thr Ser Ala Glu Thr Val Leu Ile Thr Gln Gln Ser His Glu Glu
      -45                      -40                      -35                      -30

CTG AAG AAG GTT CTA GAT GCT AAC AAG ATG GCG GCA CCC AGT CAG CAG   339
Leu Lys Lys Val Leu Asp Ala Asn Lys Met Ala Ala Pro Ser Gln Gln
      -25                      -20                      -15

AGG CTG GTT GTA GTT TCG GTC TCA CCA CAG TCT AGA GCA TCG CTG GCT   387
Arg Leu Val Val Val Ser Val Ser Pro Gln Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Ala
      -10                      -5                      1

GCA CGG TTT CAG CTG AAW CCT ACA GAT ACT GCC AGG AAA TTA ACC TCA   435
Ala Arg Phe Gln Leu Xaa Pro Thr Asp Thr Ala Arg Lys Leu Thr Ser
      5                      10                      15

TTC TTT AAA    444
Phe Phe Lys
20

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 192:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 335 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 44..97  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 1..54  
id H30111  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 84..215  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq SLVAELLGAGSG/SH

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 192:

ATACTTTCTG YAGYAGTCCT GGACCTCCTG TGCAAGAACA TGAAACACCT GTGGTTCATC	60
CTCCTGCTGG TGGCAGCTCC CAG ATG GGT CCT GTC CCG ACT GCA GTT GCA GGG	113
Met Gly Pro Val Pro Thr Ala Val Ala Gly	
-40 -35	
GCT GGC TCA CGA CTG GTA AAG CCC TCA CAG ACC CTG TCC CTC ACC TGC	161
Ala Gly Ser Arg Leu Val Lys Pro Ser Gln Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys	
-30 -25 -20	
GCT GTC TCT GGT GGC TCA TTA GTA GCG GAA CTT CTT CTT GGA GCT GGA	209
Ala Val Ser Gly Gly Ser Leu Val Ala Glu Leu Leu Leu Gly Ala Gly	
-15 -10 -5	
TCC GGC AGT CAC CTG GGA CGG GCC TGG AGT GGA TTG GGT TCA TCT ATT	257
Ser Gly Ser His Leu Gly Arg Ala Trp Ser Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ile	
1 5 10	
ATA GAG GCA ATA GTG GGA GTA CTT CTT ACA ATC CGT CCC TCA AGA CTC	305
Ile Glu Ala Ile Val Gly Val Leu Leu Thr Ile Arg Pro Ser Arg Leu	
15 20 25 30	
GAG CCA CCA TAT CAC TGG ACA AGC CCC GCG	335
Glu Pro Pro Tyr His Trp Thr Ser Pro Ala	
35 40	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 193:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 391 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

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## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 222..359  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
                                   region 33..170  
                                   id T50032  
                                   est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 348..393  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
                                   region 160..205  
                                   id T50032  
                                   est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 189..229  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
                                   region 1..41  
                                   id T50032  
                                   est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 128..196  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
                                   seq QFILLGTTSVVTA/AL

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 193:

```

GACTGATTTC GAGTTTCCGG TCAGGTTAGG CCGGGGGGGT GCGGTCCTGG TCGGAAGGAG      60
GTGGAGAGTC GGGGGTCACC AGGCCTATCC TTGGCGCCAC AGTCGGCCAC CGGGGCTCGC      120
CGCCGTC ATG GAG AGC GGA GGG CGG CCC TCG CTG TGC CAG TTC ATC CTC      169
    Met Glu Ser Gly Gly Arg Pro Ser Leu Cys Gln Phe Ile Leu
          -20                      -15                      -10

CTG GGC ACC ACC TCT GTG GTC ACC GCC GCC CTG TAC TCC GTG TAC CGG      217
Leu Gly Thr Thr Ser Val Val Thr Ala Ala Leu Tyr Ser Val Tyr Arg
          -5                      1                      5

CAG AAG GCC CGG GTC TCC CAA GAG CTC AAG GGA GCT AAA AAA GTT CAT      265
Gln Lys Ala Arg Val Ser Gln Glu Leu Lys Gly Ala Lys Lys Val His
          10                      15                      20

TTG GGT GAA GAT TTA AAG AGT ATT CTT TCA GAA GST CCA GGA AAA TGC      313
Leu Gly Glu Asp Leu Lys Ser Ile Leu Ser Glu Xaa Pro Gly Lys Cys
          25                      30                      35

GTG CCT TAT GCT GTT ATA GAA GGA GCT GTG CGG TCT GTT AAA GAA ACG      361
Val Pro Tyr Ala Val Ile Glu Gly Ala Val Arg Ser Val Lys Glu Thr
          40                      45                      50                      55

```

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CTT AAC AGC CAG TTT GTG GAA AAC TGC AAG  
 Leu Asn Ser Gln Phe Val Glu Asn Cys Lys  
 60 65

391

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 194:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 459 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 269..342
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 2..75  
 id R33746  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 391..459
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
 region 124..192  
 id R33746  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 344..391
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
 region 78..125  
 id R33746  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 397..453
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
 seq IYIICFXLPPLFS/FN

(zi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 194:

ATATATAAAT GTTTCATGTT ATTGGTTTTG TACCTAGTCC TTTGCATGGA TATATAGGTA 60  
 CCTAATGAAA ATCGAGGATC AGTGTATGAC AAATCTCCCA TCCTCCCCTT TCCTTATTGC 120

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```

CTGTGTCGGC AATAGGAAGT AGAATAGTTG TGTGTTGTTT ACTTACTTGT CTGTTTTAGA 180
GAGATTTCTA TTTTGGTAG GGGAATATTC TAATATGTTT TCATATCTTT ATTTCAATTT 240
GTAGTCTTTT GCATGGCTAT GTAGGGACCT AATGAAAGTC GAGTTTCATA ATATGACAGC 300
TCACDTCTTT TCCTACATAT TTCCTCACTT AGCAGTAGCT WGNKAGTTAT KTTGTGGTTA 360
TTTTATTCA TTCTCTAGGA TCTATCCAT TTGNNG ATG CAA GTG TGT AGA TGC 414
                                Met Gln Val Cys Arg Cys
                                -15
ATA TAT ATC ATT TGC TTC TWT CTT CCG CCA TTA TTT TCC TTT AAC 459
Ile Tyr Ile Ile Cys Phe Xaa Leu Pro Pro Leu Phe Ser Phe Asn
          -10                -5                1

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 195:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 193 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 44..193
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96.1  
region 1..152  
id HSU78678  
vrt

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 112..193
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 90..171  
id N41898  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 112..193
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 95..176  
id H69272  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 112..193  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 39..120  
id N20619  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 44..88  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq QRLLLRFLASVIS/RK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 195:

GGGAGGGCTA GGCTGTGCAT CCCTCCGCTC GCATTGCAGG GAG ATG GCT CAG CGA	55
Met Ala Gln Arg	
-15	
CTT CTT CTG AGG TTC CTG GCC TCT GTC ATC TCC AGG AAG CCC TCT CAR	103
Leu Leu Leu Arg Phe Leu Ala Ser Val Ile Ser Arg Lys Pro Ser Gln	
-10 -5 1 5	
GGT CAG TGG GCC ACC CCT CAC TTC CAG AGC CCT GCA GAC CCC ACA ATG	151
Gly Gln Trp Ala Thr Pro His Phe Gln Ser Pro Ala Asp Pro Thr Met	
10 15 20	
CAG TCC TGG TGG CCT GAC TGT AAC ACC CAA CCC AGC CCG GAC	193
Gln Ser Trp Trp Pro Asp Cys Asn Thr Gln Pro Ser Pro Asp	
25 30 35	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 196:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 280 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 111..277  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 3..169  
id AA149704  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

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(B) LOCATION: 143..262  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
 seq FLWLITRPQPVLP/LL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 196:

```

AAGTCCTAGG AGCTGTGGAA AGAGTAGAAG TGCCTGAATG TGGTGCTGAA TCAATACAGC    60
CAGCTGTGAG GGGAGCACTT CCTGGACCCA GGAAGGGAGA GTCTTCTTCC AAGGTCTGAA   120
TTTCCTGCTG CTGTTACAA AG ATG CTT TTT ATC TTT AAC TTT TTG TTT TCC   172
                Met Leu Phe Ile Phe Asn Phe Leu Phe Ser
                -40                               -35

CCA CTT CCG ACC CCG GCG TTG ATC TGC ATC CTG ACA TTT GGA GCT GCC   220
Pro Leu Pro Thr Pro Ala Leu Ile Cys Ile Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Ala
-30                -25                -20                -15

ATC TTC TTG TGG CTG ATC ACC AGA CCT CAA CCC GTC TTA CCT CTT CTT   268
Ile Phe Leu Trp Leu Ile Thr Arg Pro Gln Pro Val Leu Pro Leu Leu
                -10                -5                                1

GAC CTG AAC CKG                                                    280
Asp Leu Asn Xaa
                5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 197:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 443 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 323..443  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 2..122  
 id R84934  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 323..390  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 1..68  
 id AA020870  
 est



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## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 373..443  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
                             region 52..122  
                             id AA020870  
                             est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(407..438)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
                             region 42..73  
                             id AA187611  
                             est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 297..434  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
                             seq SHMLQLLPKALC/LF

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 197:

```

TTTGTGGGCT CCTCTTTGGG GTGACCACTG CTTTCAAAGC CATCTGCCAA GGCTCTCCAG   60
GGCAGGACCT GACTGGTGGG GAATGAGTGT TCAGAAGCCT TGGGAGAGGC CAAAGAGCCA  120
TTCTAGGATG RTCKGAGGAA AACCTTCCTG CAGAGGCCAG AAACCTTGAG CTTAGGTGCC  180
TGGGGACCAG CTTGACATT CTCTCCAGTT TCTGATTCTA ATTTTGGCCA CGTGTCACAA  240
CTTTTCCAGT CTCTGAGAAG GTCCCAGVCT TTCTCAAATA TTCTGATTTT GAAAAT ATG   299
                                         Met
TAT CCA AAG TGG GAG GCC CCT GTG ACA TTT TGC CAA CTT AAA CGA GAA   347
Tyr Pro Lys Trp Glu Ala Pro Val Thr Phe Cys Gln Leu Lys Arg Glu
-45          -40          -35          -30
AAA GAC CCC CCG CAC CCG GCA CAC TCC CCC TTC CTC CAG CCC CGC TTC   395
Lys Asp Pro Pro His Pro Ala His Ser Pro Phe Leu Gln Pro Arg Phe
          -25          -20          -15
AGC CAC ATG CTC CAG CTG CTG CCC AGT AAA GCC CTG TGC CTT TTT TTC   443
Ser His Met Leu Gln Leu Leu Pro Ser Lys Ala Leu Cys Leu Phe Phe
          -10          -5          1

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 198:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 215 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 42..151

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..110  
id AA121585  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 143..214

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 101..172  
id AA121585  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 42..136

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..95  
id AA100539  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 143..214

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 100..171  
id AA100539  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 36..167

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq LAERLGLFEELWA/AQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 198:

ACTGTTTGAG GATGTAGGCA CTGGTGTGAA GGAAC ATG GCC CTG TAT CAG AGG	53
Met Ala Leu Tyr Gln Arg	
-40	
TGG CGG TGT CTC CGG CTC CAA GGT TTA CAG GCT TGC AGG CTA CAC ACG	101
Trp Arg Cys Leu Arg Leu Gln Gly Leu Gln Ala Cys Arg Leu His Thr	
-35 -30 -25	

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GCA GTT GTG TCG ACC CCT CCA CGC TGG TTG GCA GAG CGG CTT GGC CTT	149
Ala Val Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Arg Trp Leu Ala Glu Arg Leu Gly Leu	
-20 -15 -10	
TTT GAG GAG CTG TGG GCT GCT CAG GTA AAG AGA TTA GCA AGC ATG GCA	197
Phe Glu Glu Leu Trp Ala Ala Gln Val Lys Arg Leu Ala Ser Met Ala	
-5 1 5 10	
CAG AAG GAA CCC CAG ACG	215
Gln Lys Glu Pro Gln Thr	
15	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 199:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 280 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 57..276
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 22..241  
id C16912  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 172..260
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 64..152  
id T68684  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 132..164
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 26..58  
id T68684  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 98..166
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 13.8  
seq XGLLLFLLPGSLG/AE

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 199:

```

AGAGAGAGGA ACTGGGGTCT CCAGTCACGG GAGCCAGGAG CCGGCCAGGG CCGCAGSAGG      60
AAGGGAGCGA GGCTGAAGGG AACGTCGTCC TCTCAGC ATG GGG GTC CCG CGG CCT      115
                               Met Gly Val Pro Arg Pro
                               -20
CAG CCC TGG GCG STG GGG CTC CTG CTC TTT CTC CTT CCT GGG AGC CTG      163
Gln Pro Trp Ala Xaa Gly Leu Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Pro Gly Ser Leu
    -15                -10                -5
GGC GCA GAA AGC CAC CTC TCC CTC CTG TAC CAC CTT ACC GCG GTG TCC      211
Gly Ala Glu Ser His Leu Ser Leu Leu Tyr His Leu Thr Ala Val Ser
    1                5                10                15
TCG CCT GCC CCG GGG ACT CCT GCC TTC TGG GTG TCC GGC TGG CTG GGC      259
Ser Pro Ala Pro Gly Thr Pro Ala Phe Trp Val Ser Gly Trp Leu Gly
                20                25                30
CCG CAG CAG TAC CCG AGC CAA                                280
Pro Gln Gln Tyr Pro Ser Xaa
                35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 200:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 354 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 2..249
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 5..252  
id C18087  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 166..350
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 20..204  
id AA018305  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 187..350  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
                           region 42..205  
                           id AA015592  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 181..350  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
                           region 33..202  
                           id AA018631  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 150..181  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
                           region 1..32  
                           id AA018631  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 158..338  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
                           region 12..192  
                           id R93954  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 28..162  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 13.4  
                           seq LVLALXLVSAALS/SV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 200:

AAGCGCAGGC TCCCAGCCGA GTCCGTT ATG GCC GCT GCC GTC CCG AAG AGG ATG	54
Met Ala Ala Ala Val Pro Lys Arg Met	
-45 -40	
AGG GGG CCA GCA CAA GCG AAA CTG CTG CCC GGG TCG GCC ATC CAA GCC	102
Arg Gly Pro Ala Gln Ala Lys Leu Leu Pro Gly Ser Ala Ile Gln Ala	
-35 -30 -25	
CTT GTG GGG TTG GCG CGG CCG CTG GTC TTG GCG CTC VTG CTT GTG TCC	150
Leu Val Gly Leu Ala Arg Pro Leu Val Leu Ala Leu Xaa Leu Val Ser	
-20 -15 -10 -5	
GCC GCT CTA TCC AGT GTT GTA TCA CGG ACT GAT TCA CCG AGC CCA ACC	198
Ala Ala Leu Ser Ser Val Val Ser Arg Thr Asp Ser Pro Ser Pro Thr	
1 5 10	

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GTA CTC AAC TCA CAT ATT TCT ACC CCA AAT GTG AAT GCT TTA ACA CAT	246
Val Leu Asn Ser His Ile Ser Thr Pro Asn Val Asn Ala Leu Thr His	
15 20 25	
GAA AAC CAA ACC AAA CCT TCT ATT TCC CAA ATC AGC ACC ACC CTC CCT	294
Glu Asn Gln Thr Lys Pro Ser Ile Ser Gln Ile Ser Thr Thr Leu Pro	
30 35 40	
CCC AYR NCG AGT ACC AAG VNA AGT GGA GGA GCA TYT GTG GTC CCT CAT	342
Pro Xaa Xaa Ser Thr Lys Xaa Ser Gly Gly Ala Xaa Val Val Pro His	
45 50 55 60	
CCC TCG CCA GGG	354
Pro Ser Pro Gly	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 201:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 334 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 170..322
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 117..269  
id HSC3DG011  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 53..184
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 1..132  
id HSC3DG011  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(177..209)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 337..369  
id H41589  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 137..223

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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 13  
 seq LLLVLLLVTXRS/MP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 201:

```

AATTTGTGCG GCGCTGGTCC CCTCAGAGGG TTCCTGCTGC TGCCGGTGCC TTGGACCCTC   60
CCCCTCGCTT CSNGTTCTAC TGCCCCAGGA GCCCGGCGGG TCCGGGACTC CCGKCCGTGC   120
CGGTGCGGGC GCCGGC ATG TGG CTG TGG GAG GAC CAG GGC GGC CTC CTG GGC   172
          Met Trp Leu Trp Glu Asp Gln Gly Gly Leu Leu Gly
                      -25                      -20

CCT TTC TCC TTC CTG CTG CTA GTG CTG CTG CTG GTG ACG CGG ASC CGG   220
Pro Phe Ser Phe Leu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Leu Val Thr Arg Xaa Arg
          -15                      -10                      -5

TCA ATG CCT GCC TCC TCA CCG GCA GCC TCT TCG TTC TAC TGC GCG TCT   268
Ser Met Pro Ala Ser Ser Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Phe Tyr Cys Ala Ser
          1                      5                      10                      15

TCA GCT BTG AGC CGG TGC CCT CTT GCA GGG CCC TGC AGG TGC TCA AGC   316
Ser Ala Xaa Ser Arg Cys Pro Leu Ala Gly Pro Cys Arg Cys Ser Ser
          20                      25                      30

CCC GGG ACC GCA TTT CTG   334
Pro Gly Thr Ala Phe Leu
          35

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 202:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 281 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 24..280
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
                                   region 28..284  
                                   id R02745  
                                   est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 3..176
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98

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region 6..179  
id T84331  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 172..280  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 176..284  
id T84331  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 27..280  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..254  
id AA017512  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 27..280  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..254  
id N95074  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 173..280  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 146..253  
id N75564  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 65..151  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 40..126  
id N75564  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 27..66  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 1..40  
id N75564  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 36..119



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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.6  
 seq LLLLVLRLRFLRA/DG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 202:

ATTTCTTCCC CCCGAGCTGG GCGTGC GCGG CCGCA ATG AAC TGG GAG CTG CTG	53
Met Asn Trp Glu Leu Leu	
-25	
CTG TGG CTG CTG GTG CTG TGC GCG CTG CTC CTG CTC TTG GTG CAG CTG	101
Leu Trp Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ala Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Gln Leu	
-20 -15 -10	
CTG CGC TTC CTG AGG GCT GAC GGC GAC CTG ACG CTA CTA TGG GCC GAG	149
Leu Arg Phe Leu Arg Ala Asp Gly Asp Leu Thr Leu Leu Trp Ala Glu	
-5 1 5 10	
TGG CAG GGA CGA CGC CCA GAA TGG GAG CTG ACT GAT ATG GTG GTG TGG	197
Trp Gln Gly Arg Arg Pro Glu Trp Glu Leu Thr Asp Met Val Val Trp	
15 20 25	
GTG ACT GGA GCC TCG AGT GGA ATT GGT GAG GAG CTG GCT TAC CAG TTG	245
Val Thr Gly Ala Ser Ser Gly Ile Gly Glu Glu Leu Ala Tyr Gln Leu	
30 35 40	
TCT AAA CTA GGA GTT TCT CTT GTG CTG TCA GCC AGG	281
Ser Lys Leu Gly Val Ser Leu Val Leu Ser Ala Arg	
45 50	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 203:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 344 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 163..344
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 35..216  
id T86663  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 163..278
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97

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region 43..158  
id AA055880  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 177..236  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.2  
seq AFLLLVALSYTLA/RD

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 203:

AGAAGATAAT CACTTGGGGA AAGGAAGGTT CGTTTCTGAG TTAGCAACAA GTAAATGCAG 60  
CACTAGTGGG TGGGATTGAG GTATGCCCTG GTGCATAAAT AGAGACTCAG CTGTGCTGGC 120  
ACACTCAGAA GCTTGGACCG CATCCTAGCC GCCGACTCAC ACAAGGCAGA GTTGCC ATG 179  
Met  
-20  
GAA AAA ATT CCA GTG TCA GCA TTC TTG CTC CTT GTG GCC CTC TCC TAC 227  
Glu Lys Ile Pro Val Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Ser Tyr  
-15 -10 -5  
ACT CTG GCC AGA GAT ACC ACA GTC AAA CCT GGA GCC AAA AAG GAC ACA 275  
Thr Leu Ala Arg Asp Thr Thr Val Lys Pro Gly Ala Lys Lys Asp Thr  
1 5 10  
AAG GAC TCT CGA CCC AAA CTG CCC CAG ACC CTC TCC AGA GGT TGG GGT 323  
Lys Asp Ser Arg Pro Lys Leu Pro Gln Thr Leu Ser Arg Gly Trp Gly  
15 20 25  
GAC CAA CTC ATC TGG ACA CGG 344  
Asp Gln Leu Ile Trp Thr Arg  
30 35

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 204:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 312 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 171..312  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 33..174  
id T86663

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est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 171..288  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 41..158  
id AA055880  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 127..246  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.2  
seq AFLLLVALSYTLA/RD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 204:

```
AAGATTCACA AGGCCAACAG ACAACCCAAA GTCATTAAGC CATGAGAGTG GAATGAATCT    60
ATGAAACTC AATGAAGACA GAACAAGAGA AAAATCTTTT CAGCCACGAT GAATTAGGRG   120
ACAAG ATG TCA AAT TAC ACT GAT GCT GAG TCA AGC TTC TCA AAG CAA       168
Met Ser Asn Tyr Thr Asp Ala Glu Ser Ser Phe Ser Lys Gln
-40                               -35                               -30

GAG ATA ATC AGA GTT GCC ATG GAG AAA ATT CCA GTG TCA GCA TTC TTG     216
Glu Ile Ile Arg Val Ala Met Glu Lys Ile Pro Val Ser Ala Phe Leu
-25                               -20                               -15

CTC CTT GTG GCC CTC TCC TAC ACT CTG GCC AGA GAT ACC ACA GTC AAA     264
Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ala Arg Asp Thr Thr Val Lys
-10                               -5                               1                               5

CCT GGA GCC AAA AAG GAC ACA AAG GAC TCT CGA CCC AAA CCG CCC CGG     312
Pro Gly Ala Lys Lys Asp Thr Lys Asp Ser Arg Pro Lys Pro Pro Arg
10                               15                               20
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 205:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 326 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 96..165  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 364..433  
id AA100852  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 45..95  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 314..364  
id AA100852  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 14..46  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 282..314  
id AA100852  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 96..202  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 65..171  
id AA113841  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 31..95  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..65  
id AA113841  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 290..324  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 326..360  
id AA133048  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 158..191  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 2..35  
id AA133048  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 169..290  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 1..122  
 id AA159272  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 53..95  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 323..365  
 id AA161042  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 96..138  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 365..407  
 id AA161042  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 14..46  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 282..314  
 id AA161042  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 3..161  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.6  
 seq FILLIFIAEVAA/AV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 205:

AC ATG CAG TTT GNA ACG TGG GCT ACT TCC TCA TCG CAG CCG GCG TTG	47
Met Gln Phe Xaa Thr Trp Ala Thr Ser Ser Ser Gln Pro Ala Leu	
-50 -45 -40	
TGG TCT TTG CTC TTG GTT TCC TGG GCT GCT ATG GTG CTA AGA CTG AGA	95
Trp Ser Leu Leu Leu Val Ser Trp Ala Ala Met Val Leu Arg Leu Arg	
-35 -30 -25	
AGC AAG TGT GCC CTC GTG ACG TTC TTC TTC ATC CTC CTC CTC ATC TTC	143
Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile Phe	
-20 -15 -10	
ATT GCT GAG GTT GCA GCT GCT GTG GTC GCC TTG GTG TAC ANC ACA ATG	191
Ile Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Xaa Thr Met	
-5 1 5 10	
BCT GAG CAC TTC CTG ACG TTG CTG GTA GTG CCT GCC ATC AAG AAA GAT	239

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Xaa	Glu	His	Phe	Leu	Thr	Leu	Leu	Val	Val	Pro	Ala	Ile	Lys	Lys	Asp	
				15					20					25		
TAT	GGT	TCC	CAG	GAA	GAC	TTC	ACT	CAA	GTG	TKG	AAC	ACC	ACC	ATG	AAA	287
Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gln	Glu	Asp	Phe	Thr	Gln	Val	Xaa	Asn	Thr	Thr	Met	Lys	
			30					35					40			
GGG	CTC	AAG	TGC	TGT	GGC	TTC	ACC	AAC	TAT	ACG	GAC	TGG				326
Gly	Leu	Lys	Cys	Cys	Gly	Phe	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Trp				
		45						50				55				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 206:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 335 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 140..276
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 147..283  
id N36076  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 32..140
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 40..148  
id N36076  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 287..333
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 296..342  
id N36076  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..33
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 8..40  
id N36076

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est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 2..333
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 9..340  
id N95074  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 2..333
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 9..340  
id AA017512  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 140..333
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 146..339  
id W04626  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 5..140
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 12..147  
id W04626  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 45..334
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 47..336  
id H27747  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..34
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..34  
id H27747  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 3..86
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.5

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seq LLLL VHLLRFLRA/DG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 206:

AA ATG AAC TGG GAG CTG CTG CTG TGG CTG CTG GTG CTG TGC GCG CTG	47
Met Asn Trp Glu Leu Leu Leu Trp Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ala Leu	
-25 -20 -15	
CTC CTG CTC TTG GTG CAT CTG CTG CGC TTC CTG AGG GCT GAC GGC GAC	95
Leu Leu Leu Leu Val His Leu Leu Arg Phe Leu Arg Ala Asp Gly Asp	
-10 -5 1	
CTG ACG CTA CTA TGG GCC GAG TGG CAG GGA CGA CGC CCA GAA TGG GAG	143
Leu Thr Leu Leu Trp Ala Glu Trp Gln Gly Arg Arg Pro Glu Trp Glu	
5 10 15	
CTG ACT GAT ATG GTG GTG TGG GTG ACT GGA GCC TCG AGT GGA ATT GGT	191
Leu Thr Asp Met Val Val Trp Val Thr Gly Ala Ser Ser Gly Ile Gly	
20 25 30 35	
GAG GAG CTG GCT TAC CAG TTG TCT AAA CTA GGW KTT TCT CTT GTG CTG	239
Glu Glu Leu Ala Tyr Gln Leu Ser Lys Leu Gly Xaa Ser Leu Val Leu	
40 45 50	
TCA GCC AGA AGA GTG CAT GAG CTG GAA AGG GTG AAA AGA AGA TGC CTA	287
Ser Ala Arg Arg Val His Glu Leu Glu Arg Val Lys Arg Arg Cys Leu	
55 60 65	
GAG AAT GGC AAT TTA ARA GAA AAA GAT ATA CTT GTT TTG CCC CTT GGG	335
Glu Asn Gly Asn Leu Xaa Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu Val Leu Pro Leu Gly	
70 75 80	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 207:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 347 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 53..162
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 424..533  
id N80896  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(283..318)



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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 342..377  
id W16873  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 293..347  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..55  
id R02710  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 120..272  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.3  
seq VSCLTLWSPGCWP/QP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 207:

TGCACTATGC TTGTGTGTAT GTGTGTGCCT CTGTCTTGCT CTCTTATCTC CCAGCAGTGA	60
GACATTGGAC GTGTTTGCTC ATGAAGATGC AGTATATGGC TTGTCTGTGA GCCCAGTGA	119
ATG ACA ACA TTT TTG CCA GTT CCT CAG ATG ATG GCC GGG TTC TCA TTT	167
Met Thr Thr Phe Leu Pro Val Pro Gln Met Met Ala Gly Phe Ser Phe	
-50 -45 -40	
GGG ACA TTC GGG AAT CCC CCC ATG GAG AGC CCT TCT GCC TGG CAA ACT	215
Gly Thr Phe Gly Asn Pro Pro Met Glu Ser Pro Ser Ala Trp Gln Thr	
-35 -30 -25 -20	
ATC CAT CAG CCT TTC ATA GTG TCA TGT TTA ACC CTG TGG AGC CCA GGT	263
Ile His Gln Pro Phe Ile Val Ser Cys Leu Thr Leu Trp Ser Pro Gly	
-15 -10 -5	
TGT TGG CCA CAG CCA ATT CAA AGG AAG GAG TGG GAC TCT GGG ACA TTC	311
Cys Trp Pro Gln Pro Ile Gln Arg Lys Glu Trp Asp Ser Gly Thr Phe	
1 5 10	
GAA AAC CTC AGA GTT CTC TCC TGC GCT ATG GTG GAA	347
Glu Asn Leu Arg Val Leu Ser Cys Ala Met Val Glu	
15 20 25	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 208:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 461 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 168..461  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 47..340  
 id N39924  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 169..370  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
 region 178..379  
 id R61601  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 359..431  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 369..441  
 id R61601  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 75..158  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 9.5  
 seq LVXFSLTATILG/AV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 208:

ACCATAGCAA ATTAAATGAC TGCCATAAAG TATATTTTAC TCACAGGACA GATTACAATA	60
GCCTTGATAG AATC ATG GCA TCC AAA GGG ATG CGC CAT TTT TGC TTG ATT	110
Met Ala Ser Lys Gly Met Arg His Phe Cys Leu Ile	
-25 -20	
TCA GAG CAG TTG GTG TYC TTT AGT CTT CTT GCA ACA GCG ATT TTG GGA	158
Ser Glu Gln Leu Val Xaa Phe Ser Leu Leu Ala Thr Ala Ile Leu Gly	
-15 -10 -5	
GCA GTT TCC TGG CAG CCA ACA AAT GGA ATT TTC TTG AGC ATG TTT CTA	206
Ala Val Ser Trp Gln Pro Thr Asn Gly Ile Phe Leu Ser Met Phe Leu	
1 5 10 15	
ATC GTT TTG CCA TTG GAA TCC ATG GCT CAT GGG CTC TTC CAT GAA TTG	254
Ile Val Leu Pro Leu Glu Ser Met Ala His Gly Leu Phe His Glu Leu	
20 25 30	
GST AAC TGT TTA GGA GGA ACA TCT GTT GGA TAT GCT ATT GTG ATT CCC	302
Gly Asn Cys Leu Gly Gly Thr Ser Val Gly Tyr Ala Ile Val Ile Pro	

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35	40	45	
ACC AAC TTC TGC AGT CCT GAT GGT CAG CCA ACA CTG CTT CCC CCA GAA			350
Thr Asn Phe Cys Ser Pro Asp Gly Gln Pro Thr Leu Leu Pro Pro Glu			
50	55	60	
CAT GTA CAG GAG TTA AAT TTG AGG TCT ACT GGC ATG CTC AAT GCT ATC			398
His Val Gln Glu Leu Asn Leu Arg Ser Thr Gly Met Leu Asn Ala Ile			
65	70	75	80
CAA AGA TTT TTT GCA TAT CAT ATG ATT GAG ACC TAT GGA TGT GAC TAT			446
Gln Arg Phe Phe Ala Tyr His Met Ile Glu Thr Tyr Gly Cys Asp Tyr			
85	90	95	
TCC ACA AGT GGA CTG			461
Ser Thr Ser Gly Leu			
100			

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 209:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 296 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(31..239)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 3..211  
id N27605  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(2..111)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..110  
id N78549  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 78..140
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 9.3  
seq VLPVILLLLGAHP/SP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 209:

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```

AAGAGCAGAG CCGGAAGAAG GCGGGACGAA CCGGAAGAGG GTGAAATGCT TTCGGTAGGC      60
ACTCCACGGC TGTGAAG ATG GCG GCG GCT GCG TGG CTT CAG GTG TTG CCT      110
          Met Ala Ala Ala Ala Trp Leu Gln Val Leu Pro
          -20                      -15

GTC ATT CTT CTG CTT CTG GGA GCT CAC CCG TCA CCA CTG TCG TTT TTC      158
Val Ile Leu Leu Leu Leu Gly Ala His Pro Ser Pro Leu Ser Phe Phe
-10                      -5                      1                      5

AGT GCG GGA CCG GCA ACC GTA GCT GCT GCC GAC CGG TCC AAA TGG CAC      206
Ser Ala Gly Pro Ala Thr Val Ala Ala Ala Asp Arg Ser Lys Trp His
          10                      15                      20

RKT CCG ATA CCG TCG GGG AAA AAT TAT TTT AGT TTT GGA AAG ATC CTC      254
Xaa Pro Ile Pro Ser Gly Lys Asn Tyr Phe Ser Phe Gly Lys Ile Leu
          25                      30                      35

TTC AGA AAT ACC ACT ATC TTC CTG AAG TTT GAT GGA GAA CGA      296
Phe Arg Asn Thr Thr Ile Phe Leu Lys Phe Asp Gly Glu Arg
          40                      45                      50
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 210:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 468 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 118..281
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 78..241  
id R57572  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 38..91
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..54  
id R57572  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 90..122
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

ACTTTGTCAT	TCAGCTGCCT	GCTGCCTCCG	CAGCGTCCCC	CCAGCTCTCC	CTGTGCTAAC		60
TGCCTGCACC	TTGGACAGAG	CGGGTGC	GCA AATCAGAAGG	ATTAGTTGGG	ACCTGCCCTT		120
GGCGACCCC	ATG GCA TCC CCC AGA ACC GTA ACT ATT GTG GCC CTC TCA GTG		171				
	Met Ala Ser Pro Arg Thr Val Thr Ile Val Ala Leu Ser Val						
		-105		-100			
GCC CTG GGA CTC TTC TTT GTT TTC ATG GGG ACT ATC AAG CTG ACC CCC			219				
Ala Leu Gly Leu Phe Phe Val Phe Met Gly Thr Ile Lys Leu Thr Pro							
-95		-90		-85		-80	
AGG CTC AGC AAG GAT GCC TAC AGT GAG ATG AAA CGT GCN NAC AAG AGC			267				
Arg Leu Ser Lys Asp Ala Tyr Ser Glu Met Lys Arg Ala Xaa Lys Ser							
	-75			-70		-65	
TAT GTT CGA GCC CTC CCT CTG CTG AAG AAA ATG GGG ATC AAT TCC ATT			315				
Tyr Val Arg Ala Leu Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Met Gly Ile Asn Ser Ile							
	-60			-55		-50	
CTC CTC CGA AAA AGC ATT GGT GCC CTT GAA GTG GCC TGT GGC ATC GTC			363				
Leu Leu Arg Lys Ser Ile Gly Ala Leu Glu Val Ala Cys Gly Ile Val							
	-45			-40		-35	
ATG ACC CTT GTG CCT GGG CGT CCC AAA GAT GTG GCC AAC TTC TTC CTA			411				
Met Thr Leu Val Pro Gly Arg Pro Lys Asp Val Ala Asn Phe Phe Leu							
	-30			-25		-20	

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CTG	TTG	CTG	GTG	TTG	GCT	GTG	CTC	TTC	TTC	CAC	CAG	CTG	GTC	GGT	GAT	459
Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Leu	Ala	Val	Leu	Phe	Phe	His	Gln	Leu	Val	Gly	Asp	
-15					-10					-5					1	
CCT	CTC	AAA														468
Pro	Leu	Lys														

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 211:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 225 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 88..221
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 84..217  
id AA021055  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 5..74
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..70  
id AA021055  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 88..221
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 84..217  
id W98068  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 5..74
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..70  
id W98068  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 88..191  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 11..114  
 id AA059040  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 91..204  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.8  
 seq LLLLCALHSHIYC/IK

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 211:

```

CATAAAATTT GAGGATATCA GCTGATTATT TTTTCTTCM ASAATGAAAA TCAAGCAGAA   60
TTGATTCCTA CACGAAAAAA AAGCACACGA ATG CCA AAC CTT TCC TTT GGT GGA   114
                               Met Pro Asn Leu Ser Phe Gly Gly
                               -35

CTG GAC ACT AAC CAG ATG AGA GTA AAT TTC TTA TCC GTG GAC GTA TGT   162
Leu Asp Thr Asn Gln Met Arg Val Asn Phe Leu Ser Val Asp Val Cys
-30                -25                -20                -15

AAG CTA CTG CTG CTG TGT GCT CTC CAC AGC CAT ATT TAT TGT ATT AAA   210
Lys Leu Leu Leu Leu Cys Ala Leu His Ser His Ile Tyr Cys Ile Lys
                -10                -5                1

CAA TCA GCA CTT CGG                                           225
Gln Ser Ala Leu Arg
5

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 212:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 470 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 134..378  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 115..359  
 id R67703  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 23..135  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
 region 5..117  
 id R67703  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 134..318  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
 region 115..299  
 id H42383  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 20..135  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
 region 2..117  
 id H42383  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 193..383  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 87..277  
 id W90193  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 134..192  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
 region 29..87  
 id W90193  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 417..454  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
 region 314..351  
 id W90193  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 288..470  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 1..183  
 id R53752  
 est



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## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 258..422
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.8  
seq XXLLLLNVGQLLA/QT

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 212:

```

AACCCACGGT GGGGGGAGCG CGGCCATGGC GCTCCTGCTT TCGGTGCTGC GTGTACTGCT    60
GGGCGGCTTC TTCGCGCTCG TGGGGTTGGC CAAGCTCTCG GAGGAGATCT CGGCTCCAGT    120
TTCGGAGCGG RTGRAATGCC CTGTTCGTGC AGTTTGCTGA TGTGTTCCCG CTGAAGGTAT    180
TTGGCTACCA GCCAGATCCC CTGAACTACC AAATAGCTGT GGGCTTTCTG GAACTGCTGG    240
CTGGGTTGCT GCTGGTC ATG GGC CCA CCG ATG CTG CAA GAG ATC AGT AAC        290
          Met Gly Pro Pro Met Leu Gln Glu Ile Ser Asn
          -55                -50                -45

TTG TTC TTG ATT CTG CTC ATG ATG GGG GCT ATC TTC ACC TTG GCA GCT        338
Leu Phe Leu Ile Leu Leu Met Met Gly Ala Ile Phe Thr Leu Ala Ala
          -40                -35                -30

CTG AAA GAG TCA CTA AGC ACC TGT ATC CCA GCC ATT GTC TGC CTG NGG        386
Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Ser Thr Cys Ile Pro Ala Ile Val Cys Leu Xaa
          -25                -20                -15

TDN CTG CTG CTG CTG AAT GTC GGC CAG CTC TTA GCC CAG ACT AAG AAG        434
Xaa Leu Leu Leu Leu Asn Val Gly Gln Leu Leu Ala Gln Thr Lys Lys
          -10                -5                1

GTG GTC AGA CCC ACT AGG AAG AAG ACT CTA AGT ACA                        470
Val Val Arg Pro Thr Arg Lys Lys Thr Leu Ser Thr
  5                10                15

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 213:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 354 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 4..55
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 19..70

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PCT/IB98/01232

id T18977  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 141..195  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 157..211  
id T18977  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 92..137  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 109..154  
id T18977  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 245..355  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 1..111  
id HSC12A111  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 321..355  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 1..35  
id W73324  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 133..345  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.6  
seq VVXFLLLLLAXLIA/TY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 213:

AAGCAGCTTC CAGGATCCTG AGATCCGGAG CAGCCGGGGT CGGAGCGGCT CCTCAAGAGT	60
TACTGATCTA TNNATGGCAG AGAAAAAATA ATTGTGACCA GAGACGTGTA GCAATGAACA	120
AGGAACRTCA TA ATG RWN NNK TTC ACA GAC CCC TCT TCA GTG AAT GAA AAG	171
Met Xaa Xaa Phe Thr Asp Pro Ser Ser Val Asn Glu Lys	
-70 -65 -60	
AAG AGG AGG GAG CGG GAA GAA AGG CAG AAT ATT GTC CTG TGG AGA CAG	219
Lys Arg Arg Glu Arg Glu Glu Arg Gln Asn Ile Val Leu Trp Arg Gln	
-55 -50 -45	

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189

PCT/IB98/01232

CCG CTC ATT ACC TTG CAG TAT TTT TCT CTG GAA ATC CTT GTA ATC TTG	267
Pro Leu Ile Thr Leu Gln Tyr Phe Ser Leu Glu Ile Leu Val Ile Leu	
-40 -35 -30	
AAG GAA TGG ACC TCA AAA TTA TGG CAT CGT CAM MGC ATT GTG GTG WCT	315
Lys Glu Trp Thr Ser Lys Leu Trp His Arg Xaa Xaa Ile Val Val Xaa	
-25 -20 -15	
TTT TTA CTG CTG CTT GCT DGG CTT ATA GCT ACG TAT TAT	354
Phe Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Xaa Leu Ile Ala Thr Tyr Tyr	
-10 -5 1	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 214:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 311 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 189..311
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 75..197  
id AA021160  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 249..293
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.6  
seq LLRGLLWXQVLCA/GP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 214:

ACCTTTCTGG GTTGAGCATG GCTGAAGTGA CTCAGCCCAT GGGAGGTTTC CTAGGAGNAA	60
CAGGCTCCAC TTGCTGCCTC TCTGCGTGAA CTCCGTGTGC CGGCAACCTG GCGACCAGAC	120
TCCTGCCTTC GGAGGGGCTG GGGCTCCAGG ACCTGAGTGC CCCCCRNKGT TGGAAGGCGG	180
TGTCATATGT GCACAGAAGC CAAAAGCAT TGCTGGTATT TCGAAGGACT CTATCCAACC	240
YHTTATAT ATG CCG CTC CTA CGA GGA CTG CTG TGG STC CAG GTG CTG TGT	290
Met Pro Leu Leu Arg Gly Leu Leu Trp Xaa Gln Val Leu Cys	
-15 -10 -5	
GCG GGC CCT CTC CAT ACA GAG	311
Ala Gly Pro Leu His Thr Glu	

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PCT/IB98/01232

1

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 215:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 353 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 121..355
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 31..265  
id T78247  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 121..355
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 6..240  
id W17118  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 121..355
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 11..245  
id N88433  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 121..336
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 32..247  
id R35014  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 121..329
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 9..217  
id AA074562

WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 159..218
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.4  
seq AVVGCLLVPPAEA/NK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 215:

```

AAGAGGCGGA GATGGCGGAG GGCGGTGGGA CGTGATGCGC GGGTCAGAGC CGGGCCTTGA    60
GAAGGAACTG GAGGCCCTTG GCAGCGGTGT CCCCTCGAGG ACCCTCTGCG CGGGCTCACC    120
AGGTGTCCGG CTTTGCTGGC CCAGCAAGCC TGATAAGC ATG AAG CTC TTA TCT TTG    176
                               Met Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu
                               -20                               -15

GTG GCT GTG GTC GGG TGT TTG CTG GTG CCC CCA GCT GAA GCC AAC AAG    224
Val Ala Val Val Gly Cys Leu Leu Val Pro Pro Ala Glu Ala Asn Lys
                               -10                               -5                               1

AGT TCT GAA GAT ATC CRG TGC AAA TGC ATC TGT CCA CCT TAT AGA AAC    272
Ser Ser Glu Asp Ile Xaa Cys Lys Cys Ile Cys Pro Pro Tyr Arg Asn
                               5                               10                               15

ATC AGT GGG CAC ATT TAC AAC CAG AAT GTA TCC CAG AAG GAC TGC AAC    320
Ile Ser Gly His Ile Tyr Asn Gln Asn Val Ser Gln Lys Asp Cys Asn
                               20                               25                               30

TGC CTG CAC GTG GTG GAG CCC ATG CCA GTG CCG    353
Cys Leu His Val Val Glu Pro Met Pro Val Pro
                               35                               40                               45
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 216:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 320 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 2..319
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 15..332  
id HUM085F04B  
est

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192

PCT/IB98/01232

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 139..249  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 187..297  
id H85714  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 249..319  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 298..368  
id H85714  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 86..148  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 133..195  
id H85714  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 135..319  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 80..264  
id R77008  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 86..319  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 94..327  
id H49758  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 135..319  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 53..237  
id AA056366  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 114..185  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.9  
seq LLLPRVLLTMASG/SP

WO 99/06550

193

PCT/IB98/01232

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 216:

```

AATTGGCTGG CTCTGGAGGC GCAGGTGGTC CTTCTTCTAC TGTCACATGG TGCGCGCTGT    60
TTTCTAATCA CGKGGCTGCC ACCCAGGCCT CTCTGCTCCT GTCKTKTGTT TGG ATG      116
                                     Met
CCG GCG CTG CTG CCT GTG GCC TCC CGC CTT TTG TTG CTA CCC CGA GTC      164
Pro Ala Leu Leu Pro Val Ala Ser Arg Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Arg Val
          -20                      -15                      -10
TTG CTG ACC ATG GCC TCT GGA AGC CCT CCG ACC CAG CCC TCG CCG GCC      212
Leu Leu Thr Met Ala Ser Gly Ser Pro Pro Thr Gln Pro Ser Pro Ala
          -5                      1                      5
TCG GAT TCC GGC TCT GGC TAC GTT CCG GGC TCG GTC TCT GCA GCC TTT      260
Ser Asp Ser Gly Ser Gly Tyr Val Pro Gly Ser Val Ser Ala Ala Phe
  10                      15                      20                      25
GTT ACT TGC CCC AAC GAG AAG GTC GCC AAG GAG ATC GCC AGG GCC GTK      308
Val Thr Cys Pro Asn Glu Lys Val Ala Lys Glu Ile Ala Arg Ala Val
          30                      35                      40
GGG GAG AAG CGG                                          320
Gly Glu Lys Arg
          45

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 217:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 384 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 121..381
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 73..333  
id H95186  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 72..133
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 25..86  
id H95186  
est

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194

PCT/IB98/01232

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 28..351
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.9  
seq LLGLLSAEQLAEA/SV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 217:

```

ACGGGTGCCG GGTGGAGCGA ASACGGA ATG TGT CTC CTG CTG GGG GCC ACG GGC      54
                               Met Cys Leu Leu Leu Gly Ala Thr Gly
                               -105                               -100

GTC GGG AAG ACG CTG CTG GTG AAA CGG CTG CAG GAG GTG AGC TCC CGG      102
Val Gly Lys Thr Leu Leu Val Lys Arg Leu Gln Glu Val Ser Ser Arg
                               -95                               -90                               -85

GAT GGG AAA GGC GAC CTG GGG GAG CCG CCC CCG ACA CGG CCC ACG GTG      150
Asp Gly Lys Gly Asp Leu Gly Glu Pro Pro Pro Thr Arg Pro Thr Val
                               -80                               -75                               -70

GGC ACC AAT CTT ACT GAC ATC GTG GCA CAG AGA AAG ATC ACC ATC CGG      198
Gly Thr Asn Leu Thr Asp Ile Val Ala Gln Arg Lys Ile Thr Ile Arg
                               -65                               -60                               -55

GAG CTT GGG GGG TGC ATG GGC CCC ATC TGG TCC AGT TAC TAT GGA AAC      246
Glu Leu Gly Gly Cys Met Gly Pro Ile Trp Ser Ser Tyr Tyr Gly Asn
                               -50                               -45                               -40

TGC CGT TCT CTC CTG TTT GTG ATG GAC GCC TCT GAC CCC ACC CAG CTC      294
Cys Arg Ser Leu Leu Phe Val Met Asp Ala Ser Asp Pro Thr Gln Leu
-35                               -30                               -25                               -20

TCT GCA TTM SGT GTG CAG CTC TTA GGT CTC CTT TCT GCA GAA CAA CTT      342
Ser Ala Xaa Xaa Val Gln Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Ala Glu Gln Leu
                               -15                               -10                               -5

GCA GAA GCA TCG GTG CTG ATA CTC TTC AAT AAA ATC GAC AAC      384
Ala Glu Ala Ser Val Leu Ile Leu Phe Asn Lys Ile Asp Asn
-                               1                               5                               10

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 218:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 236 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other



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195

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(B) LOCATION: 94..197  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 92..195  
 id T93931  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 2..45  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 1..44  
 id T93931  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 53..97  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
 region 52..96  
 id T93931  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 190..234  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
 region 187..231  
 id T93931  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 138..196  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 241..299  
 id N25481  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 190..234  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
 region 292..336  
 id N25481  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 94..211  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
 region 65..182  
 id W19370  
 est

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196

PCT/IB98/01232

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 94..196  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 56..158  
id N35539  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 190..234  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 151..195  
id N35539  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 56..97  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 19..60  
id N35539  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 94..193  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 96..195  
id W87436  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 2..49  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 7..54  
id W87436  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 75..197  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.7  
seq LLCLGQLHHPGLG/RV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 218:

AAAGTTTGTT CCCCAGATTC GGAGCCTAGG AGCCCCCGC GGCTGCGGCG CAGGTGCCCT	60
CGGCCTTAGT CGGG ATG GAG CTG CCT GCK GTG AAC CTT GAA AGT GAT TCT	110
Met Glu Leu Pro Ala Val Asn Leu Glu Ser Asp Ser	
-40 -35 -30	

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CCT AGG TCA CTG GCT GCT GAC AAC CTG GGG CTG CAT TGT ATT CTC AGG	158
Pro Arg Ser Leu Ala Ala Asp Asn Leu Gly Leu His Cys Ile Leu Arg	
-25 -20 -15	
CTC CTA TGC CTG GGC CAA CTT CAC CAT CCT GGC CTT GGG CGT GTG GGC	206
Leu Leu Cys Leu Gly Gln Leu His His Pro Gly Leu Gly Arg Val Gly	
-10 -5 1	
TGT GGC TCA GCG GGA CTC CAT CGA CGC CGG	236
Cys Gly Ser Ala Gly Leu His Arg Arg Arg	
5 10	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 219:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 329 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 145..240
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 99..194  
id N28787  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 45..139
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..95  
id N28787  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 253..326
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 207..280  
id N28787  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 145..239
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 114..208

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198

PCT/IB98/01232

id AA102327  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 59..139  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 30..110  
id AA102327  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 31..63  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..33  
id AA102327  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 277..311  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 250..284  
id AA102327  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 145..240  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 101..196  
id AA019783  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 253..326  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 209..282  
id AA019783  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 79..139  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 37..97  
id AA019783  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 145..240  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 115..210  
id AA059290  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 41..139  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 13..111  
id AA059290  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 253..319  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 223..289  
id AA059290  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 145..240  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 102..197  
id H86516  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 253..326  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 210..283  
id H86516  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 75..139  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 34..98  
id H86516  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 171..323  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
seq PALILLFALGSLG/SG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 219:

AGCTCTTCCT CGCGGAAGTG GGGAGGAGGC GGTTCGGTT AGTGGACCGG GACCGGTAGG 60

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```

GGTGCTGTTG CCATCATGGC TGACCCCGAC CCCCAGTACC CTCGCTCCTC GATCGAGGAC 120
GACTTCAACT ATGGCAGCAA GCGTKGGCYT CSGCCACCGT GCACATCCGA ATG GCC 176
                                         Met Ala
                                         -50

TTT CTG AGA AAA GTC TAC AGC ATT CTT TCT CTG CAG GTT CTC TTA ACT 224
Phe Leu Arg Lys Val Tyr Ser Ile Leu Ser Leu Gln Val Leu Leu Thr
                     -45                     -40                     -35

ACA GTG ACT TCA ACA GTT TTT TTA TAC TTT GAG TCT GTA CGG ACA TTT 272
Thr Val Thr Ser Thr Val Phe Leu Tyr Phe Glu Ser Val Arg Thr Phe
                     -30                     -25                     -20

GTA CAT GAG AGT CCT GCC TTA ATT TTG CTG TTT GCC CTC GGA TCT CTG 320
Val His Glu Ser Pro Ala Leu Ile Leu Leu Phe Ala Leu Gly Ser Leu
                     -15                     -10                     -5

GGT TCG GGG 329
Gly Ser Gly
1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 220:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 207 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 23..202
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..180  
id W88492  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 25..111
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
seq PTLAIALAANAWA/FV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 220:

```

ACCATATGGG TGGTGTGGAT CGTC ATG TAT ACT TAC GGC AAC AAG CAG CAC 51
Met Tyr Thr Tyr Gly Asn Lys Gln His
                     -25
    
```

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```

AAC AGT CCC ACC TGG GAT GAC CCC ACG CTG GCC ATC GCC CTC GCC GCC      99
Asn Ser Pro Thr Trp Asp Asp Pro Thr Leu Ala Ile Ala Leu Ala Ala
-20                               -15                -10                -5

AAT GCC TGG GCC TTC GTC CTC TTC TAC GTC ATC CCC GAG GTC TCC CAG      147
Asn Ala Trp Ala Phe Val Leu Phe Tyr Val Ile Pro Glu Val Ser Gln
                               1                     5                     10

GTG ACC AAG TCC AGC CCA GAG CAA AGC TAC CAG GGG GAC ATG TAC CCC      195
Val Thr Lys Ser Ser Pro Glu Gln Ser Tyr Gln Gly Asp Met Tyr Pro
                               15                20                25

ACC CGG GAC TTG                                                    207
Thr Arg Asp Leu
                               30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 221:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 195 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(136..167)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 239..270  
id H62766  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 70..165
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
seq WILVLALPLTVWP/WL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 221:

```

ACTTTCAGTT TCCTTCTTCC AGCACGGAGT ACACTGCTCT GCCTCCACTT AGATTACTTC      60

AGAAATGAA ATG CAG CAA ATA TTT ATC CAG CAG TGC AGG GAG TTG AAC TTT      111
Met Gln Gln Ile Phe Ile Gln Gln Cys Arg Glu Leu Asn Phe
-30                -25                -20

TGG AGT CGG GAA CCT TGG ATT CTT GTT CTG GCT CTG CCA CTT ACT GTG      159
Trp Ser Arg Glu Pro Trp Ile Leu Val Leu Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Val
-15                -10                -5
    
```

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TGG CCT TGG CTC TCC CCG GAG GCT CAG CCC CCT CTG 195  
Trp Pro Trp Leu Ser Pro Glu Ala Gln Pro Pro Leu  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 222:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 373 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 308..370
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 404..466  
id AA158879  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 110..154
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.5  
seq AVLLALLMAGLAL/QP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 222:

AACTGGCTCC AGGAAACCCG CTGGTGTGA CTGTGGGCAG TCCAGCCTCT CCCCATTTGA 60  
GGCCATATAA ANNACCTGAG GCCCTCTCCA CCACAGCCCA CCAGTGACC ATG AAG GCT 118  
Met Lys Ala  
-15  
GTG CTG CTT GCC CTG TTG ATG GCA GGC TTG GCC CTG CAG CCA GGC ACT 166  
Val Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Met Ala Gly Leu Ala Leu Gln Pro Gly Thr  
-10 -5 1  
GCC CTG CTG TGC TAC TCC TGG ARR GCC CAG GTG RGC AAC GAG GAC TGC 214  
Ala Leu Leu Cys Tyr Ser Trp Xaa Ala Gln Val Xaa Asn Glu Asp Cys  
5 10 15 20  
CTG CAG GTG GAG AAC TGC ACC CAG CTG GGG GAG CAG TGC TGG ACC GCG 262  
Leu Gln Val Glu Asn Cys Thr Gln Leu Gly Glu Gln Cys Trp Thr Ala  
25 30 35  
CGC ATC CGC GCA GTT GGC CTC CTG ACC GTC ATC AGC AAA GGC TGC AGC 310  
Arg Ile Arg Ala Val Gly Leu Leu Thr Val Ile Ser Lys Gly Cys Ser  
40 45 50



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TTG AAC TGC GTG GAT SAC TCA CAG GAC TAC TAC GTG GGC AAG AAG AAC	358
Leu Asn Cys Val Asp Xaa Ser Gln Asp Tyr Tyr Val Gly Lys Lys Asn	
55 60 65	
ATC ACG TGC TGT GAC	373
Ile Thr Cys Cys Asp	
70	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 223:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 249 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..247
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..247  
id AA166578  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 4..51
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.1  
seq QACLLGLFALILS/GK

-(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 223:

AGA ATG GGA CTC CAA GCC TGC CTC CTA GGG CTC TTT GCC CTC ATC CTC	48
Met Gly Leu Gln Ala Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Phe Ala Leu Ile Leu	
-15 -10 -5	
TCT GGC AAA TGC AGT TAC AGC CCG GAG CCC GAC CAG CGG AGG ACG CTG	96
Ser Gly Lys Cys Ser Tyr Ser Pro Glu Pro Asp Gln Arg Arg Thr Leu	
1 5 10 15	
CCC CCA GGC TGG GTG TCC CTG GGC CGT GCG GAC CCT GAG GAA GAG CTG	144
Pro Pro Gly Trp Val Ser Leu Gly Arg Ala Asp Pro Glu Glu Glu Leu	
20 25 30	
AGT CTC ACC TTT GCC CTG AGA CAG CAG AAT GTG GAA AGA CTC TCG GAG	192
Ser Leu Thr Phe Ala Leu Arg Gln Gln Asn Val Glu Arg Leu Ser Glu	
35 40 45	
CTG GTG CAG GCT GTG TCG GAT CCC AGC TCT CCT CAA TAC GGA AAA TAC	240

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Leu Val Gln Ala Val Ser Asp Pro Ser Ser Pro Gln Tyr Gly Lys Tyr  
50 55 60

CTG ACC CGT  
Leu Thr Arg  
65

249

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 224:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 382 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(141..361)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 146..366  
id H19708  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 143..264
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 143..264  
id H20045  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..74
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 4..77  
id H20045  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 143..382
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 8..247  
id C15772  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 157..341  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..185  
id H67240  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 340..382  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 185..227  
id H67240  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 172..382  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..211  
id HUM408E11B  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 2..88  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq LGSGLGLSPGTSS/GR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 224:

G ATG AGG CCG GGG CAG GTC TCC CTC CTG GGT CCT GAT GCT GTT TCT GTG	49
Met Arg Pro Gly Gln Val Ser Leu Leu Gly Pro Asp Ala Val Ser Val	
-25 -20 -15	
CTC GGC TCT GGC TTG GGC CTC AGC CCT GGC ACC AGC TCT GGC CGC AAC	97
Leu Gly Ser Gly Leu Gly Leu Ser Pro Gly Thr Ser Ser Gly Arg Asn	
-10 -5 1	
CCT GAC CCT GGC TCT GGG CCG GGC ACT CTG CCG GRT YCC AGC DTC CAA	145
Pro Asp Pro Gly Ser Gly Pro Gly Thr Leu Pro Xaa Xaa Ser Xaa Gln	
5 10 15	
AAC CCC TCC CCG GCT CCA GAT CCA CCC CCA GCC CTA CTC CTG TGG AAT	193
Asn Pro Ser Pro Ala Pro Asp Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Leu Leu Trp Asn	
20 25 30 35	
CTT CTG ACC CAA AGG CTG GGC ACG ACG CTG GTC CCG ACC TTG TGC CCA	241
Leu Leu Thr Gln Arg Leu Gly Thr Thr Leu Val Pro Thr Leu Cys Pro	
40 45 50	
GCC CAG ACC TTG ATC CTG TGC CCA GCC CAG ACC CTG ATC CTG TGC CCA	289
Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Leu Cys Pro Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Leu Cys Pro	
55 60 65	
RCC CTG ATC CCA ACC CTG TGT CCT GCC CTG AMC CCT GTT CTC CCA STC	337
Xaa Leu Ile Pro Thr Leu Cys Pro Ala Leu Xaa Pro Val Leu Pro Xaa	

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	70		75		80		
GTG GCA CTG TCA GCC CAG CCC TCC CTA CCG GCG AGA GTC CAG AGT							382
Val Ala Leu Ser Ala Gln Pro Ser Leu Pro Ala Arg Val Gln Ser							
	85		90		95		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 225:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 138 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(2..139)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 135..272  
id HSB82C022  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 10..108
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.8  
seq FTSASLLLPSTG/MP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 225:

ATTATTTAT ATG ATT AAC CCC TCA GTC CCT AGC AAG TCA AAT TCC CAT CCG	51
Met Ile Asn Pro Ser Val Pro Ser Lys Ser Asn Ser His Pro	
-30 -25 -20	
TTT TTA TCT ACA GTA ATG TTC ACC TCT GCA TCA CTG CTG CTT CCC ATG	99
Phe Leu Ser Thr Val Met Phe Thr Ser Ala Ser Leu Leu Leu Pro Met	
-15 -10 -5	
TCT ACA GGC ATG CCA ACT CAA AAC TGT TTT ACC CCA AAG	138
Ser Thr Gly Met Pro Thr Gln Asn Cys Phe Thr Pro Lys	
1 5 10	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 226:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 406 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

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(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 138..186

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 14..62  
id AA111755  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 83..286

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq IACLAWWIGGGSG/XN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 226:

```

AAAGACTTTG CGAASGCTGC GCTCGCGCCC GGATCCCTCA GGCGGCTGCA GGCTTCAGCC      60
TGC GCTGGTT GGTGAAACAG AG ATG TCA GAA AAG GAG AVC AAC TTC CCG CCA      112
      Met Ser Glu Lys Glu Xaa Asn Phe Pro Pro
      -65                               -60

CTG CCC AAG TTC ATC CCT GTG AAG CCC TGC TTC TAC CAG AAC TTC TCC      160
Leu Pro Lys Phe Ile Pro Val Lys Pro Cys Phe Tyr Gln Asn Phe Ser
      -55                               -50                               -45

GAC GAG ATC CCA GTG GAG CAC CAG GTC CTG GTG AAG AGG ATC TAC CGG      208
Asp Glu Ile Pro Val Glu His Gln Val Leu Val Lys Arg Ile Tyr Arg
      -40                               -35                               -30

CTG TGG ATG TTT TAC TGC GCC ACC CTC GGC GTC AAC CTC ATT GCC TGC      256
Leu Trp Met Phe Tyr Cys Ala Thr Leu Gly Val Asn Leu Ile Ala Cys
      -25                               -20                               -15

CTG GCC TGG TGG ATC GGC GGA GGC TCG GGG NNB AAC TTC GGC CTG GCC      304
Leu Ala Trp Trp Ile Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Xaa Asn Phe Gly Leu Ala
      -10                               -5                               1                               5

TTC GTG TGG CTG CTC CTG TTC ACG CCT TGC GGC TAC GTG TGC TGG TTC      352
Phe Val Trp Leu Leu Leu Phe Thr Pro Cys Gly Tyr Val Cys Trp Phe
      10                               15                               20

CGG CCT GTC TAC AAG GCC TTC CGA GCC GAC AGC TCC TTT AAT TTC ATG      400
Arg Pro Val Tyr Lys Ala Phe Arg Ala Asp Ser Ser Phe Asn Phe Met
      25                               30                               35

GCG CTG      406
Ala Leu
      40

```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 227:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 347 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(68..131)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 392..455  
id W22335  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 288..347
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 9..68  
id H70453  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 159..227
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq ILRLYFFLQLAHS/GY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 227:

```

ACGAAATGGT ATTGACATCT TGTTGGAAC ACCTGGTCGT ATCAAAGACC ATCTGCAGAG    60
TGGCCGATTG GATCTTTCTA AACTGCGACA TGTTGTGCTT GATGAAGTGG ATCAGATGTT    120
AGATTTAGGT TTCGCTGAAC AAGTTGAAGA TATTATTC ATG AAT CCT ACA AAA CTG    176
                               Met Asn Pro Thr Lys Leu
                               -20

ATT CTG AAG ACA ATC CTC AGA CTT TAC TTT TTT CTG CAA CTT GCC CAC    224
Ile Leu Lys Thr Ile Leu Arg Leu Tyr Phe Phe Leu Gln Leu Ala His
   -15                -10                -5

AGT GGG TAT ACA AAG TTG CAA AAA AAA TAC ATG AAA TCC AGA TAT GAA    272
Ser Gly Tyr Thr Lys Leu Gln Lys Lys Tyr Met Lys Ser Arg Tyr Glu
    1                5                10                15

CAG GTT GAC CTT GTT GGR AAA ATG WCT CAA AAG GCT GCA ACT ACT GTG    320

```

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Gln Val Asp Leu Val Gly Lys Met Xaa Gln Lys Ala Ala Thr Thr Val  
20 25 30

GRA CAT TTG GCC ATC CAG TGT CAT TGG 347  
Xaa His Leu Ala Ile Gln Cys His Trp  
35 40

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 228:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 406 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 12..70
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..59  
id AA013305  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 197..250
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 189..242  
id AA013305  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 250..297
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 243..290  
id AA013305  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 136..199
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 236..299  
id R48472  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 37..101  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 135..199  
id R48472  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 38..106  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq SXXCFVSVPPASA/IP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 228:

AACCCGGGAC CGAGCTGGGG TCTTGGAGGA AGAGAGG ATG GCG TCG TCG AGC CCT	55
Met Ala Ser Ser Ser Pro	
-20	
GAC TCC CCA TGT TCC TGS NAC TGC TTT GTC TCC GTG CCC CCG GCC TCA	103
Asp Ser Pro Cys Ser Xaa Xaa Cys Phe Val Ser Val Pro Pro Ala Ser	
-15 -10 -5	
GCC ATC CCG GST GTG AKC TTK GCC NNH AAC TCG GAC SGA CCC CGG GAC	151
Ala Ile Pro Xaa Val Xaa Xaa Ala Xaa Asn Ser Asp Xaa Pro Arg Asp	
1 5 10 15	
GAG GTG CAG GAG GTG GTG TTT GTC CCC GCA GGC ACT CAC ACT CCT GGG	199
Glu Val Gln Glu Val Val Phe Val Pro Ala Gly Thr His Thr Pro Gly	
20 25 30	
AGC CGG CTC CAG TGC ACC TAC ATT GAA GTG GAA CAG GTG TCG AAG ACG	247
Ser Arg Leu Gln Cys Thr Tyr Ile Glu Val Glu Gln Val Ser Lys Thr	
35 40 45	
CAC GCT GTG ATT CTG AGC CGT CCT TCT TGG CTA TGG GGG GCT GAG ATG	295
His Ala Val Ile Leu Ser Arg Pro Ser Trp Leu Trp Gly Ala Glu Met	
50 55 60	
GGC GMV ECG AGC ATG GTG TCT GCA TTG GCA ACG AGG CTG TGT GGA CGA	343
Gly Xaa Thr Ser Met Val Ser Ala Leu Ala Thr Arg Leu Cys Gly Arg	
65 70 75	
AGG AGC CAG TTG GGG AGG GCN GKN GCC CTS CTG GGC ATG GAC CTA CTC	391
Arg Ser Gln Leu Gly Arg Ala Xaa Ala Leu Leu Gly Met Asp Leu Leu	
80 85 90 95	
AGG TGC AGA CCC TGC	406
Arg Cys Arg Pro Cys	
100	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 229:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 308 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE



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```

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
    (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
    (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:
    (A) NAME/KEY: other
    (B) LOCATION: 128..197
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97
                           region 158..227
                           id AA249540
                           est

(ix) FEATURE:
    (A) NAME/KEY: other
    (B) LOCATION: 241..309
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92
                           region 267..335
                           id AA249540
                           est

(ix) FEATURE:
    (A) NAME/KEY: other
    (B) LOCATION: 164..240
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97
                           region 58..134
                           id N46699
                           est

(ix) FEATURE:
    (A) NAME/KEY: other
    (B) LOCATION: 128..161
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100
                           region 23..56
                           id N46699
                           est

(ix) FEATURE:
    (A) NAME/KEY: other
    (B) LOCATION: complement(224..309)
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96
                           region 104..189
                           id W39777
                           est

(ix) FEATURE:
    (A) NAME/KEY: other
    (B) LOCATION: 233..309
    (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96
                           region 13..89
                           id AA036848
                           est
    
```

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 233..309  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 13..89  
id AA133513  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 171..287  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq XLIAXLEPPGAMA/VR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 229:

CATTATTCCT TTTCCATCGG AAGTGGCGCT CGTGCATTCA ACTTGTTCCC GTCATGGAA	60
CCCCCTCTTTA AAAAGACGCA GGGCACCTGT GAGCGCAGGA GCGAGCCTAA GGCCACCCAG	120
CGGCAGCGCC CGTGTCTTGG GCACTCAGCG TGCTGGGCAG AGCAGGTGCG ATG GSC	176
	Met Xaa
CCA GTC CTA GCA GCC CTC GCC CAT GTC CTG TGC CCT TAC ATG GCT CCC	224
Pro Val Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala His Val Leu Cys Pro Tyr Met Ala Pro	
-35 -30 -25	
GGA CTG TGC AGG GAG CCG ATA CGT TTK CTG ATA GCA VTA CTG GAA CCA	272
Gly Leu Cys Arg Glu Pro Ile Arg Xaa Leu Ile Ala Xaa Leu Glu Pro	
-20 -15 -10	
CCG GGT GCG ATG GCA GTC AGG AGA CTG CCC AGT GCC	308
Pro Gly Ala Met Ala Val Arg Arg Leu Pro Ser Ala	
-5 1 5	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 230:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 327 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 19..327  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..309

WO 99/06550

213

PCT/IB98/01232

id C16848  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 75..104  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 303..332  
id R40385  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 73..207  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq PMLGLAAFRWIWS/RE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 230:

```

AAAAGCGGAC CCGCGGACGG TGGCGTTAAG GGAACGCTGA GGTCCCGCGC TCCCCGACCG      60
AGGTATATCT CC ATG AAT AAC CTA AAT GAT CCC CCA AAT TGG AAT ATC CGG      111
      Met Asn Asn Leu Asn Asp Pro Pro Asn Trp Asn Ile Arg
      -45                -40                -35

CCT AAT TCC AGG GCG GAT GGT GGT GAT GGA AGC AGG TGG AAT TAT GCC      159
Pro Asn Ser Arg Ala Asp Gly Gly Asp Gly Ser Arg Trp Asn Tyr Ala
      -30                -25                -20

CTG TTG GTT CCA ATG CTG GGA TTG GCT GCT TTT CGT TGG ATT TGG TCT      207
Leu Leu Val Pro Met Leu Gly Leu Ala Ala Phe Arg Trp Ile Trp Ser
      -15                -10                -5

AGG GAG TCC CAG AAA GAA GTA GAA AAA GAG AGA GAA GCC TAC CGT CGG      255
Arg Glu Ser Gln Lys Glu Val Glu Lys Glu Arg Glu Ala Tyr Arg Arg
      1                5                10                15

AGA ACT GCT GCT TTT CAA CAG GAT CTG GAA GCC AAG TAC CAC GCC ATG      303
Arg Thr Ala Ala Phe Gln Gln Asp Leu Glu Ala Lys Tyr His Ala Met
      20                25                30

ATC TCA GAM AAT CGG CGT GCT GTC      327
Ile Ser Xaa Asn Arg Arg Ala Val
      35                40
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 231:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 381 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

WO 99/06550

214

PCT/IB98/01232

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(3..297)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..295  
id W57719  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(37..300)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 10..273  
id H04979  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(7..41)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 270..304  
id H04979  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(37..295)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 7..265  
id H10390  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(2..41)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 262..301  
id H10390  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(142..295)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..154  
id W42765  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(2..141)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

WO 99/06550

215

PCT/IB98/01232

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 156..295  
id W42765  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(55..238)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 71..254  
id R39116  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(255..297)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 10..52  
id R39116  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 295..351  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.6  
seq AALCSLFFFLSLQ/EI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 231:

```

ACGTTAGGGG GCCAGGGAGA TGTGACTGAG GCTGGCTTTC CACGTGAATG AGACGGGGTC   60
GGTGGAGGGT TTGGTGCTAC AGCCAGTCAG AAGATTTGCA AATGCGAACA CATTCTGTG   120
TGAGGCACGT TACCCTTTGT CAGTTATTGT GAATATGTGT ATTTTAAGCA ATAAGATTCA   180
GCTGGTCAGA CTTTCTGTTG CAGTCTCAGT GACGCATTTT CTGTGCTGTG ATTGTTCTGA   240
AGACAGAGTG GCTCTAACCA CTGTGAGAAG CCCAAATAAA AATTGATCCC AAAA ATG     297
                                     Met
CTA CTG CTC TTT CTT GCT GCA CTT TGT TCC CTC TTC TTC TTC CTC AGT     345
Leu Leu Leu Phe Leu Ala Ala Leu Cys Ser Leu Phe Phe Phe Leu Ser
      -15                      -10                      -5

CTT CAG GAA ATT GCA CCT CAA GAT CCC AAA CCA GGG                       381
Leu Gln Glu Ile Ala Pro Gln Asp Pro Lys Pro Gly
      1                      5                      10
    
```

{2} INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 232:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 178 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

WO 99/06550

216

PCT/IB98/01232

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 17..175
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 1..159  
id W51023  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 42..173
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..132  
id T61976  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 2..142
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.5  
seq IIVCLFAFLVAHC/FL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 232:

```

T ATG TTA TTC CTT GGC AAG GTG CTG ATA GTC TGC AGC ACA GGT TTA GCT   49
  Met Leu Phe Leu Gly Lys Val Leu Ile Val Cys Ser Thr Gly Leu Ala
    -45                      -40                      -35

GGS ATT ATG CTG CTC AAC TAC CAG CAG GAC TAC ACA GTA TGG GTG CTG   97
  Gly Ile Met Leu Leu Asn Tyr Gln Gln Asp Tyr Thr Val Trp Val Leu
    -30                      -25                      -20

CCT CTG ATC ATC GTC TGC CTC TTT GCT TTC CTA GTC GCT CAT TGC TTC  145
  Pro Leu Ile Ile Val Cys Leu Phe Ala Phe Leu Val Ala His Cys Phe
    -15                      -10                      -5                      1

CTG TCT ATT TAT GAA ATG GTA GTK GAT GCG AGG                      178
  Leu Ser Ile Tyr Glu Met Val Val Asp Ala Arg
        5                      10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 233:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 319 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

WO 99/06550

217

PCT/IB98/01232

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(2..321)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 59..378  
id AA045815  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 95..244
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..150  
id R18658  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 240..321
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 147..228  
id R18658  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 95..321
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..227  
id R14615  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(2..200)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 3..201  
id N95174  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(36..197)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 8..169  
id N93742  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

WO 99/06550

218

PCT/IB98/01232

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(2..44)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 166..208  
id N93742  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 191..304  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq LLLLVHSFWFTVC/TP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 233:

```
AAGACTCATA GAGATTAAAT GATCACTATG GTCCTTCTTC TGTTAAATGG AGCCAAAGAC    60
GCCTATGTTG TTCTGAAGTC TTGTAATGTT TAACTTCTGA GAACTTAGAT TAGTGGTGTG    120
ATGATAGAGT CTGTATAACG CATTGAAAAG GGTATCAGGC TTAGTTATTT ATCCAATAAA    180
TATTTATTGT ATG CAG GGT ATT CCT ATT TTA ACT CCT GTG ACA ACA CAA        229
      Met Gln Gly Ile Pro Ile Leu Thr Pro Val Thr Thr Gln
      -35                               -30

AGC ATA GCG ATT TCC ATA GTT CTA ACT GTT CAG GGT CTG CTC CTC CTG        277
Ser Ile Ala Ile Ser Ile Val Leu Thr Val Gln Gly Leu Leu Leu Leu
-25                               -20                               -15                               -10

GTA CAC TCT TTT TGG TTC ACT GTA TGT ACT CCT GTT GTC TTT                319
Val His Ser Phe Trp Phe Thr Val Cys Thr Pro Val Val Phe
      -5                               1                               5
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 234:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 360 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(131..360)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 45..274  
id M78402  
est



WO 99/06550

219

PCT/IB98/01232

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(57..234)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 10..187  
id H04786  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(7..43)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 201..237  
id H04786  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(57..234)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 10..187  
id H17078  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(7..43)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 201..237  
id H17078  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(57..217)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..161  
id HSC0UC022  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(1..43)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 175..217  
id HSC0UC022  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 199..279  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq LFCVLLSLRPHTS/GT

WO 99/06550

220

PCT/IB98/01232

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 234:

```

ACAAGATTTT CCAACCTTGC TGGCTACTTT AGTTTGGGAC CTGTTTTTTT TCTCATTGA    60
TTTTGCTTGT GCAGAAAATA GTTTCAGCA CATGGATTGA TCTGAGAGAG AATGAGGCTC   120
AGTTGTGGAT AGTCTGTTTT CTCTGAGCAT GTTGGCCAAC TAGTATCGTC AAATTATTGA   180
GTGGATCATC TCTTGGAATG CAG AAC TTC TGC CAC CAC TTG GCT ATT TGC    231
          Met Gln Asn Phe Cys His His Leu Ala Ile Cys
          -25                      -20

ACA GTC ATC TTG TTC TGT GTC CTT TTA TCT CTC AGA CCA CAC ACA TCT    279
Thr Val Ile Leu Phe Cys Val Leu Leu Ser Leu Arg Pro His Thr Ser
  -15                      -10                      -5

GGA ACG CTG TGG GCA TCT TCT GCC CAT GGG CTC CAT TTG GCA CCT GCT    327
Gly Thr Leu Trp Ala Ser Ser Ala His Gly Leu His Leu Ala Pro Ala
  1                      5                      10                      15

GAG CCA CAG TTG TCC TGC TGG ATG TGC TGT GCA                        360
Glu Pro Gln Leu Ser Cys Trp Met Cys Cys Ala
          20                      25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 235:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 438 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 135..426
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 35..326  
id H97426  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 92..316
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 14..238  
id W44834  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

WO 99/06550

221

PCT/IB98/01232

(B) LOCATION: 127..177  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
                           region 4..54  
                           id R57989  
                           est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 182..211  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
                           region 62..91  
                           id R57989  
                           est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(287..316)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
                           region 385..414  
                           id N93806  
                           est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 34..225  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
                           seq VLMRLVASAYSIA/QK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 235:

AAGTTTCCCG CATGCTCAGT AGCTGAGGTA GGG ATG CCA TCC TTC TCA AAA GAC	54
Met Pro Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp	
-60	
TTA TTG ACA GTG CCA AAG CTC GGT ACT GGA CAC VMC GRR GGR MCT GGG	102
Leu Leu Thr Val Pro Lys Leu Gly Thr Gly His Xaa Xaa Gly Xaa Gly	
-55 -50 -45	
TCC TAC GAT RAC GCG CTT KTG CTC CTC CTG AAG TGT CTT TGG TCC AAC	150
Ser Tyr Asp Xaa Ala Leu Xaa Leu Leu Leu Lys Cys Leu Trp Ser Asn	
-40 -35 -30	
GTT GTT CCA GAG TGT ACC ATG GCT TCC AGT AAC ACT GTG TTG ATG CGG	198
Val Val Pro Glu Cys Thr Met Ala Ser Ser Asn Thr Val Leu Met Arg	
-25 -20 -15 -10	
TTG GTA GCC TCC GCA TAT TCT ATT GCT CAA AAG GCA GGA ATG ATA GTC	246
Leu Val Ala Ser Ala Tyr Ser Ile Ala Gln Lys Ala Gly Met Ile Val	
-5 1 5	
AGA CGT GTT ATT GCT GAA GGA GAC CTG GGT ATT GTG GAG AAG ACC TGT	294
Arg Arg Val Ile Ala Glu Gly Asp Leu Gly Ile Val Glu Lys Thr Cys	
10 15 20	
GCA ACA GAC CTG CAG ACC AAA GCT GAC CGA TTG GCA CAG ATG AGC ATA	342
Ala Thr Asp Leu Gln Thr Lys Ala Asp Arg Leu Ala Gln Met Ser Ile	

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222

PCT/IB98/01232

25	30	35	
TGT TCT TCA TTG GYM BGG AAA TTC CCC AAA CTC RNR ATT ATA GGG GAA			390
Cys Ser Ser Leu Xaa Xaa Lys Phe Pro Lys Leu Xaa Ile Ile Gly Glu			
40	45	50	55
GAG GAT CTG CCT TCT GAG GAA GTG GAT CAA GAG CTG ATT GAA GAC AGK			438
Glu Asp Leu Pro Ser Glu Glu Val Asp Gln Glu Leu Ile Glu Asp Xaa			
60	65	70	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 236:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 310 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 7..113
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 15..121  
id W04921  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 114..220
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 121..227  
id W04921  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 221..310
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 227..316  
id W04921  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(114..213)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 260..359  
id N70602  
est

WO 99/06550

223

PCT/IB98/01232

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(32..113)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 359..440  
id N70602  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(261..311)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 164..214  
id N70602  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(213..259)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 215..261  
id N70602  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 114..194
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 59..139  
id W70167  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 238..311
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 183..256  
id W70167  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 55..113
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..59  
id W70167  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 193..236
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 139..182

WO 99/06550

224

PCT/IB98/01232

id W70167  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 221..311  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 165..255  
id W37690  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 114..187  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 58..131  
id W37690  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 56..113  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..58  
id W37690  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 185..220  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 130..165  
id W37690  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 227..289  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.2  
seq LEMLXAFASHIXA/RD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 236:

ATGGCAGCTT CCTGGGCTCG GCTTGGTCTG CGGCCTGTCA AACAGGTTTCG GGTTCAGTTC	60
TGTCCCTTCG AGAAAAACGT GGAATCGACG AGGACCTTCV TSCAGACGGT GAGGCMGTGA	120
GAAGGTCCGC TCCACTAATC TCAACTGCTC AGTGATTGCG GACGTGASGC ATGACGGCTC	180
CGAGCCCTGC GTGGACGTGC TGTTCCGAGA CGGGCATCGC CTGATT ATG CGC GGC	235
	Met Arg Gly
	-20
GCT CAT CTC ACC GCT CTG GAA ATG CTC ANM GCC TTC GCC TCC CAC ATM	283
Ala His Leu Thr Ala Leu Glu Met Leu Xaa Ala Phe Ala Ser His Ile	

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-15

-10

-5

HGG GCC AGG GAC GCG GCG GGC AGC GGG  
Xaa Ala Arg Asp Ala Ala Gly Ser Gly  
1 5

310

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 237:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 429 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 321..431
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 186..296  
id AA043558  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 218..299
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 83..164  
id AA043558  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 173..230
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 39..96  
id AA043558  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 131..299
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 57..225  
id N50523  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 321..431

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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 247..357  
id N50523  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(45..115)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..71  
id N50523  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(321..431)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 289..399  
id AA115605  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(217..318)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 403..504  
id AA115605  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(166..231)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 491..556  
id AA115605  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 172..318  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 36..182  
id AA115129  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 321..431  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 186..296  
id AA115129  
est

(ix) FEATURE:



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(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 174..318  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 41..185  
 id AA035548  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 325..431  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 194..300  
 id AA035548  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 7..423  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.2  
 seq FGLLHQLSQCVTS/LE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 237:

ACAAGG ATG GAA GTG GGC TTA CCG GCC ATT ACC CTC TTT CTC ACC AGC	48
Met Glu Val Gly Leu Pro Ala Ile Thr Leu Phe Leu Thr Ser	
-135 -130	
GCC AGC AGC CCT GTG GTG GCG ACG ACG ATG GAC CAG GAG CCA GTG GGC	96
Ala Ser Ser Pro Val Val Ala Thr Thr Met Asp Gln Glu Pro Val Gly	
-125 -120 -115 -110	
GGT GTG GAA CGA GGA GAA GCC GTC GCA GCC TCG GGA RCT GCG GCC GCC	144
Gly Val Glu Arg Gly Glu Ala Val Ala Ala Ser Gly Xaa Ala Ala Ala	
-105 -100 -95	
GCG GCA TTC GGG GAA TCT GCA GGG CAG ATG AGT AAC GAA AGA GGC TTT	192
Ala Ala Phe Gly Glu Ser Ala Gly Gln Met Ser Asn Glu Arg Gly Phe	
-90 -85 -80	
GAA AAT GTA GAA CTG GGA GTC ATA GGA AAA AAG AAG AAA GTC CCA AGG	240
Glu Asn Val Glu Leu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Lys Lys Lys Val Pro Arg	
-75 -70 -65	
AGA GTC ATC CAC TTT GTT AGT GGT GAA ACA ATG GAA GAA TAT AGC ACA	288
Arg Val Ile His Phe Val Ser Gly Glu Thr Met Glu Glu Tyr Ser Thr	
-60 -55 -50	
GAT GAA GAC GAH GTT GAT GGC CTG GAG AAG NNG ATG TTT TGC CTA CTG	336
Asp Glu Asp Xaa Val Asp Gly Leu Glu Lys Xaa Met Phe Cys Leu Leu	
-45 -40 -35 -30	
TTG ATC CGR CAA AAC TTA CCT GGG GTC CCT ACT TAT GGT TTT ACA TGC	384
Leu Ile Arg Gln Asn Leu Pro Gly Val Pro Thr Tyr Gly Phe Thr Cys	
-25 -20 -15	
TTC GGG CTG CTA CAT CAA CTC TCT CAG TGT GTG ACT TCC TTG GAG	429
Phe Gly Leu Leu His Gln Leu Ser Gln Cys Val Thr Ser Leu Glu	

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-10

-5

1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 238:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 321 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 102..322
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 31..251  
id T34679  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 176..322
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 104..250  
id N34677  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 93..170
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 21..98  
id N34677  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 180..312
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 203..335  
id N32531  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 180..312
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 202..334  
id N36824

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est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 102..170  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 28..96  
id N36824  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 175..312  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 100..237  
id H97539  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 151..279  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.1  
seq SAATLASLGGTSS/RR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 238:

```

AACTCTCGTG CCAAGCATGT CTCTCCAAAT GGCTGCTCTC TGGCGTTCCT CACACTCCCC 60
CTGAAGTTCA TCTAAGATCT TCATTCTTCA WAGGCGGAAG CCCGGCTCGC TGCAAAACGG 120
GCGGCCCCGCG CGGAGGCTCG CGAGATCCGC ATG AAG GAG CTG GAG CGG CAG CAG 174
                               Met Lys Glu Leu Glu Arg Gln Gln
                               -40

AAG GAG GTA GAA GAG AGA CCA GAA AAA GAT TTT ACT GAG AAG GGG TCT 222
Lys Glu Val Glu Glu Arg Pro Glu Lys Asp Phe Thr Glu Lys Gly Ser
-35                               -30                               -25                               -20

CGT AAC ATG CCG GGC CTG TCT GCA GCC ACG CTG GCC TCT CTG GGT GGG 270
Arg Asn Met Pro Gly Leu Ser Ala Ala Thr Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Gly
                               -15                               -10                               -5

ACT TCC TCT CGG AGA GGC AGC GGA GAC ACC TCC ATC TCC ATC GAC CCC 318
Thr Ser Ser Arg Arg Gly Ser Gly Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Ile Asp Pro
                               1                               5                               10

GAG 321
Glu
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 239:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 401 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

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(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 270..403

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 199..332  
id AA125491  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 70..135

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 1..66  
id AA125491  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: complement(27..135)

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 89..197  
id HSB72F052  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: complement(135..223)

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 2..90  
id HSB72F052  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 126..188

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.1  
seq VLVILCIVTVCVT/IV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 239:

```

ACCGGAGAAA AAATGGTTCA TGGAGCCTGC GGTTATTGTT TGCCTGGGTG GAATTTTACC   60
TTTTGTTTCA ATCTTTATTG AAATGTATTT CATCTTCACG TCTTTCTGGG CATATAAGAT   120
CTATT ATG TCT ATG GGC TTC ATG ATG CTG GTG CTG GTT ATC CTG TGC ATT   170
  Met Ser Met Gly Phe Met Met Leu Val Leu Val Ile Leu Cys Ile
    -20              -15              -10

```

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GTG ACT GTC TGT GTG ACT ATT GTG TGC ACA TAT TTT CTA CTA AAT GCA	218
Val Thr Val Cys Val Thr Ile Val Cys Thr Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Ala	
-5 1 5 10	
GAA GAT TAC AGG TGG CAA TGG ACA AGT TTT CTC TCT GCT GCA TCA ACT	266
Glu Asp Tyr Arg Trp Gln Trp Thr Ser Phe Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr	
15 20 25	
GCA ATC TAT GTT TAC ATG TAT TCC TTT TAC TAC TAT TTT TTC AAA ACA	314
Ala Ile Tyr Val Tyr Met Tyr Ser Phe Tyr Tyr Tyr Phe Phe Lys Thr	
30 35 40	
AAG ATG TAT GGC TTA TTT CAA ACA TCA TTT TAC TTT GGA TAT ATG GCG	362
Lys Met Tyr Gly Leu Phe Gln Thr Ser Phe Tyr Phe Gly Tyr Met Ala	
45 50 55	
GTA TTT AGC ACA GCC TTG GGG ATA ATG TGT GGA GCG ATT	401
Val Phe Ser Thr Ala Leu Gly Ile Met Cys Gly Ala Ile	
60 65 70	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 240:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 466 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 153..397
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 131..375  
id W56159  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 19..139
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..121  
id W56159  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 153..467
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 303..617

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id HSZ78368  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 60..139  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 214..293  
id HSZ78368  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 153..374  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 80..301  
id AA026570  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 70..139  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..70  
id AA026570  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 372..405  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 300..333  
id AA026570  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 155..467  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 83..395  
id AA109961  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 88..139  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 20..71  
id AA109961  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 153..363  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 274..484  
id AA046907  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 60..139  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 185..264  
id AA046907  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 128..337  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
seq LLFPLTLVRSFWS/DM

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 240:

AACGCTTGCG ATG GTTGAAT TCCCTCCTC ACGCCAGCCT AGGAGAAGAA GTTCGTAGTC	60
CCAGAGGAAG AGGAGTTGTA CGCATGTCAG AGAGGTTGCA GGCTGTTTTC AATTGTGTCAG	120
TTTGTGG ATG ATG GAA TTG GRM CTW AAA AKC GRA ACT AAA KKG GAA TGK	169
Met Met Glu Leu Xaa Leu Lys Xaa Xaa Thr Lys Xaa Glu Xaa	
-70 -65 -60	
GAA TCT GCA TGT ACA GAA GCA TAT TCC CAA TCT GAT GAG CAA TAT GCT	217
Glu Ser Ala Cys Thr Glu Ala Tyr Ser Gln Ser Asp Glu Gln Tyr Ala	
-55 -50 -45	
TGC CAT CTT GGT TGC CAG AAT CAG CTG CCA TTC GCT GAA CTG AGA CAA	265
Cys His Leu Gly Cys Gln Asn Gln Leu Pro Phe Ala Glu Leu Arg Gln	
-40 -35 -30 -25	
GAA CAA CTT ATG TCC CTG ATG CCA AAA ATG CAC CTA CTC TTT CCT CTA	313
Glu Gln Leu Met Ser Leu Met Pro Lys Met His Leu Leu Phe Pro Leu	
-20 -15 -10	
ACT CTG GTG AGG TCA TTC TGG AGT GAC ATG ATG GAC TCC GCA CAG AGC	361
Thr Leu Val Arg Ser Phe Trp Ser Asp Met Met Asp Ser Ala Gln Ser	
-5 1 5	
TTC AKA ACC TCT TCA TGG ACT TTT TAT CTT CAA GCC GAT GMC GGM MAA	409
Phe Xaa Thr Ser Ser Trp Thr Phe Tyr Leu Gln Ala Asp Xaa Gly Xaa	
10 15 20	
ATA GTT ATA TAC CAG TCT AAG CCA GAA ATC CAG TAC GCA CCA CAT TTG	457
Ile Val Ile Xaa Gln Ser Lys Pro Glu Ile Gln Tyr Ala Pro His Leu	
25 30 35 40	
GAG CAG GAG	466
Glu Gln Glu	

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 241:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 81 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 18..81
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 62..125  
id AA092155  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(18..81)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 68..131  
id AA128307  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(18..81)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 68..131  
id N99068  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(18..81)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 68..131  
id AA039944  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(18..81)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 68..131  
id AA128099  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide



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- (B) LOCATION: 1..72
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
seq GLILLFASHLINQ/FS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 241:

ATG GTT TCC AAT GCT TCR GAG ACT TCC TGC CTA GGC CTC ATC CTC CTC	48
Met Val Ser Asn Ala Ser Glu Thr Ser Cys Leu Gly Leu Ile Leu Leu	
-20 -15 -10	
TTT GCC AGT CAC CTG ATT AAC CAA TTC TCC AGC	81
Phe Ala Ser His Leu Ile Asn Gln Phe Ser Ser	
-5 1	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 242:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 373 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 29..302
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..274  
id H18735  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 143..302
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 116..275  
id T80360  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 79..143
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 51..115  
id T80360  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 29..69  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 1..41  
 id T80360  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 66..302  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 1..237  
 id AA137006  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 301..336  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
 region 412..447  
 id AA137006  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 65..302  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
 region 2..239  
 id HSC2CA081  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 64..224  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
 region 1..161  
 id T36290  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 223..302  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
 region 161..240  
 id T36290  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 2..220  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
 seq LIVFISVCTALLA/EG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 242:

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```

A ATG CCC CGG AAG CGG AAG TGC GAT CTT CGG GCT GTC AGA GTT GGT CTG   49
  Met Pro Arg Lys Arg Lys Cys Asp Leu Arg Ala Val Arg Val Gly Leu
    -70                      -65                      -60

TTA CTC GGT GGT GGC GGA GTC TAC GGA AGC CGT TTT CGC TTC ACT TTT   97
Leu Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Tyr Gly Ser Arg Phe Arg Phe Thr Phe
    -55                      -50                      -45

CCT GGC TGT AGA GCG CTT TCC CCC TGG CGG GTG AGA VTG CAG AGA CGA   145
Pro Gly Cys Arg Ala Leu Ser Pro Trp Arg Val Arg Xaa Gln Arg Arg
    -40                      -35                      -30

AGG TGC GAG ATG AGC ACT ATG TTC GCG GAC ACT CTC CTC ATC GTT TTT   193
Arg Cys Glu Met Ser Thr Met Phe Ala Asp Thr Leu Leu Ile Val Phe
    -25                      -20                      -15                      -10

ATC TCT GTG TGC ACG GCT CTG CTC GCA GAG GGC ATA ACC TGG GTC CTG   241
Ile Ser Val Cys Thr Ala Leu Leu Ala Glu Gly Ile Thr Trp Val Leu
          -5                      1                      5

GTT TAC AGG ACA GAC AAG TAC AAG AGA CTG AAG GCA GAA GTG GAA AAA   289
Val Tyr Arg Thr Asp Lys Tyr Lys Arg Leu Lys Ala Glu Val Glu Lys
    10                      15                      20

CAG AGT AAA AAA TAT TTG ATG GTA GAG TGG TGG CAA ASC TTC CTT TTT   337
Gln Ser Lys Lys Tyr Leu Met Val Glu Trp Trp Gln Xaa Phe Leu Phe
    25                      30                      35

TAC CCC TCT TTC TTA SAT CCA AAG RCT GTC TCA TCG   373
Tyr Pro Ser Phe Leu Xaa Pro Lys Xaa Val Ser Ser
    40                      45                      50
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 243:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 447 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 159..307
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 121..269  
id W31320  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 37..121

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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 1..85  
id W31320  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 320..380  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 282..342  
id W31320  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 114..165  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 77..128  
id W31320  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 400..443  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 364..407  
id W31320  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 154..307  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 2..155  
id T27259  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 320..443  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 168..291  
id T27259  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 192..307  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 108..223  
id AA157646  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 64..95  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..32  
id AA157646  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 320..443  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 123..246  
id AA182962  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 198..307  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..110  
id AA182962  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 243..307  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 189..253  
id T71690  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 181..235  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 125..179  
id T71690  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 114..164  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 58..108  
id T71690  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 130..198  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq LGAAALALLLANT/DV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 243:

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```

CCCCGCCCCCT GGGACCCCTCC GGGCCGGGCG GTTTGGCCCC TTAGCGCCCG GCGTCGGGG 60
CGGTAAAAGG CCGGCAGAAG GGAGGCACTT GAGAAATGTC TTCTCTCCAG GACCCAAGTT 120
TTCTTCACC ATG GGG ATG TGG TCC ATT GGT GCA GGA GCC CTG GGG GCT GCT 171
      Met Gly Met Trp Ser Ile Gly Ala Gly Ala Leu Gly Ala Ala
            -20                    -15                    -10

GCC TTG GCA TTG CTG CTT GCC AAC ACA GAC GTG TTT CTG TCC AAG CCC 219
Ala Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Asn Thr Asp Val Phe Leu Ser Lys Pro
            -5                      1                      5

CAG AAA GCG GCC CTG GAG TAC CTG GAG GAT ATA GAC CTG AAA ACA CTG 267
Gln Lys Ala Ala Leu Glu Tyr Leu Glu Asp Ile Asp Leu Lys Thr Leu
            10                      15                      20

GAG AAG GAA CCA AGG ACT TTC AAA GCA AAG GAG CTA TGG GAA AAA AAT 315
Glu Lys Glu Pro Arg Thr Phe Lys Ala Lys Glu Leu Trp Glu Lys Asn
            25                      30                      35

GGA GCT GTG ATT ATG GCC GTG CGG AGG CCA GGC TGT TTC CTC TGT CGA 363
Gly Ala Val Ile Met Ala Val Arg Arg Pro Gly Cys Phe Leu Cys Arg
            40                      45                      50                      55

GAG GAA GCT GCG GAT CTG TCC TCC CTG AAA AGC ATG TTG GAC CAG CTG 411
Glu Glu Ala Ala Asp Leu Ser Ser Leu Lys Ser Met Leu Asp Gln Leu
            60                      65                      70

GGC GTC CCC CTC TAT GCA GTG GTA AAG GAG CAA CGG 447
Gly Val Pro Leu Tyr Ala Val Val Lys Glu Gln Arg
            75                      80

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 244:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 428 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..382
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 13..394  
id C17481  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 379..424  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
 region 390..435  
 id C17481  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 68..258  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 72..262  
 id T46941  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..67  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 6..72  
 id T46941  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(149..271)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
 region 1..123  
 id R75331  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 257..430  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 42..215  
 id W95977  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 278..430  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 5..157  
 id R57521  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 255..347  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
 seq LPLLLVANAGTAA/VG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 244:

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```

ATGAAAATGG GTGTGCTTAT TTCCACGAAG AGGAAAGAGA AGGACTTGCA AAGATATGTA    60
GGCTTGCCAT TCATTCTCGA TATGAAGACT TCGTAGTGGA TGGCTTCAAT GTGTTATATA    120
ACAAGAAGCC TGTCATATAT CTTAGTGCTG CTGCTAGACC TGGCCTGGGC CAATACCTTT    180
GTAATCAGCT CGGCTTGCCC TTCCCCTGCT TGTGCCGTGT ACCCTGTAAC ACTGTGTTTG    240
GATCCCAGCA TCAG ATG GAT GTT GCC TTC CTG GAG ADA CTG ATT AAA GAT    290
              Met Asp Val Ala Phe Leu Glu Xaa Leu Ile Lys Asp
              -30                -25                -20

GAT ATA GAG CGA GGA AGA CTG CCC CTG TTG CTT GTC GCA AAT GCA GGA    338
Asp Ile Glu Arg Gly Arg Leu Pro Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ala Gly
              -15                -10                -5

ACG GCA GCA GTA GGA CAC ACA GAC AAG ATT GGG AGA TTG AAA GAA CTC    386
Thr Ala Ala Val Gly His Thr Asp Lys Ile Gly Arg Leu Lys Glu Leu
              1                5                10

TGT GAG CAG TAT GGC ATA TGG CTT CAT GTG GAG GGT GTG AAT    428
Cys Glu Gln Tyr Gly Ile Trp Leu His Val Glu Gly Val Asn
              15                20                25

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 245:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 233 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..230
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 3..232  
id HSC1WH101  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 102..230
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 41..169  
id R12437  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other



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(B) LOCATION: 63..104  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..42  
id R12437  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 63..230  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..168  
id R13448  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 165..212  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 36..83  
id T69236  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 180..227  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.8  
seq LFNLLWLALACSP/VW

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 245:

GTTTGTGGCC GTCCGGCCTC CCTGACATGC AGATTTCAC CCAGAAGACA GAGAAGGAGC	60
CAGTGGTCAT GGAATGGGCT GGGGTCAAAG ACTGGGTGCC TGGGAGCTGA GGCAGCCACC	120
GTTTCAGCCT GGCCAGCCCT CTGGACCCCG AGGTTGGACC CTACTGTGAC ACACCTACC	179
ATG CGG ACA CTC TTC AAC CTC CTC TGG CTT GCC CTG GCC TGC AGC CCT	227
Met Arg Thr Leu Phe Asn Leu Leu Trp Leu Ala Leu Ala Cys Ser Pro	
-15 -10 -5	
GTT TGG	233
Val Trp	
1	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 246:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 330 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

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PCT/IB98/01232

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 178..331
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 118..271  
id R60406  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 178..316
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 57..195  
id N78477  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 214..312
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.8  
seq FICLQWALPHSEA/GD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 246:

```

AAAGGCAGGA CTGACGCAGA ATGACAACGG CAACACGACA AGAAGTCCTT GGCCTCTACC    60
GCAGCATTTT CAGGCTTGCG AGGAAATGGC AGGCGACATC AGGGCAGATG GAAGACACCA    120
TCAAAGAAAA ACAGTACATA CTAAATGAAG CCAGAACGCT GTTCCGGAAA AACAAAAATC    180
TCACGGACAC AGACCTAATT AAACAGTGTA TAG ATG AAT GCA CAG CCA GGA TTG    234
                               Met Asn Ala Gln Pro Gly Leu
                               -30

AWA TTG GAC TGC ATT ACA AGA TTC CTT ACC CAN GGC CAA TTC ATC TGC    282
Xaa Leu Asp Cys Ile Thr Arg Phe Leu Thr Xaa Gly Gln Phe Ile Cys
-25                               -20                               -15

CTC CAA TGG GCC TTA CCC CAC TCC GAG GCC GGG GAC TTC GAA GCC AAG    330
Leu Gln Trp Ala Leu Pro His Ser Glu Ala Gly Asp Phe Glu Ala Lys
-10                               -5                               1                               5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 247:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 353 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(230..352)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 32..154  
id W60134  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(78..189)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 195..306  
id W60134  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(9..87)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 298..376  
id W60134  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(176..352)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 57..233  
id H64097  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(57..189)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 219..351  
id H64097  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(84..352)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 57..325  
id W00624  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: complement(1..70)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
                           region 337..406  
                           id W00624  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(1..168)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
                           region 156..323  
                           id W67127  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(167..323)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
                           region 2..158  
                           id W67127  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(64..352)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
                           region 58..346  
                           id H10776  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(23..64)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
                           region 347..388  
                           id H10776  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 120..326  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
                           seq LCRLCLVRLFCC/SS

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 247:

```

ATTG GGGGAG GGGCACTGTC TCTTTTTTCT CTCATTTTTA AAATGAAGTG TTGTTGCCTT   60
TGTATGTGGT TCAACCATCC AGCTCCAGC TGGCTAAACT TTGCCTCCAG TGGTCAAAG   119
ATG GGA AAA GAG TGG GGT TGG CAG GAG ATG GAA AAC GGA GGT GCC GCC   167
Met Gly Lys Glu Trp Gly Trp Gin Glu Met Glu Asn Gly Gly Ala Ala
      -65                      -60                      -55

```

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CCA GCA TGG GGG GCA GGT CCC CCA GTC CAC CCT GCC CCT CCC CCT GTG	215
Pro Ala Trp Gly Ala Gly Pro Pro Val His Pro Ala Pro Pro Pro Val	
-50 -45 -40	
GAG AAG ACG CTT AGT TGG GGG TGT GGG TTT GGG CTC CAT TCT GGA TTC	263
Glu Lys Thr Leu Ser Trp Gly Cys Gly Phe Gly Leu His Ser Gly Phe	
-35 -30 -25	
GGC GGT TCC GGG GGA GGG GTG GGT CTG TGC CGA TTA CTC TGT CTT GTA	311
Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Gly Leu Cys Arg Leu Leu Cys Leu Val	
-20 -15 -10	
CGT TTG TTC TGC TGC TCT TCA ATA TTG TAT CAA CGC CAG AAG	353
Arg Leu Phe Cys Cys Ser Ser Ile Leu Tyr Gln Arg Gln Lys	
-5 1 5	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 248:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 108 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 22..71
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 1..50  
id R82719  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 19..62
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 1..44  
id AA069083  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 20..52
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 2..34  
id R29193  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 23..52  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 10..39  
id AA158081  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 10..96  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq AALLLTATVRLSA/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 248:

```
AAGTCCAAC ATG GCG GCG CCC AGC GGA GGG TGG AAC GGC GTC GGC GCG AGC   51
      Met Ala Ala Pro Ser Gly Gly Trp Asn Gly Val Gly Ala Ser
                -25                      -20

TTG TGG GCC GCG CTG CTC CTC ACT GCC ACA GTC AGA CTT TCA GCT TCT   99
Leu Trp Ala Ala Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Thr Val Arg Leu Ser Ala Ser
-15                -10                -5                1

CCC GGC CCA                               108
Pro Gly Pro
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 249:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 393 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 7..165  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..159  
id R24141  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 178..264  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 173..259  
id R24141  
est

ATC	ATG	ATC	GCC	ATC	TAC	GGG	AAG	AAT	TTC	TGT	GTC	TCA	GCC	AAA	AAT	48
Met	Ile	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Asn	Phe	Cys	Val	Ser	Ala	Lys	Asn		
		-45						-40						-35		
GCG	TTC	ATG	CTA	CTC	ATG	CGA	AAC	ATT	GTC	AGG	GTG	GTC	CTG	GAC	96	
Ala	Phe	Met	Leu	Leu	Met	Arg	Asn	Ile	Val	Arg	Val	Val	Val	Leu	Asp	
		-30						-25						-20		
AAA	GTC	ACA	GAC	CTG	CTG	CTG	TTC	TTT	GGG	AAG	CTG	CTG	GTG	GTC	GGA	144
Lys	Val	Thr	Asp	Leu	Leu	Leu	Phe	Phe	Gly	Lys	Leu	Leu	Val	Val	Gly	
		-15					-10					-5				
GGC	GTG	GGG	GTC	CTG	TCC	TTC	TTT	TTT	TTC	TCC	GGT	CGC	ATC	CCG	GGG	192
Gly	Val	Gly	Val	Leu	Ser	Phe	Phe	Phe	Phe	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ile	Pro	Gly	
	1				5					10					15	
CTG	GGT	AAA	GAC	TTT	AAG	AGC	CCC	CAC	CTC	AAC	TAT	TAC	TGG	CTG	CCC	240
Leu	Gly	Lys	Asp	Phe	Lys	Ser	Pro	His	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Tyr	Trp	Leu	Pro	
				20					25					30		
AYC	ATG	ACC	TCC	ATC	CTG	GGG	GCC	TAT	GTC	ATC	GCC	AGY	GGC	TTC	TTC	288
Xaa	Met	Thr	Ser	Ile	Leu	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Val	Ile	Ala	Ser	Gly	Phe	Phe	
			35					40					45			
AGC	GTT	TTC	GGC	ATG	TGT	GTG	GAC	ACG	CTC	TTC	CTC	TGC	TTC	CTG	GAA	336
Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Met	Cys	Val	Asp	Thr	Leu	Phe	Leu	Cys	Phe	Leu	Glu	
		50					55					60				
GAC	CTG	GAG	CGG	ACA	ACG	GCT	CCC	TGG	ACG	GCC	CTA	CTA	CAT	GTC	CAA	384
Asp	Leu	Glu	Arg	Thr	Thr	Ala	Pro	Trp	Thr	Ala	Leu	Leu	His	Val	Gln	
	65					70					75					

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GAG CTT CTA  
Glu Leu Leu  
80

393

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 250:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 363 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 222..265
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 220..263  
id N89186  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 76..348
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq SVLELIVASVCQS/HI

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 250:

GCTACTTTCT TTTTCAGTCT TTCGGTGC GG AGAAGGGGAG GAGGCGGGCA GAGGTCTGAA	60
AAAATCGAAT GCCTT ATG GAA AGG AAC TGC AAG GGT TCC TTT GGG GTG ATC	111
Met Glu Arg Asn Cys Lys Gly Ser Phe Gly Val Ile	
-90 -85 -80	
AAA GAG GGA GAC ACA GAC ACA GRR GAG ACA AAG GCA AGG AGG ACT GTC	159
Lys Glu Gly Asp Thr Asp Thr Xaa Glu Thr Lys Ala Arg Arg Thr Val	
-75 -70 -65	
TGG GAG CCA CGC GGG CGA TAC AGT TTC CGA GRM ACG CCG CGT CCC GCC	207
Trp Glu Pro Arg Gly Arg Tyr Ser Phe Arg Xaa Thr Pro Arg Pro Ala	
-60 -55 -50	
TAT CCT GTT GAA CAG TGC GGA TTT GCG AGG CGC GCC CTG GAG CTG CTA	255
Tyr Pro Val Glu Gln Cys Gly Phe Ala Arg Arg Ala Leu Glu Leu Leu	
-45 -40 -35	
GAG ATC CGG AAG CAC AGC CCC GAG GTG TGC GAA CCA CCA AAC ATC CCA	303
Glu Ile Arg Lys His Ser Pro Glu Val Cys Glu Pro Pro Asn Ile Pro	
-30 -25 -20	



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PCT/IB98/01232

GTT ACC AGT GTC CTT GAA TTG ATA GTG GCT TCT GTT TGT CAG TCT CAT 351  
Val Thr Ser Val Leu Glu Leu Ile Val Ala Ser Val Cys Gln Ser His  
-15 -10 -5 1

ATA AGA ACT ACT 363  
Ile Arg Thr Thr  
5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 251:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 293 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 22..264
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..243  
id AA211459  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 15..212
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq LYMLAEALPVSHG/AH

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 251:

GTGAAGATGA AGCC ATG TTT GTA GAA TAT AGA AAA CAA CTG AAG TTA CTG 50  
Met Phe Val Glu Tyr Arg Lys Gln Leu Lys Leu Leu  
-65 -60 -55

TTG GAC AGG CTT GCT CAA GTT TCA CCA GAG TTA CTA CTG GCC TCT GTT 98  
Leu Asp Arg Leu Ala Gln Val Ser Pro Glu Leu Leu Leu Ala Ser Val  
-50 -45 -40

CGC AGA GTT TTT AGT TCT ACA CTG CAG AAT TGG CAG ACT ACA CGG TTT 146  
Arg Arg Val Phe Ser Ser Thr Leu Gln Asn Trp Gln Thr Thr Arg Phe  
-35 -30 -25

ATG GAA GTT GAA GTA GCA ATA AGA TTG CTG TAT ATG TTG GCA GAA GCT 194  
Met Glu Val Glu Val Ala Ile Arg Leu Leu Tyr Met Leu Ala Glu Ala  
-20 -15 -10

CTT CCA GTA TCT CAT GGT GCT CAC TTC TCA GGT GAT GTT TCA AAA GCT 242  
Leu Pro Val Ser His Gly Ala His Phe Ser Gly Asp Val Ser Lys Ala

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252

PCT/IB98/01232

-5	1	5	10	
AGT GCT TTG CAG GAT ATG ATG CGA ACT CTG GTA ACA TCA GGA GTC AGC				290
Ser Ala Leu Gln Asp Met Met Arg Thr Leu Val Thr Ser Gly Val Ser				
	15	20	25	
GGG				293
Gly				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 252:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 394 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 155..187
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 95..127  
id H83489  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 326..388
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq IIFLIQWHGVSFQ/EF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 252:

AAGTCCCTGT ACAGGGTTTC TGACCTGTGG TAAAAACAGA ATGTCACTTT CTGACAGGCA	60
CAGTACCCCC AGGATAAACT TGGAACCTCG AGAGGAAATT CACGAACTC GTGGGGGCAG	120
GGGTCACAAG GTGCTTGGTG GGGGARAASC TGGAAGACAT ATTGTCCAGG AGAAGGAATG	180
TCACAAGGAA CTGACAAAAT CAAGTCACGG CGCCTACAAA GATGAGGGGC AGATTCTGGC	240
TGCCTTTTAA TTTCTGCTT CACCTGATAT CTGTGCCAGA GAATGATAAA AATCATAATA	300
AAGGRAATAG YGGAAGAGGA GACTT ATG TTA CTG GGG ACA TCT AAC ATA ATT	352
Met Leu Leu Gly Thr Ser Asn Ile Ile	
-20 -15	
ATT TTC CTG ATT CAG TGG CAT GGT TCA GTC TTC CAG GAG TTC	394
Ile Phe Leu Ile Gln Trp His Gly Ser Val Phe Gln Glu Phe	
-10 -5 1	

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253

PCT/IB98/01232

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 253:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 239 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 48..238
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 35..225  
id HSC0CC021  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 15..49
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 1..35  
id HSC0CC021  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 27..238
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..212  
id T32119  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 36..238
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..203  
id T35494  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 49..238
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 13..202  
id HUMHG5097  
est

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254

PCT/IB98/01232

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 51..238
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..188  
id AA027882  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 78..137
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq AFVXACVLSLIST/IY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 253:

```

AAGAGTAGGG TGCTGTGGTC TGAGCTAGAG GGTGAAGCTG GCGGASAGGA GGATGGGCGA    60
GCAGTCTGAA TGCCAGA ATG GRT AAC CGT TTT GCT ACA GCA TTT GTA ATD      110
      Met Xaa Asn Arg Phe Ala Thr Ala Phe Val Xaa
      -20                -15                -10

GCT TGT GTG CTT AGC CTC ATT TCC ACC ATC TAC ATG GCA GCC TCC ATT      158
Ala Cys Val Leu Ser Leu Ile Ser Thr Ile Tyr Met Ala Ala Ser Ile
      -5                1                5

GGC ACA GAC TTC TGG TAT GAA TAT CGA AGT CCA GTT CAA GAA AAT TCC      206
Gly Thr Asp Phe Trp Tyr Glu Tyr Arg Ser Pro Val Gln Glu Asn Ser
      10                15                20

AGT GAT TTG AAT AAA AGC ATC TGG GAT GAA TTG                          239
Ser Asp Leu Asn Lys Ser Ile Trp Asp Glu Leu
      25                30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 254:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 477 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(43..130)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 176..263  
id C01485

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255

PCT/IB98/01232

est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(137..219)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 88..170  
id C01485  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 421..459
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq MSLTSGFLRVSQG/SP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 254:

```

CACCAATGTT ATGAATGGCG TGGCCTCCTA CTGCCGTCCC TGTGCCCTAG AAGCCTCTGA    60
TGTGGGCTCC TCCTGCACCT CTTGTCTTGC TGGTTACTAT ATTGACCGAG ATTCAGGAAC   120
CTGCCAMTCC BTGCCCCCCT AACACAATTC TGAAAGCCCA CCAGCCTTAT GGTGTCCAGG   180
CCTGTGTGCC CTGTGGTCCA GGGACCAAGA ACAACAAGAT CCACTCTCTG TGCTACAATG   240
ATTGCACCTT CTCACGCAAC ACTCCAACCA GGACTTTCAA CTACAACTTC TCCGCTTTGG   300
CAAACACCGT CACTCTTGCT GGAGGGCCAA GCTTCACTTC CAAAGGGTTG AAATACTTCC   360
ATCACTTTAC CCTCAGTCTC TGTGGAAACC AGGGTAGGAA AATGTCTGTG TGCACCGACA   420
ATG TCA CTG ACC TCC GGA TTC CTG AGG GTG AGT CAG GGT TCT CCA AAT    468
Met Ser Leu Thr Ser Gly Phe Leu Arg Val Ser Gln Gly Ser Pro Asn
      -10              -5              1

CTA TCA CAG                                477
Leu Ser Gln
  5 -

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 255:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 315 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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PCT/IB98/01232

(B) LOCATION: 55..316  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..262  
id H87671  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 102..261  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 50..209  
id N47067  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 55..104  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 2..51  
id N47067  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 251..316  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 14..79  
id AA135001  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 58..246  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq AIRTLFSVTGILA/EQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 255:

AACTTGGCGC GCGGCSSGGC TGCAGACGGC TGCGAGGCGC TGGGCACAGG TGTCTG	57
ATG GCA AAT TTC AAG GGC CAC GCG CTT CCA GGG AGT TTC TTC CTG ATC	105
Met Ala Asn Phe Lys Gly His Ala Leu Pro Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Ile	
-60 -55 -50	
ATT GGG CTG TGT TGG TCA GTG AAG TAC CCG CTG AAG TAC TTT AGC CAC	153
Ile Gly Leu Cys Trp Ser Val Lys Tyr Pro Leu Lys Tyr Phe Ser His	
-45 -40 -35	
ACG CGG AAG AAC AGC CCA CTA CAT TAC TAT CAG CGT CTC GAG ATC GTC	201
Thr Arg Lys Asn Ser Pro Leu His Tyr Tyr Gln Arg Leu Glu Ile Val	
-30 -25 -20	
GAA GCC GCA ATT AGG ACT TTG TTT TCC GTC ACT GGG ATC CTG GCA GAG	249
Glu Ala Ala Ile Arg Thr Leu Phe Ser Val Thr Gly Ile Leu Ala Glu	
-15 -10 -5 1	

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PCT/IB98/01232

CAG TTT GTT CCG GAT GGG CCC CAC CTG CAC CTC TAC CAT GAG AAC CAC	297
Gln Phe Val Pro Asp Gly Pro His Leu His Leu Tyr His Glu Asn His	
5 10 15	
TGG ATA AAG TTA ATG AAT	315
Trp Ile Lys Leu Met Asn	
20	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 256:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 405 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 89..405  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
 region 84..400  
 id N34255  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 5..88  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
 region 1..84  
 id N34255  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 89..304  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 83..298  
 id H79944  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 8..54  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
 region 2..48  
 id H79944  
 est

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258

PCT/IB98/01232

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 336..382  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 332..378  
id H79944  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 304..340  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 299..335  
id H79944  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 54..88  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 49..83  
id H79944  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 109..298  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 106..295  
id H73369  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 2..88  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 1..87  
id H73369  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 336..382  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 336..382  
id H73369  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 295..326  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 293..324  
id H73369



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259

PCT/IB98/01232

est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 164..237  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 142..215  
id AA132425  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 327..395  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 307..375  
id AA132425  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 21..88  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 3..70  
id AA132425  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 124..163  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 103..142  
id AA132425  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 109..298  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 24..213  
id R97376  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 296..405  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 212..321  
id R97376  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 187..342  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5

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seq AGLLFGSLAGLGA/YQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 256:

```

AGCAGGCACA ACAGAGCCGC TCCCCWCTCC TCGCCCCGCC ACCGGGACGG AGAGCGCCCG    60
CCGCTGCATT TCCGGCGACA CCTCGCAGGT CATTCCTGCG GCTTGC GCGC CCTTG TAGAC    120
AGCCGGGGGCC TTCGTSAGAC CGGTGCAGGC CTGGGGTAGT CTCCTGTCTG GACAGAGAAG    180
AGAAAA ATG CAG GAC ACT GGC TCA GTA GTG CCT TTG CAT TGG TTT GGC    228
      Met Gln Asp Thr Gly Ser Val Val Pro Leu His Trp Phe Gly
            -50                -45                -40

TTT GGC TAC GCA GCA CTG GTT GCT TCT GGT GGG ATC ATT GGC TAT GTA    276
Phe Gly Tyr Ala Ala Leu Val Ala Ser Gly Gly Ile Ile Gly Tyr Val
            -35                -30                -25

AAA GCA GGC AGC GTG CCG TCC CTG GCT GCA GGG CTG CTC TTT GGC AGT    324
Lys Ala Gly Ser Val Pro Ser Leu Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Phe Gly Ser
            -20                -15                -10

CTA GCC GGC CTG GGT GCT TAC CAG CTG TCT CAG GAT CCA AGG AAC GTT    372
Leu Ala Gly Leu Gly Ala Tyr Gln Leu Ser Gln Asp Pro Arg Asn Val
            -5                1                5                10

TGG GTT TTC CTA GCT ACA TCT GGT ACC TTG GCT    405
Trp Val Phe Leu Ala Thr Ser Gly Thr Leu Ala
            15                20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 257:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 323 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 119..237
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 116..234  
id HSC2TH021  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 25..95
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94

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region 24..94  
id HSC2TH021  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 238..289  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 234..285  
id HSC2TH021  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 280..319  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 277..316  
id HSC2TH021  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 130..237  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 23..130  
id R59681  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 238..289  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 130..181  
id R59681  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 280..325  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 173..218  
id R59681  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 183..287  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.4  
seq CCALLTSLXCIWG/PA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 257:

ACCTTCTGTT ACTGTCCGGG GCTGCGGGGC TTGCTTCCKG CGTCAWGGCT CAAAGGGCCT 60

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```

TCCCGMATCC TTATGCTGAT TATAACAAAT CCCTGDRCCG AAGSTACTTT GATGCTGCCG 120
GGARGCTGAC TCCTGAGTTC TCACAACGCT TGACCAATAA GATTCGGGAG CTTCTTCAGC 180
AA ATG GAG AKA GGC CTG AAA TCA GCA GAC CCT CGG GAT GGC ACC GGT 227
  Met Glu Xaa Gly Leu Lys Ser Ala Asp Pro Arg Asp Gly Thr Gly
  -35                -30                -25

TAC ACT GRC TTN NKC ARG TAT TGC TGT GCT TTA CTT ACA TCT TTA TGR 275
Tyr Thr Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Tyr Cys Cys Ala Leu Leu Thr Ser Leu Xaa
-20                -15                -10                -5

TGT ATT TGG GGA CCT GCC TAC CTA CAG TTA GCA CAT GGC TAT GTA AAG 323
Cys Ile Trp Gly Pro Ala Tyr Leu Gln Leu Ala His Gly Tyr Val Lys
          1                5                10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 258:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 240 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..241
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 12..252  
id H64050  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..241
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..241  
id R17172  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..241
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 2..242  
id HSC15C081  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 8..241  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..234  
id AA149663  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 29..241  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 29..241  
id HSU46380  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 10..135  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.4  
seq ITGVILLAVGIWG/KV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 258:

GGGCTAGTC ATG GCG TCC CCG TCT CGG AGA CTG CAG ACT AAA CCA GTC ATT	51
Met Ala Ser Pro Ser Arg Arg Leu Gln Thr Lys Pro Val Ile	
-40 -35 -30	
ACT TGT TTC AAG AGC GTT CTG CTA ATC TAC ACT TTT ATT TTC TGG ATC	99
Thr Cys Phe Lys Ser Val Leu Leu Ile Tyr Thr Phe Ile Phe Trp Ile	
-25 -20 -15	
ACT GGC GTT ATC CTT CTT GCA GTT GGC ATT TGG GGC AAG GTG AGC CTG	147
Thr Gly Val Ile Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Gly Lys Val Ser Leu	
-10 -5 1	
GAG AAT TAC TTT TCT CTT TTA AAT GAG AAG GCC ACC AAT GTC CCC TTC	195
Glu Asn Tyr Phe Ser Leu Leu Asn Glu Lys Ala Thr Asn Val Pro Phe	
5 10 15 20	
GTG CTC ATT GCT ACT GGT ACC GTC ATT ATT CTT TTG GGC ACC TTG	240
Val Leu Ile Ala Thr Gly Thr Val Ile Ile Leu Leu Gly Thr Leu	
25 30 35	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 259:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 385 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 8..349  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 6..347  
id AA075824  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 344..385  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 341..382  
id AA075824  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 22..366  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 2..346  
id R55598  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 71..385  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..315  
id HSC33B061  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 156..385  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 91..320  
id T65515  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 70..141  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 5..76  
id T65515  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 29..305  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 2..278

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265

PCT/IB98/01232

id HSCZRF061

est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 119..319
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.2  
seq LSVSLPCAGAWS/LL

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 259:

```

AAAAGCGGAG MYAGGMNGGG TGAGGAGAGT CGAGGGAGGT GACGCGCGCT GCCGGGGCGA    60
GGTTGCGAGG GGCGGTGTG AAGAATGTGT GGGCGAACAT CCTGTCACTT ACCTAGAG    118
ATG TTC TCA CGA GAG CTT GCG CCT ACC AGG ATC GGC GGG GCC AGC AGC    166
Met Phe Ser Arg Glu Leu Ala Pro Thr Arg Ile Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser
   -65                      -60                      -55

GGC TCC CGG AGT GGA GGG ACC CTG ATA AGT ACT GCC CCT CTT ACA ACA    214
Gly Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Thr Leu Ile Ser Thr Ala Pro Leu Thr Thr
   -50                      -45                      -40

AGA GTC CTC AAT CCA ACA GCC CAG TGC TTC TGT CTC GAC TGC ACT TTG    262
Arg Val Leu Asn Pro Thr Ala Gln Cys Phe Cys Leu Asp Cys Thr Leu
   -35                      -30                      -25                      -20

AGA AGG ATG CAG ACT CAT CTG AGC GTA TCA TTG CTC CCA TGC GCT GGG    310
Arg Arg Met Gln Thr His Leu Ser Val Ser Leu Leu Pro Cys Ala Gly
          -15                      -10                      -5

GCT TGG TCC CTT CTT RGT TCA AAG AAA GTG ATC CTT CCA AGC TGC AGT    358
Ala Trp Ser Leu Leu Xaa Ser Lys Lys Val Ile Leu Pro Ser Cys Ser
          1                      5                      10

TCA ATA CTA MCA ACT GTC GTA GTG ATA    385
Ser Ile Leu Xaa Thr Val Val Val Ile
   15                      20

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 260:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 386 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 43..128
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 19..104  
id R49759  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 132..194  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 106..168  
id R49759  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 225..311  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq LLMLGVTLPNYSY/RV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 260:

ATTCCTCTGA CCTGCCAGGA AGCAGAGAGA CCCACAGAGC AGGCAGGGAG GCAGAAAGTG	60
GAGACGGACC TGAGCCCCGAG GAAGAGGCAG GCAGAGGCTG AGGCTGATTC CACCCCAGCC	120
TGCCTGGRAC AAACCCTCCT TAGCCGCAGC CCCTTCCAGT TCCCTAGGGG TTCTGCCCCT	180
CCCCCTCTCT GGGGCACCAG CCCCCCAGGG TCCTGCATCC NACC ATG TCG ATG GCT	236
Met Ser Met Ala	
GTG GAA ACC TTT GGC TTC TTC ATG GCA ACT GTG GGG CTG CTG ATG CTG	284
Val Glu Thr Phe Gly Phe Phe Met Ala Thr Val Gly Leu Leu Met Leu	
-25 -20 -15 -10	
GGG GTG ACT CTG CCA AAC AGC TAC TGG CGA GTG TCC ACT GTG CAC GGG	332
Gly Val Thr Leu Pro Asn Ser Tyr Trp Arg Val Ser Thr Val His Gly	
-5 1 5	
AAC GTC ATC AHC ACC AAC AHC ATC TTC GAG AAC CTC TGG TTT AGC AGT	380
Asn Val Ile Xaa Thr Asn Xaa Ile Phe Glu Asn Leu Trp Phe Ser Ser	
10 15 20	
GCC GGG	386
Ala Gly	
25	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 261:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 222 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA



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## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 118..222
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 112..216  
id T86663  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 118..156
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 120..158  
id AA055880  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 55..114
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5  
seq XFLXLXXLSXXWP/XD

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 261:

```

ACTCAGAAGC TTGGACCGCA TCCTAGCCGC CGACTCACAC AAGGCAGABT TGCC ATG      57
                                     Met
                                     -20

GAG AAA ATT CCA GTG TCA SCA TTC TTG CDC CTN GYG GSC CTC TCK WAS      105
Glu Lys Ile Pro Val Ser Xaa Phe Leu Xaa Leu Xaa Xaa Leu Ser Xaa
      -15                      -10                      -5

AKC TGG CCA SSG GAT ACC ACA GTC AAA CCT GGA GCC AMA AAG GAC ACA      153
Xaa Trp Pro Xaa Asp Thr Thr Val Lys Pro Gly Ala Xaa Lys Asp Thr
      1                      5                      10

AAG GAC TCT CGA SCC AAA CTG CCC CAG ACC CTC TCC AGA GGT TGG GGT      201
Lys Asp Ser Arg Xaa Lys Leu Pro Gln Thr Leu Ser Arg Gly Trp Gly
      15                      20                      25

GAC CAA CTC ATC TGG ACA CGG      222
Asp Gln Leu Ile Trp Thr Arg
      30                      35

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 262:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 366 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 207..326

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 85..204  
id W69716  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 122..208

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..87  
id W69716  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 316..366

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 195..245  
id W69716  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 282..366

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 94..178  
id W73842  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 207..287

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 17..97  
id W73842  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 257..326

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 42..111  
id W58108  
est



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PCT/IB98/01232

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 121..264  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 127..270  
id N24991  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 3..124  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 10..131  
id N24991  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 161..292  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 15..146  
id HSC1WG111  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 176..310  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..135  
id AA001396  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 176..265  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..90  
id AA017578  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 191..265  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..75  
id R17530  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 167..295  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.9

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seq GLWLALVDGLVRX/AP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 263:

```

ACTTTTTCCT ACGCAGCCGC TCCTGCCGCC GTGGTCGCTG GAGCTTTGCC TCTCTAGGCC    60
GGCAGCGCCT CTCCTCCATG GTCCTGTCTG TCAGCGCTGT TTTGGGAGCC CGCCGGTGAG    120
GCCGGGCCAC GCTCAGACAC TTCGATCGTC GAGTCTGTCA CTGGGC ATG GCG GGT    175
                               Met Ala Gly
CAG TTC CGC AGC TAC GTG TGG GAC CCG CTG CTG ATC CTG TCG CAG ATC    223
Gln Phe Arg Ser Tyr Val Trp Asp Pro Leu Leu Ile Leu Ser Gln Ile
-40                               -35                               -30                               -25

GTC CTC ATG CAG ACC GTG TAT TAC GGC TCG CTG GGC CTG TGG CTG GCG    271
Val Leu Met Gln Thr Val Tyr Tyr Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Trp Leu Ala
                               -20                               -15                               -10

CTG GTG GAC GGG CTA GTG CGA ASA GCC CCT CGC TGG ATC SCA GGG    316
Leu Val Asp Gly Leu Val Arg Xaa Ala Pro Arg Trp Ile Xaa Gly
                               -5                               1                               5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 264:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 331 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 72..312
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 76..316  
id W03477  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 2..78
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 7..83  
id W03477  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 72..328

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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 69..325  
id W40364  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 3..78  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..76  
id W40364  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 164..328  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 172..336  
id R71313  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 72..158  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 80..166  
id R71313  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 7..78  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 16..87  
id R71313  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 164..328  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 151..315  
id H87810  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 72..158  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 59..145  
id H87810  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 14..78  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
                           region 2..66  
                           id H87810  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 72..274  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
                           region 52..254  
                           id AA135694  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 20..78  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
                           region 1..59  
                           id AA135694  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 270..328  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
                           region 249..307  
                           id AA135694  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 62..295  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.9  
                           seq VGAVFGLTTCISA/HV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 264:

```

AGGCTGCCCT TGC GCTTCCC GAGCTGGCGG GGTCCGTGGT GCGGGATCGA GATTGCGGGC   60
T ATG GCG CCG AAG GTT TTT CGT CAG TAC TGG GAT ATC CCC GAT GGC ACC   109
  Met Ala Pro Lys Val Phe Arg Gln Tyr Trp Asp Ile Pro Asp Gly Thr
    -75                      -70                      -65

GAT TGC CAC CGC AAA GCC TAC AGC ACC ACC AGT ATT GCC AGC GTC GCT   157
Asp Cys His Arg Lys Ala Tyr Ser Thr Thr Ser Ile Ala Ser Val Ala
  -60                      -55                      -50

GGC CTG ACC GCC GCT GCC TAC AGA GTC ACA CTC AAT CCT CCG GGC ACC   205
Gly Leu Thr Ala Ala Ala Tyr Arg Val Thr Leu Asn Pro Pro Gly Thr
  -45                      -40                      -35

TTC CTT GAA GGA GTG GCT AAG GTT GGA CAA TAC ACG TTC ACT GCA GCT   253
Phe Leu Glu Gly Val Ala Lys Val Gly Gln Tyr Thr Phe Thr Ala Ala

```

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															274				
-30					-25					-20					-15				
GCT	GTC	GGG	GCC	GTG	TTT	GGC	CTC	ACC	ACC	TGC	ATC	AGC	GCC	CAT	GTC	301			
Ala	Val	Gly	Ala	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Thr	Thr	Cys	Ile	Ser	Ala	His	Val				
					-10					-5					1				
CGC	GAG	AAG	CCC	GAC	GAC	CCC	CTG	AAC	CGG								331		
Arg	Glu	Lys	Pro	Asp	Asp	Pro	Leu	Asn	Arg										
					5					10									

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 265:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 215 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- ```

NAME/KEY: other
LOCATION: complement(44..183)
IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98
                    region 1..140
                    id N78549
                    est

```

(ix) FEATURE:

- ```

NAME/KEY: other
LOCATION: complement(2..34)
IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93
                    region 150..182
                    id N78549
                    est

```

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(103..214)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
                                 region 100..211  
                                 id N27605  
                                 est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 150..203  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.9  
seq WLQVLVPVILLLLG/VP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 265:



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```

AGAGAGAGGG GCCGCTACGC CGCACAGCAA ACAAGCTCCG CGACGTTTCC AGGACCCGGA    60
TAATCCCGCC CTTAGAGCAG AGCCGGAAGA AGCGGGGACG AACCGGAAGA GGGTGAAATG   120
CTTTCGGTAG GCACTCCACG GCTGTGAAG ATG GCG GCG GCT GCG TGG CTT CAG     173
                               Met Ala Ala Ala Ala Trp Leu Gln
                               -15

GTG TTG CCT GTC ATT CTT CTG CTT CTG GGA GTC CCC CCG TCG             215
Val Leu Pro Val Ile Leu Leu Leu Gly Val Pro Pro Ser
-10                               -5                               1

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 266:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 127 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(1..124)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 59..182  
id AA045287  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(1..124)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 45..168  
id R77973  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(1..124)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 70..193  
id AA136043  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(1..124)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 60..183  
id AA115201  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(1..124)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 60..183  
id R72616  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 5..115  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LLILDMNVLYTDA/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 266:

ATAG ATG GAA ATA TAC TTT ATA TTT TGT ATC ATC GTG CCT ATA GCC GCT	49
Met Glu Ile Tyr Phe Ile Phe Cys Ile Ile Val Pro Ile Ala Ala	
-35 -30 -25	
GCC ACC GTG TAT AAA TCC TGG TGT CTG CTC CTT ATC CTG GAC ATG AAT	97
Ala Thr Val Tyr Lys Ser Trp Cys Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu Asp Met Asn	
-20 -15 -10	
GTA TTG TAC ACT GAC GCG TCC CCA CTC GGG	127
Val Leu Tyr Thr Asp Ala Ser Pro Leu Gly	
-5 1	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 267:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 220 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 48..140  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 36..128  
id AA054941  
est

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 130..197  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 117..184  
id AA054941  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 48..218  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 36..206  
id W68324  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 48..141  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 22..115  
id H72703  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 130..218  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 103..191  
id H72703  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 29..59  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 4..34  
id H72703  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 48..140  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 16..108  
id AA128297  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 130..218  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 97..185  
id AA128297

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PCT/IB98/01232

est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 48..141  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 13..106  
id W25240  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 130..218  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 94..182  
id W25240  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 71..163  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq VLLAIGMFFTAWF/FV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 267:

ACTGTCGACG TGTTCTTCCG GTGGCGGACG GCGGATTAGC CTTCGCGGGG CAAAATTGRA	60
RCYCDRGGCC ATG AGC AGA TAT ACC AGC CCA GTG AAC CCA GCT GTC TTC	109
Met Ser Arg Tyr Thr Ser Pro Val Asn Pro Ala Val Phe	
-30 -25 -20	
CCC CAT CTG ACC GTG GTG CTT TTG GCC ATT GGC ATG TTC TTC ACC GCC	157
Pro His Leu Thr Val Val Leu Leu Ala Ile Gly Met Phe Phe Thr Ala	
-15 -10 -5	
TGG TTC TTC GTT TAC GAG GTC ACC TCT ACC AAG TAC ACT CGT GAT ATC	205
Trp Phe Phe Val Tyr Glu Val Thr Ser Thr Lys Tyr Thr Arg Asp Ile	
1 5 10	
TAT AAA GAG CTC CAG	220
Tyr Lys Glu Leu Gln	
15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 268:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 422 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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PCT/IB98/01232

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 135..179  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 15..59  
id R68571  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 309..413  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LMLSSSLPLLIWL/KD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 268:

```

AACTTTAGCC TCTGATTGCA GGCCACCACT TCATTACAT GGGGTGAGCA CCAATGCGTT    60
TTGTTCAATT CTTTGTTCAA AACCCCAAGA ATCTGGACAA CTTGCACTCA AGACCCTCTA   120
CGGGTTTGGC GAGCCAGTCC TTCAGTGGCT GTTTTCTAGT AGCTCCTTGG CAATTGAGGG   180
GAACTGGCTG GGACCACTCT CCAGTGCTGT CTGAAGGCCA AGGAGTGAAC AGGGATGGCT   240
GCCCTGCCTT GAAGAGGGAA GGACTCTTTT CTATCCTTTC CAGCTATAGT CCCTGATCCC   300
TACATGTG ATG CGG TTG GCA GCG GAA GCT CAT CCT GGG CGA ACT CAC ACA    350
      Met Arg Leu Ala Ala Glu Ala His Pro Gly Arg Thr His Thr
      -35                -30                -25

CTT TTC AGG AGA CTT AAA CCT TTT CTT ATG CTA AGT TCT TCC CTT CCC    398
Leu Phe Arg Arg Leu Lys Pro Phe Leu Met Leu Ser Ser Ser Leu Pro
-20                -15                -10

CTA CTC ATC TGG CTA AAG GAC AGA                                422
Leu Leu Ile Trp Leu Lys Asp Arg
-5                1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 269:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 261 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

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PCT/IB98/01232

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 2..261  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
 region 17..276  
 id N23506  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 2..220  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
 region 8..226  
 id R74310  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 219..261  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 226..268  
 id R74310  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 103..261  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 125..283  
 id N42319  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 103..261  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 119..277  
 id N33735  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 105..261  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 143..299  
 id R23867  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 97..213  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
 seq IILFSAIVGFIYG/YV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 269:

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PCT/IB98/01232

```

AAGTGCCRRA CCTTAGCCCT CACGGTCCTT AAGTCTCGGT CGCCCTCGCC TCKCAGCCTG    60
CCVBCGCGC TCRKCTGSSC GACTCCTCAG SCAGCC ATG CTG GAG CAT CTG RGC    114
                               Met Leu Glu His Leu Xaa
                               -35
TCG CTG CCC ACG CAG ATG GAT TAC AAG GGC CAG AAG CTA GCT GRR CAG    162
Ser Leu Pro Thr Gln Met Asp Tyr Lys Gly Gln Lys Leu Ala Xaa Gln
      -30                -25                -20
ATG TTT CAG GGR ATT ATT CTT TTT TCT GCA ATA GTT GGA TTT ATC TAC    210
Met Phe Gln Gly Ile Ile Leu Phe Ser Ala Ile Val Gly Phe Ile Tyr
      -15                -10                -5
GGG TAC GTG GCT GAA CAG TTC GGG TGG ACT GTC TAT ATA GTT ATG GCC    258
Gly Tyr Val Ala Glu Gln Phe Gly Trp Thr Val Tyr Ile Val Met Ala
      1                5                10                15
GGA
Gly
                                           261

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 270:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 353 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(154..354)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 70..270  
id AA164185  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 28..111
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 298..381  
id AA164184  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 297..344
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq SKVLFCFSNVLG/FD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 270:

```

CCAACGTGTG CTTTGAAAAA AAGAAGGGAT GTTTTCTGTG TCAAATGAAG GTAATCATAG    60
ATCAAATTTG CTTATTGTCT TGTTCAAATC CTAGAAAACC ATTAGCATTT TTCTTTGCTT   120
GTAATATKAG AATCTAACAC TCATACAGAA TATTGGAAAG GTTACCCTAC AATTGTAAAT   180
TTGAAATTCT CCTTCTAATT CTGTCAGTTA TTTATTGACA TAGTAGTGGT TCTGTAGTCA   240
AGTGCATATA AGGTTTTGAA TGTTACATCT TATTNNNGGA TTWTTATTTT ATCATT  ATG   299
                                           Met
GAG TAT AGC AAA GTT CTA TTT TGT TCT TTT TCA AAT GTA CTT GGT TTT   347
Glu Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Phe Cys Ser Phe Ser Asn Val Leu Gly Phe
-15              -10              -5              1

GAT TAT                                           353
Asp Tyr
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 271:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 225 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 19..133
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..115  
id HSC13B041  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 124..226
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 105..207  
id HSC13B041  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 124..226



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PCT/IB98/01232

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 71..173  
id T08849  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 53..133  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..81  
id T08849  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 53..135  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..83  
id H88132  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 124..192  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 71..139  
id H88132  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 192..226  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 140..174  
id H88132  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 53..144  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..92  
id T33149  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 145..226  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 92..173  
id T33149  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

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PCT/IB98/01232

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 52..133  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
                           region 1..82  
                           id AA121114  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 192..226  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
                           region 141..175  
                           id AA121114  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 46..123  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
                           seq LIMQLGSVLLTRC/PF

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 271:

```

ACTCTCTGAC TGGGGTGAGG CCGCAGCGGA CTGCCCTTTC CCAAG ATG GCG TCG AAG      57
                                     Met Ala Ser Lys
                                     -25

ATA GGT TCG AGA CGG TGG ATG TTG CAG CTG ATC ATG CAG TTG GGT TCG      105
Ile Gly Ser Arg Arg Trp Met Leu Gln Leu Ile Met Gln Leu Gly Ser
      -20                -15                -10

GTG CTG CTC ACA CGC TGC CCC TTT TGG GGC TGC TTC AGC CAG CTC ATG      153
Val Leu Leu Thr Arg Cys Pro Phe Trp Gly Cys Phe Ser Gln Leu Met
      -5                1                5                10

CTG TAC GCT GAG AGG GCT GAG GCA CGC CGG AAG CCC GAC ATC CCA GTG      201
Leu Tyr Ala Glu Arg Ala Glu Ala Arg Arg Lys Pro Asp Ile Pro Val
      -                15                20                25

CCT TAC CTG TAT TTC GAC AGT GGG                                  225
Pro Tyr Leu Tyr Phe Asp Ser Gly
      30

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 272:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 305 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

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PCT/IB98/01232

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 2..287  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 9..294  
id W52125  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 19..283  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..265  
id AA024623  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 22..284  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..263  
id H55824  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 21..307  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 2..288  
id R62921  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 102..287  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 57..242  
id N31702  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 45..100  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..56  
id N31702  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 69..224  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7

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PCT/IB98/01232

seq LGLALGRLEGGSA/RH

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 272:

```

ATTGGCTCCG GATCGTGCGT GAGGCGGCTT CGTGGGCAGC GAGAGTCACA GACAAGACAG    60
CAAGCAGG ATG GAG CAC TAC CGG AAA GCT GGC TCT GTA GAG CTC CCA GCG    110
      Met Glu His Tyr Arg Lys Ala Gly Ser Val Glu Leu Pro Ala
            -50                      -45                      -40

CCT TCC CCA ATG CCC CAG CTA CCT CCT GAT ACC CTT GAG ATG CGG GTC    158
Pro Ser Pro Met Pro Gln Leu Pro Pro Asp Thr Leu Glu Met Arg Val
            -35                      -30                      -25

CGA GAT GGC AGC AAA ATT CGC AAC CTG CTG GGG TTG GCT CTG GGT CGG    206
Arg Asp Gly Ser Lys Ile Arg Asn Leu Leu Gly Leu Ala Leu Gly Arg
            -20                      -15                      -10

TTG GAG GGC GGC AGT GCT CGG CAT GTA GTG TTC TCA GGT TCT GGC AGG    254
Leu Glu Gly Gly Ser Ala Arg His Val Val Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Arg
            -5                      1                      5                      10

GCT GCA GGA AAG GCT GTC AGC TGC GCT GAG ATT GTC AAG CGG CGG GTC    302
Ala Ala Gly Lys Ala Val Ser Cys Ala Glu Ile Val Lys Arg Arg Val
            15                      20                      25

CCG    305
Pro
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 273:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 322 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 113..324
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 2..213  
id W26501  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 111..324
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 6..219

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PCT/IB98/01232

id W28013

est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(211..324)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 334..447  
 id W28077  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 215..324  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
 region 1..110  
 id HSC3LG011  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 104..181  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.6  
 seq LIALTCLDGTTS/AE

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 273:

```

AGCATTTTGC AAAGATGGCT GTAGGAATGG AGGAGCCTGT ATTGCCGCTA ATGTGTGTGC   60
CTGCCCACAA GGCTTCACTG GACCCAGCTG TGAAACGACA TTG ATG AAT GCT CTG   115
                                     Met Asn Ala Leu
                                     -25

ATG GTT TTG TTC AAT GTG ACA GTC GTG CTA ATT GCA TTA ACC TGC CTG   163
Met Val Leu Phe Asn Val Thr Val Val Leu Ile Ala Leu Thr Cys Leu
      -20                -15                -10

GAT GGT AEC ACT GTG AGT GCA GAG ATG GCT ACC ATG ACA ATG GGA TGT   211
Asp Gly Thr Thr Val Ser Ala Glu Met Ala Thr Met Thr Met Gly Cys
      -5                1                5                10

TTT CAC CAA GTG GAG AAT CGT GTG AAG ATA TTG ATG AGT GTG GGA CCG   259
Phe His Gln Val Glu Asn Arg Val Lys Ile Leu Met Ser Val Gly Pro
              15                20                25

GGA GGC ACA GCT GTG CCA ATG ATA CCA TTT GCT TCA ATT TGG ATG GCG   307
Gly Gly Thr Ala Val Pro Met Ile Pro Phe Ala Ser Ile Trp Met Ala
              30                35                40

GAT ATG ATT GNC GAT   322
Asp Met Ile Xaa Asp
      45

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 274:

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PCT/IB98/01232

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 337 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 94..339
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 62..307  
id AA133635  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 32..97
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 1..66  
id AA133635  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 191..325
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.6  
seq VLVYLVTAERVWS/DD

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 274:

```

ACTCCAGGC TGGGCCAGCA CACCCGGCAG GCTCTGTCCT GGAAACAGGC TTCAACGGGC   60
TTCCCCGAAA ACCTTCCCCG CTTCTGGRTA TGAAVWTKCA AGCTGCTTGC TGAGTCCTAT  120
TGCCGGCTGC TGGGAGCMAG GAGAGCCCTG AGGAGTAGTC ACTCAGTAGC AGCTGACGCG  180
TGGGTCCACC ATG AAC TGG AGT ATC TTT GAG GGA CTC CTG AGT GGG GTC      229
      Met Asn Trp Ser Ile Phe Glu Gly Leu Leu Ser Gly Val
      -45                -40                -35

AAC AAG TAC TCC ACA GCC TTT GGG CGC ATC TGG CTG TCT CTG GTC TTC      277
Asn Lys Tyr Ser Thr Ala Phe Gly Arg Ile Trp Leu Ser Leu Val Phe
      -30                -25                -20

ATC TTC CGC GTG CTG GTG TAC CTG GTG ACG GCC GAG CGT GTG TGG AGT      325
Ile Phe Arg Val Leu Val Tyr Leu Val Thr Ala Glu Arg Val Trp Ser
      -15                -10                -5

GAT GAC CAC AAG                                          337
Asp Asp His Lys

```

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PCT/IB98/01232

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 275:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 287 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 205..287
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 37..119  
id T82645  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 129..176
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.5  
seq SLFIYIFXTCSNT/SP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 275:

```

ACTGTCCCAT TCCTCCCCCT ACAACACACA CACCTTTCAG GCAGGGASGN GATGAGCTTC    60
CAGCCCCAAG AGTGGAGGCT GCCACATCCT AACATASGKA KCTATTGRRA AGGAAKSAGT    120
GTGTATCT ATG ATT ATA TCT CTG TTC ATC TAT ATA TTT TTK ACA TGT AGC    170
  Met Ile Ile Ser Leu Phe Ile Tyr Ile Phe Xaa Thr Cys Ser
    -15                -10                -5
AAC ACC TCT CCA TCT TAT CAA KGA ACT CAA CTC GGT CTG GGT CTC CCC    218
Asn Thr Ser Pro Ser Tyr Gln Xaa Thr Gln Leu Gly Leu Gly Leu Pro
    1                5                10
AGT GCC CAG TGG TGG CCT TTG ACA GGT AGG AGG ATG CAG TGC TGC AGG    266
Ser Ala Gln Trp Trp Pro Leu Thr Gly Arg Arg Met Gln Cys Cys Arg
    15                20                25                30
CTA TTT TGT TTT KTG TTA CAA    287
Leu Phe Cys Phe Xaa Leu Gln
    35

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 276:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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PCT/IB98/01232

- (A) LENGTH: 156 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..156
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 40..195  
id AA227366  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 1..156
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 4..159  
id AA069390  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 9..152
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..144  
id AA248850  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 18..95
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..78  
id AA248912  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 88..132
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 70..114  
id AA248912  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 61..108
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4



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PCT/IB98/01232

seq LNSLSALAEAVG/SR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 276:

```

ATGGCTGTCA GAGGTGGGCG GCTTTGACCG AGAGGCTGCT GGAGCTCGTG TTTGGACGCG      60
ATG TTT CGT CTG AAC TCA CTT TCT GCT TTG GCA GAA CTG GCT GTG GGT      108
Met Phe Arg Leu Asn Ser Leu Ser Ala Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Val Gly
  -15                      -10                      -5

TCT CGA TGG TAC CAT GGA GGA TCA CAG CCC ATC CAG ATC CGG CGG AGA      156
Ser Arg Trp Tyr His Gly Gly Ser Gln Pro Ile Gln Ile Arg Arg Arg
   1                      5                      10                      15
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 277:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 369 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 98..330
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 69..301  
id R99696  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 29..98
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..70  
id R99696  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 206..330
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 164..288  
id W90165  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 98..209

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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 55..166  
id W90165  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 43..98  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..56  
id W90165  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 98..330  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 82..314  
id H91200  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 16..98  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 1..83  
id H91200  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 98..249  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 62..213  
id R06513  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 238..288  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
seq TLRTWLCCAGSWA/VE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 277:

ACATACTTGC AGCTARAAC T AAATATTGCT GCTTGGGGAC CTCCTTCTAG CCTTAAATTT	60
CAGCTCATCA CCTTCACCTG CCTTGGTCAT GGCTCTGSCT ATTCTCCTTG ATCCTTGCCA	120
TTTGCACCAG ACCTGGATTC CTAGCGTCTC VATCTGGAGT GCGGCTGGTG GGGGGCCTCC	180
ACCGCTGTGA AGGGCGGGTG GAGGTGGAAC AGAAAGGCCA GTGGGGCACC GTGTGTG	237
ATG ACG GCT GGG ACA TTA AGG ACG TGG CTG TGT TGT GCC GGG AGC TGG	285

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```

Met Thr Ala Gly Thr Leu Arg Thr Trp Leu Cys Cys Ala Gly Ser Trp
      -15                -10                -5

GCT GTG GAG CTG CCA GCG GAA CCC CTA GTG GTA TTT TGT AWG AGC ACC   333
Ala Val Glu Leu Pro Ala Glu Pro Leu Val Val Phe Cys Xaa Ser Thr
      1                5                10                15

AGC AGA AAA AGA GCA AAA GGT CTC ATC CAA TCA GTC   369
Ser Arg Lys Arg Ala Lys Gly Leu Ile Gln Ser Val
      20                25

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 278:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 188 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(2..99)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 99..196  
id AA088690  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(87..187)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 12..112  
id AA088690  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 111..182
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.3  
seq RLLVILCVSVKAG/ST

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 278:

```

ACTACAGCAT GGCCACGTGG AGGCAGCGGC AGGAGAAAAA GCAGCTGGGC TTCTTCTGAA   60
CCCAAGCCCT CTCGACTGCC CCTATCCCCT GGAVCCCCAA CATACCTACA ATG CTG     116
                                     Met Leu
GGG AGG CCC TGC TTC CAC TCC CCT CAG AGG CTT TTG GTC ATC CTC TGC     164

```

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Gly Arg Pro Cys Phe His Ser Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Val Ile Leu Cys  
-20 -15 -10

GTG TCA GTA AAA GCA GGC AGC ACG 188  
Val Ser Val Lys Ala Gly Ser Thr  
-5 1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 279:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 289 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 106..261
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 119..274  
id AA280906  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 2..99
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 15..112  
id AA280906  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 260..291
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 272..303  
id AA280906  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 140..291
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 224..375  
id HUM406F04B  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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(B) LOCATION: 12..112  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..101  
id HUM406F04B  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 106..140  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 94..128  
id HUM406F04B  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 132..261  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 124..253  
id AA133362  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 5..92  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..88  
id AA133362  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 260..291  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 251..282  
id AA133362  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 106..261  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 94..249  
id N57260  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 10..92  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..83  
id N57260  
est

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 260..291  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 247..278  
id N57260  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 41..234  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 42..235  
id W25567  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 1..40  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..40  
id W25567  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 194..277  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq LQFVLPVATQIQQ/EV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 279:

```

AGGGGCGTTG GGAACGGTTG TAGGACGTGG CTCTTTATTC GTGAGTTTTT CATTTACCTC    60
CGCTGAACCT AGAGCTTCAG ACGCCCTATG GCGTCCGCCT CGACACCAAC CGGCGGCCTT    120
GAGCGCTGAG CAAGCAAAGG TGGTCCTCGC GGAGGTGATC CAGGCGTTCT CCGCCCCGGA    180
GAATGCAGTG CGC ATG GAC GAG GCT CGG GAT AAC GCC TGC AAC GAC ATG        229
      Met Asp Glu Ala Arg Asp Asn Ala Cys Asn Asp Met
              -25                      -20

GGT AAG ATG CTG CAA TTC GTG CTG CCC GTG GCC ACG CAG ATC CAG CAG        277
Gly Lys Met Leu Gln Phe Val Leu Pro Val Ala Thr Gln Ile Gln Gln
      -15              -10                      -5

GAG GTT ATC AAA                                289
Glu Val Ile Lys
1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 280:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 355 base pairs

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- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 38..69
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..32  
id H56508  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 287..349
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq LCALGSAPSSMWA/GE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 280:

```

AAACCTCCGT GGCTAGTCTT GACGTGGCGG GTTGCTTCC AAAATGGCGC GGGTGCTGAA   60
GGCTGCAGCC GCDBAATGCC GTAGGTGAAT ACCGGGCACC GCCGACCTTC GCCATGGGAC   120
AGGGAGCGTG GGAACGGCGG TCGGGGGCGG AGGAKGCCTC GGTGTGGCCA AAGCACCTTG   180
ATCTAATGTC CTCCCCGGG GCGCGTTCC ACAGCAGCTG CTGTCACTTW KGGCAGAGGG   240
TGCCTTCCAG AAGCGCCACC GCTTAGTAGC GGGGATTGCB TTGTGC ATG AGT CCC       295
                               Met Ser Pro
                               -20
ATT TCE ATC CGA GAG CTG TGC GCC TTG GGC TCT GCA CCT TCC AGT ATG       343
Ile Ser Ile Arg Glu Leu Cys Ala Leu Gly Ser Ala Pro Ser Ser Met
-15                      -10                      -5

TGG GCB GGA GAG                               355
Trp Ala Gly Glu
1

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 281:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 258 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

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## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 108..255
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 2..149  
id AA095592  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 18..105
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 219..306  
id T70757  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 163..255
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 37..129  
id H66541  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 163..255
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 37..129  
id R92835  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 172..255
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 14..97  
id H87601  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 52..90
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq MTDLLSASPWALT/IV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 281:

ACCAAGTTTG AGCACCTGGA AAGGGTTTAT GCTGACATCC CCTTCTGTT G ATG ACG 57  
Met Thr



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GAC CTC TTA AGT GCC TCA CCC TGG GCC CTC ACT ATT GTT TCC AGT GAG	105
Asp Leu Leu Ser Ala Ser Pro Trp Ala Leu Thr Ile Val Ser Ser Glu	
-10 -5 1 5	
CTC CAC CTT GCT CCA TCC ATG ACC ACA GTG GAC CAG CTC GAG TCT CAA	153
Leu His Leu Ala Pro Ser Met Thr Thr Val Asp Gln Leu Glu Ser Gln	
10 15 20	
GTG GAC AAT GTK ATC TTA CAG ACT GGA GAG AGT GCT AGT GAA TGC TTT	201
Val Asp Asn Val Ile Leu Gln Thr Gly Glu Ser Ala Ser Glu Cys Phe	
25 30 35	
TGT CTT CAA TGC CCA TCT CTT GGA AAT ATT GAA GGT GGA GTA GCA ACC	249
Cys Leu Gln Cys Pro Ser Leu Gly Asn Ile Glu Gly Gly Val Ala Thr	
40 45 50	
GGG CAY HGG	258
Gly His Xaa	
55	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 282:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 285 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 6..202
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 10..206  
id AA074428  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 193..254
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 196..257  
id AA074428  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 28..202
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..175

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PCT/IB98/01232

id AA158941  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 193..285  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 165..257  
id AA158941  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 37..202  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..166  
id AA148039  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 193..254  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 156..217  
id AA148039  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 250..285  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 214..249  
id AA148039  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 74..280  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..207  
id H72224  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 76..153  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq LTCGPALVPRLWA/TC

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 282:

AAGAGGCTAG AAGCTGGATT CAGCGTGTCC GCGACCTCAC CTTTAGGTCC TGTGAGGGAC 60  
GGCCCAGGTG GCAGG ATG TCC TGG TCT GGC CTT CTC CAT GGC CTC AAC ACG 111

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	Met	Ser	Trp	Ser	Gly	Leu	Leu	His	Gly	Leu	Asn	Thr				
	-25						-20				-15					
TCC	CTA	ACT	TGT	GGC	CCA	GCT	CTG	GTT	CCC	CGG	CTC	TGG	GCT	ACC	TGC	159
Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Gly	Pro	Ala	Leu	Val	Pro	Arg	Leu	Trp	Ala	Thr	Cys	
	-10						-5					1				
TCC	ATG	GCT	ACC	CTG	AAC	CAG	ATG	CAC	CGC	CTG	GGG	CCC	CCC	AAG	CGG	207
Ser	Met	Ala	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Met	His	Arg	Leu	Gly	Pro	Pro	Lys	Arg	
	5						10					15				
CCG	CCT	CGG	AAG	CTG	GGC	CCC	ACG	GAA	GGC	CGG	CCG	CAG	CTG	AAG	GGT	255
Pro	Pro	Arg	Lys	Leu	Gly	Pro	Thr	Glu	Gly	Arg	Pro	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gly	
	20						25				30					
GTG	GTC	CTG	TGC	ACG	TTT	ACC	CGC	AAC	CGG							285
Val	Val	Leu	Cys	Thr	Phe	Thr	Arg	Asn	Arg							
	35					40										

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 283:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 225 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 18..223
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 1..206  
id HSC3CC061  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 112..223
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 94..205  
id H33976  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 49..93
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 1..45  
id AA041823  
est

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 49..93  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 1..45  
id AA003782  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 25..93  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq LEAFSQAISAIQA/LR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 283:

AAKAGCTGCT GTGGCGGCGG CAAC ATG GCG GAC GTG ATA AAT GTC AGT GTG	51
Met Ala Asp Val Ile Asn Val Ser Val	
-20 -15	
AAC CTG GAG GCC TTT TCC CAG GCC ATT AGT GCC ATC CAG GCG CTG CGA	99
Asn Leu Glu Ala Phe Ser Gln Ala Ile Ser Ala Ile Gln Ala Leu Arg	
-10 -5 1	
TCC AGC GTG AGC AGG GTG TTC GAC TGC CTG AAG GAT GGG ATG CGG AAC	147
Ser Ser Val Ser Arg Val Phe Asp Cys Leu Lys Asp Gly Met Arg Asn	
5 10 15	
AAG GAG ACG CTG GAG GGC CGG GAG AAG GCC TTT ATT GCG CAC TTC CAG	195
Lys Glu Thr Leu Glu Gly Arg Glu Lys Ala Phe Ile Ala His Phe Gln	
20 25 30	
GAC AAC TTA CAT TCG GTC AAC CGG GAC CCA	225
Asp Asn Leu His Ser Val Asn Arg Asp Pro	
35 40	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 284:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 339 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(210..340)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99

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PCT/IB98/01232

region 172..302  
id AA062591  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 109..204
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq RLLSSLLLTMSNN/NP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 284:

```

AGACCCGATG GACCCCGGCG ACGCSCCATT TTGGAGTCTT CCCTAAGGAT CCTCTACCGG      60
CTTTTCGAGT CAGTGCTGCC GCCGCTGCCC GCGGCTTTGC AGAGCAGG ATG AAT GTG      117
                                         Met Asn Val
                                         -30

ATA GAC CAC GTG CGG GAC ATG GCG GCC GCG GGG CTG CAC TCC AAC GTG      165
Ile Asp His Val Arg Asp Met Ala Ala Ala Gly Leu His Ser Asn Val
          -25                      -20                      -15

CGG CTC CTC AGC AGC TTG TTA CTT ACA ATG AGT AAT AAC AAC CCT GAG      213
Arg Leu Leu Ser Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Met Ser Asn Asn Asn Pro Glu
          -10                      -5                      1

TTA TTC TCC CCA CCT CAG AAG TAC CAG CTT TTG GTG TAT CAT GCA GAT      261
Leu Phe Ser Pro Pro Gln Lys Tyr Gln Leu Leu Val Tyr His Ala Asp
          5                      10                      15

TCT CTC TTT CAT GAT AAG GAA TAT CGG AAT GCT GTG AGT AAG TAT ACC      309
Ser Leu Phe His Asp Lys Glu Tyr Arg Asn Ala Val Ser Lys Tyr Thr
          20                      25                      30                      35

ATG GCT TTA CAG CAG AAG AAA GCG CTA AGT      339
Met Ala Leu Gln Gln Lys Lys Ala Leu Ser
          40                      45

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 285:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 141 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(2..41)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90

WO 99/06550

304

PCT/IB98/01232

region 66..105  
id AA085310  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 70..117
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq ACLAWTAVRPSAC/CH

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 285:

```
AAAGTGAGTT TGCGAACGGA GCAGCTGCTG CAGCAGGGCC CATGGCGGAC ACCCAGTACA    60
TCCTGCCCCA ATG ACA TCG GCG TGT CTA GCC TGG ACT GCC GTG AGG CCT TCC    111
      Met Thr Ser Ala Cys Leu Ala Trp Thr Ala Val Arg Pro Ser
      -15                      -10                      -5

GCC TGC TGT CAC CCA CAG AGC GCC AAC TGG                                141
Ala Cys Cys His Pro Gln Ser Ala Asn Trp
      1                      5
```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 286:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 290 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (E) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(147..290)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 141..284  
id W12393  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 249..289
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..41  
id HSC2TF111  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 60..224

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PCT/IB98/01232

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq VFGMSSSSGASNS/AP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 286:

```

ATCTCAACTT GGACTTGCAA TCACAGAACA TTTACCACCA TGGAAGAGAA GGAAGTAGG      59

ATG AAT GGA AGT AGG ACT CTA ACG CAC AGC ATT AGT GAT GGA CAA CTT      107
Met Asn Gly Ser Arg Thr Leu Thr His Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gln Leu
-55                -50                -45                -40

CAA GGT GGC CAG TCC AAT AGT GAA CTA TTT CAG CAG GAG SSA CAG ACA      155
Gln Gly Gly Gln Ser Asn Ser Glu Leu Phe Gln Gln Glu Xaa Gln Thr
                -35                -30                -25

GCA CCA GCT CAA GTT CCT CAA GGC TTT AAT GTT TTT GGA ATG TCC AGT      203
Ala Pro Ala Gln Val Pro Gln Gly Phe Asn Val Phe Gly Met Ser Ser
                -20                -15                -10

TCC TCT GGT GCT TCA AAT TCA GCA CCA CAT CTT GGA TTT CAC TTA GGC      251
Ser Ser Gly Ala Ser Asn Ser Ala Pro His Leu Gly Phe His Leu Gly
                -5                1                5

AGC AAA GGA ACA TCT AGC CTT TCT CAA CAA ACT CCC GGG      290
Ser Lys Gly Thr Ser Ser Leu Ser Gln Gln Thr Pro Gly
10                15                20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 287:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 326 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(68..194)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 204..330  
id N35493  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(208..323)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 75..190  
id N35493

WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(2..79)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 318..395  
id N35493  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 186..233
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq FFLFLSFVLMYDG/LR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 287:

```

ATAAAAGAAG CAGCAAATAG AATTTCCAC AAAGTAAGTT GACTCTAAAT CTTAAGTATT   60
ACCTAGTTTT TTAAAGGTTT GAATATAATA ATGCAGTATT TGCAGTATAA AAAGGAAGGA  120
ATTTGTAGAG AATCATTTTG GTGCTCAAGT CTCTTAGCAG TGCTTATTG CCTCATAGCA  180
AGAAG ATG CTG GGG TTT TTT TTG TTT TTG TCC TTT GTA TTA ATG TAT GAT  230
  Met Leu Gly Phe Phe Leu Phe Leu Ser Phe Val Leu Met Tyr Asp
    -15              -10              -5

GGT TTG CGC CTT TTT GGC ATT CTT TCA ACA TGT CGT GTA CAT CAC ACC   278
Gly Leu Arg Leu Phe Gly Ile Leu Ser Thr Cys Arg Val His His Thr
   1              5              10              15

ATG AAT CAG TTC CTA ATT GAT ATA TCT AGC TTT ACC TCC CGA GTT CGG   326
Met Asn Gln Phe Leu Ile Asp Ile Ser Ser Phe Thr Ser Arg Val Arg
          20              25              30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 288:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 383 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 219..380
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 46..207



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PCT/IB98/01232

id N95583  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 219..335  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 46..162  
id AA283710  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 336..380  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 162..206  
id AA283710  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 240..320  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq SIKVLLQSALSLG/RS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 288:

```

AGTGGCTCTT CTGACCCAAG GCCCGCCCGT CCAGGTAGGG GGCTGTGGCC TCTAGGGATC   60
AGGGACTACT TACCTGCGAA TCCCGGTTGC CCGCCCGCCA RCACGTCCGK TYCCSTAARG  120
CARAMCGCCT KGGCTCCTGG CTGAACCGTC TTCTCAMCGT TTGSCGGAGT CTGAMCTCCC  180
CACGCTTAGT CCACTAACGR AGCTATCCCT GCTCCTGMCC CACAGCTTCT AAGTGCCAG   239
ATG ATG GAG GAG CGT GCC AAC CTG ATG CAC ATG ATG AAA CTC AGC ATC   287
Met Met Glu Glu Arg Ala Asn Leu Met His Met Met Lys Leu Ser Ile
    -25                -20                -15

AAG GTG TTG CTC CAG TCG GCT CTG AGC CTG GGC CGC AGC CTG GAT GCG   335
Lys Val Leu Leu Gln Ser Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Arg Ser Leu Asp Ala
    -10                -5                1                5

GAC CAT GCC CCC TTG CAG CAG TTC TTT GTA GTG ATG GAG CAC TGC TCA   383
Asp His Ala Pro Leu Gln Gln Phe Phe Val Val Met Glu His Cys Ser
          10                15                20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 289:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 319 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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PCT/IB98/01232

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 57..180
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 15..138  
id AA090170  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 226..286
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 184..244  
id AA090170  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 21..242
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 1..222  
id HSU46267  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 143..319
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 220..396  
id AA048294  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 149..286
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 139..276  
id AA118611  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 143..286
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 88..231  
id AA063937  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

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309

PCT/IB98/01232

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 80..130  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
 seq XIVSAALLAFVQT/HL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 289:

```

AGTTGGTGGG GCTGGGGGAT GAGAGCTGCA CCGCGCGGGA YAAGTCGCCG GCGGCGCCCC 60
AMGGAGCAGA ACAGAGAGC ATG GAG CTG GAG AKG ATC GTC AGT GCA GCC CTC 112
      Met Glu Leu Glu Xaa Ile Val Ser Ala Ala Leu
      -15                               -10

CTT GCC TTT GTC CAG ACA CAC CTC CCG GAG GCC GAC CTC AGT GGC TTG 160
Leu Ala Phe Val Gln Thr His Leu Pro Glu Ala Asp Leu Ser Gly Leu
      -5                               1                               5                               10

GAT GAG GTC ATC TTC TCC TAT GTG CKT GGG GTC CTG GAG GAC CTG GGC 208
Asp Glu Val Ile Phe Ser Tyr Val Xaa Gly Val Leu Glu Asp Leu Gly
      15                               20                               25

CCC TCG GGC CCA TCA GAG GAG AAC TTC GAT ATG GAG GCT TTC ACT GAG 256
Pro Ser Gly Pro Ser Glu Glu Asn Phe Asp Met Glu Ala Phe Thr Glu
      30                               35                               40

ATG ATG GAG GCC TAK GTG CCT GGC TTC GCC CAC ATC CCC AGG GGM ACA 304
Met Met Glu Ala Xaa Val Pro Gly Phe Ala His Ile Pro Arg Gly Thr
      45                               50                               55

ATA GGG GAS ATG ATG 319
Ile Gly Xaa Met Met
      60

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 290:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 274 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 2..273  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
 region 8..279  
 id T30552  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

WO 99/06550

310

PCT/IB98/01232

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 3..273  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
                           region 1..271  
                           id C14403  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 2..273  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
                           region 14..285  
                           id T30625  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 4..273  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
                           region 1..270  
                           id T32136  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 3..270  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
                           region 1..268  
                           id C14440  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 98..175  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
                           seq SLIPLFXFIGTGA/TG

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 290:

```

AGGAAGTCCG TAGTGTCTCA TTGCRGATAA TTTTAGCTT AGGGCCTKGT GGCTAGGKCG    60
GTTCTCTCCK KTCCAGTCGG AGACCTCTGC SGVRRRC ATG CTC CGC CAG ATC ATC    115
                               Met Leu Arg Gln Ile Ile
                               -25

GGT CAG GCC AAG AAG CAT CCG AGC TTG ATC CCC CTC TTT KTA TTT ATT    163
Gly Gln Ala Lys Lys His Pro Ser Leu Ile Pro Leu Phe Xaa Phe Ile
-20                               -15                               -10                               -5

GGR ACT GGA GCT ACT GGA GCA ACA CTG TAT CTC TTG CGT CTG GCA TTG    211
Gly Thr Gly Ala Thr Gly Ala Thr Leu Tyr Leu Leu Arg Leu Ala Leu
                               1                               5                               10

TTC AAT CCA GRT GTT TGT TGG GAC AGA RRT AAC CCA GAG CCC TGG AAC    259
Phe Asn Pro Xaa Val Cys Trp Asp Arg Xaa Asn Pro Glu Pro Trp Asn

```

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15	20	25	
RRA CTG GGC CCC GAA			274
Xaa Leu Gly Pro Glu			
30			

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 291:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 336 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 200..332
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 5..137  
id T78510  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(230..332)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 117..219  
id R46866  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 37..330
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8  
seq WTSLTCSLVVVDG/CG

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 291:

AAGTGC	GGTG	GAGCC	AGGCG	TGGAAG	TCGA	CACAAG	ATG	GTG	AAG	GAG	ACC	CAG	54			
							Met	Val	Lys	Glu	Thr	Gln				
													-95			
TAC	TAT	GAC	ATC	CTG	GGC	GTG	AAG	CCC	AGC	GCG	TCC	CCG	GAG	AGA	TCA	102
Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Ile	Leu	Gly	Val	Lys	Pro	Ser	Ala	Ser	Pro	Glu	Arg	Ser	
																-80
AGA	AGG	CCT	ATC	GGA	AGC	TGG	CGC	TCA	AGT	ACC	ACC	CGG	ACA	AGA	ACC	150
Arg	Arg	Pro	Ile	Gly	Ser	Trp	Arg	Ser	Ser	Thr	Thr	Arg	Thr	Arg	Thr	
																-65
																-75
																-70

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CGG ATG AGG GCG AGA AGT TTA AAC TCA TAT CCC AGG CAT ATG AAG TGC	198
Arg Met Arg Ala Arg Ser Leu Asn Ser Tyr Pro Arg His Met Lys Cys	
-60 -55 -50 -45	
TTT CAG ATC CAA AGA AAA GGG ATG TTT ATG ACC AAG GCG GAG AGC AGG	246
Phe Gln Ile Gln Arg Lys Gly Met Phe Met Thr Lys Ala Glu Ser Arg	
-40 -35 -30	
CAA TBV AAG AAG GAG GCT CAG GCA GCC CCA GCT TCT CTT CAC CCA TGG	294
Gln Xaa Lys Lys Glu Ala Gln Ala Ala Pro Ala Ser Leu His Pro Trp	
-25 -20 -15	
ACA TCT TTG ACA TGT TCT TTG GTG GTG GTG GAC GGA TGC GGG	336
Thr Ser Leu Thr Cys Ser Leu Val Val Val Asp Gly Cys Gly	
-10 -5 1	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 292:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 397 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 18..194
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 2..178  
id W25476  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 206..359
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 193..346  
id W25476  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 359..396
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 347..384  
id W25476  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

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313

PCT/IB98/01232

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 21..278  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 19..276  
 id HUM179H07B  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 279..379  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 278..378  
 id HUM179H07B  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 17..175  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
 region 27..185  
 id AA002128  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 171..292  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 182..303  
 id AA002128  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 358..396  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
 region 373..411  
 id AA002128  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 325..358  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
 region 339..372  
 id AA002128  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 204..396  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
 region 186..378  
 id AA253291  
 est

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314

PCT/IB98/01232

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 22..202  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 5..185  
id AA253291  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 42..260  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 26..244  
id W45609  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 251..359  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 234..342  
id W45609  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 363..396  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 348..381  
id W45609  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 59..166  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8  
seq RALSTXLFGSIRG/AA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 292:

AGTGCGCAGA CGCAGGGGTC GGCGCCGGGT GAGAGCGTGC GGCCGGATTC ACCACAAC	58
ATG GCA AAT CTT TTT ATA AGG AAA ATG GTG AAC CCT CTG CTC TAT CTC	106
Met Ala Asn Leu Phe Ile Arg Lys Met Val Asn Pro Leu Leu Tyr Leu	
-35 -30 -25	
AGT CGT CAC ACG GTG AAG CCT CGA GCC CTC TCC ACA NTT CTA TTT GGA	154
Ser Arg His Thr Val Lys Pro Arg Ala Leu Ser Thr Xaa Leu Phe Gly	
-20 -15 -10 -5	
TCC ATT CGA GGT GCA GCC CCC GTG GCT GTG GAA CCC GGG GCA GCA GTG	202
Ser Ile Arg Gly Ala Ala Pro Val Ala Val Glu Pro Gly Ala Ala Val	
1 5 10	



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CGC TCA CTT CTC TCA CCC GGC CTC CTG CCC CAT CTG CTG CCT GCG CTG	250
Arg Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Gly Leu Leu Pro His Leu Leu Pro Ala Leu	
15 20 25	
GGG TTC AAA AAC AAG ACT GTC CTT AAG AAG CGC TGC AAG GAC TGT TAC	298
Gly Phe Lys Asn Lys Thr Val Leu Lys Lys Arg Cys Lys Asp Cys Tyr	
30 35 40	
CTG GTG AAG AGG CGG GGT CGG TGG TAC GTC TAC TGT AAA ACC CAT CCG	346
Leu Val Lys Arg Arg Gly Arg Trp Tyr Val Tyr Cys Lys Thr His Pro	
45 50 55 60	
AGG CAC AAG CAG AGA CAC ATG TAN ACC CTT TCC CTC CAG AGT CAC GCA	394
Arg His Lys Gln Arg His Met Xaa Thr Leu Ser Leu Gln Ser His Ala	
65 70 75	
CAA	397
Gln	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 293:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 216 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 115..216
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 41..142  
id H64274  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 74..116
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..43  
id H64274  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 115..216
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 36..137  
id R16956  
est

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## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 79..116  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..38  
id R16956  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 123..214  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 57..148  
id W04201  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 71..124  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 4..57  
id W04201  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 123..190  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 50..117  
id N76590  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 75..116  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 2..43  
id N76590  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(107..195)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 323..411  
id N70265  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 106..201  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq RIHLCQRSPGSQG/VR

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 293:

```

ACCCTGCCTC ATGCAGCCTA TGGGCTAGGC TTTAGGGTCC GCGGTTGGTC AKACCGGAGC    60
ACTTGGCCTG AAGACCTGGA ATTGGYGACT TCGATATTAA CAAGG ATG GCG GCG GCC    117
                                     Met Ala Ala Ala
                                     -30

GCA GCA AGT CGA GGA KTC GGG GCA AAG CTG GGC CTG CGT GAN ATT CGC    165
Ala Ala Ser Arg Gly Xaa Gly Ala Lys Leu Gly Leu Arg Xaa Ile Arg
          -25                -20                -15

ATC CAC TTA TGT CAG CGC TCG CCC GGC AGC CAG GGC GTC AGG GAC TTC    213
Ile His Leu Cys Gln Arg Ser Pro Gly Ser Gln Gly Val Arg Asp Phe
          -10                -5                1

ATT                                     216
Ile
5

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 294:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 295 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(1..279)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..279  
id M85423  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(196..289)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 466..559  
id AA126476  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(133..194)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98

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region 560..621  
id AA126476  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(105..137)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90  
region 616..648  
id AA126476  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 152..292  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..141  
id R33928  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 160..292  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 14..146  
id H67425  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 161..292  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..132  
id W04820  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 101..232  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq IALTLIPMSLSRA/AG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 294:

AACTTCTTCA TCTTGGTGGT CCTTGCCCAG TTATTTTGCC TCATTAGACA TCAAGAAATG	60
GAGAAAGACT GAAAGTTAAT ATCTTAAGTG CTTGTTCTTC ATG TTT CCT TCT TGT	115
Met Phe Pro Ser Cys	-40
TAT TTA TGC TAT TCT CTT TGT GGC TCC ATT CTT CTT TCA ATC TTC TCA	163
Tyr Leu Cys Tyr Ser Leu Cys Gly Ser Ile Leu Leu Ser Ile Phe Ser	-35 -30 -25
GCT TAT AAC CGT CTT TCC CTT ATG CTA AGG ATA GCC CTT ACA CTC ATC	211

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```

Ala Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ser Leu Met Leu Arg Ile Ala Leu Thr Leu Ile
      -20                      -15                      -10

CCA TCT ATG CTG TCA AGG GCT GCT GGT TGG TGC TGG TAC AAG GAG CCC    259
Pro Ser Met Leu Ser Arg Ala Ala Gly Trp Cys Trp Tyr Lys Glu Pro
      -5                      1                      5

ACT CAG CAG TTT TCT TAC CTT TGC CTG CCC TGC GGG                    295
Thr Gln Gln Phe Ser Tyr Leu Cys Leu Pro Cys Gly
      10                      15                      20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 295:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 319 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(9..318)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 36..345  
id R32875  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(52..318)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 35..301  
id N69845  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(9..52)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 302..345  
id N69845  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(39..318)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 46..325  
id H20723

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est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(30..318)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 35..323  
 id HSC3JH072  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(65..318)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
 region 43..296  
 id R02144  
 est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 125..304  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
 seq QLXFLYFVCCIFQ/DV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 295:

```

AAMAAGCTCC CAGCCTCCAG AGGCTCTCAA TGAAGAGTCA CCTTCATGGT CGTCTYCAGG      60
AACAGGACGG ATGAMGAAGG GGTGGGGTTA AGACTCAGGG GCACCTGAGG GTCTGAGCCC      120

CCTT ATG AGT ACC CAA GAM GGA CTG TCT ATG CAT GCA CAC CCA CAA GCC      169
  Met Ser Thr Gln Xaa Gly Leu Ser Met His Ala His Pro Gln Ala
    -60                -55                -50

TAT ACA CCA TTT ATA TAC CTA CAC GCA CGC AAG AGA CGC GGA GAG ATA      217
  Tyr Thr Pro Phe Ile Tyr Leu His Ala Arg Lys Arg Arg Gly Glu Ile
    -45                -40                -35                -30

GGC GAT GCA GAC TCG CGA TTC AAT GAT CGA TAT GCT CAT AAR AGT GCT      265
  Gly Asp Ala Asp Ser Arg Phe Asn Asp Arg Tyr Ala His Lys Ser Ala
                -25                -20                -15

CAA TTA TMT TTT CTG TAT TTT GTA TGC TGT ATT TTC CAA GAC GTA TAT      313
  Gln Leu Xaa Phe Leu Tyr Phe Val Cys Cys Ile Phe Gln Asp Val Tyr
                -10                -5                1

TAT KTN      319
Tyr Xaa
    5

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 296:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 172 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

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PCT/IB98/01232

```

(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:
  (A) NAME/KEY: other
  (B) LOCATION: complement(1..170)
  (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99
                        region 118..287
                        id AA035134
                        est

(ix) FEATURE:
  (A) NAME/KEY: other
  (B) LOCATION: complement(1..170)
  (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99
                        region 116..285
                        id N54275
                        est

(ix) FEATURE:
  (A) NAME/KEY: other
  (B) LOCATION: complement(1..170)
  (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99
                        region 119..288
                        id AA088715
                        est

(ix) FEATURE:
  (A) NAME/KEY: other
  (B) LOCATION: complement(19..170)
  (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96
                        region 115..266
                        id N78023
                        est

(ix) FEATURE:
  (A) NAME/KEY: other
  (B) LOCATION: complement(12..133)
  (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99
                        region 157..278
                        id AA100730
                        est

(ix) FEATURE:
  (A) NAME/KEY: other
  (B) LOCATION: complement(127..170)
  (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 90
                        region 119..162
                        id AA100730

```

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est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 56..118
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq SSCSCSLISFTRG/DK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 296:

ATCTTAGTGC CTTTATCTGT CTTTATGTCT TGGGGTTGGG GTAGGTAGAT ACCAA ATG	58
Met	
AAA CAC TTT CAG GAC CTT CCT TCC TCT TGC AGT TGT TCT TTA ATC TCC	106
Lys His Phe Gln Asp Leu Pro Ser Ser Cys Ser Cys Ser Leu Ile Ser	
-20 -15 -10 -5	
TTT ACT AGA GGA GAT AAA TAT TTT GCA TAT AAT GAA GAA ATT TTT CTA	154
Phe Thr Arg Gly Asp Lys Tyr Phe Ala Tyr Asn Glu Glu Ile Phe Leu	
1 5 10	
GTA TAT AAC GCA GAC CAG	172
Val Tyr Asn Ala Asp Gln	
15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 297:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 424 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(29..369)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 103..443  
id W26961  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(383..424)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 48..89  
id W26961  
est



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## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(34..369)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 100..435  
id W26018  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(383..424)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 45..86  
id W26018  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(200..369)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 111..280  
id W26871  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(143..200)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 281..338  
id W26871  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(383..424)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 56..97  
id W26871  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(94..123)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 361..390  
id W26871  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(119..369)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 104..354  
id W26098

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est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: complement(383..424)  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 49..90  
id W26098  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 31..302  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..272  
id N99777  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 302..369  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 273..340  
id N99777  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 155..340  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq SILGIISVPLSIG/YC

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 297:

```

AGTGAAAAGA AGATGCCTAG AGAATGGCAA TTTAAAAGAA AAAGATATAC TTGTTTGGCC    60
CCTTGA&CTG ACCGACACTG GTTCCCATGA AGCGGCTACC AAAGCTGTTC TCCAGGAGTT    120
TGGTAGAATC GACATTCTGG TCAACAATGG TGGA ATG TCC CAG CGT TCT CTG TGC    175
                               Met Ser Gln Arg Ser Leu Cys
                               -60

ATG GAT ACC AGC TTG GAT GTC TAC AGA RAG CTA ATA GAG CTT AAC TAC    223
Met Asp Thr Ser Leu Asp Val Tyr Arg Xaa Leu Ile Glu Leu Asn Tyr
-55                               -50                               -45                               -40

TTA GGG ACG GTG TCC TTG ACA AAA TGT GTT CTG CCT CAC ATG ATC GAG    271
Leu Gly Thr Val Ser Leu Thr Lys Cys Val Leu Pro His Met Ile Glu
-35                               -30                               -25

AGG AAG CAN KKA AAG ATT GTT ACT GTG AAT AGC ATC CTG GGT ATC ATA    319
Arg Lys Xaa Xaa Lys Ile Val Thr Val Asn Ser Ile Leu Gly Ile Ile
-20                               -15                               -10

TCT GTA CCT CTT TCC ATT GGA TAC TGT GCT AGC RAG CAT GCT CTS HGG    367
Ser Val Pro Leu Ser Ile Gly Tyr Cys Ala Ser Xaa His Ala Leu Xaa

```

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PCT/IB98/01232

-5

1

5

```

GGT TTT TTT AAT RDH CTT CGA ACA GAD CTT GCC ACA TAC CCA GGT ATA    415
Gly Phe Phe Asn Xaa Leu Arg Thr Xaa Leu Ala Thr Tyr Pro Gly Ile
 10                      15                      20                      25

ATA GTT TCT                                424
Ile Val Ser
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 298:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 441 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 179..348
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 160..329  
id AA159241  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 103..184
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 83..164  
id AA159241  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 383..437
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 366..420  
id AA159241  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 21..66
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..46  
id AA159241  
est

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(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 342..383
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 324..365  
id AA159241  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 66..102
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 47..83  
id AA159241  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 103..215
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 81..193  
id AA076222  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 216..329
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 195..308  
id AA076222  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 22..102
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..81  
id AA076222  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 390..437
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 374..421  
id AA076222  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 342..377
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 324..359  
id AA076222

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PCT/IB98/01232

est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 241..443
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 202..404  
id AA149750  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 40..215
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..176  
id AA149750  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 241..443
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 181..383  
id W63593  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 63..184
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 3..124  
id W63593  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 179..243
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 120..184  
id W63593  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 320..438
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 267..385  
id AA130386  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 216..328
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98

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PCT/IB98/01232

region 164..276  
id AAL30386  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 103..215  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 50..162  
id AAL30386  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 82..375  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq LALRTSWISSVCS/VT

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 298:

```

AAGTGACGCG GCCCAAGGGC GGAAGTGAGA AAGTTGTCTG CGTCTCGAGG CGAGTTGGCG      60
GACTGTGCGC GCGGCGGGGC G ATG GGG GGC TCG GGC AGT CGC CTG TCC AAG      111
                        Met Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser Arg Leu Ser Lys
                        -95                               -90
GAG CTG CTG GCC GAR TAC CAG GAC TTG ACG TTC CTG ACG AAG CAG GAG      159
Glu Leu Leu Ala Glu Tyr Gln Asp Leu Thr Phe Leu Thr Lys Gln Glu
                        -85                               -75
ATC CTC CTA GCC CAC AGG CGG TTT TGT GAG CTG CTT CCC CAG GAG CAG      207
Ile Leu Leu Ala His Arg Arg Phe Cys Glu Leu Leu Pro Gln Glu Gln
                        -70                               -60
CGG ASK NGG AGT CGT CAC TTC GGG CAC AAG TGC CCT TCG AGC AGA TTC      255
Arg Xaa Xaa Ser Arg His Phe Gly His Lys Cys Pro Ser Ser Arg Phe
                        -55                               -45
TCA GCE TTC CAG AGC TCA AGG CCA ACC CCT TCA AGG AGC GAA TCT GCA      303
Ser Ala Phe Gln Ser Ser Arg Pro Thr Pro Ser Arg Ser Glu Ser Ala
                        -40                               -35                               -30                               -25
GGG TCT TCT CCA CAT CCC CAG CCA AAG ACA GCC TTA GCT TTG AGG ACT      351
Gly Ser Ser Pro His Pro Gln Pro Lys Thr Ala Leu Ala Leu Arg Thr
                        -20                               -15                               -10
TCC TGG ATC TCC TCA GTG TGT TCA GTG ACA CAG CCA CGC CAG ACA TCA      399
Ser Trp Ile Ser Ser Val Cys Ser Val Thr Gln Pro Arg Gln Thr Ser
                        -5                               1                               5
AGT CCC ATT ATG CCT TCC GCA TCT TTG ACT TTG ATG ATG ACG      441
Ser Pro Ile Met Pro Ser Ala Ser Leu Thr Leu Met Met Thr
                        10                               15                               20

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 299:

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PCT/IB98/01232

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 284 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 2..162
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 9..169  
id N76992  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 162..280
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 168..286  
id N76992  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 2..113
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 8..119  
id W39234  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 173..280
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 176..283  
id W39234  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 113..162
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 118..167  
id W39234  
est
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: other
  - (B) LOCATION: 20..160
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..141  
id R06371  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 193..280  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 173..260  
id R06371  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 159..195  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 138..174  
id R06371  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 20..159  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..140  
id R06399  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 161..280  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 141..260  
id R06399  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 27..165  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..139  
id AA043154  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 166..280  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 141..255  
id AA043154  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide



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PCT/IB98/01232

(B) LOCATION: 132..215  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq PLSDSWALLPASA/GV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 299:

```

AACAACTTCC GGCCCCACTG AGCGGTGTCC TGAGCCGATT ACAGCTAGGT AGTGGAGCGC    60
CGCTGCTTAC CTGGGTGCAG GAGACAGCCG GAGTCGCTGG GGGAGCTCCG CGCCGCCGGA    120
CGCCCGTGAC C ATG TGG AGG CTG CTG GCT CGC GCT AGT GCG CCG CTC CTG    170
          Met Trp Arg Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Ser Ala Pro Leu Leu
                    -25                      -20

CGG GTG CCC TTG TCA GAT TCC TGG GCA CTC CTC CCC GCC AGT GCT GGC    218
Arg Val Pro Leu Ser Asp Ser Trp Ala Leu Leu Pro Ala Ser Ala Gly
-15          -10          -5                      1

GTA AAG ACA CTG CTC CCA GTA CCA AGT TTT GAA GAT GTT TCC ATT CCT    266
Val Lys Thr Leu Leu Pro Val Pro Ser Phe Glu Asp Val Ser Ile Pro
          5          10          15

GAA AAA CCC AAG CTA CTG    284
Glu Lys Pro Lys Leu Leu
          20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 300:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 374 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 169..332  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 163..326  
id H71676  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 92..170  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 87..165  
id H71676  
est

AAAAA	ATG	GCG	GAT	CAT	GTG	CAG	AGC	CTG	GCC	CAA	CTA	GAG	AAT	CTG	TGC	50
	Met	Ala	Asp	His	Val	Gln	Ser	Leu	Ala	Gln	Leu	Glu	Asn	Leu	Cys	
					-110					-105					-100	
AAA	CAG	CTG	TAT	GAA	ACC	ACA	GAC	ACA	RSC	AST	CGG	AGC	TCC	SAG	GCA	98
Lys	Gln	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Thr	Thr	Asp	Thr	Xaa	Xaa	Arg	Ser	Ser	Xaa	Ala	
				-95					-90					-85		
GAG	AAA	GCS	TTG	GTT	GAR	TTT	ACC	AAC	AGC	CCT	GAT	TGC	CTG	AGC	AAG	146
Glu	Lys	Ala	Leu	Val	Glu	Phe	Thr	Asn	Ser	Pro	Asp	Cys	Leu	Ser	Lys	
			-80					-75					-70			
TGC	CAG	CTA	CTC	CTC	GAA	AGA	GGA	AGT	TCC	TCT	TAC	TCC	CAG	TTA	CTG	194
Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Arg	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Leu	Leu	
			-65				-60					-55				
GCA	GCT	ACA	TGC	CTT	ACC	AAG	CTT	GTA	TCA	CGC	ACA	AAC	AAC	CCC	CTA	242
Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys	Leu	Thr	Lys	Leu	Val	Ser	Arg	Thr	Asn	Asn	Pro	Leu	
			-50			-45					-40					
CCA	TTG	GAA	CAG	CGA	ATA	GAT	ATT	CGG	AAC	TAT	GTG	CTC	AAC	TAS	CTT	290
Pro	Leu	Glu	Gln	Arg	Ile	Asp	Ile	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Val	Leu	Asn	Xaa	Leu	
			-35			-30				-25					-20	

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```

GCC ACT CGG CCG AAG TTG GCT ACT TTC GTG ACA CAA GCA CTT ATT CAG      338
Ala Thr Arg Pro Lys Leu Ala Thr Phe Val Thr Gln Ala Leu Ile Gln
          -15                      -10                      -5

TKA TAT GCC AGA ATC ACA AAA CTG GGC TGG TTT GAC                      374
Xaa Tyr Ala Arg Ile Thr Lys Leu Gly Trp Phe Asp
          1                      5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 301:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 238 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 15..235
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 2..222  
id H39781  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 16..173
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..158  
id AA017398  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 172..235
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 159..222  
id AA017398  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 16..235
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..220  
id AA059110  
est

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PCT/IB98/01232

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 17..235  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..219  
id AA037143  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 56..235  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 56..235  
id R75754  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 14..55  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 15..56  
id R75754  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 62..226  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq TCSVCCYLFWLIA/IP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 301:

```
AACACTTCCT GGTGGATCCG AGTGAGGCGA CGGGGTAGGG GTTGGCGCTC AGGCGGCGAC    60
C ATG GCG TAT CAC GGC CTC ACT GTG CCT CTC ATT GTG ATG AGC GTG TTC    109
  Met Ala Tyr His Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Leu Ile Val Met Ser Val Phe
  -55 -                    -50                    -45                    -40

TGG GGC TTC GTC GGC TTC TTG GTG CCT TGG TTC ATC CCT AAG GGT CCT    157
Trp Gly Phe Val Gly Phe Leu Val Pro Trp Phe Ile Pro Lys Gly Pro
          -35                    -30                    -25

AAC CGG GGA GTT ATC ATT ACC ATG TTG GTG ACC TGT TCA GTT TGC TGC    205
Asn Arg Gly Val Ile Ile Thr Met Leu Val Thr Cys Ser Val Cys Cys
          -20                    -15                    -10

TAT CTC TTT TGG CTG ATT GCA ATT CCG GCC TGG    238
Tyr Leu Phe Trp Leu Ile Ala Ile Pro Ala Trp
  -5                    1
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 302:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 437 base pairs

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PCT/IB98/01232

(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: complement(397..432)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
                                   region 283..318  
                                   id H83411  
                                   est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 54..227  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
                                   seq GGILMGSFQGTIA/GQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 302:

ATATTTGCCC CTTACTTTAT CTTGTGCCTT GAGAAATTGC TGGGGAGAGA GGT ATG	56
Met	
TCC ACT GGG CAG CTG TAC AGG ATG GAG GAT ATA GGG CGT TTC CAC TCC	104
Ser Thr Gly Gln Leu Tyr Arg Met Glu Asp Ile Gly Arg Phe His Ser	
-55 -50 -45	
CAG CAG CCA GGT TCC CTC ACC CCA AGC TCA CCC ACT GTT GGG GAG ATT	152
Gln Gln Pro Gly Ser Leu Thr Pro Ser Ser Pro Thr Val Gly Glu Ile	
-40 -35 -30	
ATC TAC AAT AAC ACC AGA AAC ACA TTG GGG TGG ATT GGG GGT ATC CTT	200
Ile Tyr Asn Asn Thr Arg Asn Thr Leu Gly Trp Ile Gly Gly Ile Leu	
-25 -20 -15 -10	
ATG GGT TCT TTT CAG GGA ACC ATT GCT GGA CAA GGC ACA GGA GCC ACC	248
Met Gly Ser Phe Gln Gly Thr Ile Ala Gly Gln Gly Thr Gly Ala Thr	
-5 1 5	
TCC ATT TCT GAG CTC TGC AAG GGA CAA GAA CTA GAG CCA TCA GGG GCT	296
Ser Ile Ser Glu Leu Cys Lys Gly Gln Glu Leu Glu Pro Ser Gly Ala	
10 15 20	
GGG CTC ACT GTG GCC CCA CCC CAA GCC GTC AGC CTC CAG GGA TCA CAC	344
Gly Leu Thr Val Ala Pro Pro Gln Ala Val Ser Leu Gln Gly Ser His	
25 30 35	
CCT GCC TTG GCT GCT ACA GCT TTT TCA CTC CAS TGC CCT AGG GGA GTT	392
Pro Ala Leu Ala Ala Thr Ala Phe Ser Leu Xaa Cys Pro Arg Gly Val	
40 45 50 55	
CAG CAS CTA ATG ATC TCT ATC TCT GAA CAT CTC TTC ATC CAT GCT	437

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Gln Xaa Leu Met Ile Ser Ile Ser Glu His Leu Phe Ile His Ala  
60 65 70

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 303:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 353 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 27..347
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..321  
id T31485  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 42..352
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..311  
id HSC38B061  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 135..325
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 70..260  
id T66273  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 69..140
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 5..76  
id T66273  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 2..220
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 6..224

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PCT/IB98/01232

id R24829

est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 236..275  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 243..282  
id R24829  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 50..318  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 10..278  
id HSC2LF071  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 282..332  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq RWWCFHLQAEASA/HP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 303:

ATAATAATAT CTAAAAAGCT AAATTTTAAA TACCAGCTTT ACATAAATGA TTGTKGACTC	60
TGGTCTGTGT CTGACACCTT TCCAGAAAAA AGTCAATTGT TCAGGTACAC CAAAGAGGAA	120
GAAGAGCTGT GGAGGCCACC CTCTACAAAG CTTTATAGAA CTTCTGGATC TAACTCACAA	180
ACAAGCTTCC AGAAGAGACT AGAGACCTTA GGCCAGGAGA TGAAGGAGTT CAGTAGCAAA	240
GTCACACCTG TCCAATTCCC TGAGCTTTGC TCACTCAGCT A ATG GGA TGG CAA AGG	296
	Met Gly Trp Gln Arg
	-15
TGG TGG TGC TTT CAT CTT CAG GCA GAA GCC TCT GCC CAT CCC CCT CAA	344
Trp Trp Cys Phe His Leu Gln Ala Glu Ala Ser Ala His Pro Pro Gln	
-10 -5 1	
GGG CTG CAG	353
Gly Leu Gln	
5	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 304:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 260 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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PCT/IB98/01232

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 80..236

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 34..190  
id N34164  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 91..257

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 66..232  
id R89543  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 91..254

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 66..229  
id H59647  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 126..170

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq VIFFACVVRVRDG/LP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 304:

```

AGGTGACCTG  GGCCGAGCCC  TCCCGGTCGG  CTAAGATTGC  TGAGGAGGCG  GCGGGTAGCT   60
GGCAGGCGCC  GACTTCCGAA  GGCCGCCGTC  CGGGCGAGGT  GTCCTCATGA  CTTCTCTTGT   120
GGACC  ATG  TCC  GTG  ATC  TTT  TTT  GCC  TGC  GTG  GTA  CGG  GTA  AGG  GAT  GGA   170
      Met Ser Val Ile Phe Phe Ala Cys Val Val Arg Val Arg Asp Gly
      -15                -10                -5

CTG  CCC  CTC  TCA  GCC  TCT  ACT  GAT  TTT  TAC  CAC  ACC  CAA  GAT  TTT  TTG   218
Leu Pro Leu Ser Ala Ser Thr Asp Phe Tyr His Thr Gln Asp Phe Leu
      1                5                10                15

GAA  TGG  AGG  AGA  CGG  CTC  AAG  AGT  TTA  GCC  TTG  CGA  CTG  AAG   260
Glu Trp Arg Arg Arg Leu Lys Ser Leu Ala Leu Arg Leu Lys
      20                25                30
    
```



WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 305:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 242 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 44..210
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 29..195  
id R88607  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 17..135
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 16..134  
id AA035300  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 136..244
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 134..242  
id AA035300  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 38..244
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..207  
id AA147873  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: complement(128..244)
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 263..379  
id AA147836  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other

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PCT/IB98/01232

(B) LOCATION: complement(38..131)  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
                           region 375..468  
                           id AA147836  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 136..244  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
                           region 91..199  
                           id T69348  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 45..138  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
                           region 1..94  
                           id T69348  
                           est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 66..113  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
                           seq TALAAXTWLGWVG/VR

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 305:

```

AATTAGCGCG TAACGCASAG ACTGCTTGCT GCGGCAGAGA CGCCAGAKGT GCAGCTCCAG   60
CAGCA ATG GCA GTG ACG GCG TTG GCG GCG MRG ACG TGG CTT GGC GTG TGG   110
  Met Ala Val Thr Ala Leu Ala Ala Xaa Thr Trp Leu Gly Val Trp
    -15          -10          -5

GGC GTG AGG ACC ATG CAA GCC CGA GGC TTC GGC TCG GAT CAG TCC GAG   158
Gly Val Arg Thr Met Gln Ala Arg Gly Phe Gly Ser Asp Gln Ser Glu
    1          5          10          15

AAT GTC GAC CGG GGC GCG GGC TCC ATC CGG GAA GCC GGT GGG GCC TTC   206
Asn Val Asp Arg Gly Ala Gly Ser Ile Arg Glu Ala Gly Gly Ala Phe
    20          25          30

GGA AAS AGA GAG CAG GCT GAA GAS SAA CGA TAT TTC   242
Gly Xaa Arg Glu Gln Ala Glu Xaa Xaa Arg Tyr Phe
    35          40

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 306:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 402 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

WO 99/06550

341

PCT/IB98/01232

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 151..402

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100.0  
region 1..252  
id HSU21128  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 155..402

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99.6  
region 1..248  
id HSU18728  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 131..402

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..272  
id H27256  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 161..402

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 31..272  
id W95921  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 296..402

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 141..247  
id C17793  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 151..252

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..102  
id C17793  
est

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PCT/IB98/01232

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 174..402  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..229  
id AA180902  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 199..402  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..204  
id R58323  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 235..288  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 12  
seq FTLFLALIGGTSG/QY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 306:

ACATGCCACA CCACAAGATC CCCACAATGA CATAACTCCA TTCAGAGACT GGCCTGACTG	60
GGCTGGGTCT CCCCACCCCC CCCTTCAGCT CTTGTATCAC TCAGAATCTG GCAGCCAGTT	120
CCGTCCTGAC AGAGTTCACA GCATATATTG GTGGATTCTT GTCCATAGTG CATCTGCTTT	180
AAGAATTAAC GAAAGCAGTG TCAAGACAGT AAGGATTCAA ACCATTTGCC AAAA ATG	237
	Met
AGT CTA AGT GCA TTT ACT CTC TTC CTG GCA TTG ATT GGT GGT ACC AGT	285
Ser Leu Ser Ala Phe Thr Leu Phe Leu Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly Thr Ser	
-15 -10 -5	
GGC CAG TAC TAT GAT TAT GAT TTT CCC CTA TCA ATT TAT GGG CAA TCA	333
Gly Gln Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Asp Phe Pro Leu Ser Ile Tyr Gly Gln Ser	
1 5 10 15	
TCA CCA AAC TGT GCA CCA GAA TGT AAC TGC CCT GAA AGC TAC CCA AGT	381
Ser Pro Asn Cys Ala Pro Glu Cys Asn Cys Pro Glu Ser Tyr Pro Ser	
20 25 30	
GCC ATG TAC TGT GAT GAG CTG	402
Ala Met Tyr Cys Asp Glu Leu	
35	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 307:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 274 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 120..272  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96.1  
region 1..151  
id HSU21128  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 124..272  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96.0  
region 1..147  
id HSU18728  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 141..272  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 40..171  
id H27256  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 100..136  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..37  
id H27256  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 141..272  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 40..171  
id W95921  
est

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 141..245  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 52..156  
id AA093526

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est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 89..136  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 95  
region 2..49  
id AA093526  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 145..272  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..128  
id AA180902  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 141..223  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 20..102  
id C17793  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 206..259  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 12  
seq FTLFLALIGGTSG/QY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 307:

ATAACTCCAT TCAGAGACTG GCGTGACTGG GCTGGGTCTC CCCACCCCCC CCTTCAGCTC	60
TTGTATGACT CAGAATCTGG CAGCCAGTTC CGTCCTGACA GAGTTCACAG CATATATTGG	120
TGGATTCTTG TCCAWAAGTG GVATCTGCTT TARGAWTTAA CGAAAGCAGT GTCAAGACAG	180
TAAGGATTCA AACCATTTGC CAAAA ATG AGT CTA AGT GCA TTT ACT CTC TTC	232
Met Ser Leu Ser Ala Phe Thr Leu Phe	
-15 -10	
CTG GCA TTG ATT GGT GGT ACC AGT GGC CAG TAC TAT GAT TGG	274
Leu Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly Thr Ser Gly Gln Tyr Tyr Asp Trp	
-5 1 5	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 308:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 436 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE

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(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 65..433

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100.0  
region 1..369  
id HSU21128  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 69..433

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99.7  
region 1..365  
id HSU18728  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 45..433

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..389  
id H27256  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 75..433

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 31..389  
id W95921  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 210..433

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 141..364  
id C17793  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other

(B) LOCATION: 65..166

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..102  
id C17793  
est

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## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 88..433  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
                                   region 1..346  
                                   id AA180902  
                                   est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 113..370  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
                                   region 1..258  
                                   id R58323  
                                   est

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 149..202  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 12  
                                   seq FTLFLALIGGTSG/QY

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 308:

```

AGCTCTTGTA TCACTCAGAA TCTGGCAGCC AGTTCCGTCC TGACAGAGTT CACAGCATAT   60
ATTGGTGGAT TCTTGTCAT AGTGCATCTG CTTTAAGAAT TAACGAAAGC AGTGTCAAGA  120
CAGTAAGGAT TCAAACCATT TGCCAAAA ATG AGT CTA AGT GCA TTT ACT CTC     172
               Met Ser Leu Ser Ala Phe Thr Leu
               -15

TTC CTG GCA TTG ATT GGT GGT ACC AGT GGC CAG TAC TAT GAT TAT GAT     220
Phe Leu Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly Thr Ser Gly Gln Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Asp
-10               -5               1               5

TTT CCE CTA TCA ATT TAT GGG CAA TCA TCA CCA AAC TGT GCA CCA GAA     268
Phe Pro Leu Ser Ile Tyr Gly Gln Ser Ser Pro Asn Cys Ala Pro Glu
               10               15               20

TGT AAC TGC CCT GAA AGC TAC CCA AGT GCC ATG TAC TGT GAT GAG CTG     316
Cys Asn Cys Pro Glu Ser Tyr Pro Ser Ala Met Tyr Cys Asp Glu Leu
               25               30               35

AAA TTG AAA AGT GTA CCA ATG GTG CCT CCT GGA ATC AAG TAT CTT TAC     364
Lys Leu Lys Ser Val Pro Met Val Pro Pro Gly Ile Lys Tyr Leu Tyr
               40               45               50

CTT AGG AAT AAC CAG ATT GAC CAT ATT GAT GAA AAG GCC TTT GAG AAT     412
Leu Arg Asn Asn Gln Ile Asp His Ile Asp Glu Lys Ala Phe Glu Asn
               55               60               65               70

GTA ACT GAT CTG CAG TGG CTC GGG                                     436
Val Thr Asp Leu Gln Trp Leu Gly
               75

```



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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 309:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 423 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 75..345
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96.3  
region 1..269  
id HUMD3A07M5  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 51..159
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..109  
id AA121593  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 91..150
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.9  
seq LLLLLLPFLLYMA/AP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 309:

```

AATTTGAATT GGGGCGTGTC TAGAAAGAGA AGCCATAGTC GGCGAGCAAC GCTGGAGCAT    60
CCCCTCTGG  TGCCGCTGCA GCCGGCAGAG ATG GTT GAG CTC ATG TTC CCG CTG    114
                               Met Val Glu Leu Met Phe Pro Leu
                               -20                               -15

TTG CTC CTC CTT CTG CCC TTC CTT CTG TAT ATG GCT GCG CCC CAA ATC    162
Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu Leu Tyr Met Ala Ala Pro Gln Ile
    -10                               -5                               1

AGG AAA ATG CTG TCC AGT GGG GTG TGT ACA TCA ACT GTT CAG CTT CCT    210
Arg Lys Met Leu Ser Ser Gly Val Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro
    5                               10                               15                               20

GGG AAA GTA GTT GTG GTC ACA GGA GCT AAT ACA GGT ATC GGG AAG GAG    258
Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly Ala Asn Thr Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu
                               25                               30                               35
    
```

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ACA GCC AAA GAG CTG GCT CAG AGA GGA GCT CGA GTA TAT KTA GCT TNN	306
Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Xaa Ala Xaa	
40 45 50	
NGG GAT GTG GAA AAG GGG GAA TTG GTG GCC ARA GAG ATC CAG ACC ACG	354
Xaa Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu Val Ala Xaa Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr	
55 60 65	
ACA GGG AAN SAG CAG GTG TTG GTG CGG RAA CTG GAC CTG TCT GAT ACT	402
Thr Gly Xaa Xaa Gln Val Leu Val Arg Xaa Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr	
70 75 80	
AAG TCT ATT CGA GCT TTT GCT	423
Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala	
85 90	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 310:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 306 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 132..303
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..171  
id HSC1R  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 143..303
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 24..183  
id HUMC1R  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 181..303
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 92  
region 1..123  
id T74375  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 170..213  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 1..44  
id T64778  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 184..228  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.1  
seq LLYLLVPALFCRA/GG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 310:

```

AAAACTCAG ATCTTTTGTT TATGCAAATA GTTCATTCCC TCCAACATTC CTCCGGAAT   60
GGTCCCCCCT CCACTCCACA GAAAACCCTC CCCTCCCTGC TGTGCATGAC GCGGGCTCCC  120
TCTGSACACA GKGVMCRAAG ACGCTGTCGG GAKAGCCCCA GGATTCAACA CGGGCCTTGA  180
GAA ATG TGG CTC TTG TAC CTC CTG GTG CCG GCC CTG TTC TGC AGG GCA   228
  Met Trp Leu Leu Tyr Leu Leu Val Pro Ala Leu Phe Cys Arg Ala
   -15                      -10                      -5

GGA GGC TCC ATT CCC ATC CCT CAG AAG TTA TTT GGG GAG GTG ACT TCC   276
Gly Gly Ser Ile Pro Ile Pro Gln Lys Leu Phe Gly Glu Val Thr Ser
   1                      5                      10                      15

CCT CTG TTC CCC AAG CCT TAC CCC AAC GGG                               306
Pro Leu Phe Pro Lys Pro Tyr Pro Asn Gly
   20                      25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 311:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 263 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 50..263  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..214  
id HSSPG28  
vrt

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 75..263  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..189  
id HSCRISP3G  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 51..146  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.7  
seq LLFLVAGLLPSFP/AN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 311:

AATATATACG GCTCTAACCT TCTCTCTCTG CACCTTCCTT CTGTCAATAG ATG AAA	56
Met Lys	
CAA ATA CTT CAT CCT GCT CTG GAA ACC ACT GCA ATG ACA TTA TTC CCA	104
Gln Ile Leu His Pro Ala Leu Glu Thr Thr Ala Met Thr Leu Phe Pro	
-30 -25 -20 -15	
GTG CTG TTG TTC CTG GTT GCT GGG CTG CTT CCA TCT TTT CCA GCA AAT	152
Val Leu Leu Phe Leu Val Ala Gly Leu Leu Pro Ser Phe Pro Ala Asn	
-10 -5 1	
GAA GAT AAG GAT CCC GCT TTT ACT GCT TTG TTA ACC ACC CAA ACA CAA	200
Glu Asp Lys Asp Pro Ala Phe Thr Ala Leu Leu Thr Thr Gln Thr Gln	
5 10 15	
GTG CAA AGG GAG ATT GTG AAT AAG CAC AAT GAA CTG AGG AGA GCA GTA	248
Val Gln Arg Glu Ile Val Asn Lys His Asn Glu Leu Arg Arg Ala Val	
20 25 30	
TCT CCC CCT GCC AAA	263
Ser Pro Pro Ala Lys	
35	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 312:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 465 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 133..467

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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 1..335  
id HSU03877  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 213..467  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 232..486  
id AA150097  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 35..204  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 55..224  
id AA150097  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 43..467  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 56..480  
id AA155808  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 43..404  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 73..434  
id AA147966  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 395..467  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
region 424..496  
id AA147966  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 51..467  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98  
region 1..417  
id AA058479  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

AACTCCCCTC	GCTGCCCGGG	CCCGGAGCGC	ASSNGGCCGC	ACAGATTACAC	A	ATG	TTG	57
						Met	Leu	
AAA GGC CTT TTC CTA ACT ATG CTG ACT CTG GCG CTG GTC AAG TCA CAG	105							
Lys Ala Leu Phe Leu Thr Met Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Val Lys Ser Gln								
-15 -10 -5 1								
GAC ACC GAA GAA ACC ATC ACG TAC ACG CAA TGC ACT GAC GGA TAT GAG	153							
Asp Thr Glu Glu Thr Ile Thr Tyr Thr Gln Cys Thr Asp Gly Tyr Glu								
5 10 15								
TGG GAT CCT GTG AGA CAG CAA TGC AAA GAT ATT GAT GAA TGT GAC ATT	201							
Trp Asp Pro Val Arg Gln Gln Cys Lys Asp Ile Asp Cys Asp Ile								
20 25 30								
GTC CCA GAC GCT TGT AAA GGT GGA ATG AAG TGT GTC AAC CAC TAT GGA	249							
Val Pro Asp Ala Cys Lys Gly Gly Met Lys Cys Val Asn His Tyr Gly								
35 40 45								
GGA TAC CTC TGC CTT CCG AAA ACA GCC CAG ATT ATT GTC AAT AAT GAA	297							
Gly Tyr Leu Cys Leu Pro Lys Thr Ala Gln Ile Ile Val Asn Asn Glu								
50 55 60 65								
CAG CCT CAG CAG GAA ACA CAA CCA GCA GAA GGA ACC TCA GGG GCA ACC	345							
Gln Pro Gln Gln Glu Thr Gln Pro Ala Glu Gly Thr Ser Gly Ala Thr								
70 75 80								
ACC GGG GTT GTA GCT GCC DNC AGC ATG GCA ACC AGT GBA GTG TTG MNN	393							
Thr Gly Val Val Ala Ala Xaa Ser Met Ala Thr Ser Xaa Val Leu Xaa								
85 90 95								
GGG GGT GGT TTT GTG GCC AGT GCT GCT GCA GTC GCA GGC CCT GAA ATG	441							
Gly Gly Gly Phe Val Ala Ser Ala Ala Val Ala Gly Pro Glu Met								
100 105 110								

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CAG ACT GGC CGG AAT AAC TTT GTC  
Gln Thr Gly Arg Asn Asn Phe Val  
115 120

465

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 313:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 256 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 50..256
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
region 1..204  
id HUMTCAYV  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 50..256
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 93  
region 1..207  
id MACTCRAAQ  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 50..256
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
region 1..204  
id MACTCRAAR  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 50..115
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq LLILWFHLCVSS/IL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 313:

AATTTTGGCT GCAAACGTT TTTCTGCTGT GGGTACGTGA GCAGGAAAC ATG GAG AAG 53  
Met Glu Lys  
-20

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AAT CCT TTG GCA GCC CCA TTA CTA ATC CTC TGG TTT CAT CTT GAC TGC	106
Asn Pro Leu Ala Ala Pro Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Phe His Leu Asp Cys	
-15 -10 -5	
GTG AGC AGC ATA CTG AAC GTG GAA CAA AGT CCT CAG TCA CTG CAT GTT	154
Val Ser Ser Ile Leu Asn Val Glu Gln Ser Pro Gln Ser Leu His Val	
1 5 10	
CAG GAG GGA GAC AGC ACC AAT TTC ACC TGC AGC TTC CCT TCC AGC AAT	202
Gln Glu Gly Asp Ser Thr Asn Phe Thr Cys Ser Phe Pro Ser Ser Asn	
15 20 25	
TTT TAT GCC TTA CAC TGG TAC AGA TGG GAA ACT GCA AAA AGC CCC GAG	250
Phe Tyr Ala Leu His Trp Tyr Arg Trp Glu Thr Ala Lys Ser Pro Glu	
30 35 40 45	
GCC GTG	256
Ala Val	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 314:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 455 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 62..455
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 98.7  
region 1..392  
id HSU32907  
vrt

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 138..415
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 1..278  
id H09504  
est

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 410..454
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 91  
region 274..318  
id H09504



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est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 160..455  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
 region 1..296  
 id H17686  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 128..329  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
 region 42..243  
 id AA247900  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 85..123  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 94  
 region 1..39  
 id AA247900  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 318..355  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 231..268  
 id AA247900  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 128..231  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 96  
 region 22..125  
 id R57541  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 231..274  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 97  
 region 124..167  
 id R57541  
 est

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
 (B) LOCATION: 312..455  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: blastn  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99

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region 1..144  
id N87278  
est

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 345..389
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3  
seq VVTIVILLCFCKA/AE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 314:

```

AGCTGGGGCC ATGTAATTTA AAACCTCTGA AAAGTGTGCT GCGGTCCGTG CACAGCATTA    60
GTATAACGTG AGGGCTGAAT GCAGCCCATT CTCTGGAGAA CTCCTCACA CACCGCAGCM    120
AARGAGAAGG MCTGAAAGAC AAACCTGGGT GCAGCCAGAG AGGTCCAGAT AGATGAGCTT    180
GTGGCATCCA TTCCCAAGT TCAGCCTAGG GACTCCACGT ACCCCAGCTG GGTCTCATTG    240
TTCCAGAACT GCATTAGTTA AGATTACCCA GACTTNGATT TCAAAGGAAT ACTTTCATTG    300
TTCCGTCTGT AACACGAAGT AATTGGGGCC AGCTGGATGT CAGG ATG CGT GTG GTT    356
                                   Met Arg Val Val
                                   -15

ACC ATT GTA ATC TTG CTC TGC TTT TGC AAA GCG GCT GAG CTG CGC AAA    404
Thr Ile Val Ile Leu Leu Cys Phe Cys Lys Ala Ala Glu Leu Arg Lys
-10                               -5                               1                               5

GCA AGC CCA GGC AGT GTG AGA AGC CGA GTG AAT CAT GGC CGG GCG GGT    452
Ala Ser Pro Gly Ser Val Arg Ser Arg Val Asn His Gly Arg Ala Gly
                               10                               15                               20

GGA                                                                    455
Gly
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 315:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 437 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: NUCLEIC ACID
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: DOUBLE
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: other
- (B) LOCATION: 45..438
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 100  
region 1..394

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id HSU20350  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: other  
(B) LOCATION: 87..438  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: fasta  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: identity 99  
region 3..352  
id HSU28934  
vrt

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 132..401  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq LLFVATLPFWTHY/LI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 315:

AAACTCTGCA AATAAAATGC TCTTAGAGGG AAGGAAAGGG AAATACTCGT CTCTGGTAAA	60
GTCTGAGCAG GACAGGGTGG CTGACTGGCA GATCCAGAGG TTCCCTTGGC AGTCCACGCC	120
AGGCCTTCAC C ATG GAT CAG TTC CCT GAA TCA GTG ACA GAA AAC TTT GAG	170
Met Asp Gln Phe Pro Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Asn Phe Glu	
-90 -85 -80	
TAC GAT GAT TTG GCT GAG GCC TGT TAT ATT GGG GAC ATC GTG GTC TTT	218
Tyr Asp Asp Leu Ala Glu Ala Cys Tyr Ile Gly Asp Ile Val Val Phe	
-75 -70 -65	
GGG ACT GTG TTC CTG TCC ATA TTC TAC TCC GTC ATC TTT GCC ATT GGC	266
Gly Thr Val Phe Leu Ser Ile Phe Tyr Ser Val Ile Phe Ala Ile Gly	
-60 -55 -50	
CTG GTG GGA AAT TTG TTG GTA GTG TTT GCC CTC ACC AAC AGC AAG AAG	314
Leu Val Gly Asn Leu Leu Val Val Phe Ala Leu Thr Asn Ser Lys Lys	
-45 -40 -35 -30	
CCC AAG AGT GTC ACC GAC ATT TAC CTC CTG AAC CTG GCC TTG TCT GAT	362
Pro Lys Ser Val Thr Asp Ile Tyr Leu Leu Asn Leu Ala Leu Ser Asp	
-25 -20 -15	
CTG CTG TTT GTA GCC ACT TTG CCC TTC TGG ACT CAC TAT TTG ATA AAT	410
Leu Leu Phe Val Ala Thr Leu Pro Phe Trp Thr His Tyr Leu Ile Asn	
-10 -5 1	
GAA AAG GGC CTC CAC AAT GCC ATG TGC	437
Glu Lys Gly Leu His Asn Ala Met Cys	
5 10	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 316:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 35 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

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(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -23..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.4  
seq VLALLLFVHYSNG/DE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 316:

```
Met Val Phe Val His Leu Tyr Leu Gly Asn Val Leu Ala Leu Leu Leu
      -20              -15              -10

Phe Val His Tyr Ser Asn Gly Asp Glu Ser Ser Asp Pro Gly Pro Gln
      -5              1              5

His Arg Ala
      10
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 317:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -29..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.3  
seq FLLCIFLICAALA/AQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 317:

```
Met Gly Met Cys Phe Ala Ala Glu Ser Asp Val Gln Met Phe Ile Ala
      -25              -20              -15

Phe Leu Leu Cys Ile Phe Leu Ile Cys Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Gln Lys
      -10              -5              1

Ser Gly
      5
```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 318:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -26..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11  
seq VLFLFLFWGVSLA/GS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 318:

```

Met Ala Val Arg Glu Leu Cys Phe Ser Arg Gln Arg Gln Val Leu Phe
-25                               -20                               -15

Leu Phe Leu Phe Trp Gly Val Ser Leu Ala Gly Ser Gly Phe Gly Arg
-10                               -5                               1                               5

Tyr Ser Val Thr Gly
10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 319:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -18..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.7  
seq LILLALATGLVGG/ET

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 319:

```

Met Arg Ile Leu Gln Leu Ile Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Val
-15                               -10                               -5
    
```

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Gly Gly Glu Thr Arg Ile Ile Lys Gly Phe Glu Cys Lys Pro His Ser  
                   1                                  5                                  10

Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Leu Leu Cys Gly  
   15                                  20                                  25                                  30

Ala Thr Leu Ile Ala Pro Arg Trp Leu Leu Thr Ala Ala His Cys Leu  
                                   35                                  40                                  45

Lys Pro Arg Tyr Gly  
                                   50

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 320:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 57 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -18..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.7  
seq LILLALATGLVGG/ET

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 320:

Met Arg Ile Leu Gln Leu Ile Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Val  
                   -15                                  -10                                  -5

Gly Gly Glu Thr Arg Ile Ile Lys Gly Phe Glu Cys Lys Pro His Xaa  
                   1                                  5                                  10

Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Leu Leu Cys Gly  
   15                                  20                                  25                                  30

Ala Thr Leu Ile Ala Pro Arg Trp Leu  
                                   35

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 321:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 103 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -30..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.6  
seq SLLLAFLVFFFLFA/LP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 321:

```

Met Arg Ser Cys Leu Trp Arg Cys Arg His Leu Ser Gln Gly Val Gln
-30          -25          -20          -15

Trp Ser Leu Leu Leu Ala Val Leu Val Phe Phe Leu Phe Ala Leu Pro
          -10          -5          1

Ser Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Gln Thr Lys Pro Ser Arg His Gln Arg Thr
          5          10          15

Glu Asn Ile Lys Glu Arg Ser Leu Xaa Ser Leu Ala Lys Pro Lys Ser
20          25          30

Gln Ala Pro Thr Arg Ala Arg Arg Thr Thr Ile Tyr Ala Glu Pro Val
35          40          45          50

Pro Glu Asn Asn Ala Leu Asn Thr Gln Thr Gln Pro Lys Ala His Thr
          55          60          65

Thr Gly Asp Arg Arg Lys Gly
          70
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 322:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 80 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -18..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.6  
seq XILLALATGLVGG/EI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 322:

```

Met Arg Ile Leu Gln Xaa Ile Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Val
    
```





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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -23..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.2  
 seq RCLLLALVAESSS/QT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 324:

Met Ile Ala Cys Ser Ile Arg Glu Leu His Arg Cys Leu Leu Leu Ala  
 -20 -15 -10  
 Leu Val Ala Glu Ser Ser Ser Gln Thr His Gly  
 -5 1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 325:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -17..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.2  
 seq SLVLCLLSATVFS/LQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 325:

Met Gly Pro Pro Ser Leu Val Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser Ala Thr Val Phe  
 -15 -10 -5  
 Ser Leu Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser Ala Phe Leu Ser His His Arg Pro Gly  
 1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 326:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 112 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -35..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 9  
seq AMWWLLWGVQLQX/XP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 326:

```

Met Pro Gly Pro Arg Val Trp Gly Lys Tyr Leu Trp Arg Ser Pro His
-35                -30                -25                -20

Ser Lys Gly Cys Pro Gly Ala Met Trp Trp Leu Leu Leu Trp Gly Val
          -15                -10                -5

Leu Gln Xaa Xaa Pro Asn Pro Gly Leu Arg Pro Leu Gly Xaa Arg Ala
          1                5                10

Thr Pro Ala Ala Asp Ile Pro Arg Val Pro Arg Ala Val Trp Gln Arg
    15                20                25

Pro Arg Glu Gln His Gly His Gln Gly Ser Arg Gly Leu Cys Cys Glu
    30                35                40                45

Ala Arg Leu Pro Gly Leu Arg Pro Gly Ala Val Pro Gly Leu Cys Arg
          50                55                60

Gly Leu Cys His Asn Leu Ile Arg Arg Phe Gly Ser Lys Pro Leu Gly
    65                70                75
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 327:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -22..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.8  
seq LLTLALLGGPTWX/XX

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 327:

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```

Met His Arg Pro Glu Ala Met Leu Leu Leu Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu
  -20                -15                -10

Gly Gly Pro Thr Trp Xaa Xaa Lys Met Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gly Gly Lys
  -5                1                5                10

Tyr Phe Ser Thr Thr Glu Asp Tyr Asp His Glu Ile Thr Gly Leu Arg
                15                20                25

Val Ser Val Gly Xaa Leu Leu Val Lys Ser Val Gln Val Lys Leu Gly
                30                35                40

Asp Ser Trp Asp Val Lys Leu Gly Gly Leu Arg Trp Glu Tyr Pro Gly
                45                50                55

Ser His Pro Ala Ala Arg Arg Ile His His Lys Ser Leu Cys Arg Phe
  60                65                70

Gln Ala Phe Leu
  75
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 328:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 59 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -15..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.6  
seq SVSLALLSGWVGS/RQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 328:

```

Met Val Ser Val Ser Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Gly Trp Val Gly Ser Arg
-15                -10                -5                1

Gln Gly Gly Val Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Leu Gly Leu Val Ser
                5                10                15

Trp Cys Trp Arg Met Val Arg Thr Gln Ala Leu Glu Gly Phe Leu Ser
                20                25                30

Val Lys Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Phe Ser Ala Asp Leu
  35                40
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 329:

Met Lys Leu Trp Val Ser Ala Leu Leu Met Ala Trp Phe Gly Val Leu  
-15 -10 -5

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Ser Cys Val Gln Thr Gly  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 331:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 48 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -22..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.3  
seq LLLPLMLMSMVSS/SL
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 331:

Met Lys Val Leu Ile Ser Ser Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Met Leu  
-20 -15 -10

Met Ser Met Val Ser Ser Ser Leu Xaa Pro Gly Val Ala Arg Gly His  
-5 1 5 10

Arg Asp Arg Gly Gln Ala Ser Arg Arg Trp Leu Gln Glu Gly Gly Leu  
15 20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 332:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -22..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.3  
seq LLLPLMLMSMVSS/SL
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 332:

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```

Met Lys Val Leu Ile Ser Ser Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Met Leu
  -20                      -15                      -10

Met Ser Met Val Ser Ser Ser Leu Asn Pro Gly Val Ala Arg Gly His
  -5                      1                      5                      10

Arg Asp Arg Gly Gln Ala Ser Arg Arg Trp Leu Gln Glu Gly Gly Gln
          15                      20                      25

Glu Cys Glu Cys Lys Asp Trp Phe Leu Arg Ala Pro Arg Arg Lys Phe
          30                      35                      40

Met Thr Val Ser Gly
          45
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 333:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -14..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.2  
seq LLLLQLSLPSPTS/SP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 333:

```

Met Leu Leu Leu Leu Gln Leu Ser Leu Pro Ser Pro Thr Ser Ser Pro
          -10                      -5                      1
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 334:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -17..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.1  
seq LSFKLLLLAVALG/FF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 334:

Met Leu Lys Met Leu Ser Phe Lys Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Val Ala Leu  
-15 -10 -5  
Gly Phe Phe Glu Gly Asp Ala Lys Phe Gly Glu  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 335:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN  
(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate  
(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -22..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8  
seq LLTLALLGXXXWA/GK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 335:

Met His Arg Pro Glu Ala Met Leu Leu Leu Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu  
-20 -15 -10  
Gly Xaa Xaa Xaa Trp Ala Gly Lys Met Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gly Gly Lys  
-5 1 5 10  
Tyr Phe Ser Thr Thr Glu Asp Tyr Asp His Glu Ile Thr Gly Leu Arg  
15 20 25  
Val Ser Val Gly Leu Leu Leu Val Lys Ser Val Gln Val Lys Leu Gly  
30 35 40  
Asp Ser Trp Asp Val  
45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 336:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 70 amino acids





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Gly His Gly Gly Phe Leu Gly Lys Asn Asp Gly Ile Lys Thr Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15

Glu Leu Ile Val Asn Lys Lys Lys His Leu Gly Leu Gly  
20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 338:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -16..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.7  
seq ILLDLICLLFITA/CV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 338:

Met Cys Ile Ile Leu Leu Asp Leu Ile Cys Leu Leu Phe Ile Thr Ala  
-15 -10 -5

Cys Val Gly  
1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 339:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 62 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -59..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
seq FMVFGSFFPLISC/QP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 339:

WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

```

Met Asp Cys Ala Ser Ile Ser Val Lys Phe Thr Ser Met Ala Thr Met
          -55                -50                -45

His Asp Leu Ser Gln Phe Trp Ala Ser Arg Gly Glu Val Thr Asn Trp
          -40                -35                -30

Trp Pro Val Gly Gln Thr Ser Leu Pro Leu Phe Tyr Leu Ala Phe Met
          -25                -20                -15

Val Phe Gly Ser Phe Phe Pro Leu Ile Ser Cys Gln Pro Gly
          -10                -5                1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 340:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 57 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -20..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
seq LVVLFGITAGATG/AK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 340:

```

Met Thr Ala Ser Pro Asp Tyr Leu Val Val Leu Phe Gly Ile Thr Ala
-20          -15          -10          -5

Gly Ala Thr Gly Ala Lys Leu Gly Ser Asp Glu Lys Glu Leu Ile Leu
          1          5          10

Leu Phe Trp Lys Val Val Asp Leu Ala Asn Lys Lys Val Gly Gln Leu
          15          20          25

His Glu Xaa Xaa Leu Asp Arg Ile Trp
          30          35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 341:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 79 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

WO 99/06550

373

PCT/IB98/01232

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -15..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
seq CVLVLAAAAGAVA/VF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 341:

```

Met Val Cys Val Leu Val Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Val Ala Val
-15          -10          -5          1

Phe Leu Ile Leu Arg Ile Trp Val Val Leu Arg Ser Met Asp Val Thr
      5          10          15

Pro Arg Glu Ser Leu Ser Ile Leu Val Val Ala Gly Ser Gly Gly His
      20          25          30

Thr Thr Glu Ile Leu Arg Leu Leu Gly Ser Leu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Ser
      35          40          45

Pro Arg His Tyr Val Ile Ala Asp Thr Asp Glu Met Ser Ala Thr
      50          55          60
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 342:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 82 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -44..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.5  
seq LMIPLLLTPITA/TS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 342:

```

Met Lys Lys Thr Gly Asp Gly Gly Thr Leu Ser Thr Glu Arg Ile Gly
      -40          -35          -30

Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Lys Arg Met Lys Met Thr Leu
      -25          -20          -15
    
```

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PCT/IB98/01232

Met Ile Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Thr Pro Ile Thr Ala Thr Ser Thr Ser  
 -10 -5 1  
 Arg Trp Pro Glu Ile Gly Val Val Ala Ile Arg Ser Gln Leu Arg Ala  
 5 10 15 20  
 Leu His Thr Cys Gly Gln Glu Pro Val Pro Ala Met Gly Ser Glu Gly  
 25 30 35  
 Ala Ala

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 343:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 103 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.5  
seq LTFLQLLLISSLP/RE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 343:

Met Glu Leu Gly Cys Trp Thr Gln Leu Gly Leu Thr Phe Leu Gln Leu  
 -20 -15 -10  
 Leu Leu Ile Ser Ser Leu Pro Arg Glu Tyr Thr Val Ile Asn Glu Ala  
 -5 1 5  
 Cys Pro Gly Ala Glu Trp Xaa Ile Met Cys Arg Glu Cys Cys Glu Tyr  
 10 15 20 25  
 Asp Gln Ile Glu Cys Val Cys Pro Gly Lys Arg Glu Val Val Gly Tyr  
 30 35 40  
 Thr Ile Pro Cys Cys Arg Asn Glu Xaa Asn Glu Cys Asp Ser Cys Leu  
 45 50 55  
 Ile His Pro Gly Cys Thr Ile Phe Glu Asn Cys Xaa Ser Cys Arg Asn  
 60 65 70  
 Gly Ser Trp Gly Gly Thr Leu  
 75 80

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 344:

WO 99/06550

375

PCT/IB98/01232

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 80 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -27..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq SLLFFLLLEGGXT/EQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 344:

```

Met Arg Xaa Lys Trp Lys Met Gly Gly Met Lys Tyr Ile Phe Ser Leu
  -25             -20             -15

Leu Phe Phe Leu Leu Leu Glu Gly Gly Xaa Thr Glu Gln Val Xaa His
  -10             -5             1             5

Ser Glu Thr Tyr Cys Met Phe Gln Asp Lys Lys Tyr Arg Val Gly Glu
             10             15             20

Arg Trp His Pro Tyr Leu Glu Pro Tyr Gly Leu Val Tyr Cys Val Asn
             25             30             35

Cys Ile Cys Ser Glu Xaa Gly Asn Val Leu Cys Ser Arg Val Arg Cys
             40             45             50
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 345:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 81 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -19..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq VSIMLLLVTVSDC/AV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 345:

WO 99/06550

376

PCT/IB98/01232

```

Met Arg Gly Ala Thr Arg Val Ser Ile Met Leu Leu Leu Val Thr Val
      -15                -10                -5

Ser Asp Cys Ala Val Ile Thr Gly Ala Cys Glu Arg Asp Val Gln Cys
      1                5                10

Gly Ala Gly Thr Cys Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu Trp Leu Arg Gly Leu Arg
      15                20                25

Met Cys Thr Pro Leu Gly Arg Glu Gly Glu Cys His Pro Gly Ser
      30                35                40                45

His Lys Ile Pro Phe Phe Arg Lys Arg Lys His His Thr Cys Pro Cys
      50                55                60

Leu
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 346:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq SALLFSLCEAST/VV
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 346:

```

Met Ile Ala Ile Ser Ala Val Ser Ser Ala Leu Leu Phe Ser Leu Leu
-20                -15                -10

Cys Glu Ala Ser Thr Val Val Leu Leu Asn Ser Thr Asp Ser Ser Pro
-5                1                5                10

Xaa Thr Asn Asn Phe Xaa Asp Xaa Glu Ala Ala Leu Lys Ala His
      15                20                25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 347:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 85 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

WO 99/06550

377

PCT/IB98/01232

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq SALLFSLCEAST/VV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 347:

```

Met Ile Ala Ile Ser Ala Val Ser Ser Ala Leu Leu Phe Ser Leu Leu
  -20                -15                -10

Cys Glu Ala Ser Thr Val Val Leu Leu Asn Ser Thr Asp Ser Ser Pro
  -5                1                5                10

Pro Thr Asn Asn Phe Thr Asp Ile Glu Ala Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Leu
      15                20                25

Asp Ser Ala Asp Ile Pro Lys Ala Arg Arg Lys Arg Tyr Ile Ser Gln
      30                35                40

Asn Asp Met Ile Ala Ile Leu Asp Tyr His Asn Gln Val Arg Gly Lys
      45                50                55

Val Phe Pro Xaa Ala
      60

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 348:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -22..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq LLTLVLCVAVAYE/RQ

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 348:

```

Met Asp Pro Asn Gly Gly Cys Cys Thr Leu Leu Thr Leu Val Leu Cys
  -20                -15                -10

```

WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

Val Ala Val Ala Tyr Glu Arg Gln Glu  
-5 1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 349:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -25..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.2  
seq LFTFSTSLPSSLS/SS
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 349:

Met Glu Gly Glu Ile Tyr Phe Gln Val Phe Leu Ser Leu Phe Thr Phe  
-25 -20 -15 -10

Ser Thr Ser Leu Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu Ser Ser Ser  
-5 1 5

Asn Gly

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 350:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 45 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -41..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq FLCMLAAIDLALS/TS
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 350:



WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

```

Met Tyr Val Val Ala Met Phe Gly Asn Cys Ile Val Val Phe Ile Val
  -40                      -35                      -30

Arg Thr Glu Arg Ser Leu His Ala Pro Met Tyr Leu Phe Leu Cys Met
-25                      -20                      -15                      -10

Leu Ala Ala Ile Asp Leu Ala Leu Ser Thr Ser Thr Met
      -5                      1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 351:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 63 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -43..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq PWFLAPWCPGTQS/NR
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 351:

```

Met Arg Glu Thr Xaa Pro Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Lys Asp Thr Ala Pro
      -40                      -35                      -30

Ser Ser His Gly Val Gly Ser Asp Ser Pro Ser Ala Thr Arg Pro Trp
-25                      -20                      -15

Phe Leu Ala Pro Trp Cys Pro Gly Thr Gln Ser Asn Arg Ile Cys His
-10                      -5                      1                      5

Pro Pro Leu Ser Ser Pro Pro Asp Gln Ala Thr Cys Leu Arg Gly
      10                      15                      20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 352:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 93 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -60..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq VLVVLALRSLGRS/CS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 352:

```

Met Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Leu Ser Val Phe Gly Ser Leu Pro Ala Ser
-60                -55                -50                -45

Leu Gly Thr Trp Leu Ser Ser Pro Ala Trp Leu Val Asp Arg Pro Val
                -40                -35                -30

Arg Ser Ala His Pro Ser Ala Asn Ser Thr Gly Val Arg Met Ser Val
                -25                -20                -15

Leu Val Val Leu Ala Leu Arg Ser Leu Gly Arg Ser Cys Ser Leu Ser
                -10                -5                1

Gln Ala Ala Pro Ser Arg Trp Thr Arg Ser Asn Asp Ala Pro Gln Pro
 5                10                15                20

Pro Gly Ser Gln His Ile Phe His Thr Xaa Val Pro Gly
                25                30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 353:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 36 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq VILLFSYPSCCLC/FL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 353:

```

Met His Tyr Phe Val Ala Gly Lys Val Ile Leu Leu Phe Ser Tyr Pro
-20                -15                -10

Ser Cys Cys Leu Cys Phe Leu Val Tyr Arg Arg Val Ser Xaa Leu Phe
-5                1                5                10

Lys Cys Phe Glu
                15
    
```

WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 354:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 53 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -19..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq STVVLQVLTQATS/QD
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 354:

```

Met Asp Leu Asn Ser Ala Ser Thr Val Val Leu Gln Val Leu Thr Gln
      -15                      -10                      -5

Ala Thr Ser Gln Asp Thr Ala Val Leu Lys Pro Ala Glu Glu Gln Leu
      1                      5                      10

Lys Gln Trp Glu Thr Gln Pro Gly Phe Tyr Ser Val Leu Leu Asn Ile
      15                      20                      25

Phe Thr Asn His Gly
      30
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 355:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 77 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -73..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq FLCMLAAIDLALS/TS
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 355:

WO 99/06550

382

PCT/IB98/01232

```

Met Ser Ser Cys Asn Phe Thr His Ala Thr Phe Val Leu Ile Gly Ile
      -70              -65              -60

Pro Gly Leu Glu Lys Ala His Phe Trp Val Gly Phe Pro Leu Leu Ser
      -55              -50              -45

Met Tyr Val Val Ala Met Phe Gly Asn Cys Ile Val Val Phe Ile Val
      -40              -35              -30

Arg Thr Glu Arg Ser Leu His Ala Pro Met Tyr Leu Phe Leu Cys Met
      -25              -20              -15              -10

Leu Ala Ala Ile Asp Leu Ala Leu Ser Thr Ser Thr Met
      -5              1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 356:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 79 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -56..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.9  
seq PLFFSCSISATHS/CV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 356:

```

Met Tyr Arg Leu Ser Leu Ile Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Tyr Pro Val Leu
      -55              -50              -45

Arg Trp Gly Val Trp Asp Ile Pro Ser Ser Leu Val Gln Val Thr Tyr
      -40              -35              -30              -25

His Gln Pro Asn Leu Thr Thr Asn Leu Asp Leu Pro Leu Phe Phe Ser
      -20              -15              -10

Cys Ser Ile Ser Ala Thr His Ser Cys Val Lys Pro Pro Ser Val Ile
      -5              1              5

Ile Gly Ile Ser Ser Phe Leu Ser Phe Pro Tyr Gln Thr Leu Val
      10              15              20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 357:

WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 91 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -24..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.9  
seq LCFLLLAVAMSFF/GS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 357:

```

Met Leu Val Asp Gly Pro Ser Glu Arg Pro Ala Leu Cys Phe Leu Leu
      -20                      -15                      -10

Leu Ala Val Ala Met Ser Phe Phe Gly Ser Ala Leu Ser Ile Asp Glu
      -5                      1                      5

Thr Arg Ala His Leu Leu Leu Lys Glu Lys Met Met Arg Leu Gly Gly
      10                      15                      20

Arg Leu Val Leu Asn Thr Lys Glu Glu Leu Ala Asn Glu Arg Leu Met
      25                      30                      35                      40

Thr Leu Lys Ile Ala Glu Met Lys Glu Ala Met Arg Thr Leu Ile Phe
      45                      50                      55

Pro Pro Ser Met His Phe Phe Gln Ala Lys Trp
      60                      65
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 358:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 60 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -35..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.9  
seq XLXXLLTPPPSYG/HQ

WO 99/06550

384

PCT/IB98/01232

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 358:

```

Met Pro Cys Ser Leu Thr Trp Arg Leu Pro Pro Arg Thr Cys Gln Xaa
-35                -30                -25                -20

Xaa Gly Leu Xaa Lys Ser Xaa Leu Xaa Xaa Leu Leu Thr Pro Pro Pro
                -15                -10                -5

Ser Tyr Gly His Gln Pro Gln Thr Gly Ser Gly Glu Ser Xaa Gly Ala
                1                5                10

Ser Gly Asp Lys Asp His Leu Tyr Ser Thr Val Cys
    15                20                25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 359:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 85 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -41..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.8  
seq LFLFLTSLAEXCS/TP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 359:

```

Met Val Xaa Trp Leu Val Leu Phe Ala Leu Gln Ile Tyr Ser Tyr Xaa
-40                -35                -30

Ser Thr Arg Asp Gln Pro Ala Ser Arg Xaa Arg Leu Leu Phe Leu Phe
-25                -20                -15                -10

Leu Thr Ser Ile Ala Glu Xaa Cys Ser Thr Pro Tyr Ser Leu Leu Gly
                -5                1                5

Xaa Val Phe Thr Val Ser Phe Val Ala Leu Gly Val Leu Thr Leu Cys
    10                15                20

Lys Phe Tyr Leu Gln Gly Tyr Arg Ala Phe Met Asn Asp Pro Ala Met
    25                30                35

Asn Arg Gly Gly Ala
    40
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 360:

Ser Val Cys Ser Ser Gly Ser Leu Leu Ser Thr Ser Ile Met Lys Lys  
-3 1 5 10

WO 99/06550

386

PCT/IB98/01232

Arg Met

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 362:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 51 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -15..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq ILSTVTALTFARA/LD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 362:

```

Met Gly Ile Leu Ser Thr Val Thr Ala Leu Thr Phe Ala Arg Ala Leu
-15          -10          -5          1

Asp Gly Cys Arg Asn Gly Ile Ala His Pro Ala Ser Glu Lys His Arg
          5          10          15

Leu Glu Lys Cys Arg Glu Leu Glu Ser Ser His Ser Ala Pro Gly Ser
20          25          30

Thr Gln Gln
35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 363:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.5  
seq LTFLQXLLISSLX/RE



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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 363:

```

Met Glu Leu Gly Cys Trp Thr Gln Leu Gly Leu Thr Phe Leu Gln Xaa
   -20               -15               -10

Leu Leu Ile Ser Ser Leu Xaa Arg Glu Tyr Thr Val Ile Asn Glu Ala
   -5               1               5

Arg Lys
  10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 364:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 36 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -22..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.4  
seq FLLCXSVFTDCKG/DV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 364:

```

Met Glu Leu Leu Arg Val Cys Ser Phe Phe Leu Leu Cys Xaa Ser Val
   -20               -15               -10

Phe Thr Asp Cys Lys Gly Asp Val Leu Cys Val Lys Met Glu Gln Ser
   -5               1               5               10

Gln Ile Cys Ala
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 365:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -22..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq TWFLLLPPGQCRA/VG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 365:

```

Met Ile Val Arg Pro Arg Leu Asn Leu Thr Trp Phe Leu Leu Leu Pro
  -20                      -15                      -10

Pro Gly Gln Cys Arg Ala Val Gly Ala Thr Trp Pro Gly
  -5                      1                      5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 366:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 40 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -19..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq MVALCCCLWKISG/CE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 366:

```

Met Gln Phe Leu Phe Lys Met Val Ala Leu Cys Cys Cys Leu Trp Lys
      -15                      -10                      -5

Ile Ser Gly Cys Glu Glu Val Pro Leu Thr Tyr Asn Leu Leu Lys Cys
      1                      5                      10

Leu Leu Asp Lys Ala His Val Gly
  15                      20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 367:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 66 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq CVCAAAXXSQLX/XX

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 367:

```

Met Leu Lys Val Ser Ala Val Leu Cys Val Cys Ala Ala Ala Xaa Xaa
-20                      -15                      -10

Ser Gln Ser Leu Xaa Xaa Xaa Ala Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly Arg
-5                      1                      5                      10

Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Phe Leu Asp Asp Lys Gln Trp Leu Thr Xaa Ile
15                      20                      25

Ser Gln Tyr Asp Lys Glu Xaa Gly Xaa Trp Asn Lys Phe Arg Asp Asp
30                      35                      40

Xaa Tyr
45
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 368:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 57 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq MVALCCCLWKISG/CE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 368:

```

Met Ser Met Gln Phe Leu Phe Lys Met Val Ala Leu Cys Cys Cys Leu
-20                      -15                      -10

Trp Lys Ile Ser Gly Cys Glu Glu Val Pro Leu Thr Tyr Asn Leu Leu
-5                      1                      5                      10

Lys Cys Leu Leu Asp Lys Ala His Cys Val Leu Leu Thr Pro Cys Gly
    
```

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15 20 25  
Tyr Ile Phe Ser Leu Ile Ser Pro Gly  
30 35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 369:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -17..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.2  
seq LWILLGSLSCRTS/NR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 369:

Met Ala Gln His Leu Trp Ile Leu Leu Gly Ser Leu Ser Cys Arg Thr  
-15 -10 -5  
Ser Asn Arg Arg  
1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 370:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 59 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -28..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.1  
seq LYLFSGFWTFXLG/KF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 370:

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```

Met Asn Lys Glu Xaa Val Ser Xaa Glu Arg Xaa Ala Gln Val Arg Leu
    -25                      -20                      -15

Tyr Leu Phe Ser Gly Phe Trp Thr Phe Xaa Leu Gly Lys Phe Lys Gln
    -10                      -5                      1

Gly Glu Xaa Ser Tyr Xaa Xaa Ile Leu Glu Arg Leu Leu Trp Gln Gln
    5                      10                      15                      20

Gln Tyr Xaa Gly Trp Leu Val Gly Asp Lys Arg
    25                      30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 371:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 80 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -54..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
seq IVFIFLILLNTAA/QV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 371:

```

Met Val Leu Trp Arg Ala Lys Ile Xaa Arg Asn Val Pro Val Thr Leu
    -50                      -45                      -40

Ser Glu Glu Asn Arg Ser Glu Gly Lys Val Gly Phe Gln Ala Tyr Lys
    -35                      -30                      -25

Asn Tyr Phe Arg Ala Gly Ala His Trp Ile Val Phe Ile Phe Leu Ile
    -20                      -15                      -10

Leu Leu Asn Thr Ala Ala Gln Val Ala Tyr Val Leu Gln Asp Trp Trp
    -5                      1                      5                      10

Leu Ser Tyr Trp Ala Asn Lys Gln Ser Met Leu Asn Val Thr Val Asn
    15                      20                      25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 372:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 36 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -18..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
seq FTSVLWLTSPSQP/NT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 372:

Met Leu Leu Xaa Phe Phe Thr Ser Val Leu Trp Leu Thr Ser Pro Ser  
-15 -10 -5

Gln Pro Asn Thr Cys Pro Ser Ser Leu Leu Cys Thr Tyr Pro Asn Leu  
1 5 10

Asn Pro Pro Trp  
15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 373:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -22..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq IILGCLALFLLLQ/RK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 373:

Met Glu Leu Ile Ser Pro Thr Val Ile Ile Ile Leu Gly Cys Leu Ala  
-20 -15 -10

Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Gln Arg Lys Asn Leu Arg Arg Pro Trp  
-5 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 374:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 53 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -47..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq TWLGLLSFQNLHC/FP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 374:

```

Met His Gly Phe Glu Ile Ile Ser Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Pro Leu Gly
  -45                -40                -35

Lys Val Ser Gln Gly Pro Leu Phe Asn Val Thr Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser
  -30                -25                -20

Pro Val Thr Trp Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Phe Gln Asn Leu His Cys Phe
  -15                -10                -5                1

Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly
              5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 375:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 63 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -56..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq NTLFLHLSGLSAA/DT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 375:

```

Met Thr Trp Val Arg His Ala Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Trp Val Ala
  -55                -50                -45

Thr Val Thr Asp Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr Phe Tyr Ala Ala Ser Val Lys
    
```

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-40		-35		-30		-25									
Gly	Arg	Phe	Asn	Val	Ser	Arg	Asp	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asn	Thr	Leu	Phe	Leu
			-20					-15						-10	
His	Leu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Asp	Thr	Gly	Trp	Trp	Gly	Ile	
			-5					1				5			

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 376:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 28 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -14..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.8  
seq LTSFFSLTANCQS/AG
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 376:

Met	Leu	Thr	Ser	Phe	Phe	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ala	Asn	Cys	Gln	Ser	Ala	Gly
				-10					-5					1	
Thr	Ile	Ser	Phe	Ala	Ala	Phe	Ser	Leu	Met	Pro	Gly				
		5					10								

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 377:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 23 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -18..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.8  
seq LTPLFFMXPTGFS/SP



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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 377:

```

Met Leu Leu Cys Leu Leu Thr Pro Leu Phe Phe Met Xaa Pro Thr Gly
   -15                -10                -5

Phe Ser Ser Pro Ser Pro Gly
      1              5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 378:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq HSLFLSLLGLCPs/KT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 378:

```

Met Asp Asp Asp Tyr Glu Ala Tyr His Ser Leu Phe Leu Ser Leu Leu
   -20                -15                -10

Gly Leu Cys Pro Ser Lys Thr Pro Ile Asn Glu Asn Ala Pro Val Phe
   -5              1              5              10

Asp Pro Glu Pro Val
      15
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 379:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -19..-1

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(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq WLVWLLLGHMVVS/QM

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 379:

Met Glu Trp Gly Lys Gln Trp Leu Val Trp Leu Leu Leu Gly His Met  
-15 -10 -5  
Val Val Ser Gln Met Ala Thr Leu Leu Ala Arg Lys His Arg Pro Trp  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 380:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 49 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN  
(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate  
(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -39..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq LTQGVWLWILVIQA/VP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 380:

Met Arg Arg Gly Lys Arg Leu Leu Glu Ser Gln Ser Ser Ser Pro Lys  
-35 -30 -25  
Ala Cys Leu Gln Leu Gly Phe Glu Thr Glu Leu Thr Gln Gly Val Leu  
-20 -15 -10  
Trp Ile Leu Val Ile Gln Ala Val Pro Val Pro Ser Leu Thr Lys Thr  
-5 1 5  
Lys  
10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 381:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 24 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -20..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq ALLESVVWLPCHG/RG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 381:

```

Met Val Ala Ala Thr Glu Ala Ala Leu Leu Glu Ser Val Val Trp Leu
-20          -15          -10          -5

Pro Cys His Gly Arg Gly Gly Ser
          1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 382:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 22 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -19..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq VSLPLLSSWGSTA/WT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 382:

```

Met Ser Trp Asn Pro Ser Val Ser Leu Pro Leu Leu Ser Ser Trp Gly
          -15          -10          -5

Ser Thr Ala Trp Thr Leu
          1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 383:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -22..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq LILLSLHLERRWT/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 383:

```

Met Lys Arg Ile Gln Gly Ile Leu Phe Leu Ile Leu Leu Ser Leu His
  -20                      -15                      -10

Leu Glu Arg Arg Trp Thr Ser Pro Ser Asp His Ser Leu Leu Leu Gly
  -5                      1                      5                      10

Gly Asn Ser Leu Ala Gln His Ala Glu Ser Val Val Arg Gln Gly
          15                      20                      25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 384:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 46 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -35..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
seq LLTFGLEVCLAAG/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 384:

```

Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
-35                      -30                      -25                      -20

Gln Leu Xaa Leu Xaa Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu
          -15                      -10                      -5

Ala Ala Gly Ser Pro Met Cys Arg Leu Cys Cys Trp Lys Trp
      1                      5                      10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 385:

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 122 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -18..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
seq PFALVTSCSSVFS/GD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 385:

```

Met Ala Ala Gly Val Pro Phe Ala Leu Val Thr Ser Cys Ser Ser Val
      -15                -10                -5

Phe Ser Gly Asp Gln Leu Val Gln His Ile Leu Gly Thr Glu Asp Leu
      1                5                10

Ile Val Glu Val Thr Ser Asn Asp Ala Val Arg Phe Tyr Pro Trp Thr
      15                20                25                30

Ile Asp Asn Lys Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Asp Ile Asn Leu Cys Val Val Pro
      35                40                45

Asn Lys Phe Leu Val Thr Ala Glu Ile Ala Glu Ser Val Gln Ala Phe
      50                55                60

Val Val Tyr Phe Asp Xaa Thr Gln Xaa Ser Gly Leu Asp Ser Val Ser
      65                70                75

Ser Trp Leu Pro Leu Ala Lys Ala Trp Leu Pro Glu Val Met Ile Leu
      80                85                90

Val Cys Asp Arg Val Ser Glu Asp Gly Ile
      95                100
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 386:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 23 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -14..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
seq TVFLXFCFPRCHS/DS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 386:

Met Thr Val Phe Leu Xaa Phe Cys Phe Pro Arg Cys His Ser Asp Ser  
-10 -5 1  
His Xaa Xaa Gln Gln Ser Ala  
5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 387:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 89 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -48..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.4  
seq ILLEVFVWNGQLQG/LP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 387:

Met Xaa Pro Asn Asn Phe Trp Gln Lys Leu Gly Arg Lys Lys Pro Arg  
-45 -40 -35  
Ile Phe Thr Cys Thr Gln Ser Ser Thr Gly Glu Ala Ala Val Lys Ala  
-30 -25 -20  
Glu Asn Leu Ile Leu Leu Glu Val Phe Val Trp Asn Gly Leu Gln Gly  
-15 -10 -5  
Leu Pro Ser Glu Leu Ser Asp Thr Ser Gly Ser Ser Lys Lys Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Ser Leu Val Gly Trp Trp Arg Thr Leu Lys Met Ala Pro Ala Cys Leu  
20 25 30  
Trp Ser Met Trp Glu Ser Pro Pro Arg  
35 40

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 388:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 73 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -36..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3  
seq ALYIMCVPHSVWG/CA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 388:

```

Met Phe Arg Ser Asp Arg Met Trp Xaa Cys His Trp Lys Trp Lys Pro
-35                               -30                               -25

Ser Pro Leu Leu Phe Leu Phe Ala Leu Tyr Ile Met Cys Val Pro His
-20                               -15                               -10                               -5

Ser Val Trp Gly Cys Ala Asn Cys Arg Val Val Leu Ser Asn Pro Ser
                               1                               5                               10

Gly Thr Phe Thr Ser Pro Cys Tyr Pro Asn Asp Tyr Pro Asn Ser Gln
                               15                               20                               25

Ala Cys Met Trp Thr Leu Arg Asp Pro
30                               35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 389:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 92 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -31..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3  
seq LVALSSELPFLGA/GV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 389:

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```

Met Thr Gln Arg Ser Ile Ala Gly Pro Ile Cys Asn Leu Lys Phe Val
-30                -25                -20

Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Ser Ser Glu Leu Pro Phe Leu Gly Ala Gly
-15                -10                -5                1

Val Gln Leu Gln Asp Asn Gly Tyr Asn Gly Leu Leu Ile Ala Ile Asn
      5                10                15

Pro Gln Val Pro Glu Asn Gln Asn Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Lys Glu Met
      20                25                30

Ile Thr Glu Ala Ser Phe Tyr Leu Phe Asn Ala Thr Lys Arg Arg Val
      35                40                45

Phe Phe Arg Asn Ile Lys Ile Leu Ile Pro Ala Gln
      50                55                60

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 390:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 46 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -14..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3  
seq IIPLLLLRSACN/VH

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 390:

```

Met Ile Ile Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Arg Ser Ala Cys Asn Val His
      -10                -5                1

Leu Pro His Gln Thr Ala Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Gln Gly Leu
      5                10                15

Ala Trp Gly Leu Leu His Gly Gly Cys Ser Val Thr Val Arg
      20                25                30

```

(3) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 391:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 21 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID



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(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -19..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3  
seq VLLLSXNLNLIIQ/SS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 391:

Met Xaa Ser Pro Leu Pro Val Leu Leu Leu Ser Xaa Asn Leu Asn Leu  
-15 -10 -5

Ile Ile Gln Ser Ser  
1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 392:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 53 amino acids

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -46..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.2  
seq LLTFLVFTXKLSS/LN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 392:

Met Leu Met Cys Lys Met Leu Lys Ser Gln Lys Asn Cys Gln Glu Asn  
-45 -40 -35

Xaa Xaa Ile Lys Ile Ile Leu Phe Leu Lys Pro Met Cys Ser Pro Gln  
-30 -25 -20 -15

Tyr Leu Leu Thr Phe Leu Val Phe Thr Xaa Lys Leu Ser Ser Leu Asn  
-10 -5 1

Ile Xaa Lys Phe His  
5

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 393:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 55 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -52..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.2  
seq IIVILHCAASIIS/CP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 393:

```

Met Lys Lys Lys Ser Ser Pro Asn Gln Tyr Leu His Ser Ser Leu His
   -50                               -45                               -40

Xaa Ile Arg Leu Phe Ser Phe Leu His Phe Ser Glu Glu Gly Val Leu
   -35                               -30                               -25

Leu Leu Ala Ile Asp Leu Lys Ile Ile Val Ile Leu His Cys Ala Ala
   -20                               -15                               -10                               -5

Ser Ile Ile Ser Cys Pro Ser
                   1
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 394:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 73 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq ATSVSLEAQSCFA/WP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 394:

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```

Met Phe Ser Cys Phe Phe Ser Thr Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Val Ser Leu
    -20                      -15                      -10

Glu Ala Gln Ser Cys Phe Ala Trp Pro Leu Ile Val Ser Phe Pro Gln
    -5                      1                      5

Gly Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Phe Leu Leu Met Ser Tyr Asn Leu Ser His
  10                      15                      20                      25

Leu Ile Tyr Ser Gly Glu Leu Asn Gly Arg Leu Tyr Ala Glu Asn Ser
    30                      35                      40

Gln Ile Cys Ile Cys Ser Pro Ala Gly
    45                      50
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 395:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 75 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -50..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq RTALILAVCCGSA/SI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 395:

```

Met His His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys
-50                      -45                      -40                      -35

Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala
    -30                      -25                      -20

Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly
    -15                      -10                      -5

Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser
    1                      5                      10

Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Pro Gly
  15                      20                      25
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 396:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 21 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -17..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq IYFFACFQALTSS/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 396:

```
Met Ser Pro Cys Ile Tyr Phe Phe Ala Cys Phe Gln Ala Leu Thr Ser
   -15                -10                -5

Ser Ser Pro Pro Gln
   1
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 397:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 90 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -31..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq VSGASGFLPPARS/RI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 397:

```
Met Ala Glu Glu Met Glu Ser Ser Leu Glu Ala Xaa Phe Ser Ser Ser
   -30                -25                -20

Gly Ala Val Ser Gly Ala Ser Gly Phe Leu Pro Pro Ala Arg Ser Arg
   -15                -10                -5                1

Ile Phe Lys Ile Ile Val Ile Gly Asp Xaa Asn Val Gly Lys Thr Cys
      5                10                15

Leu Thr Tyr Arg Phe Cys Ala Gly Arg Phe Pro Asp Arg Thr Glu Ala
```

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20 25 30  
 Thr Ile Gly Val Asp Phe Arg Glu Arg Ala Val Glu Ile Asp Gly Glu  
 35 40 45  
 Arg Ile Lys Ile Gln Leu Trp Asp Thr Ala  
 50 55

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 398:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 61 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -31..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq VSGASGFLPPARS/RI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 398:

Met Ala Glu Glu Met Glu Ser Ser Leu Glu Ala Ser Phe Ser Ser Ser  
 -30 -25 -20  
 Gly Ala Val Ser Gly Ala Ser Gly Phe Leu Pro Pro Ala Arg Ser Arg  
 -15 -10 -5 1  
 Ile Phe Lys Ile Ile Val Ile Gly Asp Ser Asn Val Xaa Lys Thr Cys  
 5 10 15  
 Leu Thr Tyr Arg Phe Cys Ala Gly Arg Phe Pro Asp Arg  
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 399:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 42 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -27..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5  
 seq HLSLILLKPLCLP/NN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 399:

Met Leu Val Leu Gly Ser Pro Leu Leu Gly Pro Leu Leu Trp His Leu  
 -25 -20 -15  
 Ser Leu Ile Leu Leu Lys Pro Leu Cys Leu Pro Asn Asn Leu Pro Leu  
 -10 -5 1 5  
 Ala Leu Gly Arg Cys Leu Cys Leu His Ser  
 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 400:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 82 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -55..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5  
 seq VLFMTTAVDLVIT/EV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 400:

Met His Leu Leu Asp Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Lys Ser Ser Asp Gly Lys  
 -55 -50 -45 -40  
 Ser Tyr Val Ile Thr Gly Ser Trp Asn Pro Lys Ser Pro His Phe Gln  
 -35 -30 -25  
 Val Val Asn Glu Glu Thr Pro Lys Asp Lys Val Leu Phe Met Thr Thr  
 -20 -15 -10  
 Ala Val Asp Leu Val Ile Thr Glu Val Gln Glu Pro Val Arg Phe Leu  
 -5 1 5  
 Leu Glu Thr Lys Val Arg Val Cys Ser Pro Asn Glu Arg Leu Phe Trp  
 10 15 20 25  
 Pro Ala

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 401:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 43 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq VLFVFSSIPLTFL/FQ
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 401:

```

Met Glu Asn Leu Lys Asp Phe Tyr Val Leu Phe Val Phe Ser Ser Ile
-20                               -15                               -10

Pro Leu Thr Phe Leu Phe Gln Lys Leu Pro Phe Val Trp Ile Xaa Glu
-5                               1                               5                               10

Glu Thr Leu Glu Thr Trp Tyr Leu Lys Ser Trp
15                               20
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 402:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -13..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LSIFSLVLPVCRM/HR
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 402:

```

Met Pro Gln Tyr Cys Leu Ser Ile Phe Ser Leu Val Leu Pro Val Cys
-15                               -10                               -5
  
```

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Arg Met His Arg

1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 403:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 60 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -43..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LLAFGTSCSVVLY/DP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 403:

```
Met Val Ala Pro Val Leu Glu Thr Ser His Val Phe Cys Cys Pro Asn
      -40                -35                -30

Arg Val Arg Gly Val Leu Asn Trp Ser Ser Gly Pro Arg Gly Leu Leu
      -25                -20                -15

Ala Phe Gly Thr Ser Cys Ser Val Val Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Gly Cys
      -10                -5                1                5

Cys Tyr Gln Leu Glu Trp Ser His Arg Pro Phe Arg
      10                15
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 404:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 71 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -33..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LSWLITWFGHXL/DF



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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 404:

```

Met Pro Ile Ile Asp Gln Val Asn Pro Glu Leu His Asp Phe Met Gln
      -35                -30                -25

Ser Ala Glu Val Gly Thr Ile Phe Ala Leu Ser Trp Leu Ile Thr Trp
      -20                -15                -10

Phe Gly His Xaa Leu Ser Asp Phe Arg His Val Val Arg Leu Tyr Asp
      -5                  1                  5                  10

Phe Phe Leu Ala Cys His Pro Leu Met Pro Ile Tyr Phe Ala Ala Val
      15                20                25

Ile Val Leu Tyr Arg Glu Gln
      30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 405:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 104 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -49..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
seq GLCVLVPCSXSXX/WR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 405:

```

Met Glu Thr Xaa Cys Pro Cys Cys Cys Cys Pro Cys Xaa Gly Xaa Gly
      -45                -40                -35

Ser Leu Xaa Xaa Lys Pro Val Tyr Glu Leu Gln Val Gln Lys Ser Val
      -30                -25                -20

Thr Val Gln Glu Gly Leu Cys Val Leu Val Pro Cys Ser Xaa Ser Xaa
      -15                -10                -5

Xaa Trp Arg Ser Trp Tyr Ser Ser Pro Pro Leu Tyr Val Tyr Trp Phe
      1                  5                  10                15

Arg Asp Gly Glu Ile Pro Tyr Tyr Ala Glu Val Val Ala Thr Asn Asn
      20                25                30

Pro Asp Arg Arg Xaa Lys Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Ile Pro Pro Pro
      35                40                45
    
```

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Trp Gly Cys Pro Glu Glu Glu Leu  
50 55

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 406:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 35 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -17..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
seq IYFFACFXLTSS/SP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 406:

Met Ser Pro Cys Ile Tyr Phe Phe Ala Cys Phe Xaa Xaa Leu Thr Ser  
-15 -10 -5

Ser Ser Pro Pro His Pro Cys Pro Lys Cys Trp Pro Ser Ser Gly Ser  
1 5 10 15

Ile Pro Leu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 407:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -27..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
seq VLKCLSFSXPSLP/GF
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 407:

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Met Gly Arg Gly Glu Arg Arg His Tyr Trp Gly Pro Lys Leu Val Leu  
 -25 -20 -15  
 Lys Cys Leu Ser Phe Ser Xaa Pro Ser Leu Pro Gly Phe Leu Trp Ser  
 -10 -5 1 5  
 Leu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 408:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 81 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -52..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
seq LLAKALHLLKSSC/AP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 408:

Met Ser Gln Asp Gly Gly Xaa Gly Glu Leu Lys His Met Val Met Ser  
 -50 -45 -40  
 Phe Arg Val Ser Glu Leu Gln Val Leu Leu Gly Phe Ala Gly Arg Asn  
 -35 -30 -25  
 Lys Ser Gly Arg Lys His Glu Leu Leu Ala Lys Ala Leu His Leu Leu  
 -20 -15 -10 -5  
 Lys Ser Ser Cys Ala Pro Ser Val Gln Met Lys Ile Lys Glu Leu Tyr  
 1 5 10  
 Arg Arg Arg Phe Pro Arg Lys Thr Leu Gly Pro Ser Asp Leu Ser Leu  
 15 20 25  
 Lys

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 409:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 85 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

Met Leu His Ser Asp Asn Ile Trp Asn Leu Phe Ser Leu Phe Ser Thr  
-15 -10 -5

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Ser Thr Thr Leu Pro Arg  
1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 411:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 44 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -24..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.6  
seq FHSAAGWSGGGQA/CG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 411:

Met	Gln	Pro	Ala	Ser	Pro	Pro	Ala	Arg	Trp	Ser	Phe	His	Ser	Ala	Ala
				-20					-15					-10	
Gly	Trp	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gln	Ala	Cys	Gly	Gly	His	Ser	Cys	Asp	Gln
			-5					1				5			
Val	Leu	Ala	Val	Ile	Glu	Leu	Leu	Asn	Pro	Leu	Arg				
	10					15					20				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 412:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -18..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.5  
seq LLAGSISHMFSQA/LP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 412:

WO 99/06550

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PCT/IB98/01232

Met Cys Phe Ser Phe Leu Leu Ala Gly Ser Ile Ser His Met Phe Ser  
-15 -10 -5

Gln Ala Leu Pro Leu His Ser Pro Gly Leu Pro Thr Thr Asn Arg Thr  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 413:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 26 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.5  
seq SILFHCSVCLFLC/QY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 413:

Met Tyr Gly Phe Ile Ile Gly Leu Ser Ile Leu Phe His Cys Ser Val  
-20 -15 -10

Cys Leu Phe Leu Cys Gln Tyr His Ala Trp  
-5 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 414:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -24..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.5  
seq SLLGCXLAININT/FP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 414:



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418

PCT/IB98/01232

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -23..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
 seq LVSIFFFWEVTNA/FL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 416:

```

Met Phe Asn Thr Ile Tyr Leu Val Ile Ser Leu Val Ser Ile Phe Phe
      -20              -15              -10

Phe Trp Glu Val Thr Asn Ala Phe Leu Lys Ala Arg Arg Trp
      -5              1              5
    
```

{2} INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 417:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -22..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
 seq SLPLTTGSSWSLS/SQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 417:

```

Met Ala Leu Pro Pro Lys Gly Cys Gly Ser Leu Pro Leu Thr Thr Gly
      -20              -15              -10

Ser Ser Trp Ser Leu Ser Ser Gln Ile Gly Ser Pro Ala Ile Ser Asn
      -5              1              5              10

Pro Arg
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 418:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 28 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID



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(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -16..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.3  
seq FLSWASFLAPLLR/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 418:

Met Phe Val Phe Leu Ser Trp Ala Ser Phe Leu Ala Pro Leu Leu Arg  
-15 -10 -5

Ser Pro Phe Leu His Cys Leu Met Gly Met Pro Gly  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 419:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 51 amino acids

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -28..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.3  
seq LLSCSPLXPLGKS/GF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 419:

Met Xaa Met Lys Ser Ala Asn Lys Ile Thr Leu Leu Xaa His His Leu  
-25 -20 -15

Leu Ser Cys Ser Pro Leu Xaa Pro Leu Gly Lys Ser Gly Phe Ser Ser  
-10 -5 1

Cys Gln Arg Leu Gly Lys Arg Ala Leu Val Phe Pro Ile Xaa Lys Xaa  
5 10 15 20

Ile Ile Thr

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 420:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -32..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq SLLLLFIVIPQTP/RP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 420:

```

Met Cys Asn Tyr Asn Ile Tyr Val Leu Tyr Asn Ile Gly Tyr Leu Tyr
  -30                      -25                      -20

His Pro Lys Ser Phe Leu Leu Leu Phe Ile Val Ile Pro Gln Thr Pro
  -15                      -10                      -5

Arg Pro
  1
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 421:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 100 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -27..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq PLLAAPLLRSLLP/RX
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 421:

```

Met Ala Val Ala Met Val Lys Leu Cys Glu Arg Ala Gly Leu Pro Leu
  -25                      -20                      -15
  
```

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PCT/IB98/01232

```

Leu Ala Ala Pro Leu Leu Arg Ser Leu Leu Pro Arg Xaa Pro Gln Pro
-10                -5                1                5

Gly Pro Ala Gln Pro Arg Ser Val Gln Gly Gln Arg Cys Pro Ala Arg
          10                15                20

His Pro Pro Gly Asn Leu Val Cys Glu Arg Gly Ala Xaa Val Asn Gly
          25                30                35

Val Thr Ala Gly Ala Xaa Gly Xaa Leu Arg Gly Leu His Arg Gly Xaa
          40                45                50

Arg Ala Leu Gly Cys Ser Ala His Arg Pro Xaa His Ser Ala Arg Val
          55                60                65

Arg Pro Pro Ala
          70
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 422:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 127 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -122..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq DVLLGLLKDVLLA/RP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 422:

```

Met Leu Asn Val Val Arg Ala Leu Arg Xaa Pro Gln Trp Cys Ala Glu
-120                -115                -110

Tyr Cys Leu Ser Ile His Tyr Gln His Gly Gly Val Ile Cys Thr Gln
-105                -100                -95

Val His Lys Gln Thr Val Val Gln Leu Ala Leu Arg Val Ala Asp Glu
-90                -85                -80                -75

Met Asp Val Asn Ile Gly His Glu Val Gly Tyr Val Ile Pro Phe Glu
          -70                -65                -60

Asn Cys Cys Thr Asn Glu Thr Ile Leu Arg Tyr Cys Thr Asp Asp Met
          -55                -50                -45

Leu Gln Arg Glu Met Met Ser Asn Pro Phe Leu Gly Ser Tyr Gly Val
          -40                -35                -30
    
```

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```

Ile Ile Leu Asp Asp Ile His Glu Arg Ser Ile Ala Thr Asp Val Leu
-25                               -20                               -15

Leu Gly Leu Leu Lys Asp Val Leu Leu Ala Arg Pro Glu Leu Lys
-10                               -5                               1                               5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 423:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -27..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq AGLCIGSTSYVHG/DI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 423:

```

Met His Ala Gly Leu Glu Arg Xaa Ser Xaa Gln Lys Ala Leu Ala Gly
-25                               -20                               -15

Leu Cys Ile Gly Ser Thr Ser Tyr Val His Gly Asp Ile Leu Arg Thr
-10                               -5                               1                               5

Glu Arg
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 424:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 45 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -35..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq LLGSLSLWRWSAM/EP

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 424:

```

Met Leu Asn Gly Pro Phe Gln His Arg Asn Ser Arg Ile Met Thr His
-35          •   -30          -25          -20

Arg Ser Ala Glu Lys Thr Leu Leu Gly Ser Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Trp
          -15          -10          -5

Ser Ala Met Glu Pro Thr Asp Arg Cys Thr Arg Val Gly
          1          5          10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 425:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 122 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -44..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq IAVGLTCQHVSHA/IS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 425:

```

Met Arg Val Lys Asp Pro Thr Lys Ala Leu Pro Glu Lys Ala Lys Arg
          -40          -35          -30

Ser Lys Arg Pro Thr Val Pro His Asp Glu Asp Ser Ser Asp Asp Ile
          -25          -20          -15

Ala Val Gly Leu Thr Cys Gln His Val Ser His Ala Ile Ser Val Asn
          -10          -5          1

His Val Lys Arg Ala Ile Ala Glu Asn Leu Trp Ser Val Cys Ser Glu
          5          10          15          20

Cys Leu Lys Glu Arg Arg Phe Tyr Asp Gly Gln Leu Val Leu Thr Ser
          25          30          35

Asp Ile Trp Leu Cys Leu Lys Cys Gly Phe Gln Gly Cys Gly Lys Asn
          40          45          50

Ser Glu Ser Gln His Ser Leu Lys His Phe Lys Ser Ser Arg Thr Glu
          55          60          65

Pro His Cys Ile Ile Ile Asn Leu Ser Thr
          70          75
    
```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 426:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -28..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq FSLALSMKGTG/KV
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 426:

```

Met  Pro  Gln  Lys  Gly  Leu  Gly  Leu  Leu  Gly  Ile  Leu  Ser  Gly  Asp  Phe
      -25                -20                -15

Ser  Leu  Leu  Ala  Leu  Ser  Met  Leu  Lys  Gly  Thr  Gly  Lys  Val  Gly  Gly
      -10                -5                1
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 427:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 86 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -55..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq AALCGISLSQLFP/EP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 427:

```

Met  Ala  Met  Trp  Asn  Arg  Pro  Xaa  Xaa  Xaa  Leu  Pro  Gln  Gln  Pro  Leu
-55                -50                -45                -40

Xaa  Ala  Glu  Pro  Thr  Ala  Glu  Gly  Glu  Pro  His  Leu  Pro  Thr  Gly  Arg
      -35                -30                -25
  
```

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Xaa Xaa Thr Glu Ala Asn Arg Phe Ala Tyr Ala Ala Leu Cys Gly Ile  
                   -20                                  -15                                  -10  
 Ser Leu Ser Gln Leu Phe Pro Glu Pro Glu His Ser Ser Phe Cys Thr  
                   -5                                  1                                  5  
 Glu Phe Met Ala Gly Leu Val Xaa Trp Leu Glu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val  
   10  15                                  20                                  25  
 Leu Pro Thr Met Thr Ala  
   30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 428:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 23 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -19..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq LLLSPWVTVPVWS/SS
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 428:

Met Leu Cys Phe Gly Asp Leu Leu Leu Ser Pro Trp Val Thr Val Pro  
                                   -15                                  -10                                  -5  
 Val Trp Ser Ser Ser Pro Trp  
                                   1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 429:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 48 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

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(B) LOCATION: -27..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq LIYFLGLAADTYF/RS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 429:

Met	Gln	Glu	Asn	Ala	His	Asn	Leu	Arg	Leu	Phe	Lys	Cys	Leu	Leu	Ile
		-25					-20					-15			
Tyr	Phe	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ala	Asp	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Arg	Ser	Lys	Arg	Lys
	-10					-5					1				5
Pro	Val	Ser	Phe	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Xaa	Xaa	Gly	Xaa	Tyr	Ala	Thr	Gly
				10					15					20	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 430:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 63 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -59..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
 seq SVATALFPPLCIS/TG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 430:

Met	His	Thr	Cys	Ser	Leu	Pro	Cys	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala	Gln	Leu	Leu	Glu
			-55					-50						-45	
Phe	Cys	Ser	Phe	Pro	Pro	Asp	Val	Pro	His	Asn	Cys	Ala	Pro	Ile	Val
		-40					-35						-30		
Ser	Val	Arg	Pro	Pro	Asn	Ile	Val	Ala	Ala	Phe	Glu	Gly	Cys	Ser	Val
	-25					-20						-15			
Ala	Thr	Ala	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Leu	Cys	Ile	Ser	Thr	Gly	Asn	Glu	
	-10					-5				1					

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 431:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 96 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID



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(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -28..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq PLLGVLFQGVYI/VF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 431:

```

Met Gln Gln Arg Gly Ala Ala Gly Ser Arg Gly Cys Ala Leu Phe Pro
    -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Leu Gly Val Leu Phe Phe Gln Gly Val Tyr Ile Val Phe Ser Leu
    -10                      -5                      1

Glu Ile Arg Ala Asp Ala His Val Arg Gly Tyr Val Gly Glu Lys Ile
    5                      10                      15                      20

Lys Leu Lys Cys Thr Phe Lys Ser Thr Ser Asp Val Thr Asp Lys Leu
    25                      30                      35

Thr Ile Asp Trp Thr Tyr Arg Pro Pro Ser Ser Ser His Thr Val Ser
    40                      45                      50

Ile Xaa His Tyr Gln Ser Phe Gln Tyr Pro Thr Thr Ala Gly Thr Phe
    55                      60                      65
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 432:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 107 amino acids

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -39..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq LILNRS LPTASSS/SS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 432:

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```

Met Xaa Xaa Ser Ile Phe Ile Ser Glu Lys Tyr Gly Leu Cys Pro Ser
      -35                      -30                      -25

Lys Thr Pro Ile Met Lys Met Leu Pro Ser Leu Ile Leu Asn Arg Ser
      -20                      -15                      -10

Leu Pro Thr Ala Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Arg Lys Asp Phe Arg Leu Pro
      -5                      1                      5

Gln Thr Arg Arg Arg Ile Ile Met Val Pro Arg Lys Glu Asp Gln Thr
      10                      15                      20                      25

Pro Leu Asn Pro Ala Ser Gln Pro Gln Ala Pro Pro Lys Pro Ile Pro
      30                      35                      40

Ser Xaa Lys Ser Leu Glu Ala Xaa Asp Xaa Xaa Xaa Ser Gln Arg Thr
      45                      50                      55

Xaa Arg Pro Gly Leu Ser Arg Gly Arg Ser Cys
      60                      65
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 433:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 75 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -20..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq FFWVVLFSAGCKV/IT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 433:

```

Met Ala Phe Asp Val Ser Cys Phe Phe Trp Val Val Leu Phe Ser Ala
-20                      -15                      -10                      -5

Gly Cys Lys Val Ile Thr Ser Trp Asp Gln Met Tyr Ile Glu Lys Glu
      1                      5                      10

Ala Asn Lys Thr Tyr Asn Cys Glu Asn Leu Gly Leu Ser Glu Ile Pro
      15                      20                      25

Asp Thr Leu Pro Asn Thr Thr Glu Phe Leu Glu Phe Ser Phe Asn Phe
      30                      35                      40

Leu Pro Thr Ile His Asn Arg Thr Ser Ser Arg
      45                      50                      55
    
```

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PCT/IB98/01232

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 434:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 105 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -96..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq IMNLTVMLDTAXG/KX

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 434:

```

Met Glu Val Ala Ala Asn Cys Ser Leu Arg Val Lys Arg Pro Leu Leu
-95                               -90                               -85

Asp Pro Arg Phe Glu Gly Tyr Lys Xaa Ser Leu Glu Pro Leu Pro Cys
-80                               -75                               -70                               -65

Tyr Gln Leu Glu Leu Asp Ala Ala Val Ala Xaa Val Lys Leu Arg Asp
-60                               -55                               -50

Asp Gln Tyr Thr Leu Glu His Met His Ala Phe Gly Met Tyr Asn Tyr
-45                               -40                               -35

Leu His Cys Asp Ser Trp Tyr Gln Asp Ser Val Tyr Tyr Ile Asp Thr
-30                               -25                               -20

Leu Gly Arg Ile Met Asn Leu Thr Val Met Leu Asp Thr Ala Xaa Gly
-15                               -10                               -5

Lys Xaa Arg Glu Val Phe Arg Leu Leu
1                               5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 435:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 95 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -39..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq VLAIGLLHIVLLS/IP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 435:

```

Met Asn Val Gly Thr Ala His Xaa Xaa Val Asn Pro Asn Thr Arg Val
      -35                      -30                      -25

Met Asn Ser Arg Gly Ile Trp Leu Ser Tyr Val Leu Ala Ile Gly Leu
      -20                      -15                      -10

Leu His Ile Val Leu Leu Ser Ile Pro Phe Val Ser Val Pro Val Val
      -5                      1                      5

Trp Thr Leu Thr Asn Leu Ile His Asn Met Gly Met Tyr Ile Phe Leu
      10                      15                      20                      25

His Thr Val Lys Gly Xaa Pro Phe Glu Thr Pro Asp Gln Gly Lys Ala
      30                      35                      40

Arg Leu Leu Xaa His Xaa Xaa Ala Asp Gly Leu Trp Gly Pro Val
      45                      50                      55

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 436:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 48 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -23..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq SSWTLLSSSPSFM/IS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 436:

```

Met Glu Asn Phe Asn Met Tyr Lys Asn Lys Ser Trp Trp Thr Leu Leu
      -20                      -15                      -10

Ser Ser Ser Pro Ser Phe Met Ile Ser Phe Val Ser Ser Val Leu Pro
      -5                      1                      5

Val Leu Leu Thr Ile Ser Arg Phe Ile Leu Lys Gln Ile Pro Asp Gln
      10                      15                      20                      25

```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 437:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 70 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -39..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq VLAIGLLHIVLLS/IP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 437:

```

Met Asn Val Gly Thr Xaa His Ser Glu Val Asn Pro Asn Thr Arg Val
      -35                      -30                      -25

Met Asn Ser Arg Gly Ile Trp Leu Ser Tyr Val Leu Ala Ile Gly Leu
      -20                      -15                      -10

Leu His Ile Val Leu Leu Ser Ile Pro Phe Val Ser Val Pro Val Val
      -5                      1                      5

Trp Thr Leu Thr Asn Leu Ile His Asn Met Gly Met Tyr Ile Phe Leu
10      15      20      25

Tyr Thr Val Lys Gly Thr
      30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 438:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 49 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -14..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8

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PCT/IB98/01232

seq AAASAVSVLLVAA/ER

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 438:

```

Met Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Val Ser Val Leu Leu Val Ala Ala Glu Arg
      -10                -5                1
Asn Arg Trp His Arg Leu Pro Ser Leu Leu Leu Pro Pro Arg Thr Trp
      5                10                15
Val Trp Arg Gln Arg Thr Met Lys Tyr Thr Thr Ala Thr Gly Arg Asn
      20                25                30
Met
      35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 439:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 95 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -44..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8  
seq SGSGLSWARLSQS/RS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 439:

```

Met Ala Tyr Ser Lys Ala Ser Gly Ser Pro Val Leu Ser Gln Ala Val
      -40                -35                -30
Pro Gly Glu Asn Ala Ser His Arg Arg Gly Ser Ala Asp Leu Gly Ser
      -25                -20                -15
Gly Ser Gly Leu Ser Trp Ala Arg Leu Ser Gln Ser Arg Ser Glu Ile
      -10                -5                1
His Ser Ala Gly Pro Pro His Leu Gly Gly Arg Thr Asn Gly Pro Glu
      5                10                15                20
Phe Pro Ala Leu Ser Tyr Ser Ser Gln Leu Leu Ser Leu Ala Gln Leu
      25                30                35
Arg Gly Arg Gly Ile Thr Glu Val Ser Glu Lys Ser Pro Leu Ile
      40                45                50
    
```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 440:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 95 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -37..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8  
seq RPVLLHLHQTAHA/DE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 440:

```

Met Lys Pro Arg Arg Asn Leu Glu Glu Asp Asp Tyr Leu His Lys Asp
  -35                      -30                      -25

Thr Gly Glu Thr Ser Met Leu Lys Arg Pro Val Leu Leu His Leu His
  -20                      -15                      -10

Gln Thr Ala His Ala Asp Glu Phe Asp Cys Pro Ser Glu Leu Gln His
  -5                        1                        5                        10

Thr Gln Glu Leu Phe Pro Gln Trp His Leu Pro Ile Lys Ile Ala Ala
      15                      20                      25

Ile Ile Ala Ser Leu Thr Phe Leu Tyr Thr Leu Leu Arg Glu Val Ile
      30                      35                      40

His Pro Leu Ala Thr Ser His Gln Gln Tyr Phe Tyr Lys Ile Gln
      45                      50                      55

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 441:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 39 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -19..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

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PCT/IB98/01232

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq IPCAHLVCPTIG/DI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 441:

```
Met Ile Ile Cys Tyr Asp Ile Pro Cys Ala His Met Leu Val Cys Pro
      -15                      -10                      -5

Thr Ile Gly Asp Ile Lys Phe Asp His Leu Met Lys Trp Tyr Pro Ser
      1                      5                      10

Asp Phe Ser Thr Glu Arg Leu
      15                      20
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 442:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 70 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -19..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
 seq STLASVPPAATFG/AD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 442:

```
Met Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Thr Leu Ala Ser Val Pro Pro Ala Ala
      -15                      -10                      -5

Thr Phe Gly Ala Asp Asp Leu Val Leu Thr Leu Ser Asn Pro Gln Met
      1                      5                      10

Ser Leu Glu Gly Thr Glu Lys Ala Ser Trp Leu Gly Glu Gln Pro Gln
      15                      20                      25

Phe Trp Ser Lys Thr Gln Val Leu Asp Trp Ile Ser Tyr Gln Val Glu
      30                      35                      40                      45

Lys Asn Lys Tyr Asp Ala
      50
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 443:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 70 amino acids



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(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -65..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq QLEGLNWLRFSSWA/QG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 443:

```

Met Gly Glu Asp Pro Xaa Gln Pro Arg Lys Tyr Lys Lys Xaa Lys Xaa
-65                               -60                               -55                               -50

Glu Leu Gln Gly Asp Xaa Pro Pro Ser Ser Pro Thr Asn Asp Pro Thr
                               -45                               -40                               -35

Val Lys Tyr Glu Thr Gln Pro Arg Phe Ile Thr Ala Thr Gly Gly Thr
                               -30                               -25                               -20

Leu His Met Tyr Gln Leu Glu Gly Leu Asn Trp Leu Arg Phe Ser Trp
                               -15                               -10                               -5

Ala Gln Gly Thr Xaa Gly
    1                               5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 444:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 75 amino acids

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -42..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq LLGCLQCCWLQSG/RA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 444:

```

Met Phe Tyr Val Ala Met Thr Lys Thr His Lys Arg Ile Arg Ser Leu
-40                               -35                               -30
    
```

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```

Cys Asn Ile His His Gly Leu Phe Gln Phe Thr Gln Gln Leu Leu Gly
-25                      -20                      -15

Cys Leu Gln Cys Cys Trp Leu Gln Ser Gly Arg Ala Pro Ala Thr Tyr
-10                      -5                      1                      5

Tyr Leu Val Glu Ser Ile Glu Lys Ser Ala His Gly Ser Val Leu Xaa
10                      15                      20

Thr Tyr Asp Gln Thr Gln Thr Arg Ile Gly Arg
25                      30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 445:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 62 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -60..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq XTCASXNPSQCLA/AF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 445:

```

Met Val Ser Pro Lys Asp Leu Pro Leu Val Leu Leu Gln Asp Ile Lys
-60                      -55                      -50                      -45

Val Pro Ser Ser Met Thr Gly Ser His Ala Gly Asn Pro His Ile Glu
-40                      -35                      -30

Arg Asn Asp Leu Pro Arg His Gly Ser Pro Gln Phe Phe Thr Gly Xaa
-25                      -20                      -15

Thr Cys Ala Ser Xaa Asn Pro Ser Gln Cys Leu Ala Ala Phe
-10                      -5                      1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 446:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 26 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -15..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq FXSLFCLYFSCFL/HI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 446:

```
Met Glu Phe Xaa Ser Leu Phe Cys Leu Tyr Phe Ser Cys Phe Leu His
-15                -10                -5                1

Ile Ile Tyr Phe Xaa Ser Cys Phe Leu Tyr
          5                10
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 447:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 66 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -45..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq ALLELIDSPECLS/KC

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 447:

```
Met Ala Leu His Phe Gln Ser Leu Ala Glu Leu Glu Xaa Leu Cys Thr
-45                -40                -35                -30

His Leu Tyr Ile Gly Thr Asp Leu Thr Gln Arg Ile Glu Ala Glu Lys
          -25                -20                -15

Ala Leu Leu Glu Leu Ile Asp Ser Pro Glu Cys Leu Ser Lys Cys Gln
          -10                -5                1

Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Gly Thr Thr Ser Tyr Ala Gln Leu Leu Ala Ala
          5                10                15

Thr Xaa
20
```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 448:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 40 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -27..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq LLLLLITPSPSPL/LF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 448:

```

Met Arg Thr Leu Phe Gly Ala Val Arg Ala Pro Phe Ser Ser Leu Thr
   -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Leu Leu Ile Thr Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro Leu Leu Phe Asp Arg Gly
   -10                      -5                      1                      5

Leu Ser Leu Arg Ser Ala Met Ser
                   10
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 449:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 44 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -41..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq AVSSLIAGVTSHG/LA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 449:

```

Met Arg His Ser Leu Leu Lys Gly Ile Ser Ala Gln Ile Val Ser Ala
   -40                      -35                      -30
  
```

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Ala Asp Lys Val Asp Ala Gly Leu Pro Thr Ala Ile Ala Val Ser Ser  
 -25 -20 -15 -10  
 Leu Ile Ala Val Gly Thr Ser His Gly Leu Ala Gly  
 -5 1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 450:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 23 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -15..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq LSCFIFFYISSLC/CF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 450:

Met Thr Leu Ser Cys Phe Ile Phe Phe Tyr Ile Ser Ser Leu Cys Cys  
 -15 -10 -5 1  
 Phe Leu Ser Tyr Pro Thr Arg  
 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 451:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -15..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq LCFLLPHHRLQEA/RQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 451:

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```

Met Ile Leu Cys Phe Leu Leu Pro His His Arg Leu Gln Glu Ala Arg
-15                -10                -5                1

Gln Ile Gln Val Leu Lys Met Leu Pro Arg Glu Lys Leu Arg Arg Arg
          5                10                15

Arg Arg Glu Lys Thr Asn Lys Trp Glu Lys Arg Lys Gly Ser Gly
      20                25                30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 452:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 24 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -14..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq FSLFALNMPLGFC/VY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 452:

```

Met Phe Ser Leu Phe Ala Leu Asn Met Pro Leu Gly Phe Cys Val Tyr
          -10                -5                1

Val Ile Phe Lys Ile His Asp Trp
      5                10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 453:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -31..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5

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seq SVWGVLPSPACSA/DL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 453:

```

Met Ala Ser Ser Pro Gly Val Ala Met His Ser Leu Trp Ala Thr Ile
-30          -25          -20

His Thr Ser Val Trp Gly Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Ala Cys Ser Ala Asp
-15          -10          -5          1

Leu Leu Phe Ser Asn Ala Cys Leu Leu Pro His Glu Ile His Leu
      5          10          15
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 454:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 86 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -45..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq LPRLLSLSQHSES/WI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 454:

```

Met Ser Gln Glu Gly Ala Val Pro Ala Ser Ala Val Pro Leu Glu Glu
-45          -40          -35          -30

Leu Ser Ser Trp Pro Glu Glu Leu Cys Arg Arg Glu Leu Pro Ser Val
      -25          -20          -15

Leu Pro Arg Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser Gln His Ser Glu Ser Trp Ile Glu
      -10          -5          1

His Ile Gln Ile Leu Lys Ile Ile Val Glu Met Phe Leu Pro His Met
      5          10          15

Asn His Leu Thr Leu Glu Gln Thr Phe Phe Ser Gln Val Leu Pro Lys
20          25          30          35

Thr Val Lys Leu Phe Asp
      40
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 455:

Met Gln Glu Leu His Leu Leu Trp Trp Ala Leu Leu Leu Gly Leu Ala  
-15 -10 -5

Gln Ala Cys Pro Glu Pro Cys Asp Cys Gly Glu Lys Tyr Gly Phe Gln  
1 5 10



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```

Ile Ala Asp Cys Ala Tyr Arg Asp Leu Glu Ser Val Pro Pro Gly Phe
 15                      20                      25                      30

Pro Ala Asn Val Thr Thr Leu Ser Leu Ser Ala Asn Arg Leu Pro Gly
      35                      40                      45

Leu Pro Glu Gly Ala Phe Arg Glu Val Pro Leu Leu Gln Ser Leu Trp
      50                      55                      60

Leu Ala His Asn Glu
      65
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 457:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 106 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -18..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 13.6  
seq LLLLALCATGAQG/LY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 457:

```

Met Gly Arg Gln Ala Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Cys Ala Thr Gly Ala
  -15                      -10                      -5

Gln Gly Leu Tyr Phe His Ile Gly Glu Thr Glu Lys Arg Cys Phe Ile
   1                      5                      10

Glu Glu Ile Pro Asp Glu Thr Met Val Ile Gly Asn Tyr Arg Thr Gln
 15                      20                      25                      30

Met Trp Asp Lys Gln Lys Glu Val Phe Leu Pro Ser Thr Pro Gly Leu
      35                      40                      45

Gly Met His Val Glu Val Lys Asp Pro Asp Gly Lys Val Val Leu Ser
      50                      55                      60

Arg Gln Tyr Gly Ser Glu Gly Arg Phe Thr Phe Thr Ser His Xaa Xaa
      65                      70                      75

Gly Asp His Gln Ile Cys Leu His Cys Gly
      80                      85
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 458:

Met Ser Cys Arg Glu Leu Thr His Arg Pro Cys Ser Pro His Leu Leu  
-25 -20 -15

Leu Leu Cys Pro Leu Ser Arg Gly Cys Cys Pro Leu Leu Leu Ser Xaa  
-10 -5 1 5

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Pro Leu Xaa Gly Val Asn Leu Glu Ser Ile Leu Ser Leu Thr Leu Pro  
                           10                          15                          20

Pro Ser Pro Ser Ser Val Gly Leu Ser Pro Ser Val Thr Xaa Leu Thr  
                           25                          30                          35

Thr Ser Pro Val Ser Leu His Phe Ala Ser Xaa Leu Ala Gly  
                           40                          45                          50

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 460:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 121 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -22..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.5  
seq AALLLGLMMVVTG/DE

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 460:

Met Gly Trp Thr Met Arg Leu Val Thr Ala Ala Leu Leu Leu Gly Leu  
                   -20                          -15                          -10

Met Met Val Val Thr Gly Asp Glu Asp Glu Asn Ser Pro Cys Ala His  
                   -5                          1                          5                          10

Glu Ala Leu Leu Asp Glu Asp Thr Leu Phe Cys Gln Gly Leu Glu Val  
                           15                          20                          25

Phe Tyr Pro Glu Leu Gly Asn Ile Gly Cys Lys Val Val Pro Asp Cys  
                           30                          35                          40

Xaa Asn Tyr Arg Gln Lys Ile Thr Ser Trp Met Glu Pro Ile Val Lys  
                           45                          50                          55

Phe Pro Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Thr Tyr Ile Leu Val Met Val Asp  
                           60                          65                          70

Pro Asp Ala Pro Ser Arg Ala Glu Pro Arg Gln Arg Phe Trp Arg His  
                           75                          80                          85                          90

Trp Leu Val Thr Asp Ile Lys Gly Ala  
                           95

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 461:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -24..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.3  
seq VHLLSLCSGKVYA/RM
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 461:

Met Lys Phe Leu Ile Phe Ala Phe Phe Gly Gly Val His Leu Leu Ser  
                   -20                  -15                  -10

Leu Cys Ser Gly Lys Val Tyr Ala Arg Met Ala Ser Leu Arg Gly Leu  
                   -5                          1                          5

Gly

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 462:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 89 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -29..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.1  
seq LIFLCGAALLAVG/IW
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 462:

Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu  
                   -25                  -20                  -15

Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val  
                   -10                          -5                          1

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```

Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
  5                      10                      15

Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
 20                      25                      30                      35

Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
                      40                      45                      50

Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe
                      55                      60
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 463:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 51 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -28..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.6  
seq IVSLLGFVATVTL/IP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 463:

```

Met Trp Ala Phe Ser Glu Leu Pro Met Pro Leu Leu Ile Asn Leu Ile
  -25                      -20                      -15

Val Ser Leu Leu Gly Phe Val Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ile Pro Ala Phe
  -10                      -5                      1

Arg Gly His Phe Ile Ala Ala Arg Leu Cys Gly Gln Asp Leu Asn Lys
  5                      10                      15                      20

Thr Ser Gln
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 464:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 85 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -19..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq VLMRLVASAYSIA/QK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 464:

```

Met Ala Ser Ser Asn Thr Val Leu Met Arg Leu Val Ala Ser Ala Tyr
      -15                      -10                      -5

Ser Ile Ala Gln Lys Ala Gly Met Ile Val Arg Arg Val Ile Ala Glu
      1                      5                      10

Gly Asp Leu Gly Ile Val Glu Xaa Thr Cys Ala Thr Asp Leu Gln Thr
      15                      20                      25

Lys Ala Asp Arg Leu Ala Gln Met Xaa Ile Cys Ser Ser Leu Ala Arg
      30                      35                      40                      45

Lys Phe Pro Lys Leu Thr Ile Ile Gly Glu Glu Asp Leu Pro Ser Xaa
      50                      55                      60

Glu Val Asp Gln Glu
      65
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 465:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 71 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -24..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq VHLLSLCSGKAIC/KN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 465:

```

Met Lys Phe Leu Ile Phe Ala Phe Phe Gly Gly Val His Leu Leu Ser
      -20                      -15                      -10

Leu Cys Ser Gly Lys Ala Ile Cys Lys Asn Gly Ile Ser Lys Arg Thr
      -5                      1                      5
    
```

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Phe Glu Glu Ile Lys Glu Glu Ile Ala Ser Cys Gly Asp Val Ala Lys  
 10 15 20  
 Ala Ile Ile Asn Leu Ala Val Tyr Gly Lys Ala Gln Asn Arg Ser Tyr  
 25 30 35 40  
 Xaa Arg Leu Ala Leu Leu Val  
 45

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 466:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 118 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -51..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq ALXVLP LLGLHEA/AS

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 466:

Met Ala Asp Thr Thr Pro Asn Gly Pro Gln Gly Ala Gly Ala Val Gln  
 -50 -45 -40  
 Phe Met Met Thr Asn Lys Leu Asp Thr Ala Met Trp Leu Ser Arg Leu  
 -35 -30 -25 -20  
 Phe Thr Val Tyr Cys Ser Ala Leu Xaa Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Gly Leu  
 -15 -10 -5  
 His Glu Ala Ala Ser Phe Tyr Gln Arg Ala Leu Leu Ala Asn Ala Leu  
 1 5 10  
 Thr Ser Ala Leu Arg Leu His Gln Arg Leu Pro His Phe Gln Leu Ser  
 15 20 25  
 Arg Ala Phe Leu Ala Gln Ala Leu Leu Glu Asp Ser Cys His Tyr Leu  
 30 35 40 45  
 Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ile Phe Val Asn Ser Tyr Pro Val Thr Met Ser Ile  
 50 55 60  
 Phe Pro Val Leu Leu Phe  
 65

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 467:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 73 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -24..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
seq XVLVLSVVXXAMA/AF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 467:

```

Met Arg Phe Arg His Phe Xaa Lys Xaa Ile Gly Xaa Val Leu Val Leu
      -20                      -15                      -10

Ser Val Val Xaa Xaa Ala Met Ala Ala Phe Ala Val Xaa Pro Gln Gly
      -5                      1                      5

Pro Ala Leu Xaa Ser Glu Pro Xaa Xaa Xaa Gly Ser Pro Thr Ser Pro
      10                      15                      20

Lys Pro Gly Val Asn Ala Gln Phe Leu Pro Gly Phe Leu Met Gly Xaa
      25                      30                      35                      40

Leu Pro Ala Pro Val Thr Pro Gln Pro
      45
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 468:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 161 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -40..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.2  
seq LCVEFASVASCDA/AV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 468:



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```

Met Glu Leu Gly Ser Cys Leu Glu Gly Gly Arg Glu Ala Ala Glu Glu
-40          -35          -30          -25

Glu Gly Glu Pro Glu Val Lys Lys Arg Arg Leu Leu Cys Val Glu Phe
          -20          -15          -10

Ala Ser Val Ala Ser Cys Asp Ala Ala Val Ala Gln Cys Phe Leu Ala
          -5          1          5

Glu Asn Asp Trp Glu Met Glu Arg Ala Leu Asn Ser Tyr Phe Glu Pro
  10          15          20

Pro Val Glu Glu Ser Ala Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu Thr Ile Ser Glu
  25          30          35          40

Pro Lys Thr Tyr Val Asp Leu Thr Asn Glu Glu Thr Thr Asp Ser Thr
          45          50          55

Thr Ser Lys Ile Ser Pro Ser Glu Asp Thr Gln Gln Glu Asn Gly Ser
          60          65          70

Met Phe Ser Leu Ile Thr Trp Asn Ile Asp Gly Leu Asp Leu Asn Asn
          75          80          85

Leu Ser Glu Arg Ala Arg Gly Val Cys Ser Tyr Leu Ala Leu Tyr Ser
  90          95          100

Pro Asp Val Ile Phe Leu Gln Glu Val Ile Pro Pro Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr
  105          110          115          120

Leu

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 469:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 144 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -122..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5  
seq RLVVVSVPQSRA/SL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 469:

```

Met Ala Ser Pro Phe Ser Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu Thr Asp Leu Asp Asp
-120          -115          -110

```

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```

Phe Ile Gly Pro Ser Gln Glu Cys Ile Lys Pro Val Lys Val Glu Lys
-105                      -100                      -95

Arg Ala Gly Ser Gly Val Ala Lys Ile Arg Ile Glu Asp Asp Gly Ser
-90                      -85                      -80                      -75

Tyr Phe Gln Ile Asn Gln Asp Gly Xaa Thr Arg Arg Leu Glu Lys Ala
                      -70                      -65                      -60

Lys Val Ser Leu Asn Tyr Cys Xaa Ala Cys Ser Gly Cys Ile Thr Ser
                      -55                      -50                      -45

Ala Glu Thr Val Leu Ile Thr Gln Gln Ser His Glu Glu Leu Lys Lys
                      -40                      -35                      -30

Val Leu Asp Ala Asn Lys Met Ala Ala Pro Ser Gln Gln Arg Leu Val
-25                      -20                      -15

Val Val Ser Val Ser Pro Gln Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Ala Ala Arg Phe
-10                      -5                      1                      5

Gln Leu Xaa Pro Thr Asp Thr Ala Arg Lys Leu Thr Ser Phe Phe Lys
                      10                      15                      20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 470:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 84 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -44..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq SLVAELLGAGSG/SH

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 470:

```

Met Gly Pro Val Pro Thr Ala Val Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Arg Leu Val
                      -40                      -35                      -30

Lys Pro Ser Gln Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Ala Val Ser Gly Gly Ser
                      -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Val Ala Glu Leu Leu Leu Gly Ala Gly Ser Gly Ser His Leu Gly
                      -10                      -5                      1

Arg Ala Trp Ser Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ile Ile Glu Ala Ile Val Gly
5                      10                      15                      20
    
```

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Val Leu Leu Thr Ile Arg Pro Ser Arg Leu Glu Pro Pro Tyr His Trp  
25 30 35

Thr Ser Pro Ala  
40

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 471:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 88 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
seq QFILLGTTSVVTA/AL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 471:

Met Glu Ser Gly Gly Arg Pro Ser Leu Cys Gln Phe Ile Leu Leu Gly  
-20 -15 -10

Thr Thr Ser Val Val Thr Ala Ala Leu Tyr Ser Val Tyr Arg Gln Lys  
-5 1 5

Ala Arg Val Ser Gln Glu Leu Lys Gly Ala Lys Lys Val His Leu Gly  
10 15 20 25

Glu Asp Leu Lys Ser Ile Leu Ser Glu Xaa Pro Gly Lys Cys Val Pro  
30 35 40

Tyr Ala Val Ile Glu Gly Ala Val Arg Ser Val Lys Glu Thr Leu Asn  
45 50 55

Ser Gln Phe Val Glu Asn Cys Lys  
60 65

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 472:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 21 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -19..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq IYIICFXLPPLFS/FN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 472:

```

Met Gln Val Cys Arg Cys Ile Tyr Ile Ile Cys Phe Xaa Leu Pro Pro
      -15                -10                -5

Leu Phe Ser Phe Asn
      1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 473:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 50 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -15..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq QRLLLRFLASVIS/RK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 473:

```

Met Ala Gln Arg Leu Leu Leu Arg Phe Leu Ala Ser Val Ile Ser Arg
-15                -10                -5                1

Lys Pro Ser Gln Gly Gln Trp Ala Thr Pro His Phe Gln Ser Pro Ala
      5                10                15

Asp Pro Thr Met Gln Ser Trp Trp Pro Asp Cys Asn Thr Gln Pro Ser
      20                25                30

Pro Asp
      35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 474:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 46 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -40..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq FLWLITRPQPVLPL/LL
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 474:

```

Met Leu Phe Ile Phe Asn Phe Leu Phe Ser Pro Leu Pro Thr Pro Ala
-40                               -35                               -30                               -25

Leu Ile Cys Ile Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Ala Ile Phe Leu Trp Leu Ile
                -20                               -15                               -10

Thr Arg Pro Gln Pro Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Asp Leu Asn Xaa
                -5                               1                               5
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 475:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 49 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -46..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq SHMLQLLPKALC/LF
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 475:

```

Met Tyr Pro Lys Trp Glu Ala Pro Val Thr Phe Cys Gln Leu Lys Arg
-45                               -40                               -35

Glu Lys Asp Pro Pro His Pro Ala His Ser Pro Phe Leu Gln Pro Arg
-30                               -25                               -20                               -15
  
```

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Phe Ser His Met Leu Gln Leu Leu Pro Ser Lys Ala Leu Cys Leu Phe  
-10 -5 1

Phe

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 476:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 60 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -44..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq LAERLGLFEELWA/AQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 476:

Met Ala Leu Tyr Gln Arg Trp Arg Cys Leu Arg Leu Gln Gly Leu Gln  
-40 -35 -30

Ala Cys Arg Leu His Thr Ala Val Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Arg Trp Leu  
-25 -20 -15

Ala Glu Arg Leu Gly Leu Phe Glu Glu Leu Trp Ala Ala Gln Val Lys  
-10 -5 1

Arg Leu Ala Ser Met Ala Gln Lys Glu Pro Gln Thr  
5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 477:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 61 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 13.8  
seq XGLLLFLPGSLG/AE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 477:

```

Met Gly Val Pro Arg Pro Gln Pro Trp Ala Xaa Gly Leu Leu Leu Phe
      -20                      -15                      -10

Leu Leu Pro Gly Ser Leu Gly Ala Glu Ser His Leu Ser Leu Leu Tyr
      -5                      1                      5

His Leu Thr Ala Val Ser Ser Pro Ala Pro Gly Thr Pro Ala Phe Trp
    10                      15                      20                      25

Val Ser Gly Trp Leu Gly Pro Gln Gln Tyr Pro Ser Xaa
      30                      35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 478:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 109 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -45..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 13.4  
 seq LVLALXLVSAALS/SV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 478:

```

Met Ala Ala Ala Val Pro Lys Arg Met Arg Gly Pro Ala Gln Ala Lys
-45                      -40                      -35                      -30

Leu Leu Pro Gly Ser Ala Ile Gln Ala Leu Val Gly Leu Ala Arg Pro
      -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Val Leu Ala Leu Xaa Leu Val Ser Ala Ala Leu Ser Ser Val Val
      -10                      -5                      1

Ser Arg Thr Asp Ser Pro Ser Pro Thr Val Leu Asn Ser His Ile Ser
    5                      10                      15

Thr Pro Asn Val Asn Ala Leu Thr His Glu Asn Gln Thr Lys Pro Ser
    20                      25                      30                      35

Ile Ser Gln Ile Ser Thr Thr Leu Pro Pro Xaa Xaa Ser Thr Lys Xaa
      40                      45                      50
    
```

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Ser Gly Gly Ala Xaa Val Val Pro His Pro Ser Pro Gly  
55 60

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 479:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 66 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -29..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 13  
seq LLLVLLLVTRXRS/MP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 479:

Met Trp Leu Trp Glu Asp Gln Gly Gly Leu Leu Gly Pro Phe Ser Phe  
-25 -20 -15

Leu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Leu Val Thr Arg Xaa Arg Ser Met Pro Ala  
-10 -5 1

Ser Ser Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Phe Tyr Cys Ala Ser Ser Ala Xaa Ser  
5 10 15

Arg Cys Pro Leu Ala Gly Pro Cys Arg Cys Ser Ser Pro Gly Thr Ala  
20 25 30 35

Phe Leu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 480:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 82 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix



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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.6  
seq LLLLVQLLRFLRA/DG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 480:

```

Met Asn Trp Glu Leu Leu Leu Trp Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ala Leu Leu
   -25                -20                -15

Leu Leu Leu Val Gln Leu Leu Arg Phe Leu Arg Ala Asp Gly Asp Leu
   -10                -5                1

Thr Leu Leu Trp Ala Glu Trp Gln Gly Arg Arg Pro Glu Trp Glu Leu
   5                10                15                20

Thr Asp Met Val Val Trp Val Thr Gly Ala Ser Ser Gly Ile Gly Glu
   25                30                35

Glu Leu Ala Tyr Gln Leu Ser Lys Leu Gly Val Ser Leu Val Leu Ser
   40                45                50

Ala Arg

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 481:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 56 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -20..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.2  
seq AFLLLVALS YTLA/RD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 481:

```

Met Glu Lys Ile Pro Val Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Ser
-20                -15                -10                -5

Tyr Thr Leu Ala Arg Asp Thr Thr Val Lys Pro Gly Ala Lys Lys Asp
   1                5                10

Thr Lys Asp Ser Arg Pro Lys Leu Pro Gln Thr Leu Ser Arg Gly Trp
   15                20                25

Gly Asp Gln Leu Ile Trp Thr Arg
   30                35

```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 482:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 62 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -40..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 11.2  
seq AFLLLVALSYTLA/RD
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 482:

```

Met Ser Asn Tyr Thr Asp Ala Glu Ser Ser Phe Ser Lys Gln Glu Ile
-40                               -35                               -30                               -25

Ile Arg Val Ala Met Glu Lys Ile Pro Val Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Leu
                -20                               -15                               -10

Val Ala Leu Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ala Arg Asp Thr Thr Val Lys Pro Gly
                -5                               1                               5

Ala Lys Lys Asp Thr Lys Asp Ser Arg Pro Lys Pro Pro Arg
10                               15                               20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 483:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 108 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -53..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.6  
seq FILLLLIFIAEVAA/AV
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 483:

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```

Met Gln Phe Xaa Thr Trp Ala Thr Ser Ser Ser Gln Pro Ala Leu Trp
      -50                -45                -40

Ser Leu Leu Leu Val Ser Trp Ala Ala Met Val Leu Arg Leu Arg Ser
      -35                -30                -25

Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile Phe Ile
      -20                -15                -10

Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Xaa Thr Met Xaa
      -5                  1                  5                  10

Glu His Phe Leu Thr Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys Asp Tyr
      15                  20                  25

Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Phe Thr Gln Val Xaa Asn Thr Thr Met Lys Gly
      30                  35                  40

Leu Lys Cys Cys Gly Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Asp Trp
      45                  50                  55

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 484:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 111 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -28..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.5  
seq LLLLVHLLRFLRA/DG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 484:

```

Met Asn Trp Glu Leu Leu Leu Trp Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ala Leu Leu
      -25                -20                -15

Leu Leu Leu Val His Leu Leu Arg Phe Leu Arg Ala Asp Gly Asp Leu
      -10                -5                  1

Thr Leu Leu Trp Ala Glu Trp Gln Gly Arg Arg Pro Glu Trp Glu Leu
      5                  10                15                20

Thr Asp Met Val Val Trp Val Thr Gly Ala Ser Ser Gly Ile Gly Glu
      25                30                35

Glu Leu Ala Tyr Gln Leu Ser Lys Leu Gly Xaa Ser Leu Val Leu Ser
      40                45                50

```

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Ala Arg Arg Val His Glu Leu Glu Arg Val Lys Arg Arg Cys Leu Glu  
55 60 65  
Asn Gly Asn Leu Xaa Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu Val Leu Pro Leu Gly  
70 75 80

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 485:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 76 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -51..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 10.3  
seq VSCLTLWSPGCWP/QP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 485:

Met Thr Thr Phe Leu Pro Val Pro Gln Met Met Ala Gly Phe Ser Phe  
-50 -45 -40  
Gly Thr Phe Gly Asn Pro Pro Met Glu Ser Pro Ser Ala Trp Gln Thr  
-35 -30 -25 -20  
Ile His Gln Pro Phe Ile Val Ser Cys Leu Thr Leu Trp Ser Pro Gly  
-15 -10 -5  
Cys Trp Pro Gln Pro Ile Gln Arg Lys Glu Trp Asp Ser Gly Thr Phe  
1 5 10  
Glu Asn Leu Arg Val Leu Ser Cys Ala Met Val Glu  
15 20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 486:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 129 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -28..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 9.5  
seq LVXFSLTATILG/AV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 486:

```

Met Ala Ser Lys Gly Met Arg His Phe Cys Leu Ile Ser Glu Gln Leu
      -25                -20                -15

Val Xaa Phe Ser Leu Leu Ala Thr Ala Ile Leu Gly Ala Val Ser Trp
      -10                -5                1

Gln Pro Thr Asn Gly Ile Phe Leu Ser Met Phe Leu Ile Val Leu Pro
      5                10                15                20

Leu Glu Ser Met Ala His Gly Leu Phe His Glu Leu Gly Asn Cys Leu
      25                30                35

Gly Gly Thr Ser Val Gly Tyr Ala Ile Val Ile Pro Thr Asn Phe Cys
      40                45                50

Ser Pro Asp Gly Gln Pro Thr Leu Leu Pro Pro Glu His Val Gln Glu
      55                60                65

Leu Asn Leu Arg Ser Thr Gly Met Leu Asn Ala Ile Gln Arg Phe Phe
      70                75                80

Ala Tyr His Met Ile Glu Thr Tyr Gly Cys Asp Tyr Ser Thr Ser Gly
      85                90                95                100

Leu
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 487:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 73 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 9.3  
seq VLPVILLLLGAMP/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 487:

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```

Met Ala Ala Ala Ala Trp Leu Gln Val Leu Pro Val Ile Leu Leu Leu
  -20                -15                -10

Leu Gly Ala His Pro Ser Pro Leu Ser Phe Phe Ser Ala Gly Pro Ala
  -5                1                5                10

Thr Val Ala Ala Ala Asp Arg Ser Lys Trp His Xaa Pro Ile Pro Ser
      15                20                25

Gly Lys Asn Tyr Phe Ser Phe Gly Lys Ile Leu Phe Arg Asn Thr Thr
      30                35                40

Ile Phe Leu Lys Phe Asp Gly Glu Arg
  45                50
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 488:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 113 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -109..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 9.1  
seq LVLAVLFFHQLVG/DP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 488:

```

Met Ala Ser Pro Arg Thr Val Thr Ile Val Ala Leu Ser Val Ala Leu
      -105                -100                -95

Gly Leu Phe Phe Val Phe Met Gly Thr Ile Lys Leu Thr Pro Arg Leu
      -90                -85                -80

Ser Lys Asp Ala Tyr Ser Glu Met Lys Arg Ala Xaa Lys Ser Tyr Val
      -75                -70                -65

Arg Ala Leu Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Met Gly Ile Asn Ser Ile Leu Leu
      -60                -55                -50

Arg Lys Ser Ile Gly Ala Leu Glu Val Ala Cys Gly Ile Val Met Thr
      -45                -40                -35                -30

Leu Val Pro Gly Arg Pro Lys Asp Val Ala Asn Phe Phe Leu Leu Leu
      -25                -20                -15

Leu Val Leu Ala Val Leu Phe Phe His Gln Leu Val Gly Asp Pro Leu
      -10                -5                1
  
```

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Lys

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 489:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 45 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -38..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.8  
seq LLLLCALHSHIYC/IK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 489:

```

Met Pro Asn Leu Ser Phe Gly Gly Leu Asp Thr Asn Gln Met Arg Val
    -35                      -30                      -25

Asn Phe Leu Ser Val Asp Val Cys Lys Leu Leu Leu Cys Ala Leu
    -20                      -15                      -10

His Ser His Ile Tyr Cys Ile Lys Gln Ser Ala Leu Arg
    -5                      1                      5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 490:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 71 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -55..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.8  
seq XXLLLLNVGQLLA/QT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 490:

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```

Met Gly Pro Pro Met Leu Gln Glu Ile Ser Asn Leu Phe Leu Ile Leu
-55                -50                -45                -40

Leu Met Met Gly Ala Ile Phe Thr Leu Ala Ala Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu
                -35                -30                -25

Ser Thr Cys Ile Pro Ala Ile Val Cys Leu Xaa Xaa Leu Leu Leu Leu
                -20                -15                -10

Asn Val Gly Gln Leu Leu Ala Gln Thr Lys Lys Val Val Arg Pro Thr
                -5                1                5

Arg Lys Lys Thr Leu Ser Thr
10                15
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 491:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 74 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -71..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.6  
seq VVXFLLLLLAXLIA/TY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 491:

```

Met Xaa Xaa Phe Thr Asp Pro Ser Ser Val Asn Glu Lys Lys Arg Arg
-70                -65                -60

Glu Arg Glu Glu Arg Gln Asn Ile Val Leu Trp Arg Gln Pro Leu Ile
-55                -50                -45                -40

Thr Leu Gln Tyr Phe Ser Leu Glu Ile Leu Val Ile Leu Lys Glu Trp
                -35                -30                -25

Thr Ser Lys Leu Trp His Arg Xaa Xaa Ile Val Val Xaa Phe Leu Leu
                -20                -15                -10

Leu Leu Ala Xaa Leu Ile Ala Thr Tyr Tyr
                -5                1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 492:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 21 amino acids



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(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -15..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.6  
seq LLRGLLWXQVLCA/GP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 492:

Met Pro Leu Leu Arg Gly Leu Leu Trp Xaa Gln Val Leu Cys Ala Gly  
-15 -10 -5 1

Pro Leu His Thr Glu  
5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 493:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 65 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR  
  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN  
  
(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -20..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.4  
seq AVVGCLLVPPAEA/NK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 493:

Met Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Val Ala Val Val Gly Cys Leu Leu Val Pro  
-20 -15 -10 -5

Pro Ala Glu Ala Asn Lys Ser Ser Glu Asp Ile Xaa Cys Lys Cys Ile  
1 5 10

Cys Pro Pro Tyr Arg Asn Ile Ser Gly His Ile Tyr Asn Gln Asn Val  
15 20 25

Ser Gln Lys Asp Cys Asn Cys Leu His Val Val Glu Pro Met Pro Val  
30 35 40

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Pro  
45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 494:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -24..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.9  
seq LLLPRVLLTMASG/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 494:

```

Met Pro Ala Leu Leu Pro Val Ala Ser Arg Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Arg
      -20                -15                -10

Val Leu Leu Thr Met Ala Ser Gly Ser Pro Pro Thr Gln Pro Ser Pro
      -5                1                5

Ala Ser Asp Ser Gly Ser Gly Tyr Val Pro Gly Ser Val Ser Ala Ala
      10                15                20

Phe Val Thr Cys Pro Asn Glu Lys Val Ala Lys Glu Ile Ala Arg Ala
      25                30                35                40

Val Gly Glu Lys Arg
      45
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 495:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 119 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

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(B) LOCATION: -108..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.9  
seq LLGLLSAEQLAEA/SV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 495:

```

Met Cys Leu Leu Leu Gly Ala Thr Gly Val Gly Lys Thr Leu Leu Val
    -105                      -100                      -95

Lys Arg Leu Gln Glu Val Ser Ser Arg Asp Gly Lys Gly Asp Leu Gly
    -90                      -85                      -80

Glu Pro Pro Pro Thr Arg Pro Thr Val Gly Thr Asn Leu Thr Asp Ile
    -75                      -70                      -65

Val Ala Gln Arg Lys Ile Thr Ile Arg Glu Leu Gly Gly Cys Met Gly
    -60                      -55                      -50                      -45

Pro Ile Trp Ser Ser Tyr Tyr Gly Asn Cys Arg Ser Leu Leu Phe Val
    -40                      -35                      -30

Met Asp Ala Ser Asp Pro Thr Gln Leu Ser Ala Xaa Xaa Val Gln Leu
    -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Ala Glu Gln Leu Ala Glu Ala Ser Val Leu Ile
    -10                      -5                      1

Leu Phe Asn Lys Ile Asp Asn
    5                      10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 496:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 54 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -41..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.7  
seq LLCLGQLHHPGLG/RV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 496:

```

Met Glu Leu Pro Ala Val Asn Leu Glu Ser Asp Ser Pro Arg Ser Leu
    -40                      -35                      -30

Ala Ala Asp Asn Leu Gly Leu His Cys Ile Leu Arg Leu Leu Cys Leu
    
```



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(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -29..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
 seq PTLAIALAANAWA/FV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 498:

```

Met Tyr Thr Tyr Gly Asn Lys Gln His Asn Ser Pro Thr Trp Asp Asp
          -25                -20                -15

Pro Thr Leu Ala Ile Ala Leu Ala Ala Asn Ala Trp Ala Phe Val Leu
          -10                -5                1

Phe Tyr Val Ile Pro Glu Val Ser Gln Val Thr Lys Ser Ser Pro Glu
          5                10                15

Gln Ser Tyr Gln Gly Asp Met Tyr Pro Thr Arg Asp Leu
          20                25                30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 499:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 42 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -32..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.6  
 seq WILVLALPLTVWP/WL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 499:

```

Met Gln Gln Ile Phe Ile Gln Gln Cys Arg Glu Leu Asn Phe Trp Ser
          -30                -25                -20

Arg Glu Pro Trp Ile Leu Val Leu Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Val Trp Pro
          -15                -10                -5

Trp Leu Ser Pro Glu Ala Gln Pro Pro Leu
          1                5                10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 500:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 88 amino acids

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(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -15..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.5  
seq AVLLALLMAGLAL/QP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 500:

```

Met Lys Ala Val Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Met Ala Gly Leu Ala Leu Gln
-15          -10          -5          1

Pro Gly Thr Ala Leu Leu Cys Tyr Ser Trp Xaa Ala Gln Val Xaa Asn
      5          10          15

Glu Asp Cys Leu Gln Val Glu Asn Cys Thr Gln Leu Gly Glu Gln Cys
      20          25          30

Trp Thr Ala Arg Ile Arg Ala Val Gly Leu Leu Thr Val Ile Ser Lys
      35          40          45

Gly Cys Ser Leu Asn Cys Val Asp Xaa Ser Gln Asp Tyr Tyr Val Gly
      50          55          60          65

Lys Lys Asn Ile Thr Cys Cys Asp
      70
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 501:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 82 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -16..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.1  
seq QACLLGLFALILS/GK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 501:

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Met Gly Leu Gln Ala Cys Leu Leu Gly Leu Phe Ala Leu Ile Leu Ser  
 -15 -10 -5

Gly Lys Cys Ser Tyr Ser Pro Glu Pro Asp Gln Arg Arg Thr Leu Pro  
 1 5 10 15

Pro Gly Trp Val Ser Leu Gly Arg Ala Asp Pro Glu Glu Glu Leu Ser  
 20 25 30

Leu Thr Phe Ala Leu Arg Gln Gln Asn Val Glu Arg Leu Ser Glu Leu  
 35 40 45

Val Gln Ala Val Ser Asp Pro Ser Ser Pro Gln Tyr Gly Lys Tyr Leu  
 50 55 60

Thr Arg  
 65

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 502:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 127 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -29..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7  
seq LGSGLGLSPGTSS/GR

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 502:

Met Arg Pro Gly Gln Val Ser Leu Leu Gly Pro Asp Ala Val Ser Val  
 -25 -20 -15

Leu Gly Ser Gly Leu Gly Leu Ser Pro Gly Thr Ser Ser Gly Arg Asn  
 -10 -5 1

Pro Asp Pro Gly Ser Gly Pro Gly Thr Leu Pro Xaa Xaa Ser Xaa Gln  
 5 10 15

Asn Pro Ser Pro Ala Pro Asp Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Leu Leu Trp Asn  
 20 25 30 35

Leu Leu Thr Gln Arg Leu Gly Thr Thr Leu Val Pro Thr Leu Cys Pro  
 40 45 50

Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Leu Cys Pro Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Leu Cys Pro  
 55 60 65

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Xaa Leu Ile Pro Thr Leu Cys Pro Ala Leu Xaa Pro Val Leu Pro Xaa  
70 75 80

Val Ala Leu Ser Ala Gln Pro Ser Leu Pro Ala Arg Val Gln Ser  
85 90 95

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 503:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 43 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -33..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.8  
seq FTSASLLLPMTG/MP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 503:

Met Ile Asn Pro Ser Val Pro Ser Lys Ser Asn Ser His Pro Phe Leu  
-30 -25 -20

Ser Thr Val Met Phe Thr Ser Ala Ser Leu Leu Leu Pro Met Ser Thr  
-15 -10 -5

Gly Met Pro Thr Gln Asn Cys Phe Thr Pro Lys  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 504:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 108 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -68..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7



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PCT/IB98/01232

seq IACLAWWIGGGSG/XN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 504:

```

Met Ser Glu Lys Glu Xaa Asn Phe Pro Pro Leu Pro Lys Phe Ile Pro
      -65                -60                -55

Val Lys Pro Cys Phe Tyr Gln Asn Phe Ser Asp Glu Ile Pro Val Glu
      -50                -45                -40

His Gln Val Leu Val Lys Arg Ile Tyr Arg Leu Trp Met Phe Tyr Cys
      -35                -30                -25

Ala Thr Leu Gly Val Asn Leu Ile Ala Cys Leu Ala Trp Trp Ile Gly
      -20                -15                -10                -5

Gly Gly Ser Gly Xaa Asn Phe Gly Leu Ala Phe Val Trp Leu Leu Leu
              1              5              10

Phe Thr Pro Cys Gly Tyr Val Cys Trp Phe Arg Pro Val Tyr Lys Ala
      15              20              25

Phe Arg Ala Asp Ser Ser Phe Asn Phe Met Ala Leu
      30              35              40
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 505:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 63 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq ILRLYFFFLQLAHS/GY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 505:

```

Met Asn Pro Thr Lys Leu Ile Leu Lys Thr Ile Leu Arg Leu Tyr Phe
      -20                -15                -10

Phe Leu Gln Leu Ala His Ser Gly Tyr Thr Lys Leu Gln Lys Lys Tyr
      -5              1              5

Met Lys Ser Arg Tyr Glu Gln Val Asp Leu Val Gly Lys Met Xaa Gln
      10              15              20              25

Lys Ala Ala Thr Thr Val Xaa His Leu Ala Ile Gln Cys His Trp
    
```

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PCT/IB98/01232

30

35

40

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 506:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 123 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq SXXCFVSVPPASA/IP

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 506:

```

Met Ala Ser Ser Ser Pro Asp Ser Pro Cys Ser Xaa Xaa Cys Phe Val
      -20                      -15                      -10

Ser Val Pro Pro Ala Ser Ala Ile Pro Xaa Val Xaa Xaa Ala Xaa Asn
      -5                      1                      5

Ser Asp Xaa Pro Arg Asp Glu Val Gln Glu Val Val Phe Val Pro Ala
      10                      15                      20                      25

Gly Thr His Thr Pro Gly Ser Arg Leu Gln Cys Thr Tyr Ile Glu Val
      30                      35                      40

Glu Gln Val Ser Lys Thr His Ala Val Ile Leu Ser Arg Pro Ser Trp
      45                      50                      55

Leu Trp Gly Ala Glu Met Gly Xaa Thr Ser Met Val Ser Ala Leu Ala
      60                      65                      70

Thr Arg Leu Cys Gly Arg Arg Ser Gln Leu Gly Arg Ala Xaa Ala Leu
      75                      80                      85

Leu Gly Met Asp Leu Leu Arg Cys Arg Pro Cys
      90                      95                      100

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 507:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 46 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -39..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq XLIAXLEPPGAMA/VR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 507:

```
Met Xaa Pro Val Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala His Val Leu Cys Pro Tyr Met
      -35                      -30                      -25

Ala Pro Gly Leu Cys Arg Glu Pro Ile Arg Xaa Leu Ile Ala Xaa Leu
      -20                      -15                      -10

Glu Pro Pro Gly Ala Met Ala Val Arg Arg Leu Pro Ser Ala
      -5                      1                      5
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 508:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 85 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -45..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.7  
seq PMLGLAAFRWIWS/RE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 508:

```
Met Asn Asn Leu Asn Asp Pro Pro Asn Trp Asn Ile Arg Pro Asn Ser
-45                      -40                      -35                      -30

Arg Ala Asp Gly Gly Asp Gly Ser Arg Trp Asn Tyr Ala Leu Leu Val
      -25                      -20                      -15

Pro Met Leu Gly Leu Ala Ala Phe Arg Trp Ile Trp Ser Arg Glu Ser
      -10                      -5                      1

Gln Lys Glu Val Glu Lys Glu Arg Glu Ala Tyr Arg Arg Arg Thr Ala
      5                      10                      15
```

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Ala Phe Gln Gln Asp Leu Glu Ala Lys Tyr His Ala Met Ile Ser Xaa  
 20 25 30 35  
 Asn Arg Arg Ala Val  
 40

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 509:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -19..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.6  
seq AALCSLFFFLSLQ/EI
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 509:

Met Leu Leu Leu Phe Leu Ala Ala Leu Cys Ser Leu Phe Phe Phe Leu  
 -15 -10 -5  
 Ser Leu Gln Glu Ile Ala Pro Gln Asp Pro Lys Pro Gly  
 1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 510:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 59 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -47..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.5  
seq IIVCLFAFLVAHC/FL
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 510:

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PCT/IB98/01232

```

Met Leu Phe Leu Gly Lys Val Leu Ile Val Cys Ser Thr Gly Leu Ala
  -45                      -40                      -35

Gly Ile Met Leu Leu Asn Tyr Gln Gln Asp Tyr Thr Val Trp Val Leu
  -30                      -25                      -20

Pro Leu Ile Ile Val Cys Leu Phe Ala Phe Leu Val Ala His Cys Phe
  -15                      -10                      -5                      1

Leu Ser Ile Tyr Glu Met Val Val Asp Ala Arg
      5                      10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 511:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 43 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -38..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq LLLLVHSFWFTVC/TP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 511:

```

Met Gln Gly Ile Pro Ile Leu Thr Pro Val Thr Thr Gln Ser Ile Ala
  -35                      -30                      -25

Ile Ser Ile Val Leu Thr Val Gln Gly Leu Leu Leu Leu Val His Ser
  -20                      -15                      -10

Phe Trp Phe Thr Val Cys Thr Pro Val Val Phe
  -5                      1                      5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 512:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 54 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -27..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq LFCVLLSLRPHTS/GT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 512:

```

Met Gln Asn Phe Cys His His Leu Ala Ile Cys Thr Val Ile Leu Phe
   -25                -20                -15

Cys Val Leu Leu Ser Leu Arg Pro His Thr Ser Gly Thr Leu Trp Ala
   -10                -5                1                5

Ser Ser Ala His Gly Leu His Leu Ala Pro Ala Glu Pro Gln Leu Ser
          10                15                20

Cys Trp Met Cys Cys Ala
          25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 513:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 135 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -64..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.3  
seq VLMRLVASAYSIA/QK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 513:

```

Met Pro Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp Leu Leu Thr Val Pro Lys Leu Gly Thr
          -60                -55                -50

Gly His Xaa Xaa Gly Xaa Gly Ser Tyr Asp Xaa Ala Leu Xaa Leu Leu
          -45                -40                -35

Leu Lys Cys Leu Trp Ser Asn Val Val Pro Glu Cys Thr Met Ala Ser
          -30                -25                -20

Ser Asn Thr Val Leu Met Arg Leu Val Ala Ser Ala Tyr Ser Ile Ala
          -15                -10                -5

Gln Lys Ala Gly Met Ile Val Arg Arg Val Ile Ala Glu Gly Asp Leu
    
```

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```

1           5           10           15
Gly Ile Val Glu Lys Thr Cys Ala Thr Asp Leu Gln Thr Lys Ala Asp
      20           25           30
Arg Leu Ala Gln Met Ser Ile Cys Ser Ser Leu Xaa Xaa Lys Phe Pro
      35           40           45
Lys Leu Xaa Ile Ile Gly Glu Glu Asp Leu Pro Ser Glu Glu Val Asp
      50           55           60
Gln Glu Leu Ile Glu Asp Xaa
      65           70

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 514:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 28 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.2  
seq LEMLXAFASHIXA/RD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 514:

```

Met Arg Gly Ala His Leu Thr Ala Leu Glu Met Leu Xaa Ala Phe Ala
-20           -15           -10
Ser His Ile Xaa Ala Arg Asp Ala Ala Gly Ser Gly
-5           1           5

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 515:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 141 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -139..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.2  
 seq FGLLHQLSQCVTS/LE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 515:

```

Met Glu Val Gly Leu Pro Ala Ile Thr Leu Phe Leu Thr Ser Ala Ser
      -135                      -130                      -125

Ser Pro Val Val Ala Thr Thr Met Asp Gln Glu Pro Val Gly Gly Val
      -120                      -115                      -110

Glu Arg Gly Glu Ala Val Ala Ala Ser Gly Xaa Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala
      -105                      -100                      -95

Phe Gly Glu Ser Ala Gly Gln Met Ser Asn Glu Arg Gly Phe Glu Asn
      -90                      -85                      -80

Val Glu Leu Gly Val Ile Gly Lys Lys Lys Lys Val Pro Arg Arg Val
      -75                      -70                      -65                      -60

Ile His Phe Val Ser Gly Glu Thr Met Glu Glu Tyr Ser Thr Asp Glu
      -55                      -50                      -45

Asp Xaa Val Asp Gly Leu Glu Lys Xaa Met Phe Cys Leu Leu Leu Ile
      -40                      -35                      -30

Arg Gln Asn Leu Pro Gly Val Pro Thr Tyr Gly Phe Thr Cys Phe Gly
      -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Leu His Gln Leu Ser Gln Cys Val Thr Ser Leu Glu
      -10                      -5                      1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 516:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 57 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -43..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.1  
 seq SAATLASLGGTSS/RR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 516:



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PCT/IB98/01232

```

Met Lys Glu Leu Glu Arg Gln Gln Lys Glu Val Glu Glu Arg Pro Glu
      -40                      -35                      -30

Lys Asp Phe Thr Glu Lys Gly Ser Arg Asn Met Pro Gly Leu Ser Ala
      -25                      -20                      -15

Ala Thr Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Gly Thr Ser Ser Arg Arg Gly Ser Gly
      -10                      -5                      1                      5

Asp Thr Ser Ile Ser Ile Asp Pro Glu
      10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 517:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 92 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.1  
seq VLVILCIVTVCVT/IV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 517:

```

Met Ser Met Gly Phe Met Met Leu Val Leu Val Ile Leu Cys Ile Val
      -20                      -15                      -10

Thr Val Cys Val Thr Ile Val Cys Thr Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Ala Glu
      -5                      1                      5                      10

Asp Tyr Arg Trp Gln Trp Thr Ser Phe Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Ala
      15                      20                      25

Ile Tyr Val Tyr Met Tyr Ser Phe Tyr Tyr Tyr Phe Phe Lys Thr Lys
      30                      35                      40

Met Tyr Gly Leu Phe Gln Thr Ser Phe Tyr Phe Gly Tyr Met Ala Val
      45                      50                      55

Phe Ser Thr Ala Leu Gly Ile Met Cys Gly Ala Ile
      60                      65                      70
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 518:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 113 amino acids

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(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -70..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
seq LLFPLTLVRSFWS/DM

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 518:

```

Met Met Glu Leu Xaa Leu Lys Xaa Xaa Thr Lys Xaa Glu Xaa Glu Ser
-70                               -60                               -55

Ala Cys Thr Glu Ala Tyr Ser Gln Ser Asp Glu Gln Tyr Ala Cys His
                               -50                               -45                               -40

Leu Gly Cys Gln Asn Gln Leu Pro Phe Ala Glu Leu Arg Gln Glu Gln
                               -35                               -30                               -25

Leu Met Ser Leu Met Pro Lys Met His Leu Leu Phe Pro Leu Thr Leu
                               -20                               -15                               -10

Val Arg Ser Phe Trp Ser Asp Met Met Asp Ser Ala Gln Ser Phe Xaa
                               -5                               1                               5                               10

Thr Ser Ser Trp Thr Phe Tyr Leu Gln Ala Asp Xaa Gly Xaa Ile Val
                               15                               20                               25

Ile Xaa Gln Ser Lys Pro Glu Ile Gln Tyr Ala Pro His Leu Glu Gln
                               30                               35                               40

Glu

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 519:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -24..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

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PCT/IB98/01232

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
seq GLILLFASHLINQ/FS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 519:

Met Val Ser Asn Ala Ser Glu Thr Ser Cys Leu Gly Leu Ile Leu Leu  
-20 -15 -10  
Phe Ala Ser His Leu Ile Asn Gln Phe Ser Ser  
-5 1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 520:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 124 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -73..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6  
seq LIVFISVCTALLA/EG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 520:

Met Pro Arg Lys Arg Lys Cys Asp Leu Arg Ala Val Arg Val Gly Leu  
-70 -65 -60  
Leu Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Tyr Gly Ser Arg Phe Arg Phe Thr Phe  
-55 -50 -45  
Pro Gly Cys Arg Ala Leu Ser Pro Trp Arg Val Arg Xaa Gln Arg Arg  
-40 -35 -30  
Arg Cys Glu Met Ser Thr Met Phe Ala Asp Thr Leu Leu Ile Val Phe  
-25 -20 -15 -10  
Ile Ser Val Cys Thr Ala Leu Leu Ala Glu Gly Ile Thr Trp Val Leu  
-5 1 5  
Val Tyr Arg Thr Asp Lys Tyr Lys Arg Leu Lys Ala Glu Val Glu Lys  
10 15 20  
Gln Ser Lys Lys Tyr Leu Met Val Glu Trp Trp Gln Xaa Phe Leu Phe  
25 30 35  
Tyr Pro Ser Phe Leu Xaa Pro Lys Xaa Val Ser Ser  
40 45 50

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 521:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 106 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq LGAAALALLLANT/DV

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 521:

```

Met Gly Met Trp Ser Ile Gly Ala Gly Ala Leu Gly Ala Ala Ala Leu
      -20                -15                -10

Ala Leu Leu Leu Ala Asn Thr Asp Val Phe Leu Ser Lys Pro Gln Lys
      -5                1                5

Ala Ala Leu Glu Tyr Leu Glu Asp Ile Asp Leu Lys Thr Leu Glu Lys
10                15                20                25

Glu Pro Arg Thr Phe Lys Ala Lys Glu Leu Trp Glu Lys Asn Gly Ala
      30                35                40

Val Ile Met Ala Val Arg Arg Pro Gly Cys Phe Leu Cys Arg Glu Glu
      45                50                55

Ala Ala Asp Leu Ser Ser Leu Lys Ser Met Leu Asp Gln Leu Gly Val
      60                65                70

Pro Leu Tyr Ala Val Val Lys Glu Gln Arg
75                80

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 522:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 58 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -31..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
seq LPLLLVANAGTAA/VG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 522:

```

Met Asp Val Ala Phe Leu Glu Xaa Leu Ile Lys Asp Asp Ile Glu Arg
  -30                      -25                      -20

Gly Arg Leu Pro Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Val
-15                      -10                      -5                      1

Gly His Thr Asp Lys Ile Gly Arg Leu Lys Glu Leu Cys Glu Gln Tyr
          5                      10                      15

Gly Ile Trp Leu His Val Glu Gly Val Asn
      20                      25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 523:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -16..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.8  
seq LFNLLWLALACSP/VW

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 523:

```

Met Arg Thr Leu Phe Asn Leu Leu Trp Leu Ala Leu Ala Cys Ser Pro
  -15                      -10                      -5

Val Trp
  1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 524:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 39 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -33..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.8  
seq FICLQWALPHSEA/GD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 524:

```
Met Asn Ala Gln Pro Gly Leu Xaa Leu Asp Cys Ile Thr Arg Phe Leu
      -30                -25                -20

Thr Xaa Gly Gln Phe Ile Cys Leu Gln Trp Ala Leu Pro His Ser Glu
      -15                -10                -5

Ala Gly Asp Phe Glu Ala Lys
  1                5
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 525:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 78 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -69..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq LCRLCLVRLFCC/SS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 525:

```
Met Gly Lys Glu Trp Gly Trp Gln Glu Met Glu Asn Gly Gly Ala Ala
      -65                -60                -55

Pro Ala Trp Gly Ala Gly Pro Pro Val His Pro Ala Pro Pro Val
      -50                -45                -40

Glu Lys Thr Leu Ser Trp Gly Cys Gly Phe Gly Leu His Ser Gly Phe
      -35                -30                -25

Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Gly Leu Cys Arg Leu Leu Cys Leu Val
```



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```

Met Ile Ala Ile Tyr Gly Lys Asn Phe Cys Val Ser Ala Lys Asn Ala
      -45                -40                -35

Phe Met Leu Leu Met Arg Asn Ile Val Arg Val Val Val Leu Asp Lys
      -30                -25                -20

Val Thr Asp Leu Leu Leu Phe Phe Gly Lys Leu Leu Val Val Gly Gly
      -15                -10                -5

Val Gly Val Leu Ser Phe Phe Phe Phe Ser Gly Arg Ile Pro Gly Leu
  1              5              10              15

Gly Lys Asp Phe Lys Ser Pro His Leu Asn Tyr Tyr Trp Leu Pro Xaa
      20              25              30

Met Thr Ser Ile Leu Gly Ala Tyr Val Ile Ala Ser Gly Phe Phe Ser
      35              40              45

Val Phe Gly Met Cys Val Asp Thr Leu Phe Leu Cys Phe Leu Glu Asp
      50              55              60

Leu Glu Arg Thr Thr Ala Pro Trp Thr Ala Leu Leu His Val Gln Glu
      65              70              75              80

Leu Leu
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 528:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 96 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -91..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq SVLELIVASVCQS/HI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 528:

```

Met Glu Arg Asn Cys Lys Gly Ser Phe Gly Val Ile Lys Glu Gly Asp
      -90                -85                -80

Thr Asp Thr Xaa Glu Thr Lys Ala Arg Arg Thr Val Trp Glu Pro Arg
      -75                -70                -65                -60

Gly Arg Tyr Ser Phe Arg Xaa Thr Pro Arg Pro Ala Tyr Pro Val Glu
      -55                -50                -45
  
```



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Gln Cys Gly Phe Ala Arg Arg Ala Leu Glu Leu Leu Glu Ile Arg Lys  
 -40 -35 -30  
 His Ser Pro Glu Val Cys Glu Pro Pro Asn Ile Pro Val Thr Ser Val  
 -25 -20 -15  
 Leu Glu Leu Ile Val Ala Ser Val Cys Gln Ser His Ile Arg Thr Thr  
 -10 -5 1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 529:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 93 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -66..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq LYMLAEALPVSHG/AH

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 529:

Met Phe Val Glu Tyr Arg Lys Gln Leu Lys Leu Leu Asp Arg Leu  
 -65 -60 -55  
 Ala Gln Val Ser Pro Glu Leu Leu Leu Ala Ser Val Arg Arg Val Phe  
 -50 -45 -40 -35  
 Ser Ser Thr Leu Gln Asn Trp Gln Thr Thr Arg Phe Met Glu Val Glu  
 -30 -25 -20  
 Val Ala Ile Arg Leu Leu Tyr Met Leu Ala Glu Ala Leu Pro Val Ser  
 -15 -10 -5  
 His Gly Ala His Phe Ser Gly Asp Val Ser Lys Ala Ser Ala Leu Gln  
 1 5 10  
 Asp Met Met Arg Thr Leu Val Thr Ser Gly Val Ser Gly  
 15 20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 530:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 23 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -21..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.7  
seq IIFLIQWHGVSFQ/EF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 530:

Met Leu Leu Gly Thr Ser Asn Ile Ile Ile Phe Leu Ile Gln Trp His  
-20 -15 -10

Gly Ser Val Phe Gln Glu Phe  
-5 1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 531:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 54 amino acids

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -20..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq AFVXACVLSLIST/IY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 531:

Met Xaa Asn Arg Phe Ala Thr Ala Phe Val Xaa Ala Cys Val Leu Ser  
-20 -15 -10 -5

Leu Ile Ser Thr Ile Tyr Met Ala Ala Ser Ile Gly Thr Asp Phe Trp  
1 5 10

Tyr Glu Tyr Arg Ser Pro Val Gln Glu Asn Ser Ser Asp Leu Asn Lys  
15 20 25

Ser Ile Trp Asp Glu Leu  
30

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 532:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -13..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq MSLTSGFLRVSQG/SP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 532:

```

Met Ser Leu Thr Ser Gly Phe Leu Arg Val Ser Gln Gly Ser Pro Asn
      -10                -5                      1

Leu Ser Gln
      5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 533:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 86 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -63..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.6  
seq AIRTLFSVTGILA/EQ
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 533:

```

Met Ala Asn Phe Lys Gly His Ala Leu Pro Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Ile
      -60                -55                      -50

Ile Gly Leu Cys Trp Ser Val Lys Tyr Pro Leu Lys Tyr Phe Ser His
      -45                -40                      -35
    
```

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```

Thr Arg Lys Asn Ser Pro Leu His Tyr Tyr Gln Arg Leu Glu Ile Val
-30                               -25                -20

Glu Ala Ala Ile Arg Thr Leu Phe Ser Val Thr Gly Ile Leu Ala Glu
-15                               -10                -5                1

Gln Phe Val Pro Asp Gly Pro His Leu His Leu Tyr His Glu Asn His
                    5                10                15

Trp Ile Lys Leu Met Asn
                20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 534:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 73 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -52..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.5  
seq AGLLEFGSLAGLGA/YQ

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 534:

```

Met Gln Asp Thr Gly Ser Val Val Pro Leu His Trp Phe Gly Phe Gly
-50                               -45                -40

Tyr Ala Ala Leu Val Ala Ser Gly Gly Ile Ile Gly Tyr Val Lys Ala
-35                               -30                -25

Gly Ser Val Pro Ser Leu Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Phe Gly Ser Leu Ala
-20                               -15                -10                -5

Gly Leu Gly Ala Tyr Gln Leu Ser Gln Asp Pro Arg Asn Val Trp Val
                    1                5                10

Phe Leu Ala Thr Ser Gly Thr Leu Ala
                15                20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 535:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -35..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.4  
seq CCALLTSLXCIWG/PA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 535:

```

Met Glu Xaa Gly Leu Lys Ser Ala Asp Pro Arg Asp Gly Thr Gly Tyr
-35                -30                -25                -20

Thr Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Tyr Cys Cys Ala Leu Leu Thr Ser Leu Xaa Cys
      -15                -10                -5

Ile Trp Gly Pro Ala Tyr Leu Gln Leu Ala His Gly Tyr Val Lys
      1                5                10
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 536:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 77 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -42..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.4  
seq ITGVILLAVGIWG/KV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 536:

```

Met Ala Ser Pro Ser Arg Arg Leu Gln Thr Lys Pro Val Ile Thr Cys
      -40                -35                -30

Phe Lys Ser Val Leu Leu Ile Tyr Thr Phe Ile Phe Trp Ile Thr Gly
      -25                -20                -15

Val Ile Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Gly Lys Val Ser Leu Glu Asn
      -10                -5                1                5

Tyr Phe Ser Leu Leu Asn Glu Lys Ala Thr Asn Val Pro Phe Val Leu
      10                15                20
    
```

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Ile Ala Thr Gly Thr Val Ile Ile Leu Leu Gly Thr Leu  
25 30 35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 537:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 89 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -67..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.2  
seq LSVSLLPCAGAWS/LL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 537:

Met Phe Ser Arg Glu Leu Ala Pro Thr Arg Ile Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser  
-65 -60 -55

Gly Ser Arg Ser Gly Gly Thr Leu Ile Ser Thr Ala Pro Leu Thr Thr  
-50 -45 -40

Arg Val Leu Asn Pro Thr Ala Gln Cys Phe Cys Leu Asp Cys Thr Leu  
-35 -30 -25 -20

Arg Arg Met Gln Thr His Leu Ser Val Ser Leu Leu Pro Cys Ala Gly  
-15 -10 -5

Ala Trp Ser Leu Leu Xaa Ser Lys Lys Val Ile Leu Pro Ser Cys Ser  
1 5 10

Ser Ile Leu Xaa Thr Val Val Val Ile  
15 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 538:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 54 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

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(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -29..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.1  
seq LLMLGVTLPSYW/RV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 538:

```

Met Ser Met Ala Val Glu Thr Phe Gly Phe Phe Met Ala Thr Val Gly
      -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Leu Met Leu Gly Val Thr Leu Pro Asn Ser Tyr Trp Arg Val Ser
      -10                      -5                      1

Thr Val His Gly Asn Val Ile Xaa Thr Asn Xaa Ile Phe Glu Asn Leu
      5                      10                      15

Trp Phe Ser Ser Ala Gly
20                      25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 539:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 56 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -20..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5  
seq XFLXLXXLSXXWP/XD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 539:

```

Met Glu Lys Ile Pro Val Ser Xaa Phe Leu Xaa Leu Xaa Xaa Leu Ser
-20                      -15                      -10                      -5

Xaa Xaa Trp Pro Xaa Asp Thr Thr Val Lys Pro Gly Ala Xaa Lys Asp
      1                      5                      10

Thr Lys Asp Ser Arg Xaa Lys Leu Pro Gln Thr Leu Ser Arg Gly Trp
      15                      20                      25

Gly Asp Gln Leu Ile Trp Thr Arg
30                      35
    
```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 540:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 85 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -67..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5  
seq LILERPLVPSAEA/SG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 540:

```

Met His Ser Ala Glu Glu Pro Leu Xaa Leu Ala Ala Leu Arg Gly Ala
   -65                               -60                               -55

Arg Gly His Leu Pro Cys Gly Ser Arg His His Val Gly Ser Leu Ala
   -50                               -45                               -40

Pro Ala Ser Val Pro Ala Pro Gly Ala Cys Leu Trp Val Cys Glu Trp
   -35                               -30                               -25                               -20

Glu Thr Leu Leu Pro Gly Leu Ile Leu Glu Arg Pro Leu Val Pro Ser
           -15                               -10                               -5

Ala Glu Ala Ser Gly Ala Gly Lys Leu Ser Arg Lys Glu Ala Leu Leu
           1                               5                               10

Ser Asn Tyr Ala Leu
   15

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 541:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 50 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -43..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix



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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.9  
seq GLWLALVDGLVRX/AP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 541:

```
Met Ala Gly Gln Phe Arg Ser Tyr Val Trp Asp Pro Leu Leu Ile Leu
      -40              -35              -30

Ser Gln Ile Val Leu Met Gln Thr Val Tyr Tyr Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu
      -25              -20              -15

Trp Leu Ala Leu Val Asp Gly Leu Val Arg Xaa Ala Pro Arg Trp Ile
      -10              -5              1              5

Xaa Gly
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 542:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 90 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -78..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.9  
seq VGAVFGLTTCISA/HV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 542:

```
Met Ala Pro Lys Val Phe Arg Gln Tyr Trp Asp Ile Pro Asp Gly Thr
      -75              -70              -65

Asp Cys His Arg Lys Ala Tyr Ser Thr Thr Ser Ile Ala Ser Val Ala
      -60              -55              -50

Gly Leu Thr Ala Ala Ala Tyr Arg Val Thr Leu Asn Pro Pro Gly Thr
      -45              -40              -35

Phe Leu Glu Gly Val Ala Lys Val Gly Gln Tyr Thr Phe Thr Ala Ala
      -30              -25              -20              -15

Ala Val Gly Ala Val Phe Gly Leu Thr Thr Cys Ile Ser Ala His Val
      -10              -5              1

Arg Glu Lys Pro Asp Asp Pro Leu Asn Arg
      5              10
```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 543:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 22 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -18..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.9  
seq WLQVLPVILLLLG/VP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 543:

```

Met Ala Ala Ala Ala Trp Leu Gln Val Leu Pro Val Ile Leu Leu Leu
    -15                -10                -5

Leu Gly Val Pro Pro Ser
    1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 544:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 41 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -37..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LLILDMNVLYTDA/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 544:

```

Met Glu Ile Tyr Phe Ile Phe Cys Ile Ile Val Pro Ile Ala Ala Ala
    -35                -30                -25

Thr Val Tyr Lys Ser Trp Cys Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu Asp Met Asn Val
    -20                -15                -10
    
```

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Leu Tyr Thr Asp Ala Ser Pro Leu Gly  
-5 1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 545:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 50 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -31..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq VLLAIGMFFTAWF/FV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 545:

Met Ser Arg Tyr Thr Ser Pro Val Asn Pro Ala Val Phe Pro His Leu  
-30 -25 -20

Thr Val Val Leu Leu Ala Ile Gly Met Phe Phe Thr Ala Trp Phe Phe  
-15 -10 -5 1

Val Tyr Glu Val Thr Ser Thr Lys Tyr Thr Arg Asp Ile Tyr Lys Glu  
5 10 15

Leu Gln

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 546:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 38 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -35..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq LMLSSSLPLLIWL/KD

WO 99/06550

502

PCT/IB98/01232

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 546:

```

Met Arg Leu Ala Ala Glu Ala His Pro Gly Arg Thr His Thr Leu Phe
-35          -30          -25          -20

Arg Arg Leu Lys Pro Phe Leu Met Leu Ser Ser Ser Leu Pro Leu Leu
          -15          -10          -5

Ile Trp Leu Lys Asp Arg
          1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 547:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 55 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -39..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq IILFSAIVGFIYG/YV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 547:

```

Met Leu Glu His Leu Xaa Ser Leu Pro Thr Gln Met Asp Tyr Lys Gly
          -35          -30          -25

Gln Lys Leu Ala Xaa Gln Met Phe Gln Gly Ile Ile Leu Phe Ser Ala
          -20          -15          -10

Ile Val Gly Phe Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Val Ala Glu Gln Phe Gly Trp Thr
          -5          1          5

Val Tyr Ile Val Met Ala Gly
10          15
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 548:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

WO 99/06550

503

PCT/IB98/01232

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -16..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.8  
seq SKVLFCFSFNVLG/FD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 548:

Met Glu Tyr Ser Lys Val Leu Phe Cys Ser Phe Ser Asn Val Leu Gly  
-15 -10 -5  
  
Phe Asp Tyr  
1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 549:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 60 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -26..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
seq LIMQLGSVLLTRC/PF

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 549:

Met Ala Ser Lys Ile Gly Ser Arg Arg Trp Met Leu Gln Leu Ile Met  
-25 -20 -15  
  
Gln Leu Gly Ser Val Leu Leu Thr Arg Cys Pro Phe Trp Gly Cys Phe  
-10 -5 1 5  
  
Ser Gln Leu Met Leu Tyr Ala Glu Arg Ala Glu Ala Arg Arg Lys Pro  
10 15 20  
  
Asp Ile Pro Val Pro Tyr Leu Tyr Phe Asp Ser Gly  
25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 550:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

WO 99/06550

504

PCT/IB98/01232

- (A) LENGTH: 79 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -52..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.7  
seq LGLALGRLEGGSA/RH

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 550:

```

Met Glu His Tyr Arg Lys Ala Gly Ser Val Glu Leu Pro Ala Pro Ser
  -50                      -45                      -40

Pro Met Pro Gln Leu Pro Pro Asp Thr Leu Glu Met Arg Val Arg Asp
  -35                      -30                      -25

Gly Ser Lys Ile Arg Asn Leu Leu Gly Leu Ala Leu Gly Arg Leu Glu
  -20                      -15                      -10                      -5

Gly Gly Ser Ala Arg His Val Val Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Arg Ala Ala
              1              5              10

Gly Lys Ala Val Ser Cys Ala Glu Ile Val Lys Arg Arg Val Pro
  15              20              25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 551:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 73 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -26..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.6  
seq LIALTCLDGTTVS/AE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 551:

```

Met Asn Ala Leu Met Val Leu Phe Asn Val Thr Val Val Leu Ile Ala
    
```

WO 99/06550

505

PCT/IB98/01232

```

-25          -20          -15
Leu Thr Cys Leu Asp Gly Thr Thr Val Ser Ala Glu Met Ala Thr Met
-10          -5          1          5
Thr Met Gly Cys Phe His Gln Val Glu Asn Arg Val Lys Ile Leu Met
          10          15          20
Ser Val Gly Pro Gly Gly Thr Ala Val Pro Met Ile Pro Phe Ala Ser
          25          30          35
Ile Trp Met Ala Asp Met Ile Xaa Asp
          40          45

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 552:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 49 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -45..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.6  
seq VLVYLVTAERVWS/DD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 552:

```

Met Asn Trp Ser Ile Phe Glu Gly Leu Leu Ser Gly Val Asn Lys Tyr
-45          -40          -35          -30
Ser Thr Ala Phe Gly Arg Ile Trp Leu Ser Leu Val Phe Ile Phe Arg
          -25          -20          -15
Val Leu Val Tyr Leu Val Thr Ala Glu Arg Val Trp Ser Asp Asp His
          -10          -5          1
Lys

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 553:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 53 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

WO 99/06550

506

PCT/IB98/01232

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -16..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.5  
seq SLFIYIFXTCSENT/SP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 553:

```

Met Ile Ile Ser Leu Phe Ile Tyr Ile Phe Xaa Thr Cys Ser Asn Thr
  -15                      -10                      -5

Ser Pro Ser Tyr Gln Xaa Thr Gln Leu Gly Leu Gly Leu Pro Ser Ala
  1                      5                      10                      15

Gln Trp Trp Pro Leu Thr Gly Arg Arg Met Gln Cys Cys Arg Leu Phe
  20                      25                      30

Cys Phe Xaa Leu Gln
  35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 554:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -16..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
seq LNSLSALAEAVG/SR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 554:

```

Met Phe Arg Leu Asn Ser Leu Ser Ala Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Val Gly
  -15                      -10                      -5

Ser Arg Trp Tyr His Gly Gly Ser Gln Pro Ile Gln Ile Arg Arg Arg
  1                      5                      10                      15
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 555:



WO 99/06550

507

PCT/IB98/01232

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 44 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -17..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.4  
seq TLRTWLCCAGSWA/VE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 555:

```

Met Thr Ala Gly Thr Leu Arg Thr Trp Leu Cys Cys Ala Gly Ser Trp
   -15                -10                -5

Ala Val Glu Leu Pro Ala Glu Pro Leu Val Val Phe Cys Xaa Ser Thr
   1                5                10                15

Ser Arg Lys Arg Ala Lys Gly Leu Ile Gln Ser Val
   20                25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 556:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 26 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -24..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.3  
seq RLLVILCVSVKAG/ST

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 556:

```

Met Leu Gly Arg Pro Cys Phe His Ser Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Val Ile
   -20                -15                -10

Leu Cys Val Ser Val Lys Ala Gly Ser Thr
   -5                1
    
```

WO 99/06550

508

PCT/IB98/01232

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 557:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -28..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq LQFVLPVATQIQQ/EV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 557:

Met Asp Glu Ala Arg Asp Asn Ala Cys Asn Asp Met Gly Lys Met Leu  
-25 -20 -15

Gln Phe Val Leu Pro Val Ala Thr Gln Ile Gln Gln Glu Val Ile Lys  
-10 -5 1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 558:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 23 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq LCALGSAPSSMWA/GE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 558:

Met Ser Pro Ile Ser Ile Arg Glu Leu Cys Ala Leu Gly Ser Ala Pro  
-20 -15 -10

Ser Ser Met Trp Ala Gly Glu  
-5 1

WO 99/06550

509

PCT/IB98/01232

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 559:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -13..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2  
seq MTDLLSASPWALT/IV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 559:

```

Met Thr Asp Leu Leu Ser Ala Ser Pro Trp Ala Leu Thr Ile Val Ser
   -10                      -5                      1
Ser Glu Leu His Leu Ala Pro Ser Met Thr Thr Val Asp Gln Leu Glu
   5                      10                      15
Ser Gln Val Asp Asn Val Ile Leu Gln Thr Gly Glu Ser Ala Ser Glu
  20                      25                      30                      35
Cys Phe Cys Leu Gln Cys Pro Ser Leu Gly Asn Ile Glu Gly Gly Val
   40                      45                      50
Ala Thr Gly His Xaa
   55
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 560:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 70 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -26..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.2

WO 99/06550

510

PCT/IB98/01232

seq LTCGPALVPRLWA/TC

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 560:

```

Met Ser Trp Ser Gly Leu Leu His Gly Leu Asn Thr Ser Leu Thr Cys
-25                      -20                      -15

Gly Pro Ala Leu Val Pro Arg Leu Trp Ala Thr Cys Ser Met Ala Thr
-10                      -5                      1                      5

Leu Asn Gln Met His Arg Leu Gly Pro Pro Lys Arg Pro Pro Arg Lys
10                      15                      20

Leu Gly Pro Thr Glu Gly Arg Pro Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Val Leu Cys
25                      30                      35

Thr Phe Thr Arg Asn Arg
40
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 561:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 67 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -23..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq LEAFSQAISAIQA/LR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 561:

```

Met Ala Asp Val Ile Asn Val Ser Val Asn Leu Glu Ala Phe Ser Gln
-20                      -15                      -10

Ala Ile Ser Ala Ile Gln Ala Leu Arg Ser Ser Val Ser Arg Val Phe
-5                      1                      5

Asp Cys Leu Lys Asp Gly Met Arg Asn Lys Glu Thr Leu Glu Gly Arg
10                      15                      20                      25

Glu Lys Ala Phe Ile Ala His Phe Gln Asp Asn Leu His Ser Val Asn
30                      35                      40

Arg Asp Pro
    
```

WO 99/06550

511

PCT/IB98/01232

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 562:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 77 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -32..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq RLLSSLLLTMSNN/NP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 562:

```

Met Asn Val Ile Asp His Val Arg Asp Met Ala Ala Ala Gly Leu His
  -30                -25                -20

Ser Asn Val Arg Leu Leu Ser Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Met Ser Asn Asn
  -15                -10                -5

Asn Pro Glu Leu Phe Ser Pro Pro Gln Lys Tyr Gln Leu Leu Val Tyr
   1                 5                 10                15

His Ala Asp Ser Leu Phe His Asp Lys Glu Tyr Arg Asn Ala Val Ser
   20                25                30

Lys Tyr Thr Met Ala Leu Gln Gln Lys Lys Ala Leu Ser
   35                40                45
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 563:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 24 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -16..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4.1  
seq ACLAWTAVRPSAC/CH

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 563:

WO 99/06550

512

PCT/IB98/01232

Met Thr Ser Ala Cys Leu Ala Trp Thr Ala Val Arg Pro Ser Ala Cys  
-15 -10 -5

Cys His Pro Gln Ser Ala Asn Trp  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 564:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 77 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -55..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq VFGMSSSSGASNS/AP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 564:

Met Asn Gly Ser Arg Thr Leu Thr His Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gln Leu  
-55 -50 -45 -40

Gln Gly Gly Gln Ser Asn Ser Glu Leu Phe Gln Gln Glu Xaa Gln Thr  
-35 -30 -25

Ala Pro Ala Gln Val Pro Gln Gly Phe Asn Val Phe Gly Met Ser Ser  
-20 -15 -10

Ser Ser Gly Ala Ser Asn Ser Ala Pro His Leu Gly Phe His Leu Gly  
-5 1 5

Ser Lys Gly Thr Ser Ser Leu Ser Gln Gln Thr Pro Gly  
10 15 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 565:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

WO 99/06550

513

PCT/IB98/01232

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -16..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq FFLFLSFVLMYDG/LR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 565:

```

Met Leu Gly Phe Phe Leu Phe Leu Ser Phe Val Leu Met Tyr Asp Gly
-15                      -10                      -5

Leu Arg Leu Phe Gly Ile Leu Ser Thr Cys Arg Val His His Thr Met
 1              5              10              15

Asn Gln Phe Leu Ile Asp Ile Ser Ser Phe Thr Ser Arg Val Arg
      20              25              30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 566:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 48 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -27..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 4  
seq SIKVLLQSALSLG/RS

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 566:

```

Met Met Glu Glu Arg Ala Asn Leu Met His Met Met Lys Leu Ser Ile
-25                      -20                      -15

Lys Val Leu Leu Gln Ser Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Arg Ser Leu Asp Ala
-10                      -5              1              5

Asp His Ala Pro Leu Gln Gln Phe Phe Val Val Met Glu His Cys Ser
      10              15              20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 567:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 80 amino acids

WO 99/06550

514

PCT/IB98/01232

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -17..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq XIVSAALLAFVQT/HL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 567:

```
Met Glu Leu Glu Xaa Ile Val Ser Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Phe Val Gln
    -15                -10                -5

Thr His Leu Pro Glu Ala Asp Leu Ser Gly Leu Asp Glu Val Ile Phe
    1                5                10                15

Ser Tyr Val Xaa Gly Val Leu Glu Asp Leu Gly Pro Ser Gly Pro Ser
                20                25                30

Glu Glu Asn Phe Asp Met Glu Ala Phe Thr Glu Met Met Glu Ala Xaa
    35                40                45

Val Pro Gly Phe Ala His Ile Pro Arg Gly Thr Ile Gly Xaa Met Met
    50                55                60
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 568:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 59 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -26..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.9  
seq SLIPLFXFIGTGA/TG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 568:

```
Met Leu Arg Gln Ile Ile Gly Gln Ala Lys Lys His Pro Ser Leu Ile
    -25                -20                -15
```



WO 99/06550

515

PCT/IB98/01232

```

Pro Leu Phe Xaa Phe Ile Gly Thr Gly Ala Thr Gly Ala Thr Leu Tyr
-10                -5                      1                      5

Leu Leu Arg Leu Ala Leu Phe Asn Pro Xaa Val Cys Trp Asp Arg Xaa
      10                15                20

Asn Pro Glu Pro Trp Asn Xaa Leu Gly Pro Glu
      25                30
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 569:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -98..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8  
seq WTSLTCSLVVVDG/CG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 569:

```

Met Val Lys Glu Thr Gln Tyr Tyr Asp Ile Leu Gly Val Lys Pro Ser
-95                -90                -85

Ala Ser Pro Glu Arg Ser Arg Arg Pro Ile Gly Ser Trp Arg Ser Ser
-80                -75                -70

Thr Thr Arg Thr Arg Thr Arg Met Arg Ala Arg Ser Leu Asn Ser Tyr
-65                -60                -55

Pro Arg His Met Lys Cys Phe Gln Ile Gln Arg Lys Gly Met Phe Met
-50                -45                -40                -35

Thr Lys Ala Glu Ser Arg Gln Xaa Lys Lys Glu Ala Gln Ala Ala Pro
-30                -25                -20

Ala Ser Leu His Pro Trp Thr Ser Leu Thr Cys Ser Leu Val Val Val
-15                -10                -5

Asp Gly Cys Gly
      1
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 570:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

**WO 99/06550**

**516**

**PCT/IB98/01232**

(A) LENGTH: 113 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -36..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.8  
seq RALSTXLFGSIRG/AA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 570:

```

Met Ala Asn Leu Phe Ile Arg Lys Met Val Asn Pro Leu Leu Tyr Leu
-35                -30                -25

Ser Arg His Thr Val Lys Pro Arg Ala Leu Ser Thr Xaa Leu Phe Gly
-20                -15                -10                -5

Ser Ile Arg Gly Ala Ala Pro Val Ala Val Glu Pro Gly Ala Ala Val
                1                5                10

Arg Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Gly Leu Leu Pro His Leu Leu Pro Ala Leu
                15                20                25

Gly Phe Lys Asn Lys Thr Val Leu Lys Lys Arg Cys Lys Asp Cys Tyr
                30                35                40

Leu Val Lys Arg Arg Gly Arg Trp Tyr Val Tyr Cys Lys Thr His Pro
45                50                55                60

Arg His Lys Gln Arg His Met Xaa Thr Leu Ser Leu Gln Ser His Ala
                65                70                75

Gln      -
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 571:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -32..-1

WO 99/06550

517

PCT/IB98/01232

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq RIHLCQRSPGSQG/VR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 571:

```

Met Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ser Arg Gly Xaa Gly Ala Lys Leu Gly Leu
  -30                -25                -20

Arg Xaa Ile Arg Ile His Leu Cys Gln Arg Ser Pro Gly Ser Gln Gly
  -15                -10                -5

Val Arg Asp Phe Ile
  1                5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 572:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 65 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -44..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq IALTLIPMSLSRA/AG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 572:

```

Met Phe Pro Ser Cys Tyr Leu Cys Tyr Ser Leu Cys Gly Ser Ile Leu
  -40                -35                -30

Leu Ser Ile Phe Ser Ala Tyr Asn Arg Leu Ser Leu Met Leu Arg Ile
  -25                -20                -15

Ala Leu Thr Leu Ile Pro Ser Met Leu Ser Arg Ala Ala Gly Trp Cys
  -10                -5                1

Trp Tyr Lys Glu Pro Thr Gln Gln Phe Ser Tyr Leu Cys Leu Pro Cys
  5                10                15                20

Gly
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 573:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 65 amino acids

WO 99/06550

518

PCT/IB98/01232

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -60..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq QLXFLYFVCCIFQ/DV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 573:

```
Met Ser Thr Gln Xaa Gly Leu Ser Met His Ala His Pro Gln Ala Tyr
-60                      -55                      -50                      -45

Thr Pro Phe Ile Tyr Leu His Ala Arg Lys Arg Arg Gly Glu Ile Gly
                      -40                      -35                      -30

Asp Ala Asp Ser Arg Phe Asn Asp Arg Tyr Ala His Lys Ser Ala Gln
                      -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Xaa Phe Leu Tyr Phe Val Cys Cys Ile Phe Gln Asp Val Tyr Tyr
                      -10                      -5                      1

Xaa
5
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 574:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 39 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -21..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq SSCSCSLISFTRG/DK

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 574:

```
Met Lys His Phe Gln Asp Leu Pro Ser Ser Cys Ser Cys Ser Leu Ile
-20                      -15                      -10
```

WO 99/06550

519

PCT/IB98/01232

Ser Phe Thr Arg Gly Asp Lys Tyr Phe Ala Tyr Asn Glu Glu Ile Phe  
-5 1 5 10

Leu Val Tyr Asn Ala Asp Gln  
15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 575:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 90 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -62..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.7  
seq SILGIISVPLSIG/YC

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 575:

Met Ser Gln Arg Ser Leu Cys Met Asp Thr Ser Leu Asp Val Tyr Arg  
-60 -55 -50

Xaa Leu Ile Glu Leu Asn Tyr Leu Gly Thr Val Ser Leu Thr Lys Cys  
-45 -40 -35

Val Leu Pro His Met Ile Glu Arg Lys Xaa Xaa Lys Ile Val Thr Val  
-30 -25 -20 -15

Asn Ser Ile Leu Gly Ile Ile Ser Val Pro Leu Ser Ile Gly Tyr Cys  
-10 -5 1

Ala Ser Xaa His Ala Leu Xaa Gly Phe Phe Asn Xaa Leu Arg Thr Xaa  
5 10 15

Leu Ala Thr Tyr Pro Gly Ile Ile Val Ser  
20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 576:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 120 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

WO 99/06550

520

PCT/IB98/01232

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -98..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq LALRTSWISSVCS/VT

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 576:

```

Met Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser Arg Leu Ser Lys Glu Leu Leu Ala Glu Tyr
   -95                               -90                               -85

Gln Asp Leu Thr Phe Leu Thr Lys Gln Glu Ile Leu Leu Ala His Arg
   -80                               -75                               -70

Arg Phe Cys Glu Leu Leu Pro Gln Glu Gln Arg Xaa Xaa Ser Arg His
   -65                               -60                               -55

Phe Gly His Lys Cys Pro Ser Ser Arg Phe Ser Ala Phe Gln Ser Ser
  -50                               -45                               -40                               -35

Arg Pro Thr Pro Ser Arg Ser Glu Ser Ala Gly Ser Ser Pro His Pro
               -30                               -25                               -20

Gln Pro Lys Thr Ala Leu Ala Leu Arg Thr Ser Trp Ile Ser Ser Val
   -15                               -10                               -5

Cys Ser Val Thr Gln Pro Arg Gln Thr Ser Ser Pro Ile Met Pro Ser
    1                               5                               10

Ala Ser Leu Thr Leu Met Met Thr
  15                               20
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 577:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 51 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -28..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq PLSDSWALLPASA/GV

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 577:

WO 99/06550

521

PCT/IB98/01232

```

Met Trp Arg Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Ser Ala Pro Leu Leu Arg Val Pro
  -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Ser Asp Ser Trp Ala Leu Leu Pro Ala Ser Ala Gly Val Lys Thr
  -10                      -5                      1

Leu Leu Pro Val Pro Ser Phe Glu Asp Val Ser Ile Pro Glu Lys Pro
  5                      10                      15                      20

Lys Leu Leu

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 578:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 123 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -114..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq ATFVTQALIQXYA/RI

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 578:

```

Met Ala Asp His Val Gln Ser Leu Ala Gln Leu Glu Asn Leu Cys Lys
  -110                      -105                      -100

Gln Leu Tyr Glu Thr Thr Asp Thr Xaa Xaa Arg Ser Ser Xaa Ala Glu
  -95                      -90                      -85

Lys Ala Leu Val Glu Phe Thr Asn Ser Pro Asp Cys Leu Ser Lys Cys
  -80                      -75                      -70

Gln Leu Leu Leu Glu Arg Gly Ser Ser Ser Tyr Ser Gln Leu Leu Ala
  -65                      -60                      -55

Ala Thr Cys Leu Thr Lys Leu Val Ser Arg Thr Asn Asn Pro Leu Pro
  -50                      -45                      -40                      -35

Leu Glu Gln Arg Ile Asp Ile Arg Asn Tyr Val Leu Asn Xaa Leu Ala
  -30                      -25                      -20

Thr Arg Pro Lys Leu Ala Thr Phe Val Thr Gln Ala Leu Ile Gln Xaa
  -15                      -10                      -5

Tyr Ala Arg Ile Thr Lys Leu Gly Trp Phe Asp
  1                      5

```

WO 99/06550

522

PCT/IB98/01232

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 579:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 59 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -55..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.6  
seq TCSVCCYLFWLIA/IP
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 579:

```

Met Ala Tyr His Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Leu Ile Val Met Ser Val Phe
-55                               -50                               -45                               -40

Trp Gly Phe Val Gly Phe Leu Val Pro Trp Phe Ile Pro Lys Gly Pro
                               -35                               -30                               -25

Asn Arg Gly Val Ile Ile Thr Met Leu Val Thr Cys Ser Val Cys Cys
                               -20                               -15                               -10

Tyr Leu Phe Trp Leu Ile Ala Ile Pro Ala Trp
   -5                               1
  
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 580:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 128 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -58..-1
  - (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq GGILMGSFQGTIA/GQ
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 580:



WO 99/06550

523

PCT/IB98/01232

```

Met Ser Thr Gly Gln Leu Tyr Arg Met Glu Asp Ile Gly Arg Phe His
      -55                      -50                      -45

Ser Gln Gln Pro Gly Ser Leu Thr Pro Ser Ser Pro Thr Val Gly Glu
      -40                      -35                      -30

Ile Ile Tyr Asn Asn Thr Arg Asn Thr Leu Gly Trp Ile Gly Gly Ile
      -25                      -20                      -15

Leu Met Gly Ser Phe Gln Gly Thr Ile Ala Gly Gln Gly Thr Gly Ala
-10                      -5                      1                      5

Thr Ser Ile Ser Glu Leu Cys Lys Gly Gln Glu Leu Glu Pro Ser Gly
      10                      15                      20

Ala Gly Leu Thr Val Ala Pro Pro Gln Ala Val Ser Leu Gln Gly Ser
      25                      30                      35

His Pro Ala Leu Ala Ala Thr Ala Phe Ser Leu Xaa Cys Pro Arg Gly
      40                      45                      50

Val Gln Xaa Leu Met Ile Ser Ile Ser Glu His Leu Phe Ile His Ala
      55                      60                      65                      70
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 581:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 24 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -17..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq RWWCFHLQAEASA/HP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 581:

```

Met Gly Trp Gln Arg Trp Trp Cys Phe His Leu Gln Ala Glu Ala Ser
      -15                      -10                      -5

Ala His Pro Pro Gln Gly Leu Gln
      1                      5
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 582:

WO 99/06550

524

PCT/IB98/01232

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 45 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -15..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq VIFFACVVRVDG/LP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 582:

Met Ser Val Ile Phe Phe Ala Cys Val Val Arg Val Arg Asp Gly Leu  
-15 -10 -5 1

Pro Leu Ser Ala Ser Thr Asp Phe Tyr His Thr Gln Asp Phe Leu Glu  
5 10 15

Trp Arg Arg Arg Leu Lys Ser Leu Ala Leu Arg Leu Lys  
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 583:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 59 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -16..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 3.5  
seq TALAAXTWLGVWG/VR

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 583:

Met Ala Val Thr Ala Leu Ala Ala Xaa Thr Trp Leu Gly Val Trp Gly  
-15 -10 -5

Val Arg Thr Met Gln Ala Arg Gly Phe Gly Ser Asp Gln Ser Glu Asn  
1 5 10 15

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525

PCT/IB98/01232

Val Asp Arg Gly Ala Gly Ser Ile Arg Glu Ala Gly Gly Ala Phe Gly  
20 25 30

Xaa Arg Glu Gln Ala Glu Xaa Xaa Arg Tyr Phe  
35 40

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 584:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 56 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -18..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 12  
seq FTLFLALIGGTSG/QY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 584:

Met Ser Leu Ser Ala Phe Thr Leu Phe Leu Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly Thr  
-15 -10 -5

Ser Gly Gln Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Asp Phe Pro Leu Ser Ile Tyr Gly Gln  
1 5 10

Ser Ser Pro Asn Cys Ala Pro Glu Cys Asn Cys Pro Glu Ser Tyr Pro  
15 20 25 30

Ser Ala Met Tyr Cys Asp Glu Leu  
35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 585:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 23 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -18..-1

WO 99/06550

526

PCT/IB98/01232

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 12  
seq FTLFLALIGGTSG/QY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 585:

Met Ser Leu Ser Ala Phe Thr Leu Phe Leu Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly Thr  
-15 -10 -5  
Ser Gly Gln Tyr Tyr Asp Trp  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 586:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 96 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
(F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -18..-1  
(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 12  
seq FTLFLALIGGTSG/QY

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 586:

Met Ser Leu Ser Ala Phe Thr Leu Phe Leu Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly Thr  
-15 -10 -5  
Ser Gly Gln Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Asp Phe Pro Leu Ser Ile Tyr Gly Gln  
1 5 10  
Ser Ser Pro Asn Cys Ala Pro Glu Cys Asn Cys Pro Glu Ser Tyr Pro  
15 20 25 30  
Ser Ala Met Tyr Cys Asp Glu Leu Lys Leu Lys Ser Val Pro Met Val  
35 40 45  
Pro Pro Gly Ile Lys Tyr Leu Tyr Leu Arg Asn Asn Gln Ile Asp His  
50 55 60  
Ile Asp Glu Lys Ala Phe Glu Asn Val Thr Asp Leu Gln Trp Leu Gly  
65 70 75

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 587:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

WO 99/06550

527

PCT/IB98/01232

- (A) LENGTH: 111 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -20..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.9  
seq LLLLLLPFLLYMA/AP

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 587:

```

Met Val Glu Leu Met Phe Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu
-20              -15              -10              -5

Leu Tyr Met Ala Ala Pro Gln Ile Arg Lys Met Leu Ser Ser Gly Val
              1              5              10

Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly
      15              20              25

Ala Asn Thr Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg
      30              35              40

Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Xaa Ala Xaa Xaa Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu
      45              50              55              60

Val Ala Xaa Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr Thr Gly Xaa Xaa Gln Val Leu Val
              65              70              75

Arg Xaa Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala
      80              85              90
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 588:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 41 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -15..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 8.1

WO 99/06550

528

PCT/IB98/01232

seq LLYLLVPALFCRA/GG

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 588:

```

Met Trp Leu Leu Tyr Leu Leu Val Pro Ala Leu Phe Cys Arg Ala Gly
-15          -10          -5          1

Gly Ser Ile Pro Ile Pro Gln Lys Leu Phe Gly Glu Val Thr Ser Pro
          5          10          15

Leu Phe Pro Lys Pro Tyr Pro Asn Gly
          20          25
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 589:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 71 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID
- (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -32..-1
- (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 7.7  
seq LLFLVAGLLPSFP/AN

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 589:

```

Met Lys Gln Ile Leu His Pro Ala Leu Glu Thr Thr Ala Met Thr Leu
-30          -25          -20

Phe Pro Val Leu Leu Phe Leu Val Ala Gly Leu Leu Pro Ser Phe Pro
-15          -10          -5

Ala Asn Glu Asp Lys Asp Pro Ala Phe Thr Ala Leu Leu Thr Thr Gln
1          5          10          15

Thr Gln Val Gln Arg Glu Ile Val Asn Lys His Asn Glu Leu Arg Arg
          20          25          30

Ala Val Ser Pro Pro Ala Lys
          35
    
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 590:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 138 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

WO 99/06550

529

PCT/IB98/01232

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Cancerous prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: -17..-1

(C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 6.9  
seq LFLTMLTLALVKS/QD

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 590:

```

Met Leu Lys Ala Leu Phe Leu Thr Met Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Val Lys
  -15                -10                -5

Ser Gln Asp Thr Glu Glu Thr Ile Thr Tyr Thr Gln Cys Thr Asp Gly
  1                5                10                15

Tyr Glu Trp Asp Pro Val Arg Gln Gln Cys Lys Asp Ile Asp Glu Cys
  20                25                30

Asp Ile Val Pro Asp Ala Cys Lys Gly Gly Met Lys Cys Val Asn His
  35                40                45

Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Leu Cys Leu Pro Lys Thr Ala Gln Ile Ile Val Asn
  50                55                60

Asn Glu Gln Pro Gln Gln Glu Thr Gln Pro Ala Glu Gly Thr Ser Gly
  65                70                75

Ala Thr Thr Gly Val Val Ala Ala Xaa Ser Met Ala Thr Ser Xaa Val
  80                85                90                95

Leu Xaa Gly Gly Gly Phe Val Ala Ser Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Gly Pro
  100               105               110

Glu Met Gln Thr Gly Arg Asn Asn Phe Val
  115                120

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 591:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids

(B) TYPE: AMINO ACID

(D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens

(F) TISSUE TYPE: Normal prostate

(ix) FEATURE:

WO 99/06550

530

PCT/IB98/01232

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -22..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.9  
 seq LLILWFHLDCVSS/IL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 591:

Met Glu Lys Asn Pro Leu Ala Ala Pro Leu Leu Ile Leu Trp Phe His  
 -20 -15 -10  
 Leu Asp Cys Val Ser Ser Ile Leu Asn Val Glu Gln Ser Pro Gln Ser  
 -5 1 5 10  
 Leu His Val Gln Glu Gly Asp Ser Thr Asn Phe Thr Cys Ser Phe Pro  
 15 20 25  
 Ser Ser Asn Phe Tyr Ala Leu His Trp Tyr Arg Trp Glu Thr Ala Lys  
 30 35 40  
 Ser Pro Glu Ala Val  
 45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 592:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: AMINO ACID  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: LINEAR

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: PROTEIN

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo Sapiens  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: Hypertrophic prostate

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -15..-1  
 (C) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: Von Heijne matrix  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: score 5.3  
 seq VVTIVILLCFCKA/AE

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 592:

Met Arg Val Val Thr Ile Val Ile Leu Leu Cys Phe Cys Lys Ala Ala  
 -15 -10 -5 1  
 Glu Leu Arg Lys Ala Ser Pro Gly Ser Val Arg Ser Arg Val Asn His  
 5 10 15  
 Gly Arg Ala Gly Gly  
 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 593:



Leu His Asn Ala Met Cys  
- 10

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